

# Network Security

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**Abstract** Network security main topic involved with modern world. Network security make level confidence that all machined in network working optionally and the network users possess the right and independence that granted them .which include preventing unauthorized people from acting on the maliciously, protect data by anticipating failures. When users who are involving with web browsing with that will cause to make problems with their network security .IPSec make great protection from network security attacks, which is users in a rapid concise format, IPSec make capability of that can be added to either version of the Internet Protocol (IPv4 or IPv6) by means of additional headers.

**Index Terms-** IPSec, protocol, trust, model, confidentiality.

## I. INTRODUCTION

Network Security involved with security ,threats,services,protocols,design, elements of cryptography, secure networking systems and applications and those are great contribution on two types of networks I current usage which are data networks and synchronous network[20]. .Network security is a complicated subject, historically only tackled by well trained and experienced experts. How as more people become “wired”, an increasing number of people need to understand the basics of security in network world [2].

### A. Network Security Concepts

Consider heart of Network security [1]  
**Confidentiality**-This terms covers two related concepts **Data confidentiality** -Assure that private or confidential information is not made available. **Privacy** -Assure that individuals control or influence what information related to them many be collected and stored and by whom and to whom that information may be disclosed.

**Integrity** –this term covers two related concepts are data integrity, System Integrity. **Availability** –Assure that systems work promptly and services is not denied to authorize users.

### B.Threat for Network

Network Security threats are relentlessly inventive. Master of disguise and manipulation, these threats constantly evolve to find new types and threats and harm. And also most of computer networks have sensitive configuration is security appliances what are the firewalls ,filtering routes are examples of them in there that network security independent of the mechanic of configuration. Through this we can identify other main network security attacks .passive and active attacks [1].

- Passive attacks –monitoring of transmissions Main scenario on this is obtain information that is being transmitted.
- Active Attacks –This is involve some modification of data stream or creation of false stream and can be subdivided into four categories replay, modification of messages denial of services.

And in the other hand we can see network and comport security loose because of because of buggy software that means very old method and problem in network security [9].It is addition topic foe combined with network security. Information access security threats and Service threats are mainly identified threats we can see in another Conner that means we can identify information Security threats which is intercept or modify data on behalf of users user may not have access that data, second role is Service threat we can identify exploit service flaws in computers to inhibit use by legitimate users [11].

### *C.Common Security threats and Threaten in Web surfing*

Network security threats are relentlessly inventive. There are some common threats to attack the system: Virus threats, Spyware threats, hackers. And commonly use these common ways to secure system: Prevention, detection, reaction [3]. When visit legitimate websites can infected when go to web sites and blogs [6]. Organized group of inventing new weaknesses in every day software that name as web browser and browser plugging.

## II.IPSec

### *A .IP Sec Introducing*

IP Sec is major topic involved with network security which includes transport and tunnel modes, authentication and data integrity and ESP-confidentiality. IP Sec is a set of protocols developed by the IETF to support secure exchange of packet at the IP Layer. IP sec has been deployed widely to implement Virtual Private networks (VPN). Major application of IPSec in virtual private networking and secure remote access. IPSec is the standard suite of protocol for network layer confidentiality and authentication of internet traffic. It does not address the policies for how protect traffic should be handled at the security endpoint. IPSec provide network layer security for the internet. This recently standardized in the IETF and is beginning to make way into commercial implementation to desktop. The architecture of the internet protocol known as IP Security is a standardization of internet security. IP Security, IPSec covers the new generation of (IPv6) as well as the current version (IPv4). Although new technologies such as IPSec [13]. IP sec basic features are [15],

- IPSec transport and tunnel modes
- AH -authentication and Data Integrity

- ESP-confidentiality (When processing IP packets when ESP protocol is used to in tunnel mode in IPSec vpn IPSec policy and Security association.
- Combining Security associations
- Key management in IPSec :IKE (the goal of IKE protocol is to establish maintain shared security)[12]

IP security (IPSec) is a capability that can be added to either current version of the Internet Protocol (IPv4 or IPv6) by means of additional headers. IP-level security encompasses three functional areas: authentication, confidentiality. And key management [1][17]. And internet key exchange support for two types of key management: Manual and Automated. These are the two things manual is which is system administrators often use their own key and with the keys of other environment. Advantages of this method is small and relatively static environment. Automated type is system which enables the on-demand creation of keys for SA and make facility the usage of keys in a large distributed system with an evolving configuration and it can get as advantage of automated type. ISAKMP Oakley is default automated management key use if IPSec. It has two elements: Oakley Key determination Protocol that is key exchange protocol based on the Diffie-Hellman algorithm but introducing adds secure for our network. Oakley which indicates specific format, [18]. Second thing is Internet security association and Key management protocol (ISAKMP) in there create framework for Internet key management and provides and make special protocol support, which includes and indicates formats for negotiation of security. Next about AH Header use in transport mode and Tunnel mode. In this transport mode AH header is append before the IP header of IP datagram and only use in enforce to end data transfer implementation because of higher layer protocol and selected IP header fields are

protected in the other hand transport mode AH header include after the IP Header which is already include before higher layer protocol and in there provide some authentication algorithms most of asymmetric algorithms when both sender and receiver keys are used in the authentication calculation .For communication throughout the worldwide internet implementation of the IP ESP header must support use of the Data Encrypted standards Cryptographic transforms for ESP which use a block of chaining technology and algorithm which provides integrity mechanism is make subject ,this is the main usage in ESP header.[4].When consider about Security Association is need both implementation of the Security Payloads header and of the IP Authentication Header[17]

### *B. Applications of IPSec*

IP Authentication Header (AH) and IP Encapsulating security Payload (ESP) header mainly usage with IP Sec In details wise Authentication Header provide security IP datagram. As an exemplary gate way-gateway, host-host, host-gateway [4].IP Encapsulating Security Payload header provides integrity, authentication and confidentiality to IP datagram it can provide a mix of optional security and we can apply it alone in both of Authentication header and ESP or combine way. Security can be violated for two communicated user if the security which not get not close enough to communication between endpoints [15][16] .In Encapsulating Security payload header provides authentication, integrity, confidentiality, to IP diagram. In other hand manner Encapsulating Security Payload applied alone with .In addition with IP Authentication header or both ways. For traffic offsite ,through sort of private or public WAN IPSec protocols are used .[1] The IPSec networking are typically encrypt

and compress all traffic going into the WAN and decrypt and decompress traffic come from WAN. Sample usages of the IPSec are

- **Secure Branch office connectivity over the internet:** A company create secure virtual private network over public WAN reduce it needs for private networks, saving costs and network.
- **Secure remote access over the Internet**
- **Establishing extranet and intranet connectivity with partners:** IPSec ensuring authentication and confidentiality and providing key exchange mechanism.

Two different IPSec options are to remote connection for users this is available for administrators for connected users by IPSec VPN. In their deploy full remote networking capabilities at the remote locations or just extend network to remote sub networks in common use it may be branches of main branches.VPN tunnel in popular topic talking in subject are which is act as an authentication phase in real world to create VPN tunnel by using Setup wizard or configuring panel tree we can give begin for it, which purpose to negotiate IKE policy sets, set up secure channel between the peers [5].

Connecting remote users is introducing here IPSec allows extended listing a remote network location .The remote access point give permission bridge traffic from the remote location back to the access point located at the cooperate branch administrator give configured for access the network apply to users connected from behind that remote access point . And special specific security techniques .Pretty good Privacy (PGP)/web of Trust technology encrypt emails. Secure Socket Layer is a browser –based authentication and encryption between the

browser [10].The servers that protects commercial traffic in web

### *D.IP Security Threats*

IP routes create large security threat IP networks vulnerable to large security risks Sniffing – which is in Ethernet based IP networks that Ethernet LANs make up a large part of most networks it has make happen from sniffing and also eavesdropper listens in on transmission between two other parties. Spoofing –this technology base on the way in which IP packets are create IP addresses in IP packets are tend to change. And also machine on the network masquerades as another. Session Hijacking- Depend on IP to ensure to the same user rest of the session [1], [19][14].

#### *c. IPSec Packet filters and Security Associations*

Association is a best way to one way logical connection between sender and a receiver which is achieve security services to the traffic going on, peer to peer relationship is needed for two way secure exchange Security Association use of AH or ESP .This security association use three parameters Security parameters Index, IP Destination Address Security Protocol Identifier[16][5].

IPSec include AH, ESP, IKE, ISAKMP/Oakley and various transforms as mentioned above. In this method provide end to end connection security per flows security can authenticate a user IPSec connection when secure packets following between two networks which connection through internet and authorized user of enter a VPN. There end hosts implementation classified into two schemas, Operating system integrated which is integrated into the IPSec and the network layer are joined together. Second schema is get advantage of services provided at the network layer such as fragmentation ,get help to IPSec modes .And it has two

implementation native Implementation ,Bump in the wire are the gate way methods we implement in IPSec[15] [16].

One of the most important thing of trust management of IPSec security association policy management is its handling policy delegation ,and also two level policy specification hierarchy to control IPSec tragic .When using packet level in specialized manner use less expensive filtering language that provides the more expensive ,but trust –management language in general purpose . IP filtering in processing overview we can several achievement with web browsing in details inbound or outbound IP packet arrives, set filter rules in filter rule table those have conditions and actions, matching rule to packet and apply of actions which is deny, permit with additional processing applied these events capabilities make great support for secure in web browsing and keep network in security manner [5]. In addition modern technology involve with IPSec ,as in example satellite use with space based network centric in UK[7].As an example IPv6 and IPv4 use for this ,the size of backbone routing table needed to continue internet keep in interconnected. And end to end architecture with globally addressing everywhere rather than deploy NAT s.

### *F. Tracking website using IPSec*

IPSec usually use connect between two or more different network using tunnels IPSec offers a way of way handling key automatically In simple manner encrypt data between two host normally create set key. Configuration security policy that exposing kernel to use IP Address of hosts when IPSec using in remote access it is far useful reach more useful to hosts IP address. An IPSec VPN works by establishing a tunnel over the Internet to connect users outside a corporate firewall or gateway to the internal network .almost always from a single vendor –on both ends of the tunnel .In IPSec provide design for

trusted to site to site connectivity and not with a highly mobile work place in the mined IPSec solutions had limitation for supporting unsecure endpoint location that directly controlling. In this IPSec covers number of protocols and functions by using their two modes transport and tunnel. In the internet and transport a data using the tunnel it is provide data integrity encryption data flowing. That mode use to connect host to a VPN gateway through entire network. Correlate between multiple Web Sites that means IPSec make utility for provides all the data transferring between two or more sites, And in other hand level of security against traffic [3][1][17].

### *G. Advantages of IPSec*

Main three elements for network security is accurate knowledge of all computers and network elements and proper management of software and clear policies [8] in organizational security is vital. We can see how IP sec get through this IPSec. IPSec give great advantage of transparency of application because of Layer3 has no impact on higher network layer, and IPSec make inter-site connection. In IPSec person who interact with network do not want worry about the system even though user does not track it. Because of IPv6 which is default security standard of come with it. new version is TCP/IP. IP sec use different encryption methods for secure data, as an example use receiver public PGP key to encrypt the message before sending it. There is no need of configuring different security for each application which is use in TCP/IP. And great advantage of this is defense in depth as a example attack from unsecure computers, attacks that can result in the denial of service applications of services or network corruption data theft administrative control of servers. Everything pass through the unsecure network IPSec gateway encrypted and decrypted at the other end and its secure tunnel and make connection between two distinct networks[10]. And important thing is secure

transfer of different file types such as compressed or uncompressed files depending on the difference, and manage the number of compressed or uncompressed sent at different intervals and from different servers. IPSec overhead different kind of protocols algorithms of and file size  $z$  and the metrics usually use for analyze data were the network load IPSec provide great help to secure mail services via network by using this topics there are wireless transmission links, ESP vs. AH overhead, ESP vs. AH authenticated overhead are some of them provide protect in secure mail services.

### III. CONCLUSION

Throughout this assignment broadly make argument about network security, modern security threats, security threats contact with web browsing and modern security threats with web browsing and specially how IPSec make great contribution with network security. By using of inherited and special qualities and techniques include in IPSec. In the future the security system fights off attacks and builds itself to tougher Internet security attackers. It is great situation the most of the development taking place in the same technologies being currently used. The embedded security of the new internet protocol IPv6 provide many possibilities and benefits to internet users. Arguably the most commonly used applications on a network connected computer, is becoming increasingly capable and important platform for millions of computer users, In web browser a unique and it observe and apply contextual meaning sensitive information provided by the user during very personal activities. IPSec is built in a modular way it is future proof and it is easy to add new cryptographic methods when such are developed and proven more secure.



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