Assignment questions on Week 2

Answer all Questions.

1. What is the LBP_{ri} value of the following matrix:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 10 & 40 & 70 \\ 20 & (50) & 80 \\ 30 & 60 & 90 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) 15
- (b) 30
- (c) 29
- (d) 10
- 2. Which one is the Co-occuranceMatrix of the following matrix given below. Here distance(d)=1Pixel and direction=NE.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(b)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{(d)} \begin{bmatrix}
 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\
 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\
 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 2 & 0 & 1 & 0
 \end{bmatrix}$$

3. What is the values of Entropy of the following matrix. Here distance(d) = 1Pixel and direction = NE

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) -0.554
- (b) -0.754
- (c) -0.654
- (d) -0.854
- 4. What is the values of Energy of the following matrix. Here distance(d) = 1Pixel and direction = NE.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) 0.14
- (b) 0.15
- (c) 0.17
- (d) 0.19
- 5. Given the pixels A, B, C, D and seeds S in an image, identify the pixel nearest to the seed. A (1,2,3), B (10,1,4), C (4,5,1), D (8,9,10), S (7,10,3). Use Euclidean distance measure.
 - (a) A
 - (b) B
 - (c) C
 - (d) D
- 6. Compute the updated centroids C_1, C_2 after 1 iteration of clustering for the set of pixels $S = \{(1,1,2), (3,6,1), (2,3,1), (5,4,7)\}$. Let the initial centroids be $C_1 = (1,1,2), C_2 = (2,3,1)$
 - a) $C_1 = (1, 1, 2)$ and $C_2 = (3.34, 4.34, 3)$
 - (b) $C_1 = (3, 3.36, 3.34)$ and $C_2 = (2, 3, 1)$
 - (c) $C_1 = (2, 3.5, 1.5)$ and $C_2 = (3.5, 3.5, 4)$
 - (d) $C_1 = (1.5, 2, 1.5)$ and $C_2 = (4, 5, 4)$
- 7. Find the class label ω_i for the pixels A (157,10,53), B (25,100,100), C (3,234,120), D (124,25,75). The pixel intensity for the manually selected seeds for the 2 classes are, $\omega_1 = (100,20,60)$ and $\omega_2 = (30,255,175)$
 - (a) A $-\omega_1$, B $-\omega_1$, C $-\omega_2$, D $-\omega_2$
 - (b) A $-\omega_1$, B $-\omega_1$, C $-\omega_2$, D $-\omega_1$
 - (c) A $-\omega_2$, B $-\omega_2$, C $-\omega_1$, D $-\omega_1$
 - (d) A - ω_2 , B - ω_1 , C - ω_2 , D - ω_2

8. In the result of segmentation of an image I with two regions A and B, identify which of the following relations are true.

$$1 - I_A \cup I_B = I$$

$$2 - I_A \cap I_B = I$$

$$3 - I_A \cup I_B = \phi$$

$$4 - I_A \cap I_B = \phi$$

- (a) Only 1
- (b) Only 3
- (c) 1,4
- (d) 1,3
- 9. The following matrix I is a snippet of an RGB image. What are the value of weights of all the edges connected to the bracketed node of the M matrix, assuming 8-connected relationship between the pixels, and the weight if the edges defined as $W_{i,j} = e^{-\beta ||c_i c_j||}$ where c_i is the (r,g,b) colour triplet vector representing the i^{th} pixel and ||.|| is the Euclidean distance measure. Also consider that $\beta = \{\beta_V = 100, \beta_H = 25, and \beta_D = 50\}$ and the notation matrix for weight calculation is N.

$$I = \begin{bmatrix} (100,0,0) & (0,1,0) & (0,100,0) \\ (0,0,100) & (1,1,1) & (100,0,0) \\ (100,0,0) & (1,0,0) & (0,100,0) \end{bmatrix} \qquad M = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & (0) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \qquad N = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 4 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 \\ 8 & 2 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a)
$$W_{6,1} = W_{6,2} = e^{-1410.42}$$
, $W_{6,3} = W_{6,4} = W_{6,8} = W_{6,9} = e^{-4950.50}$, $W_{6,5} = W_{6,7} = e^{-2475.25}$

(b)
$$W_{6,1} = W_{6,2} = e^{-4950.50}$$
, $W_{6,3} = W_{6,4} = e^{-141.42}$, $W_{6,5} = W_{6,7} = e^{-2475.25}$, $W_{6,8} = W_{6,9} = e^{-4950.50}$

(c)
$$W_{6,1} = W_{6,2} = e^{-141.42}$$
, $W_{6,3} = W_{6,4} = W_{6,8} = W_{6,9} = e^{-4950.50}$, $W_{6,5} = W_{6,7} = e^{-2475.25}$

(d)
$$W_{6,1}=W_{6,2}=e^{-2475.25},\ W_{6,3}=W_{6,4}=W_{6,8}=W_{6,9}=e^{-4950.50},\ W_{6,5}=W_{6,7}=e^{-1410.42}$$

10. What is the value of degree of the bracketed marked node of M matrix, assuming 8-connected relationship between the pixels, and the weight if the edges defined as $W_{i,j} = e^{-\beta \|c_i - c_j\|}$. Lets consider that $\beta = \{\beta_V = 100, \beta_H = 25, and \beta_D = 50\}$.

$$I = \begin{bmatrix} (100,0,0) & (0,1,0) & (0,100,0) \\ (0,0,100) & (1,1,1) & (100,0,0) \\ (100,0,0) & (1,0,0) & (0,100,0) \end{bmatrix} \qquad M = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & (0) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a)
$$7.64 \times 10^{-124}$$

(b)
$$7.64 \times 10^{-62}$$

- (c) 15.28×10^{-62}
- (d) 15.28×10^{-124}
- 11. What are the values of $L_{4,4}$ and $L_{3,5}$ from Laplacian matrix L of an RGB image I and the seeds for the two classes are marked in the matrix M as 1 and 2 and the unmarked pixels are in 0. Assuming 8-connected relationship between the pixels, and the weight if the edges defined as $W_{i,j} = e^{-\beta \|c_i c_j\|}$. Lets consider that $\beta = \{\beta_V = 100, \beta_H = 25, and \beta_D = 50\}$ and the notation matrix for weight calculation is N

$$I = \begin{bmatrix} (100,0,0) & (0,1,0) & (0,100,0) \\ (0,0,100) & (1,1,1) & (100,0,0) \\ (100,0,0) & (1,0,0) & (0,100,0) \end{bmatrix} \qquad M = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \qquad N = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 4 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 \\ 8 & 2 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) $L_{4.4} = e^{-14142.14}$, $L_{3.5} = e^{-14142.14}$
- (b) $L_{4,4} = e^{-2475}, L_{3,5} = e^{-2475}$
- (c) $L_{44} = e^{-4950.50}$, $L_{35} = e^{-14142.14}$
- (d) $L_{4,4} = e^{-2475}, L_{3,5} = e^{-14142.14}$
- 12. What are the dimension of the Laplacian matrix $(L), L_U, L_M, B^T$ and X of an RGB image I and the seeds for the two classes are marked in the matrix M as 1 and 2 and the unmarked pixels are in 0, assuming 8-connected relationship between the pixels. Where

$$X = -L_U^{-1} \left\{ B^T L_M \right\}$$

$$I = \begin{bmatrix} (100,0,0) & (0,1,0) & (0,100,0) \\ (0,0,100) & (1,1,1) & (100,0,0) \\ (100,0,0) & (1,0,0) & (0,100,0) \end{bmatrix} \qquad M = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) $L \Rightarrow 9 \times 9, L_U \Rightarrow 7 \times 7, L_M \Rightarrow 2 \times 2, B^T \Rightarrow 7 \times 2, X \Rightarrow 2 \times 7$
- (b) $L \Rightarrow 9 \times 9, L_U \Rightarrow 2 \times 2, L_M \Rightarrow 7 \times 7, B^T \Rightarrow 2 \times 7, X \Rightarrow 2 \times 7$
- (c) $L \Rightarrow 9 \times 9, L_U \Rightarrow 7 \times 7, L_M \Rightarrow 2 \times 2, B^T \Rightarrow 2 \times 7, X \Rightarrow 2 \times 7$
- (d) $L \Rightarrow 9 \times 9, L_U \Rightarrow 7 \times 7, L_M \Rightarrow 2 \times 2, B^T \Rightarrow 7 \times 2, X \Rightarrow 7 \times 2$
- 13. What is the is the value of *Elasticity* defined as $\left\| \frac{\partial \mathbf{r}(s)}{\partial s} \right\|$ at the double bracketed pixel of the following image matrix.

$$\begin{bmatrix} (10) & 50 & 50 & 50 \\ 50 & (10) & 50 & 50 \\ 50 & 50 & ((0)) & 50 \\ 50 & 50 & (10) & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) 0
- (b) 0.5
- (c) 1
- (d) 1.5
- 14. What is the is the value of Stiffness defined as $\left\| \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{r}(s)}{\partial s^2} \right\|$ at the double bracketed pixel of the following image matrix.

$$\begin{bmatrix} (10) & 50 & 50 & 50 \\ 50 & (10) & 50 & 50 \\ 50 & 50 & ((0)) & 50 \\ 50 & 50 & (10) & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) 0
- (b) 0.5
- (c) 1
- (d) 1.5
- 15. What is the value of InternalEnergy defined as $w_1 \left\| \frac{\partial \mathbf{r}(s)}{\partial s} \right\| + w_1 \left\| \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{r}(s)}{\partial s^2} \right\|$ at the double bracketed pixel of the following image matrix. Here $w_1 = 1$ and $w_2 = 1$ are the weights of the internal energy.

$$\begin{bmatrix} (10) & 50 & 50 & 50 \\ 50 & (10) & 50 & 50 \\ 50 & 50 & ((0)) & 50 \\ 50 & 50 & (10) & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) 0
- (b) 0.5
- (c) 1
- (d) 1.5
- 16. What is the value of ExternalEnergy defined as $-\|\nabla f(\mathbf{r}(s))\|$ at the double bracketed pixel of the following image matrix.

$$\begin{bmatrix} (10) & 50 & 50 & 50 \\ 50 & (10) & 50 & 50 \\ 50 & 50 & ((0)) & 50 \\ 50 & 50 & (10) & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) 0
- (b) 28.28
- (c) 1
- (d) 7.07

17. Which among the following formulas corresponds to precision:

(a)
$$\frac{TN}{TN+FP}$$

(b) $\frac{TP}{TP+FN}$
(c) $\frac{TP}{TP+FP}$

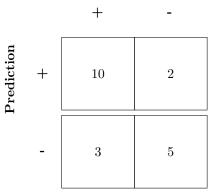
(b)
$$\frac{TP}{TP+FN}$$

(c)
$$\frac{TP}{TP+FP}$$

(d) None of these

18. Using the given confusion matrix, compute sensitivity and precision.

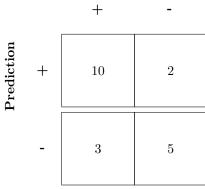
Ground truth



- (a) 0.67, 0.84
- (b) 0.83, 0.77
- (c) 0.77, 0.63
- (d) 0.63, 0.83

19. Calculate F score when precision is 0.8 and sensitivity is 0.65 using the confusion matrix given below.

Ground truth



- (a) 0.72
- (b) 0.36
- (c) 0.73
- (d) Insufficient information
- $20.\,$ Which among the following values of area under the curve (AUC) indicates better performance?
 - (a) 0.1
 - (b) 0.7
 - (c) 0.5
 - (d) 0.9

End