



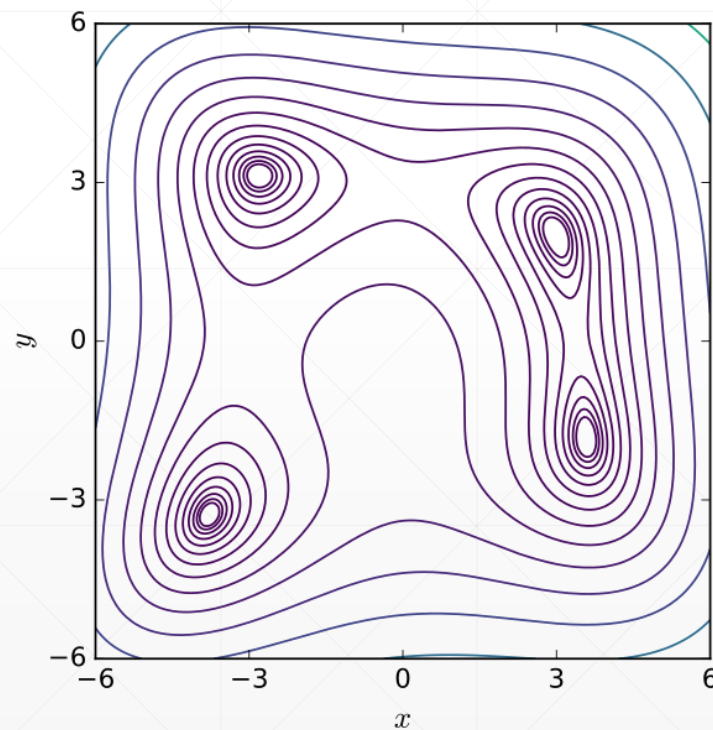
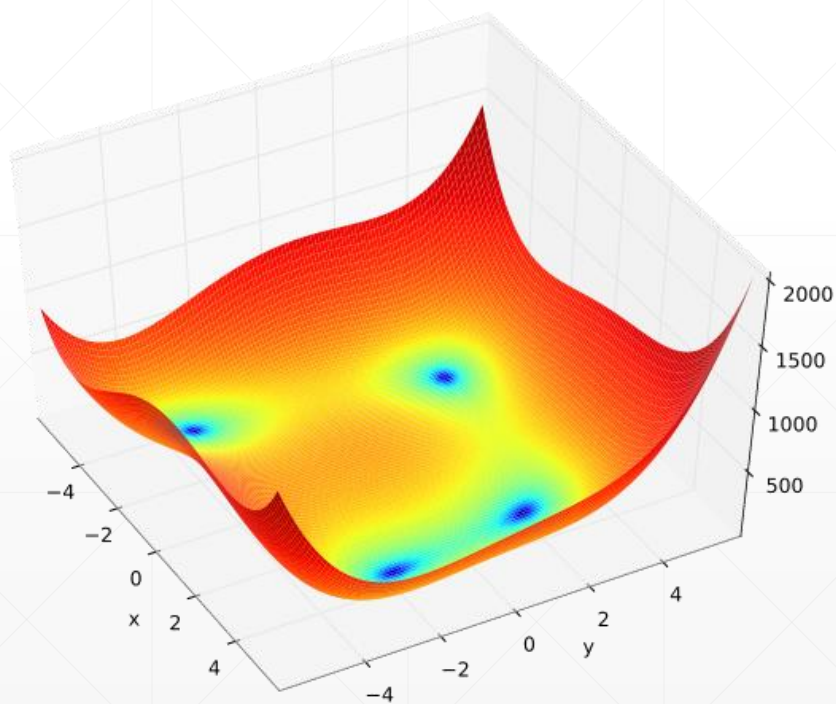
# 2D函数优化实例

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主讲人：龙良曲

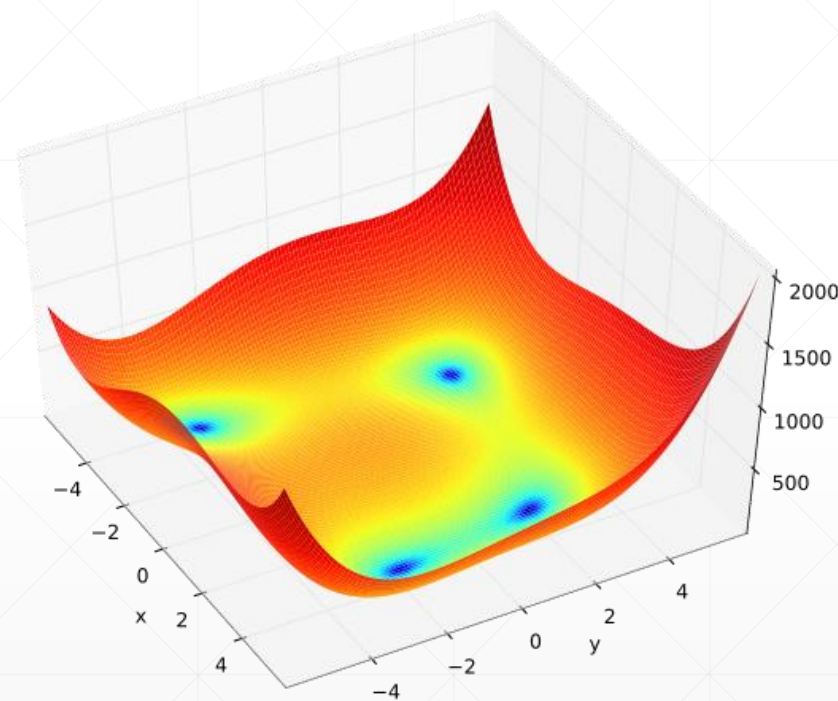
# Himmelblau function

$$f(x, y) = (x^2 + y - 11)^2 + (x + y^2 - 7)^2.$$



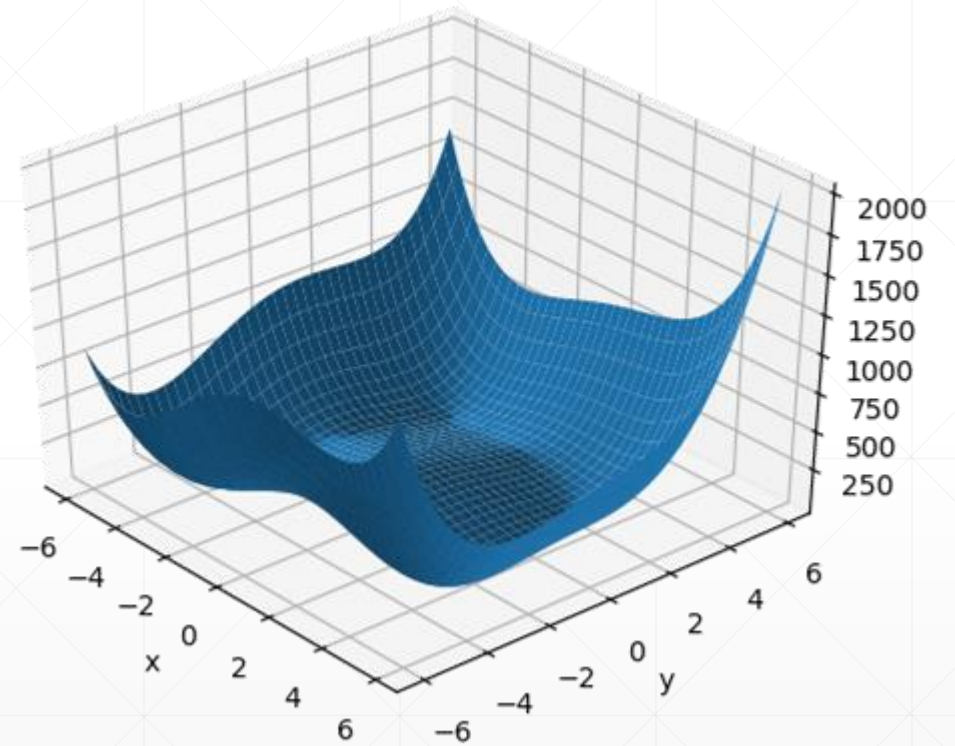
# Minima

- $f(3.0, 2.0) = 0.0$ ,
- $f(-2.805118, 3.131312) = 0.0$ ,
- $f(-3.779310, -3.283186) = 0.0$ .
- $f(3.584428, -1.848126) = 0.0$ .



# Plot

```
def himmelblau(x):  
    return (x[0] ** 2 + x[1] - 11) ** 2 + (x[0] + x[1] ** 2 - 7) ** 2  
  
x = np.arange(-6, 6, 0.1)  
y = np.arange(-6, 6, 0.1)  
print('x,y range:', x.shape, y.shape)  
X, Y = np.meshgrid(x, y)  
print('X,Y maps:', X.shape, Y.shape)  
Z = himmelblau([X, Y])  
  
fig = plt.figure('himmelblau')  
ax = fig.gca(projection='3d')  
ax.plot_surface(X, Y, Z)  
ax.view_init(60, -30)  
ax.set_xlabel('x')  
ax.set_ylabel('y')  
plt.show()
```



# Gradient Descent



```
# [1., 0.], [-4, 0.], [4, 0.]
x = torch.tensor([0., 0.], requires_grad=True)
optimizer = torch.optim.Adam([x], lr=1e-3)
for step in range(20000):

    pred = himmelblau(x)

    optimizer.zero_grad()
    pred.backward()
    optimizer.step()

    if step % 2000 == 0:
        print('step {}: x = {}, f(x) = {}'.format(step, x.tolist(), pred.item()))
```

# 下一课时

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MNIST反向传播

**Thank You.**

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