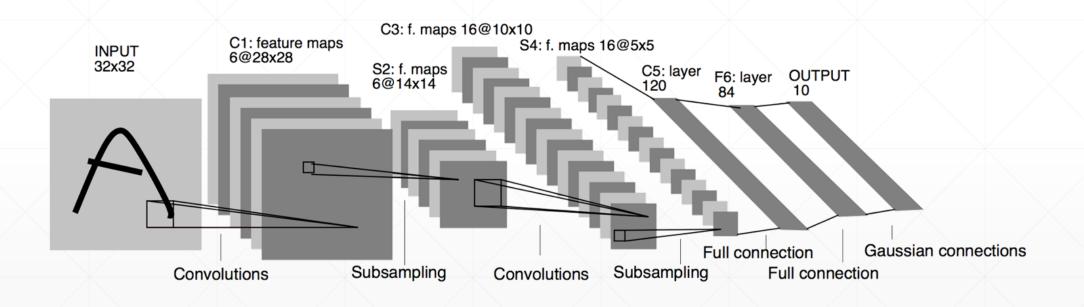
O PyTorch

时间序列表示

主讲人: 龙良曲

Spatial Signals



Temporal Signals?



Text Message Today 12:43 PM

Hey Caroline! This is Gerald:) How are you?

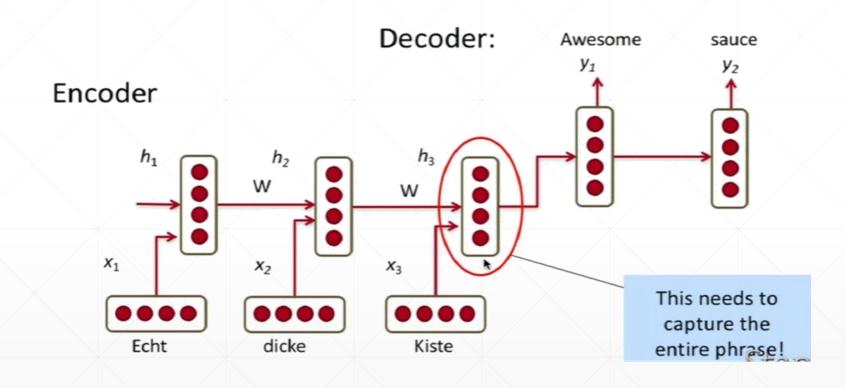
Hey Ger

I'm good! Super busy at work. You?

What are you up too?

To*

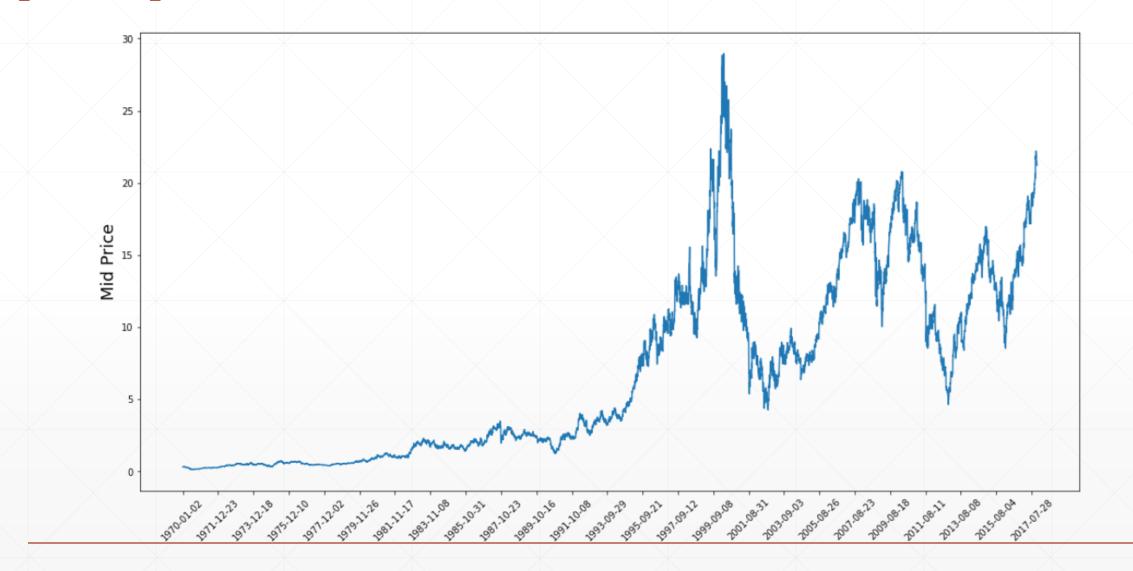
Sequence



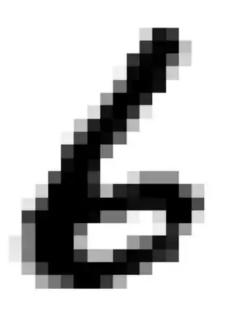
Sequence representation

[seq_len, feature_len]

[100, 1]



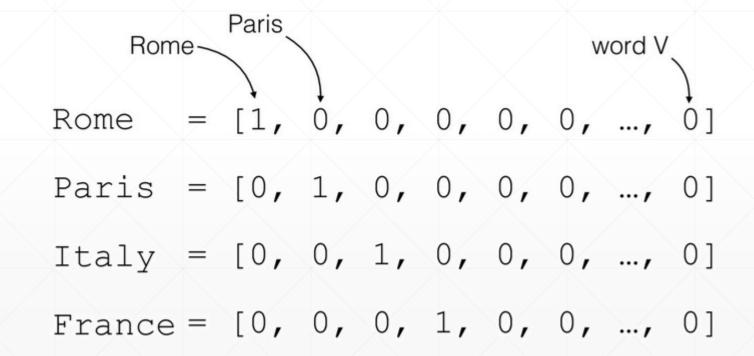
[28, 28]



[words, word_vec]

- How to represent a word
 - [Rome, Italy, ...]

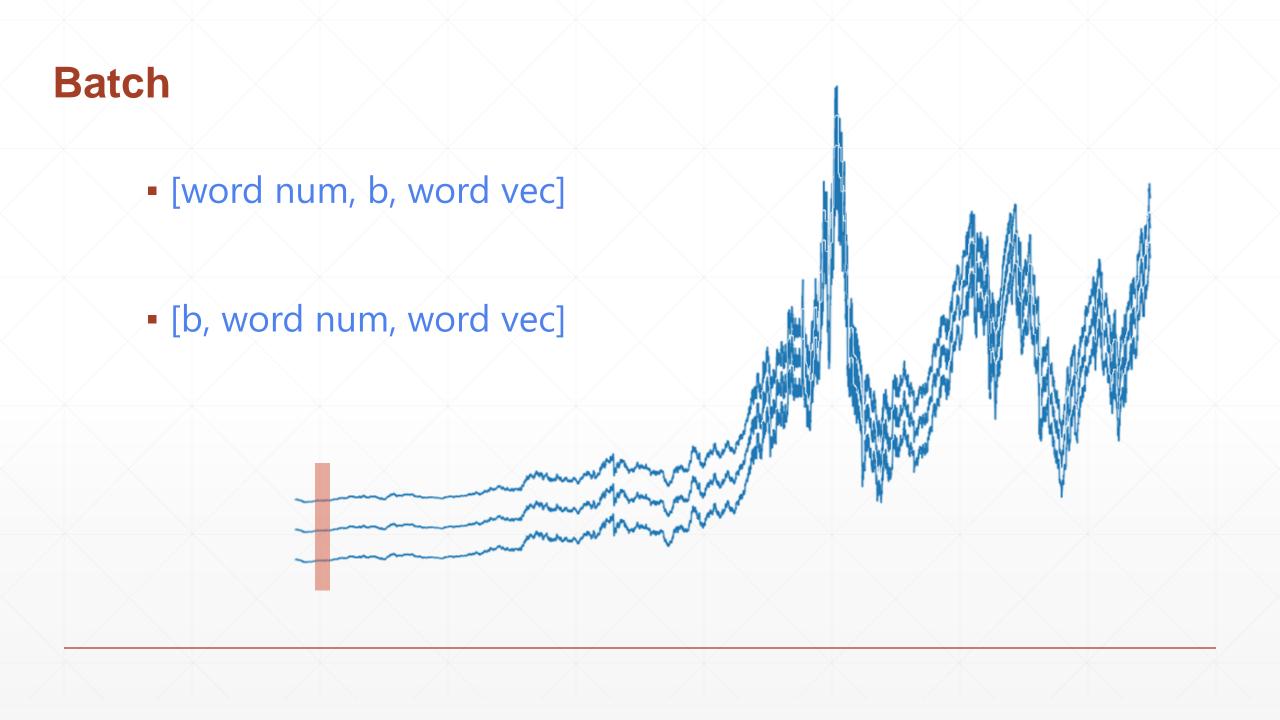
one-hot



[words, word vec]

- sparse
- high-dim
- semantic similarity

<pre>model.most_similar('king', topn=10) (word, similarity with 'king')</pre>	<pre>model.most_similar('queen', topn=10) (word, similarity with 'queen')</pre>
('kings', 0.897245)	('cersei', 0.942618)
('baratheon', 0.809675)	('joffrey', 0.933756)
('son', 0.763614)	('margaery', 0.931099)
('robert', 0.708522)	('sister', 0.928902)
('lords', 0.698684)	('prince', 0.927364)
('joffrey', 0.696455)	('uncle', 0.922507)
('prince', 0.695699)	('varys', 0.918421)
('brother', 0.685239)	('ned', 0.917492)
('aerys', 0.684527)	('melisandre', 0.915403)
('stannis', 0.682932)	('robb', 0.915272)



word2vec vs GloVe

Word Vector Lookup Table!

300 features

10.000 words

O PyTorch (NLP)

```
1 from torchnlp.word_to_vector import GloVe
2 vectors = GloVe()
4 vectors['hello']
5 - 1.7494
6 0.6242
7 . . .
8 -0.6202
9 2.0928
10 [torch.FloatTensor of size 100]
```

下一课时

RNN原理

Thank You.