

# Privacy Protection in Generative Model

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# Data for machine learning

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## ■ Age of big data

machine learning becoming a hit  
require a large amount of data from real world

## ■ Privacy data

like human face and fingerprint...  
sensitive and individual but of high practical value  
**a tradeoff between data diversity and data utilization**



# Generative model for privacy protection

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## ■ Generative model

adding noise to real data without exposing the original figure  
little significance if only copy input to output

## ■ Related work

### DP-SGD[1]

effective in generating high-dimensional sanitized data  
difficult implement

### PATE

only train generators with DP guarantees  
high privacy costs

### Fed-Avg GAN

provide user-level DP guarantees merely works on  
decentralized data

# Introduction of GAN

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## ■ Generator

create fake data from random sample  
sample  $Z = (z_1, z_2, \dots, z_n)$   
 $\tilde{Z} = G(Z)$

## ■ Discriminator

discriminate between fake and real data  
$$D(X, G(Z)) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if input} \in G(Z) \\ 1, & \text{if input} \in X \end{cases}$$

## ■ Task of two part

**Generator**  $G(Z)$  closer to  $X$ , the better  
**Discriminator** distinguish  $G(Z)$  and  $X$  more, the better

$$\min_G \max_D V(G, D)$$

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## Tasks and Division of work

- Most privacy-preserving training algorithms for neural network models is **manipulating** the gradient information generated during backpropagation.
- **Methods**
  - Clipping the gradients** (to bound sensitivity)
  - Adding calibrated random noise** (to introduce stochasticity)
- **Problem:**limited in shallow networks and fail to sufficiently capture the sample quality of the original data.

# Review DP

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## ■ Neighboring dataset

$D, D'$ : differed with only a piece of data

## ■ (Differential Privacy)

$$Pr[M(D) \in O] \leq e^\epsilon Pr[M(D') \in O] + \delta$$

$M$ : a random algorithm

$O$ : output set

$\epsilon$ : privacy budget

smaller  $\epsilon$ ,  $M(D)$  and  $M(D')$  closer

$\delta$ : disturbance

# From the generative perspective

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Suppose  $\mathcal{M} : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow X$ ,  $X$  is called mapping Space and  $\mathcal{M}$  is called map from origin space into mapping space. For two dataset  $x$  and  $x'$ , they only has one-item difference. We call  $\mathcal{M}$  satisfies  $(\epsilon, \delta)$ -privacy if following statement is true

$$Pr[\mathcal{M}(x) \in S] \leq e^\epsilon Pr[\mathcal{M}(x') \in S] + \delta \quad (1)$$

What is  $\mathcal{M}$ , input space and mapping space in this scenario?



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According the define of [2],  $\mathcal{M}$  is the generative model. Its input space is consisted with training data and its mapping space is consisted with its output. Take Conditional-VAE for an example. Suppose training data takes with following formular

$$(X, y) = (x_i, y_i)_{i=1}^n \quad (2)$$

it is consisted with n data samples and  $x_i \in \mathbb{R}^n, y_i \in \mathbb{R}, x_i$  is the data (such as an image) and  $y_i$  is the label of the image.  $\mathcal{M}$  is a model which generate new data from existing data and label.

# privacy define

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Possibility is hard to quantify for NN model. So we take several ways to verify our model satisfies  $(\epsilon, \delta)$  privacy

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# From Attackers

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One of the goal of the attacker is to varify whether a data is from or not from the dataset.If the privacy dataset  $\mathcal{D}$  is revealed.We can build the attacker from  $\mathcal{D}$

- sample  $k$  data  $x \in \mathcal{D}$  and sample  $k$  noise from  $\mathbb{R}^n$  but  $\notin \mathcal{D}$ . Denoted as  $X = x_1, x_2, \dots, x_k$  and  $Y = y_1, y_2, \dots, y_k$
- $X$  is true data, we attack label *True* to all its data and  $Y$  is fake data which randomly sample from  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , so we attach *False* label into  $Y$ , mixture  $X, Y$  and its labels  $T$  together
- build a classifier  $\mathcal{C}$ , which takes true/fake image as input and output the Possibility of whether the input pattern is belonged to True/Generated Data. Train the model with supervised learning method

In this term, privacy true image  $\mathcal{X}$  is not provided for training of  $\mathcal{C}$ . We provided generative training data  $\hat{\mathcal{X}}$  which is generated from privacy dataset  $\mathcal{D}$ .

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suppose  $P$  is the Possibility attacker could correctly varify the real data through generative data.We define privacy loss

$$privacy\ loss = \frac{P - 0.5}{0.5} \quad (3)$$



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use generative data for image classifier task. We train the downstream image classifier model with Training data  $T_{train}$  and validate the training accuracy with testing data  $T_{test}$ . There are four condition for utility measurement.

accuracy test data	train data	
	privacy data	generative data
privacy data	$p_1$	$p_2$
generative data	$p_3$	$p_4$

We call  $p_1 - p_2$  accuracy loss from the generative process

# Work Schedule

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- Gaohaihan: Algorithm design and implementation of main model and add privacy into whole model
- ChenXiaolu: Research of previous work and implementation of Attackers
- Zhangli: Report writing, research of privacy attack and implementation of utility network

*Thank you!*



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