- 1. Compute Thermodynamic/Transport Properties c_v, k, μ, γ
- 2. Compute the equilibration pressure $P_{eq}, c_m, \rho_m^o, \theta_m, f_m^\theta, \kappa_m$, such that $\sum_{m=1}^N \theta_m = 1$, see attached for details.
- 3. Compute the mass exchange between materials $S_{m_m}^{r\leftrightarrow m}, S_{(m\vec{U})_m}^{r\leftrightarrow m}, S_{(me)_m}^{r\leftrightarrow m}, S_{(mv^o)_m}^{r\leftrightarrow m}$
- 4. Compute the face-centered velocities

$$\begin{split} \vec{U_m}^{*f} &= \left\langle \frac{\rho_m \vec{U}_m}{\rho_m} \right\rangle^{n^f} - \frac{\Delta t}{\langle \rho_m^o \rangle^f} \nabla^f P_{eq} + \sum_{n=1}^N \left\langle \frac{\Delta t \theta_n K_{n,m}}{\rho_m} \right\rangle^f (\vec{U_n}^{*f} - \vec{U_m}^{*f}) + \Delta t \vec{g} \\ &= \frac{(\rho \vec{U})_{m_R} + (\rho \vec{U})_{m_L}}{\rho_{m_R} + \rho_{m_L}} - \Delta t \frac{2.0 (v_{m_L}^o v_{m_R}^o)}{v_{m_I}^o + v_{m_R}^o} \left(\frac{P_{eq_R} - P_{eq_L}}{\Delta x} \right) + \text{Exchange Contribution} + \Delta t \vec{g} \end{split}$$

The exchange contribution involves a pointwise implicit solve, see attached for details.

5. Update the volume fraction

$$\begin{aligned} V_{total} &= \sum_{m=1}^{N} (\rho_m V v_m^o) \\ V_m^{new} &= \theta_m V_{total} v_m^o + S_{(mv^o)_n}^{r \leftrightarrow m} \\ \theta_m &= \frac{V_m^{new}}{V_{total}}, \sum_{m=1}^{N} \theta_m \kappa_m \end{aligned}$$

6. Compute ΔP

$$\Delta P = \Delta t \frac{\sum_{r=1}^{N} S_{(mv^{o})_{r}}^{r \leftrightarrow m} - \sum_{m=1}^{N} \nabla \cdot \theta_{m} \vec{U_{m}}^{*f}}{\sum_{m=1}^{N} (\theta_{m}) \kappa_{m}}$$

where
$$P^{n+1} = P_{eq} + \Delta P$$
, $S_{\theta_m}^{r \leftrightarrow m} = \frac{S_{(mv^O)}^{r \leftrightarrow m}}{V}$ and $\kappa_m = \frac{v_m^o}{c_m^2}$.

7. Compute the face centered pressure

$$P^{*f} = \frac{\frac{P}{\sum\limits_{m=1}^{N} \rho_{m}} + \frac{P_{adj}}{\sum\limits_{m=1}^{N} \rho_{m,adj}}}{\frac{1}{\sum\limits_{m=1}^{N} \rho_{m}} + \frac{1}{\sum\limits_{m=1}^{N} \rho_{m,adj}}} = \frac{P \sum\limits_{m=1}^{N} \rho_{m,adj} + P_{adj} \sum\limits_{m=1}^{N} \rho_{m}}{\sum\limits_{m=1}^{N} \rho_{m} + \sum\limits_{m=1}^{N} \rho_{m,adj}}$$

8. Accumulate sources

$$\begin{split} &\Delta(m\vec{U})_m = -\Delta t V \theta_m \nabla P^{*f} + \Delta t V \sum_{l=1}^N \theta_m \theta_l K_{ml} (\vec{U}_l^{n+1^L} - \vec{U}_m^{n+1^L}) + \Delta t \nabla \cdot (\theta_m^{*f} \tau_m^{*f}) + m_m \vec{g} \Delta t \\ &\Delta(me)_m = V \theta_m \kappa_m P \Delta P_{\text{Dilatate}} - \Delta t \nabla (\theta^{*f} q_m^{*f}) + \Delta t V \sum_{l=1}^N \theta_m \theta_l R_{ml} (T_l^{n+1^L} - T_m^{n+1^L}) \end{split}$$
 where $q^{*f} = -k^f \nabla T$ and $\theta^{*f} = \text{Computed during the advection of } \theta_m$

9. Compute Lagrangian quantities

$$\begin{split} m_m^L &= \rho_m V + S_{m_m}^{r\leftrightarrow m} \\ (m\vec{U})_m^L &= (m\vec{U})_m + \Delta (m\vec{U})_m + S_{(m\vec{U})_m}^{r\leftrightarrow m} \\ (me)_m^L &= (me)_m + \Delta (me)_m + S_{(me)_m}^{r\leftrightarrow m} \end{split}$$

Note this includes the pointwise implicit solve for the momentum and energy exchange

Evolution of specific volume

$$(mv^{o})_{m}^{L} = (mv^{o})_{m} + \Delta t f_{m}^{\theta} V \nabla \cdot \vec{U_{m}}^{*f} + \Delta t V [\theta_{m} \alpha_{m} \vec{T_{m}} - f_{m}^{\theta} \sum_{s=1}^{N} \theta_{s} \alpha_{s} \vec{T_{s}}] \quad \text{where } \alpha = 0 (mpm) = 1/T (ice)$$
Note $\Delta t f_{m}^{\theta} V \nabla \cdot \vec{U_{m}}^{*f} = \theta_{m} \kappa_{m} V \Delta p$

$$\dot{T_{m}} = \frac{(T_{\text{After Exchange Process}} - T_{\text{Top of the time step}})}{\Delta t}$$

10. Advect and Advance in time

$$\begin{split} m_m^{n+1} &= m_m^L - \Delta t \operatorname{Advection}(m_m^L, \vec{U}_m^{*f}) \\ (m\vec{U})_m^{n+1} &= (m\vec{U})_m^L - \Delta t \operatorname{Advection}((m\vec{U})_m^L, \vec{U_m}^{*f}) \\ (me)_m^{n+1} &= (me)_m^L - \Delta t \operatorname{Advection}((\rho e)_m^L, \vec{U_m}^{*f}) \\ (mv^o)_m^{n+1} &= (mv^o)_m^L - \Delta t \operatorname{Advection}((\rho v^o)_m^L, \vec{U_m}^{*f}) \end{split}$$

Calculation of the equilibration pressure

Initial Guess

$$eos(T_m, P)$$
 compute \rightarrow , ρ_m^o

$$\theta_m = \frac{\rho_m}{\rho_m^o}$$

$$eos(T_m, \rho_m^o)$$
 compute \rightarrow $P_{eos_m}, \frac{dP}{d\rho_m^o}, \frac{dP}{de}$

$$c_m = \sqrt{\frac{\left(\frac{dP}{d\rho_m^o} + \frac{dP}{de} * P_{eos_m}\right)}{\rho_m^{o^2}}}$$

while $|1 - \sum \theta_m| < \text{convergence criteria do}$

for m = 1 to All Matls **do**

$$eos(T_m, \rho_m^o m)$$
 compute $\rightarrow P_{eos_m}, \frac{dP}{d\rho_m^o}$

$$Q_m += P - P_{eos_m}$$

$$y_m + = \frac{dP}{d\rho_m^o} \frac{\rho_m}{\theta_m^2}$$

end for

$$\Delta p = \frac{\sum \theta_m - \theta_{closedpacked} - \sum \frac{Q_m}{y_m}}{\sum \frac{1}{y_m}}$$

$$P_{eq} = P_{eq} + \Delta p$$

for m = 1 to All Matls **do**

$$eos(P, T_m)$$
 compute $\rightarrow \rho_m^o$

$$eos(\rho_m^o, T_m) \quad \text{compute} \to \quad P_{eos_m}, \frac{dP}{d\rho_m^o}, \frac{dP}{de}$$

$$c_m = \sqrt{\frac{\left(\frac{dP}{d\rho_m^o} + \frac{dP}{de} * P_{eos_m}\right)}{\rho_m^{o^2}}}$$

$$\theta_m = \frac{\rho_m}{\rho_m^o}$$

end for

end while

BulletProofing (P, ρ_m^o, θ_m)

compute
$$\kappa_m = \frac{v_m^o}{c_m^2}, f_m^{\theta} = \frac{\theta_m \kappa_m}{\sum\limits_{s=1}^N \theta_s \kappa_s}, \quad v_m^o = \frac{1}{\rho_m^o}$$

1. Rearrange the starting momentum Equation in the x-direction

$$(mu)_m^{n+1} = (mu)_m^n + \text{sources /Sinks} + \Delta t V \sum_n \theta_m \theta_n K_{m,n} (u_n^{n+1} - u_m^{n+1})$$

Divide through by the mass

$$u_{m}^{n+1^{L}} = \frac{(mu)_{m}^{n}}{m_{m}^{n+1^{L}}} + \frac{\text{sources /Sinks}}{m_{m}^{n+1^{L}}} + \frac{\Delta t V \sum_{n} \theta_{m} \theta_{n} K_{m,n} (u_{n}^{n+1^{L}} - u_{m}^{n+1^{L}})}{m_{m}^{n+1^{L}}}$$

Now assume that $m_m^{n+1^L} = m_m^n$ and using $\theta_m = \frac{\rho_m}{\rho_m^0}$

$$u_m^{n+1^L} = \underbrace{u_n^n}_{a} - \underbrace{\frac{\text{sources /Sinks}}{m_m^n}}_{b} + \underbrace{\Delta t \sum_{n} \frac{\theta_n K_{m,n}}{\rho_m^o}}_{\beta} (u_n^{n+1^L} - u_m^{n+1^L})$$

$$u_m^{n+1^L} = a + b + \beta_{mn}(u_n^{n+1^L} - u_m^{n+1^L})$$

2. Let

$$u_m^{n+1^L} = \underbrace{\tilde{u}_m^{n^L}}_{\text{base vel FC}} + \underbrace{\Delta u_m^L}_{\text{contribution due momentum exchange}}$$

3. For two materials we have

$$\tilde{u}_{1}^{nL} + \Delta u^{L_{1}} = a_{1} + b_{1} + \beta_{12} \left[(\tilde{u}_{2}^{nL} + \Delta u^{L_{2}}) - (\tilde{u}_{1}^{nL} + \Delta u^{L_{1}}) \right]
\tilde{u}_{2}^{nL} + \Delta u^{L_{2}} = a_{2} + b_{2} + \beta_{21} \left[(\tilde{u}_{1}^{nL} + \Delta u^{L_{1}}) - (\tilde{u}_{2}^{nL} + \Delta u^{L_{2}}) \right]$$

Note that $\tilde{u}_{2}^{n^{L}} = a_{1} + b_{1}$, and rearranging

$$\Delta u^{L_1} (1 + \beta_{12}) - \beta_{12} \Delta u^{L_2} = \beta_{12} (\tilde{u}_2^{n^L} - \tilde{u}_1^{n^L})$$
$$-\beta_{21} \Delta u^{L_1} - \Delta u^{L_2} (1 + \beta_{21}) = \beta_{21} (\tilde{u}_1^{n^L} - \tilde{u}_2^{n^L})$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} (1+\beta_{12}) & -\beta_{12} \\ -\beta_{21} & (1+\beta_{21}) \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} \Delta u^{L_1} \\ \Delta u^{L_2} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} \beta_{12}(\tilde{u}_2^{n^L} - \tilde{u}_1^{n^L}) \\ \beta_{21}(\tilde{u}_1^{n^L} - \tilde{u}_2^{n^L}) \end{vmatrix}$$

4. Solve for Δu^{L_1} and add it to $\tilde{u}_m^{n^L}$ to get $u_m^{n+1^L}$

1. Rearrange the starting momentum Equation in the x-direction

$$(mu)_{m}^{n+1*f} = \left\langle (mu)_{m} \right\rangle^{nf} - \Delta t V \theta_{m} \nabla^{f} P_{eq} + \Delta t V \sum_{n} \left\langle \theta_{m} \theta_{n} K_{m,n} \right\rangle^{f} (u_{n}^{n+1*f} - u_{m}^{n+1*f}) + \Delta t m_{m} \vec{g}$$
where $\theta = \frac{\rho_{m}}{\rho_{m}^{g}} = V_{m}^{o}$ and $m_{m} = \rho_{m} V$ so
$$(mu)_{m}^{n+1*f} = \left\langle (mu)_{m} \right\rangle^{nf} - \Delta t \left\langle \frac{m_{m}}{\rho_{m}^{o}} \right\rangle^{f} \nabla^{f} P_{eq} + \Delta t \sum_{n} \left\langle \frac{m_{m}\theta_{n} K_{m,n}}{\rho_{m}^{o}} \right\rangle^{f} (u_{n}^{n+1*f} - u_{m}^{n+1*f}) + \Delta t \left\langle m_{m} \right\rangle^{f} \vec{g}$$
Now assume that $(m)_{m}^{n+1*f} = \left\langle m \right\rangle_{m}^{n*f}$ and divide through.
$$(u)_{m}^{n+1*f} = \underbrace{\left\langle \frac{(\rho u)_{m}}{\rho_{m}} \right\rangle^{nf}}_{a} - \underbrace{\Delta t \left\langle \frac{1}{\rho_{m}^{o}} \right\rangle^{f}}_{b} \nabla^{f} P_{eq} + \underbrace{\Delta t \sum_{n} \left\langle \frac{\theta_{n} K_{m,n}}{\rho_{m}^{o}} \right\rangle^{f}}_{b} (u_{n}^{n+1*f} - u_{m}^{n+1*f}) + \underbrace{\Delta t \vec{g}}_{c}$$

$$(u)_{m}^{n+1*f} = a - b \nabla^{f} P_{eq} + \beta_{mn} (u_{n}^{n+1*f} - u_{m}^{n+1*f}) + c$$

2. Let

$$u_m^{n+1^{*f}} = \underbrace{\tilde{u}_m^{n^{*f}}}_{\text{base vel FC}} + \underbrace{\Delta u^{*f}}_{\text{contribution due momentum exchange}}$$

3. For two materials we have

$$\tilde{u}_{1}^{n^{*f}} + \Delta u_{1}^{*f} = a_{1} - b_{1} \nabla^{f} P_{eq} + \beta_{12} \left[(\tilde{u}_{2}^{n^{*f}} + \Delta u_{2}^{*f}) - (\tilde{u}_{1}^{n^{*f}} + \Delta u_{1}^{*f}) \right] + c$$

$$\tilde{u}_{2}^{n^{*f}} + \Delta u_{2}^{*f} = a_{2} - b_{2} \nabla^{f} P_{eq} + \beta_{21} \left[(\tilde{u}_{1}^{n^{*f}} + \Delta u_{1}^{*f}) - (\tilde{u}_{2}^{n^{*f}} + \Delta u_{2}^{*f}) \right] + c$$

Note that
$$\tilde{u}_{1}^{n^{*f}} = a_{1} - b_{1} \nabla^{f} P_{eq} + c$$
, and rearranging
$$\Delta u_{1}^{*f} (1 + \beta_{12}) - \beta_{12} \Delta u_{2}^{*f} = \beta_{12} (\tilde{u}_{2}^{n^{*f}} - \tilde{u}_{1}^{n^{*f}})$$
$$-\beta_{21} \Delta u_{1}^{*f} - \Delta u_{2}^{*f} (1 + \beta_{21}) = \beta_{21} (\tilde{u}_{1}^{n^{*f}} - \tilde{u}_{2}^{n^{*f}})$$
$$\begin{vmatrix} (1 + \beta_{12}) & -\beta_{12} \\ -\beta_{21} & (1 + \beta_{21}) \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} \Delta u_{1}^{*f} \\ \Delta u_{2}^{*f} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} \beta_{12} (\tilde{u}_{2}^{n^{*f}} - \tilde{u}_{1}^{n^{*f}}) \\ \beta_{21} (\tilde{u}_{1}^{n^{*f}} - \tilde{u}_{2}^{n^{*f}}) \end{vmatrix}$$

4. Solve for $\Delta u_1^{*^f}$ and add it to $\tilde{u}_m^{n^{*^f}}$ to get $(u)_m^{n+1^{*^f}}$