9. Design a C program to simulate the concept of Dining-Philosophers problem

```
, .ipc.cpp
1
     #include<stdio.h>
2
     #include<stdlib.h>
3
     #include<pthread.h>
4
     #include<semaphore.h>
5
     #include<unistd.h>
6
     sem_t room;
8
     sem_t chopstick[5];
9
     void * philosopher(void *);
10
11
     void eat(int);
12
     int main()
13 🖵 {
14
         int i,a[5];
         pthread_t tid[5];
15
16
17
         sem_init(&room,0,4);
18
         for(i=0;i<5;i++)
19
20
             sem_init(&chopstick[i],0,1);
21
22 🚍
          for(i=0;i<5;i++){
23
              a[i]=i;
              pthread_create(&tid[i],NULL,philosopher,(void *)&a[i]);
24
25
          for(i=0;i<5;i++)
26
             pthread_join(tid[i],NULL);
27
28
29
     void * philosopher(void * num)
30
31 🖵 {
         int phil=*(int *)num;
32
33
34
         sem_wait(&room);
         printf("\nPhilosopher %d has entered room",phil);
35
         sem_wait(&chopstick[phil]);
36
37
         sem_wait(&chopstick[(phil+1)%5]);
38
39
         eat(phil);
         sleep(2);
printf("\nPhilosopher %d has finished eating",phil);
40
41
42
43
          sem_post(&chopstick[(phil+1)%5]);
44
45
         sem_post(&chopstick[phil]);
          sem_post(&room);
46
47
     void eat(int phil)
48 🖵 {
         printf("\nPhilosopher %d is eating",phil);
49
49 L }
```

Output:

```
Philosopher 1 has entered room
Philosopher 0 has entered room
Philosopher 3 has entered room
Philosopher 3 is eating
Philosopher 2 has entered room
Philosopher 3 has finished eating
Philosopher 1 has finished eating
Philosopher 0 is eating
Philosopher 0 is eating
Philosopher 2 is eating
Philosopher 4 has entered room
Philosopher 4 has entered room
Philosopher 6 has finished eating
Philosopher 7 has finished eating
Philosopher 8 has finished eating
Philosopher 9 has finished eating
Philosopher 4 is eating
Philosopher 4 has finished eating
Philosopher 5 has finished eating
Philosopher 6 has finished eating
```