

## Assignment 1.3

What is a confusion matrix and how does it look like? Accuracy, Precision, Recall, Specificity, the miss rate and the fall-out are measures, that can be derived from it. Show this derivation and explain their meaning! How can these help in selecting a good classifier (e.g. a good concept learner)?

A **confusion matrix** is a table that is often used to describe the performance of a classification model.

Common terms in cm:

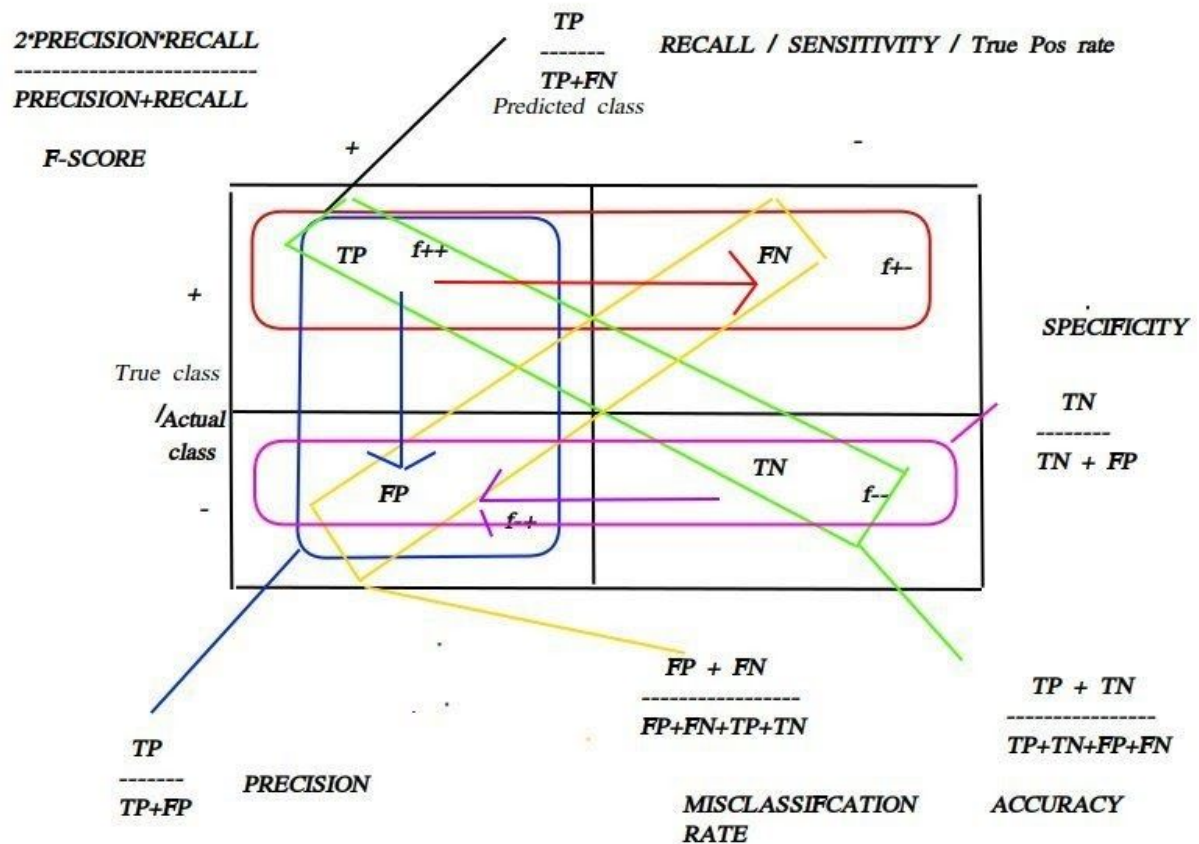
TP ( $f_{++}$ ) - **Positive** examples correctly classified as **positive**

FN ( $f_{+-}$ ) - **Positive** examples incorrectly classified as **negative**

FP ( $f_{-+}$ ) - **Negative** examples incorrectly classified as **positive**

TN ( $f_{--}$ ) - **Negative** examples correctly classified as **negative**

Example of a binary confusion matrix:



**Accuracy** - defines how often the classifier is correct

**Miss error rate** - defines how often the classifier is wrong

**Recall / Sensitivity** - defines when the sample is actually POS how often does it predict as POS.

**Specificity** - defines when the sample is actually NEG how often does it predict as NEG.

**Precision** - When it predicts as POS how correct (or accurate) it is.

**F-score** - weighted average of recall and precision.

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A good classifier has higher accuracy and a lower error rate.