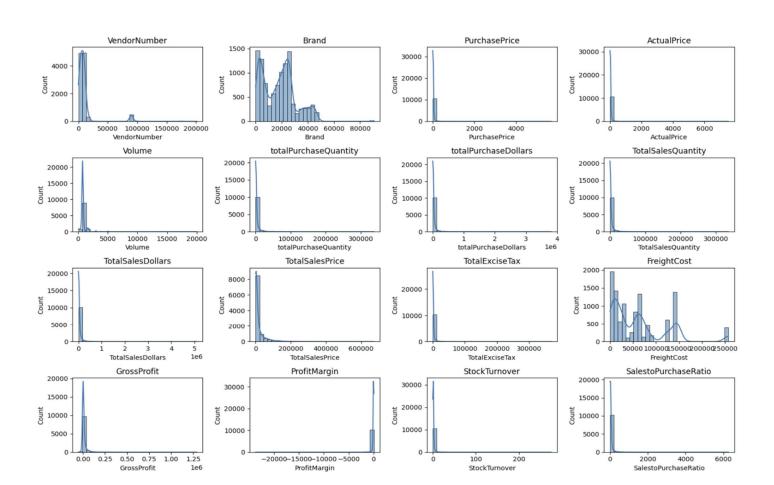
### **EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS INSIGHTS**

# **Summary Statistics**

|                         | count   | mean         | std           | min       | 25%          | 50%          | 75%          | max          |
|-------------------------|---------|--------------|---------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| VendorNumber            | 10692.0 | 1.065065e+04 | 18753.519148  | 2.00      | 3951.000000  | 7153.000000  | 9552.000000  | 2.013590e+05 |
| Brand                   | 10692.0 | 1.803923e+04 | 12662.187074  | 58.00     | 5793.500000  | 18761.500000 | 25514.250000 | 9.063100e+04 |
| PurchasePrice           | 10692.0 | 2.438530e+01 | 109.269375    | 0.36      | 6.840000     | 10.455000    | 19.482500    | 5.681810e+03 |
| ActualPrice             | 10692.0 | 3.564367e+01 | 148.246016    | 0.49      | 10.990000    | 15.990000    | 28.990000    | 7.499990e+03 |
| Volume                  | 10692.0 | 8.473605e+02 | 664.309212    | 50.00     | 750.000000   | 750.000000   | 750.000000   | 2.000000e+04 |
| total Purchase Quantity | 10692.0 | 3.140887e+03 | 11095.086769  | 1.00      | 36.000000    | 262.000000   | 1975.750000  | 3.376600e+05 |
| total Purchase Dollars  | 10692.0 | 3.010669e+04 | 123067.799627 | 0.71      | 453.457500   | 3655.465000  | 20738.245000 | 3.811252e+06 |
| TotalSalesQuantity      | 10692.0 | 3.077482e+03 | 10952.851391  | 0.00      | 33.000000    | 261.000000   | 1929.250000  | 3.349390e+05 |
| TotalSalesDollars       | 10692.0 | 4.223907e+04 | 167655.265984 | 0.00      | 729.220000   | 5298.045000  | 28396.915000 | 5.101920e+06 |
| TotalSalesPrice         | 10692.0 | 1.879378e+04 | 44952.773386  | 0.00      | 289.710000   | 2857.800000  | 16059.562500 | 6.728193e+05 |
| TotalExciseTax          | 10692.0 | 1.774226e+03 | 10975.582240  | 0.00      | 4.800000     | 46.570000    | 418.650000   | 3.682428e+05 |
| FreightCost             | 10692.0 | 6.143376e+04 | 60938.458032  | 0.09      | 14069.870000 | 50293.620000 | 79528.990000 | 2.570321e+05 |
| GrossProfit             | 10692.0 | 1.213238e+04 | 46224.337964  | -52002.78 | 52.920000    | 1399.640000  | 8660.200000  | 1.290668e+06 |
| ProfitMargin            | 10692.0 | -inf         | NaN           | -inf      | 13.324515    | 30.405457    | 39.956135    | 9.971666e+01 |
| StockTurnover           | 10692.0 | 1.706793e+00 | 6.020460      | 0.00      | 0.807229     | 0.981529     | 1.039342     | 2.745000e+02 |
| SalestoPurchaseRatio    | 10692.0 | 5.636971e+01 | 222.876336    | 0.00      | 8.691654     | 14.018976    | 28.813714    | 6.262653e+03 |



#### **Negative & Zero Values**

**Gross Profit:** Minimum of -52,002.78. This indicates that some products are being sold at a loss. This could be due to high cost prices or heavy discounts being applied.

**Profit Margin:** Minimum of  $-\infty$ . This suggests that there are instances where the revenue is zero or less than the cost, leading to extremely negative profit margins.

**Total Sales Quantity & Sales Dollars:** Some products have zero sales, indicating that they were purchased but never sold. These could be slow-moving or obsolete items.

#### **Outliers Detected by High Standard Deviations:**

**Purchase & Actual Prices:** The maximum values (5,681.81 & 7,499.99) are significantly higher than the mean (24.39 & 35.64), indicating premium product offerings.

**Freight Cost:** Extreme variation from 0.09 to 257,032.07 suggests logistics inefficiencies, bulk shipments, or erratic shipping costs across different products.

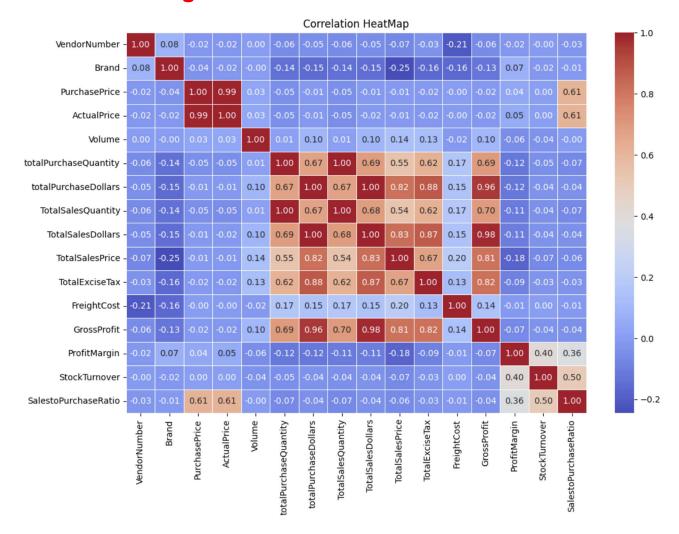
**Stock Turnover:** Ranges from 0 to 274.5, suggesting some products sell rapidly while others remain unsold for long periods. A value greater than 1 indicates that sales for a product exceed the purchased quantity due to older stock fulfilling orders.

## **Data Filtering**

To enhance the readability of the insights, we remove inconsistent data points where:

- Gross Profit ≤ 0 (To exclude Transactions leading to losses).
- Profit Margin ≤ 0 (To Ensure analysis focuses on profitable transactions).
- Total Sales Quantity = 0 (To Eliminate inventory that was never sold.)

## **Correlation Insights**



Purchase Price vs. Total Sales Dollars & Gross Profit: Weak correlation (-0.012 and -0.016), indicating that price variations do not significantly impact sales revenue or profit.

**Total Purchase Quantity vs. Total Sales Quantity**: Strong correlation (0.999), confirming efficient inventory turnover.

**Profit Margin vs. Total Sales Price**: Negative correlation (-0.179), suggesting increasing sales prices may lead to reduced margins, possibly due to competitive pricing pressures.

**Stock Turnover vs. Gross Profit & Profit Margin**: Weak negative correlation (-0.038 & -0.055), indicating that faster stock turnover does not necessarily correlate to higher profitability.

## **Research Questions and Key Findings**

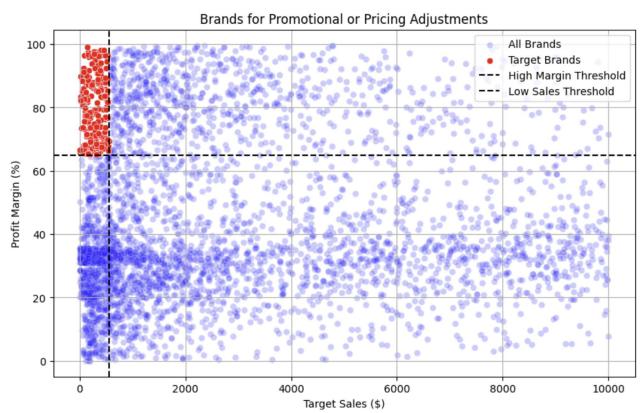
### Brands for promotional or pricing adjustments

Brands with low Sales but High Profit Margins:

|      | Description                  | TotalSalesDollars | ProfitMargin |
|------|------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| 6199 | Santa Rita Organic Svgn Bl   | 9.99              | 66.466466    |
| 2369 | Debauchery Pnt Nr            | 11.58             | 65.975820    |
| 2070 | Concannon Glen Ellen Wh Zin  | 15.95             | 83.448276    |
| 2188 | Crown Royal Apple            | 27.86             | 89.806174    |
| 6237 | Sauza Sprklg Wild Berry Marg | 27.96             | 82.153076    |
|      |                              |                   |              |
| 5074 | Nanbu Bijin Southern Beauty  | 535.68            | 76.747312    |
| 2271 | Dad's Hat Rye Whiskey        | 538.89            | 81.851584    |
| 57   | A Bichot Clos Marechaudes    | 539.94            | 67.740860    |
| 6245 | Sbragia Home Ranch Merlot    | 549.75            | 66.444748    |
| 3326 | Goulee Cos d'Estournel 10    | 558.87            | 69.434752    |

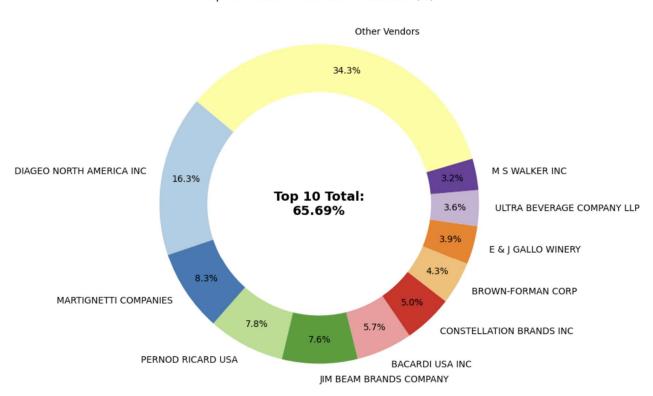
198 rows × 3 columns

198 brands exhibit lower sales but higher profit margins, which could benefit from targeted marketing, promotions, price optimizations to increase volume without compromising the profitability.



#### **Top Vendors by Sales & Purchase Contribution**

The top 10 vendors contribute 65.69% of total purchases, while the remaining vendors contribute only 34.31%. this over-reliance on a few vendors may introduce risks such as supply chain disruptions, indicating a need for diversification.



Top 10 Vendor's Purchase Contribution (%)

#### Impact of Bulk Purchasing on Cost Savings

Vendors buying in large quantities receive a 72% lower unit cost (\$10.78 per unit vs higher unit costs in smaller orders).

Bulk pricing strategies encourage larger orders, increasing total sales while maintaining profitability.

| OrderSize |           |  |  |
|-----------|-----------|--|--|
| Small     | 39.068186 |  |  |
| Medium    | 15.486414 |  |  |

Large

UnitPurchasePrice

10.777625

#### **Identifying Vendors with Low Inventory Turnover**

Total Unsold Inventory Capital: \$2.71M

Slow-moving inventory increases storage costs, reduces cash flow efficiency and affects overall profitability

Identifying vendors with low inventory turnover enables better stock Management, minimizing financial strain.

|                             | StockTurnover | VendorName               | UnsoldInventoryValue |  |
|-----------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|----------------------|--|
| VendorName                  |               | DIAGEO NORTH AMERICA INC | 722.21K              |  |
| ALISA CARR BEVERAGES        | 0.615385      | JIM BEAM BRANDS COMPANY  | 554.67K              |  |
| HIGHLAND WINE MERCHANTS LLC | 0.708333      |                          | 554.07K              |  |
| PARK STREET IMPORTS LLC     | 0.751306      | PERNOD RICARD USA        | 470.63K              |  |
| Circa Wines                 | 0.755676      | WILLIAM GRANT & SONS INC | 401.96K              |  |
| Dunn Wine Brokers           | 0.766022      | E & J GALLO WINERY       | 228.28K              |  |
| CENTEUR IMPORTS LLC         | 0.773953      | SAZERAC CO INC           | 198.44K              |  |
| SMOKY QUARTZ DISTILLERY LLC | 0.783835      | BROWN-FORMAN CORP        | 177.73K              |  |
| TAMWORTH DISTILLING         | 0.797078      | CONSTELLATION BRANDS INC | 133.62K              |  |
| THE IMPORTED GRAPE LLC      | 0.807569      | MOET HENNESSY USA INC    | 126.48K              |  |
| WALPOLE MTN VIEW WINERY     | 0.820548      | REMY COINTREAU USA INC   | 118.60K              |  |

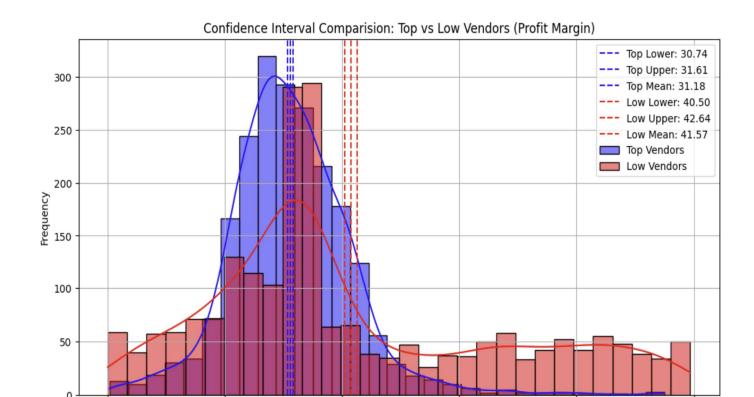
#### Profit Margin Comparison: High vs. Low-Performing Vendors

- Top Vendors' Profit Margin (95% CI): (30.74%, 31.61%), Mean: 31.17%
- Low Vendors' Profit Margin (95% CI): (40.48%, 42.62%), Mean: 41.55%

Low-performing vendors maintain higher margins but struggle with sales volumes, indicating potential pricing inefficiencies or market reach issues.

#### **Actionable Insights:**

- Top-performing vendors: Optimize profitability by adjusting pricing, reducing operational costs, or offering bundled promotions.
- Low-performing vendors: Improve marketing efforts, optimize pricing strategies and enhance distribution networks.



#### **Statistical Validation of Profit Margin Differences**

#### **Hypothesis Testing:**

 $H_0$  (Null Hypothesis): No significant difference in profit margins between top and low-performing vendors.

**H**<sub>1</sub> (Alternative Hypothesis): A significant difference exists in profit margins between the two vendor groups.

**Result**: The null hypothesis is rejected, confirming that the two groups operate under distinctly different profitability models.

**Implication**: High-margin vendors may benefit from better pricing strategies, while top-selling vendors could focus on cost efficiency.

### **Final recommendations**

- ✓ Re-evaluate pricing for low-sales, high-margin brands to boost sales volume without sacrificing profitability.
- ✓ Diversify vendor partnerships to reduce dependency on a few suppliers and mitigate supply chain risks.
- ✓ Leverage bulk purchasing advantages to maintain competitive pricing while optimizing inventory management.
- ✓ Optimize slow-moving inventory by adjusting purchase quantities, launching clearance sales, or revising storage strategies.
- ✓ Enhance marketing and distribution strategies for low-performing vendors to drive higher sales volumes without compromising profit margins.
- ✓ By implementing these recommendations, the company can achieve sustainable profitability, mitigate risks, and enhance overall operational efficiency.