

Task:1. Database Design

1. Create the database named "TechShop"

=>CREATE DATABASE TechShop;

Use Techshop;

2. Define the schema for the Customers, Products, Orders, OrderDetails and Inventory tables based on the provided schema.

=>Customers Table

```
CREATE TABLE Customers(  
    CustomerId integer(5),  
    FirstName varchar(20),  
    LastName Varchar(20),  
    Email varchar(20) UNIQUE ,  
    Phone bigint(15) UNIQUE,  
    Address Varchar(20),  
    constraint customers_customerId_pk primary key(customerId)  
);
```

```
mysql> desc customers;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
CustomerId	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
FirstName	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	
LastName	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	
Email	varchar(20)	YES	UNI	NULL	
Phone	bigint	YES	UNI	NULL	
Address	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	

6 rows in set (0.04 sec)

=>Products Table

```
CREATE TABLE Products(  
    ProductId integer(8),  
    ProductName varchar(20),  
    Description Varchar(50),  
    Price Decimal(20) ,
```

```
constraint products_ProductId_pk primary key(productId)
);
```

```
mysql> desc products;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
ProductId	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
ProductName	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	
Description	varchar(50)	YES		NULL	
Price	decimal(20,0)	YES		NULL	

4 rows in set (0.03 sec)

=>Orders Table

```
CREATE TABLE Orders(
    OrderID integer(8),
    CustomerId integer(5) ,
    OrderDate Date,
    TotalAmount Decimal(20),
    constraint orders_orderId_pk primary key(orderId),
    constraint orders_customerId_fk foreign key(customerId)
references customers(customerId)
);
```

```
mysql> desc orders;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
OrderID	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
CustomerId	int	YES	MUL	NULL	
OrderDate	date	YES		NULL	
TotalAmount	decimal(20,0)	YES		NULL	

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

=>OrderDetails Table

```
CREATE TABLE OrderDetails(
    OrderDetailID integer(10),
    constraint ordersDetails_OrderDetailID_pk primary
key(OrderDetailID),
    OrderId integer(8),
```

```

        constraint ordersDetails_orderId_fk foreign key(orderId)
REFERENCES Orders(OrderID),
        ProductID integer(8),
        constraint ordersDetails_productId_fk foreign key(productId)
REFERENCES Products(ProductId),
        Quantity Integer(50)
);

```

```
mysql> desc orderdetails;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
OrderDetailID	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
OrderId	int	YES	MUL	NULL	
ProductID	int	YES	MUL	NULL	
Quantity	int	YES		NULL	

4 rows in set (0.03 sec)

=>Inventory Table

```

CREATE TABLE Inventory(
        InventoryID integer(10),
        constraint Inventory_InventoryID_pk Primary Key(InventoryID),
        ProductID integer(8),
        constraint Inventory_productId_fk foreign key(productId)
REFERENCES Products(ProductID),
        QuantityInStock integer(100),
        LastStockUpdate Date
);

```

```
mysql> desc inventory;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
InventoryID	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
ProductID	int	YES	MUL	NULL	
QuantityInStock	int	YES		NULL	
LastStockUpdate	date	YES		NULL	

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

5. Insert at least 10 sample records into each of the following tables.

a. Customer :

```
insert into customers
values(101,'Arav','Josh','arav@gmailcom',9876543212,'Bangalore');

insert into customers
values(102,'Harsh','Singh','harsh@gmailcom',9865433276,'Hyderbad');

insert into customers
values(103,'Siya','Gupta','siya@gmailcom',9766578654,'Mumbai');

insert into customers values(104,'Siri','Kumar','siri@gmailcom',9776589076,'Pune');

insert into customers
values(105,'Sam','sharma','sam@gmailcom',9765432178,'Bangalore');

insert into customers
values(106,'Dhruv','Patel','dhruv@gmailcom',7786543289,'chennai');

insert into customers
values(107,'Manya','Agarwal','manya@gmailcom',7869540091,'lucknow');

insert into customers
values(108,'Manoj','Jain','manoj@gmailcom',6789543005,'Goa');

insert into customers
values(109,'Gagana','Joshi','gagana@gmailcom',8765455900,'Mysore');

insert into customers
values(110,'Amulya','Bhatt','amulya@gmailcom',7865443109,'Indore');
```

```
mysql> select * from customers;
```

CustomerId	FirstName	LastName	Email	Phone	Address
101	Arav	Josh	arav@gmailcom	9876543212	Bangalore
102	Harsh	Singh	harsh@gmailcom	9865433276	Hyderbad
103	Siya	Gupta	siya@gmailcom	9766578654	Mumbai
104	Siri	Kumar	siri@gmailcom	9776589076	Pune
105	Sam	sharma	sam@gmailcom	9765432178	Bangalore
106	Dhruv	Patel	dhruv@gmailcom	7786543289	chennai
107	Manya	Agarwal	manya@gmailcom	7869540091	lucknow
108	Manoj	Jain	manoj@gmailcom	6789543005	Goa
109	Gagana	Joshi	gagana@gmailcom	8765455900	Mysore
110	Amulya	Bhatt	amulya@gmailcom	7865443109	Indore

b.Products :

```
insert into products values(1,'Phone','samsung',100000);

insert into products values(2,'Laptop','Lenovo',500000);

insert into products values(3,'TV','Sony',300000);

insert into products values(4,'Computer','Bosh',200000);

insert into products values(5,'Speaker','Echo',20000);
```

insert into products values(6,'Washing Machine','LG',70000);

insert into products values(7,'Refrigerator','IFB',90000);

insert into products values(8,'Bulb','panasonic',900);

insert into products values(9,'Camera','canon',80000);

insert into products values(10,'Tablet','apple',77000);

```
mysql> select * from products;
```

ProductId	ProductName	Description	Price
1	Phone	samsung	100000
2	Laptop	Lenovo	500000
3	TV	Sony	300000
4	Computer	Bosh	200000
5	Speaker	Echo	20000
6	Washing Machine	LG	70000
7	Refrigerator	IFB	90000
8	Bulb	panasonic	900
9	Camera	canon	80000
10	Tablet	apple	77000

c.Orders :

insert into orders values(201,102,'2001-10-23',40000);

insert into orders values(202,108,'2008-11-03',7000);

insert into orders values(203,101,'1998-01-13',90000);

insert into orders values(204,103,'1995-12-05',88000);

insert into orders values(205,110,'2000-07-08',67000);

insert into orders values(206,109,'2008-05-18',68090);

insert into orders values(207,105,'2018-09-28',98050);

insert into orders values(208,104,'2009-06-16',8790);

insert into orders values(209,106,'2015-04-18',7899);

insert into orders values(210,107,'2019-08-10',77777);

```
mysql> select * from orders;
```

OrderID	CustomerId	OrderDate	TotalAmount
201	102	2001-10-23	40000
202	108	2008-11-03	7000
203	101	1998-01-13	90000
204	103	1995-12-05	88000
205	110	2000-07-08	67000
206	109	2008-05-18	68090
207	105	2018-09-28	98050
208	104	2009-06-16	8790
209	106	2015-04-18	7899
210	107	2019-08-10	77777

c.Ordersdetails :

insert into orderdetails values(1001,202,4,2);

insert into orderdetails values(1002,205,3,3);

insert into orderdetails values(1003,201,1,5);

insert into orderdetails values(1004,210,10,2);

insert into orderdetails values(1005,209,9,1);

insert into orderdetails values(1006,203,2,4);

insert into orderdetails values(1007,204,5,5);

insert into orderdetails values(1008,206,7,1);

insert into orderdetails values(1009,207,6,2);

insert into orderdetails values(1010,208,8,6);

```
mysql> select * from orderdetails;
```

OrderDetailID	OrderId	ProductID	Quantity
1001	202	4	2
1002	205	3	3
1003	201	1	5
1004	210	10	2
1005	209	9	1
1006	203	2	4
1007	204	5	5
1008	206	7	1
1009	207	6	2
1010	208	8	6

d.Inventory :

insert into inventory values (2001,3,10, '2024-01-18');

insert into inventory values (2002,2,15 , '2023-12-28');

insert into inventory values (2003,1,18 , '2023-11-12');

insert into inventory values (2004,10,12 , '2024-03-10');

insert into inventory values (2005,9,11, '2023-12-12');

insert into inventory values (2006,4,10 , '2022-10-20');

insert into inventory values (2007,5,16 , '2022-07-29');

insert into inventory values (2008,6,8 , '2022-04-27');

insert into inventory values (2009,7,17 , '2023-08-22');

insert into inventory values (2010,8,13 , '2024-02-04');

```
mysql> select * from inventory ;
```

InventoryID	ProductID	QuantityInStock	LastStockUpdate
2001	3	10	2024-01-18
2002	2	15	2023-12-28
2003	1	18	2023-11-21
2004	10	12	2024-03-10
2005	9	11	2023-12-12
2006	4	10	2022-10-20
2007	5	16	2022-07-29
2008	6	8	2022-04-27
2009	7	17	2023-08-22
2010	8	13	2024-02-04

Tasks 2: Select, Where, Between, AND, LIKE:

1. Write an SQL query to retrieve the names and emails of all customers.

->select FirstName, Lastname, Email from customers;

FirstName	Lastname	Email
Arav	Josh	arav@gmailcom
Harsh	Singh	harsh@gmailcom
Siya	Gupta	siya@gmailcom
Siri	Kumar	siri@gmailcom
Sam	sharma	sam@gmailcom
Dhruv	Patel	dhruv@gmailcom
Manya	Agarwal	manya@gmailcom
Manoj	Jain	manoj@gmailcom
Gagana	Joshi	gagana@gmailcom
Amulya	Bhatt	amulya@gmailcom

2. Write an SQL query to list all orders with their order dates and corresponding customer names.

-> select o.orderId ,o.OrderDate ,c.FirstName,c.LastName from orders o ,customers c where o.customerid=c.customerid;

orderId	OrderDate	FirstName	LastName
203	1998-01-13	Arav	Josh
201	2001-10-23	Harsh	Singh
204	1995-12-05	Siya	Gupta
208	2009-06-16	Siri	Kumar
207	2018-09-28	Sam	sharma
209	2015-04-18	Dhruv	Patel
210	2019-08-10	Manya	Agarwal
202	2008-11-03	Manoj	Jain
206	2008-05-18	Gagana	Joshi
205	2000-07-08	Amulya	Bhatt

3. Write an SQL query to insert a new customer record into the "Customers" table. Include customer information such as name, email, and address.

-> INSERT INTO Customers (customerid,FirstName, LastName, Email, Address)VALUES (111,'Ananya', 'Bhatt', 'ananya@gmail.com', 'Los Angeles');

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Customers (customerid,FirstName, LastName, Email, Address)VALUES (111,'Ananya', 'Bhatt', 'ananya@gmail.com', 'Los Angeles');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)
```

4. Write an SQL query to update the prices of all electronic gadgets in the "Products" table by increasing them by 10%.

->UPDATE Products

-> SET Price = Price * 1.10;

select * from products;

ProductId	ProductName	Description	Price
1	Phone	samsung	110000
2	Laptop	Lenovo	550000
3	TV	Sony	330000
4	Computer	Bosh	220000
5	Speaker	Echo	22000
6	Washing Machine	LG	77000
7	Refrigerator	IFB	99000
8	Bulb	panasonic	990
9	Camera	canon	88000
10	Tablet	apple	84700

5. Write an SQL query to delete a specific order and its associated order details from the "Orders" and "OrderDetails" tables. Allow users to input the order ID as a parameter.

-> DELETE FROM OrderDetails WHERE OrderId = 201;

-> DELETE FROM Orders WHERE OrderID = 201;

```
mysql> DELETE FROM OrderDetails WHERE OrderId = 201;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.04 sec)
```

```
mysql> DELETE FROM Orders WHERE OrderID = 201;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
```

6. Write an SQL query to insert a new order into the "Orders" table. Include the customer ID, order date, and any other necessary information.

->INSERT INTO Orders values(211,109,'2023-10-25',29000);


```
mysql> INSERT INTO Orders values(211,109,'2023-10-25',29000);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)
```

7. Write an SQL query to update the contact information (e.g., email and address) of a specific customer in the "Customers" table. Allow users to input the customer ID and new contact information.

-> update customers set email='agarwal@gmail.com',address='mysore' where customerid=107;

```
mysql> update customers set email='agarwal@gmail.com',address='mysore' where customerid=107;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> select * from customers;
```

CustomerId	FirstName	LastName	Email	Phone	Address	OrderCount
101	Arav	Josh	arav@gmailcom	9876543212	Bangalore	0
102	Harsh	Singh	harsh@gmailcom	9865433276	Hyderbad	0
103	Siya	Gupta	siya@gmailcom	9766578654	Mumbai	1
104	Siri	Kumar	siri@gmailcom	9776589076	Pune	1
105	Sam	sharma	sam@gmailcom	9765432178	Bangalore	1
106	Dhruv	Patel	dhruv@gmailcom	7786543289	chennai	1
107	Manya	Agarwal	agarwal@gmail.com	7869540091	mysore	1
108	Manoj	Jain	manoj@gmailcom	6789543005	Goa	1
109	Gagana	Joshi	gagana@gmailcom	8765455900	Mysore	1
110	Amulya	Bhatt	amulya@gmailcom	7865443109	Indore	1
111	Ananya	Bhatt	ananya@gmail.com	NULL	Los Angeles	0

```
11 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

8. Write an SQL query to recalculate and update the total cost of each order in the "Orders" table based on the prices and quantities in the "OrderDetails" table.

UPDATE Orders

```
-> SET TotalAmount = (
->   SELECT SUM(od.Quantity * p.Price)
->   FROM OrderDetails od
->   JOIN Products p ON od.ProductID = p.ProductId
->   WHERE od.OrderId = Orders.OrderID
-> );
```

```
mysql> UPDATE Orders
-> SET TotalAmount = (
->   SELECT SUM(od.Quantity * p.Price)
->   FROM OrderDetails od
->   JOIN Products p ON od.ProductID = p.ProductID
->   WHERE od.OrderId = Orders.OrderID
-> );
Query OK, 10 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 10 Changed: 10 Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> select * from orders;
```

OrderID	CustomerId	OrderDate	TotalAmount
202	108	2008-11-03	440000
203	101	1998-01-13	2200000
204	103	1995-12-05	110000
205	110	2000-07-08	990000
206	109	2008-05-18	99000
207	105	2018-09-28	154000
208	104	2009-06-16	5940
209	106	2015-04-18	88000
210	107	2019-08-10	169400
211	109	2023-10-25	NULL

```
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

9. Write an SQL query to delete all orders and their associated order details for a specific customer from the "Orders" and "OrderDetails" tables. Allow users to input the customer ID as a parameter.

->DELETE FROM OrderDetails WHERE OrderId IN(SELECT OrderId FROM Orders WHERE CustomerId = 101);

->DELETE FROM Orders WHERE CustomerId=101;

```
mysql> DELETE FROM OrderDetails WHERE OrderId IN( SELECT OrderId FROM Orders WHERE CustomerId = 101);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> DELETE FROM Orders WHERE CustomerId=101;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

10. Write an SQL query to insert a new electronic gadget product into the "Products" table, including product name, category, price, and any other relevant details.

-> INSERT INTO Products VALUES (11,'Smartwatch', 'boat', 25000);

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Products VALUES (11,'Smartwatch', 'boat', 25000);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)
```

11. Write an SQL query to update the status of a specific order in the "Orders" table (e.g., from "Pending" to "Shipped"). Allow users to input the order ID and the new status.

-> ALTER TABLE Orders ADD status VARCHAR(20);

-> UPDATE Orders SET status = 'pending' WHERE OrderID =209;

-> UPDATE Orders SET status = 'shipped' WHERE OrderID =209;

```
mysql> select * from orders;
```

OrderID	CustomerId	OrderDate	TotalAmount	status
202	108	2008-11-03	7000	NULL
204	103	1995-12-05	88000	NULL
205	110	2000-07-08	67000	NULL
206	109	2008-05-18	68090	NULL
207	105	2018-09-28	98050	NULL
208	104	2009-06-16	8790	NULL
209	106	2015-04-18	7899	shipped
210	107	2019-08-10	77777	NULL
211	109	2023-10-25	29000	NULL

```
9 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

12. Write an SQL query to calculate and update the number of orders placed by each customer in the "Customers" table based on the data in the "Orders" table.

-> ALTER TABLE Customers

-> ADD OrderCount INT DEFAULT 0;

->UPDATE Customers AS c

-> SET OrderCount = (

-> SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT od.OrderId)

-> FROM OrderDetails AS od

-> JOIN Orders AS o ON od.OrderId = o.OrderId

-> WHERE o.CustomerId = c.CustomerId

->);

```
mysql> select * from customers;
```

CustomerId	FirstName	LastName	Email	Phone	Address	OrderCount
101	Arav	Josh	arav@gmailcom	9876543212	Bangalore	0
102	Harsh	Singh	harsh@gmailcom	9865433276	Hyderabad	0
103	Siya	Gupta	siya@gmailcom	9766578654	Mumbai	1
104	Siri	Kumar	siri@gmailcom	9776589076	Pune	1
105	Sam	sharma	sam@gmailcom	9765432178	Bangalore	1
106	Dhruv	Patel	dhruv@gmailcom	7786543289	chennai	1
107	Manya	Agarwal	agarwal@gmail.com	7869540091	mysore	1
108	Manoj	Jain	manoj@gmailcom	6789543005	Goa	1
109	Gagana	Joshi	gagana@gmailcom	8765455900	Mysore	1
110	Amulya	Bhatt	amulya@gmailcom	7865443109	Indore	1
111	Ananya	Bhatt	ananya@gmail.com	NULL	Los Angeles	0

```
11 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Task 3. Aggregate functions, Having, Order By, GroupBy and Joins:

- Write an SQL query to retrieve a list of all orders along with customer information (e.g., customer name) for each order.

```
-> select o.orderId ,o.orderDate , o.totalamount ,c.FirstName
,c.LastName,c.email from orders o inner join customers c on
o.customerId=c.customerId;
```

orderId	orderDate	totalamount	FirstName	LastName	email
202	2008-11-03	440000	Manoj	Jain	manoj@gmailcom
203	1998-01-13	2200000	Arav	Josh	arav@gmailcom
204	1995-12-05	110000	Siya	Gupta	siya@gmailcom
205	2000-07-08	990000	Amulya	Bhatt	amulya@gmailcom
206	2008-05-18	99000	Gagana	Joshi	gagana@gmailcom
207	2018-09-28	154000	Sam	sharma	sam@gmailcom
208	2009-06-16	5940	Siri	Kumar	siri@gmailcom
209	2015-04-18	88000	Dhruv	Patel	dhruv@gmailcom
210	2019-08-10	169400	Manya	Agarwal	agarwal@gmail.com
211	2023-10-25	NULL	Gagana	Joshi	gagana@gmailcom

```
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

- Write an SQL query to find the total revenue generated by each electronic gadget product. Include the product name and the total revenue.

```
-> SELECT p.productName, SUM(od.quantity * p.Price) AS total_revenue
-> FROM products AS p
-> INNER JOIN orderdetails AS od ON p.productId = od.productId
-> GROUP BY p.productId, p.productName
-> ORDER BY total_revenue DESC;
```

productName	total_revenue
Laptop	2200000
TV	990000
Computer	440000
Tablet	169400
Washing Machine	154000
Speaker	110000
Refrigerator	99000
Camera	88000
Bulb	5940

```
9 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

3. Write an SQL query to list all customers who have made at least one purchase. Include their names and contact information.

-> `SELECT c.FirstName, c.LastName, c.Phone FROM Customers c INNER JOIN Orders o ON c.CustomerId = o.CustomerId;`

FirstName	LastName	Phone
Arav	Josh	9876543212
Siya	Gupta	9766578654
Siri	Kumar	9776589076
Sam	sharma	9765432178
Dhruv	Patel	7786543289
Manya	Agarwal	7869540091
Manoj	Jain	6789543005
Gagana	Joshi	8765455900
Gagana	Joshi	8765455900
Amulya	Bhatt	7865443109

4. Write an SQL query to find the most popular electronic gadget, which is the one with the highest total quantity ordered. Include the product name and the total quantity ordered.

-> `select p.productname, od.quantity from products as p inner join orderdetails as od where p.productid=od.productid order by od.quantity desc limit 1;`

productname	quantity
Bulb	6

5. Write an SQL query to retrieve a list of electronic gadgets along with their corresponding categories.

-> `alter table products add(categories varchar(20));`

`update products set categories='communication' where productid=1;`

`update products set categories='microcomputers' where productid=2;`

`update products set categories='telecommunication' where productid=3;`

`update products set categories='microcomputer' where productid=4;`

`update products set categories='speech' where productid=5;`

`update products set categories='consumer' where productid=6;`

`update products set categories='consumer' where productid=7;`

`update products set categories='homeappliance' where productid=8;`

`update products set categories='images' where productid=9;`

-> `select productname ,categories from products;`

```
mysql> select productname, categories from products;
```

productname	categories
Phone	communication
Laptop	microcomputers
TV	telecommunication
Computer	microcomputer
Speaker	speech
Washing Machine	consumer
Refrigerator	consumer
Bulb	homeappliance
Camera	images
Tablet	NULL

```
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

6. Write an SQL query to calculate the average order value for each customer. Include the customer's name and their average order value.

-> select c.firstname, c.lastname, avg(o.totalamount) from customers c inner join orders o on c.customerId=o.customerId group by c.firstname, c.lastname;

firstname	lastname	avg(o.totalamount)
Manoj	Jain	440000.0000
Arav	Josh	2200000.0000
Siya	Gupta	110000.0000
Amulya	Bhatt	990000.0000
Gagana	Joshi	99000.0000
Sam	sharma	154000.0000
Siri	Kumar	5940.0000
Dhruv	Patel	88000.0000
Manya	Agarwal	169400.0000

7. Write an SQL query to find the order with the highest total revenue. Include the order ID, customer information, and the total revenue.

-> SELECT o.OrderID, c.FirstName, c.LastName, SUM(od.Quantity * p.Price) as totalrevenue FROM Orders AS o INNER JOIN Customers AS c ON o.CustomerId = c.CustomerId INNER JOIN OrderDetails AS od ON o.OrderID = od.OrderId INNER JOIN Products AS p ON od.ProductID = p.ProductId GROUP BY o.OrderID, c.FirstName, c.LastName ORDER BY totalrevenue desc limit 1;

OrderID	FirstName	LastName	totalrevenue
203	Arav	Josh	2200000

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

8. Write an SQL query to list electronic gadgets and the number of times each product has been ordered.

-> select p.productname ,od.quantity from products as p inner join orderdetails as od on p.productid=od.productid ;

productname	quantity
Computer	2
TV	3
Tablet	2
Camera	1
Laptop	4
Speaker	5
Refrigerator	1
Washing Machine	2
Bulb	6

9 rows in set (0.00 sec)

9. Write an SQL query to find customers who have purchased a specific electronic gadget product. Allow users to input the product name as a parameter.

```
-> SELECT c.FirstName, c.LastName, c.Email
-> FROM Customers AS c JOIN Orders AS o ON c.CustomerId =
o.CustomerId
-> JOIN OrderDetails AS od ON o.OrderID = od.OrderID
-> JOIN Products AS p ON od.ProductID = p.ProductID
-> WHERE p.ProductName = 'camera';
```

FirstName	LastName	Email
Dhruv	Patel	dhruv@gmail.com

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

10. Write an SQL query to calculate the total revenue generated by all orders placed within a specific time period. Allow users to input the start and end dates as parameter.

```
-> SELECT SUM(o.TotalAmount) AS TotalRevenue
-> FROM Orders AS o
-> WHERE o.OrderDate BETWEEN '2019-08-10' AND '2022-08-29';
```

TotalRevenue
77777

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

Task 4. Subquery and its type:

1. Write an SQL query to find out which customers have not placed any orders.

```
-> SELECT c.CustomerId, c.FirstName, c.LastName
```

-> FROM Customers AS c

-> WHERE c.CustomerId NOT IN (SELECT o.CustomerId FROM Orders AS o);

CustomerId	FirstName	LastName
102	Harsh	Singh
111	Ananya	Bhatt

2 rows in set (0.01 sec)

2. Write an SQL query to find the total number of products available for sale.

->select sum(QuantityInStock) from inventory;

TotalAvailableProducts
130

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

3. Write an SQL query to calculate the total revenue generated by TechShop.

-> select sum(totalamount) as revenue from orders;

revenue
4256340

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

4. Write an SQL query to calculate the average quantity ordered for products in a specific category. Allow users to input the category name as a parameter.

-> SELECT p.ProductName, AVG(od.Quantity)

-> FROM OrderDetails AS od

-> INNER JOIN Products AS p ON od.ProductID = p.ProductId

-> GROUP BY p.ProductName;

ProductName	AVG(od.Quantity)
Computer	2.0000
TV	3.0000
Tablet	2.0000
Camera	1.0000
Laptop	4.0000
Speaker	5.0000
Refrigerator	1.0000
Washing Machine	2.0000
Bulb	6.0000

9 rows in set (0.00 sec)

5. Write an SQL query to calculate the total revenue generated by a specific customer. Allow users to input the customer ID as a parameter.

-> SELECT o.CustomerId, SUM(od.Quantity * p.Price) as revenue

-> FROM Orders AS o INNER JOIN OrderDetails AS od ON o.OrderID = od.OrderId

-> INNER JOIN Products AS p ON od.ProductID = p.ProductId

-> GROUP BY o.CustomerId;

CustomerId	revenue
108	440000
110	990000
107	169400
106	88000
101	2200000
103	110000
109	99000
105	154000
104	5940

9 rows in set (0.00 sec)

6. Write an SQL query to find the customers who have placed the most orders. List their names and the number of orders they've placed.

-> SELECT c.firstName,c.lastName,COUNT(o.orderId) AS order_count

-> FROM customers AS c INNER JOIN orders AS o ON c.customerId = o.customerId

-> GROUP BY c.customerId, c.firstName, c.lastName

-> ORDER BY order_count DESC;

firstName	lastName	order_count
Gagana	Joshi	2
Arav	Josh	1
Siya	Gupta	1
Siri	Kumar	1
Sam	sharma	1
Dhruv	Patel	1
Manya	Agarwal	1
Manoj	Jain	1
Amulya	Bhatt	1

9 rows in set (0.00 sec)

7. Write an SQL query to find the most popular product category, which is the one with the highest total quantity ordered across all orders.

```
->SELECT c.firstName,c.lastName,p.productName,SUM(od.quantity) AS
total_quantity_ordered
```

```
-> FROM customers AS c INNER JOIN orders AS o ON c.customerId =
o.customerId
```

```
-> INNER JOIN orderdetails AS od ON o.orderId = od.orderId
```

```
-> INNER JOIN products AS p ON od.productId = p.productId
```

```
-> GROUP BY c.customerId, c.firstName, c.lastName, p.productName
```

```
-> ORDER BY total_quantity_ordered DESC limit 1;
```

firstName	lastName	productName	total_quantity_ordered
Siri	Kumar	Bulb	6

1 row in set (0.03 sec)

8. Write an SQL query to find the customer who has spent the most money (highest total revenue) on electronic gadgets. List their name and total spending.

```
->SELECT c.firstName, c.lastName, SUM(od.quantity * p.price) AS total_spending
```

```
-> FROM customers AS c
```

```
-> INNER JOIN orders AS o ON c.customerId = o.customerId
```

```
-> INNER JOIN orderdetails AS od ON o.orderId = od.orderId
```

```
-> INNER JOIN products AS p ON od.productId = p.productId
```

```
-> GROUP BY c.customerId
```

```
-> ORDER BY total_spending DESC
```

```
-> LIMIT 1;
```

firstName	lastName	total_spending
Arav	Josh	2200000

1 row in set (0.03 sec)

9. Write an SQL query to calculate the average order value (total revenue divided by the number of orders) for all customers.

```
->SELECT AVG(order_value) AS average_order_value FROM (
  -> SELECT o.customerId,SUM(od.quantity * p.price) AS order_value
  -> FROM orders AS o INNER JOIN orderdetails AS od ON o.orderId = od.orderId
  -> INNER JOIN products AS p ON od.productId = p.productId
  -> GROUP BY o.orderId)as order_summary;
```

average_order_value
472926.6667

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

10. Write an SQL query to find the total number of orders placed by each customer and list their names along with the order count.

```
->SELECT c.firstName, COUNT(o.orderId) AS total_orders
  -> FROM customers AS c
  -> LEFT JOIN orders AS o ON c.customerId = o.customerId
  -> GROUP BY c.firstName;
```

firstName	total_orders
Arav	1
Harsh	0
Siya	1
Siri	1
Sam	1
Dhruv	1
Manya	1
Manoj	1
Gagana	2
Amulya	1
Ananya	0

11 rows in set (0.00 sec)