



PyData  
*Bratislava*



## TIM: Large-scale Forecasting for Energy in Julia

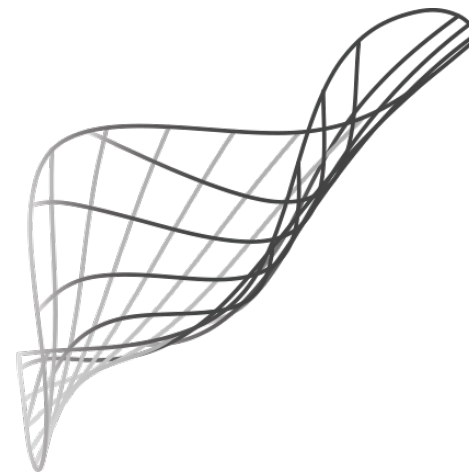
(PyData Bratislava Meetup #6, Nervosa)

19. 2. 2018

Ján Dolinský, Tangent Works #PyDataBA

# TANGENT WORKS

ADVANCED FORECASTING

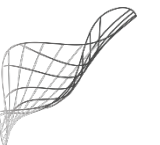


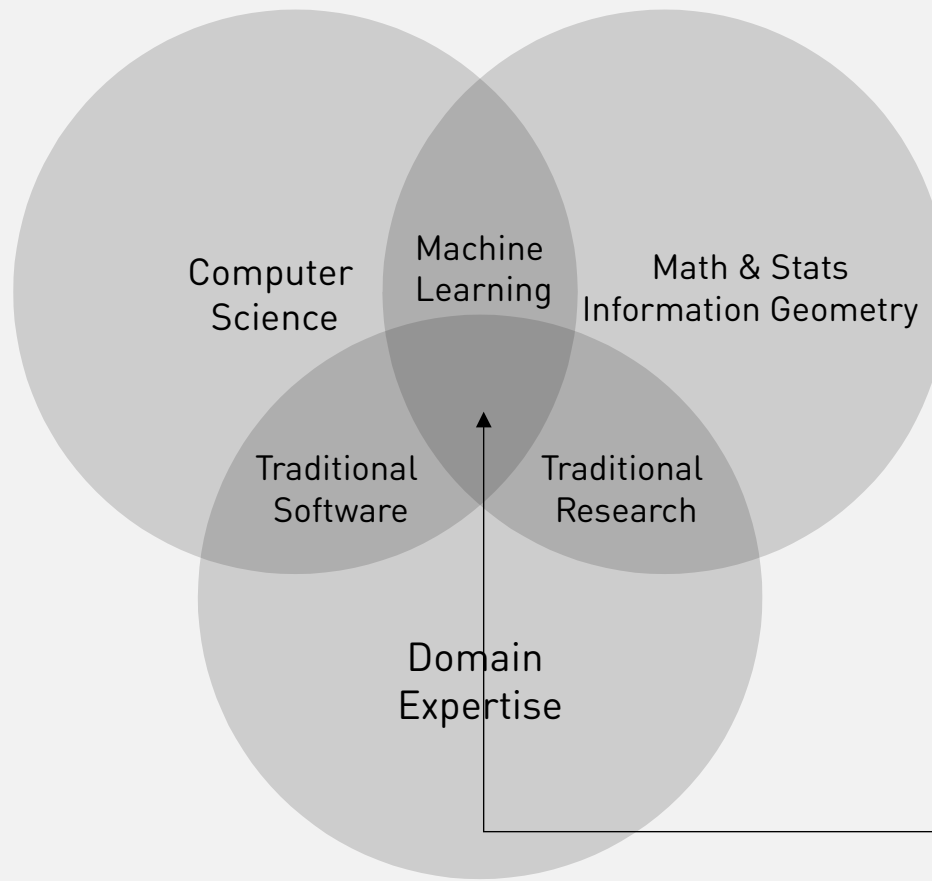
# The Two Language Problem

The Philosophical Part

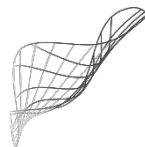
Ján Dolinský  
jan.dolinsky@tangent.works

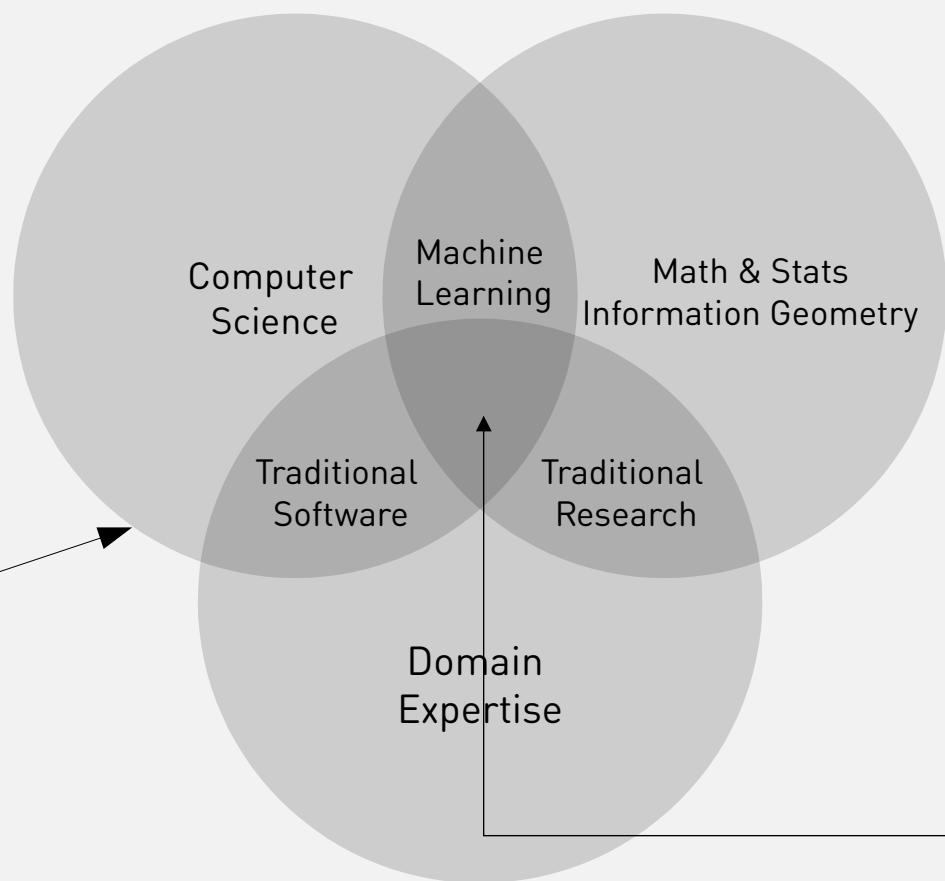
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VALUE



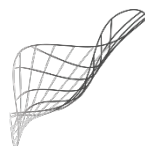


Data Science Stack:  
R, Matlab, Python, Ruby, ...

Production Stack:  
C++, Java, Fortran, ...

VALUE

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# The Two Language Problem

Prototyping



Production

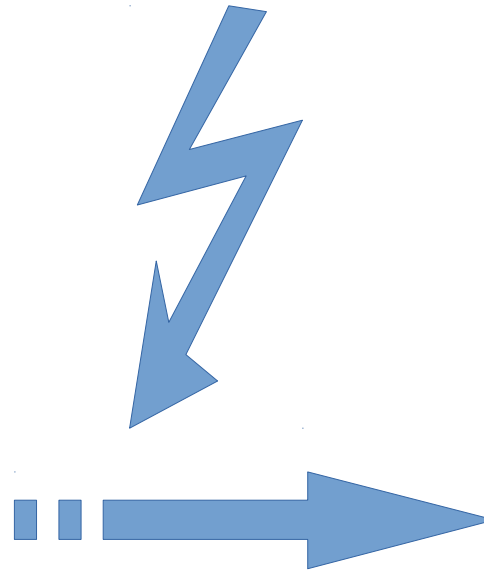
Mathematicians & Data Scientists  
Getting the applied math right.

Performance engineers & Architects.

# The Two Language Problem: Tangent Works in 2014

Prototyping

The Data Science Stack:  
R, Matlab, Octave, Python, Ruby, ....



Production

Production stack:  
C++, Fortran, Java, ...

# The Two Language Problem: Tangent Works in 2018

Prototyping



Production

Julia

Julia

Mathematicians  
Getting the applied math right.

Performance engineers & Architects.

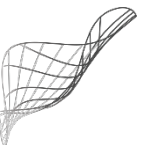


# TIM: Automatic Model Building for Time-series in Energy

The Product Part

Ján Dolinský  
jan.dolinsky@tangent.works

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# TIM

# Tangent Information Modeller

Ján Dolinský  
jan.dolinsky@tangent.works



# Content

- Time-series Problems in Energy Industry
- Data Science Process and Automatic Model Building
- Live Modeling Demonstration
- Large-scale Forecasting Systems & Why Automation Matters
- Julia Language
- GefCom 2014, 2017 results & Summary

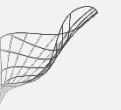
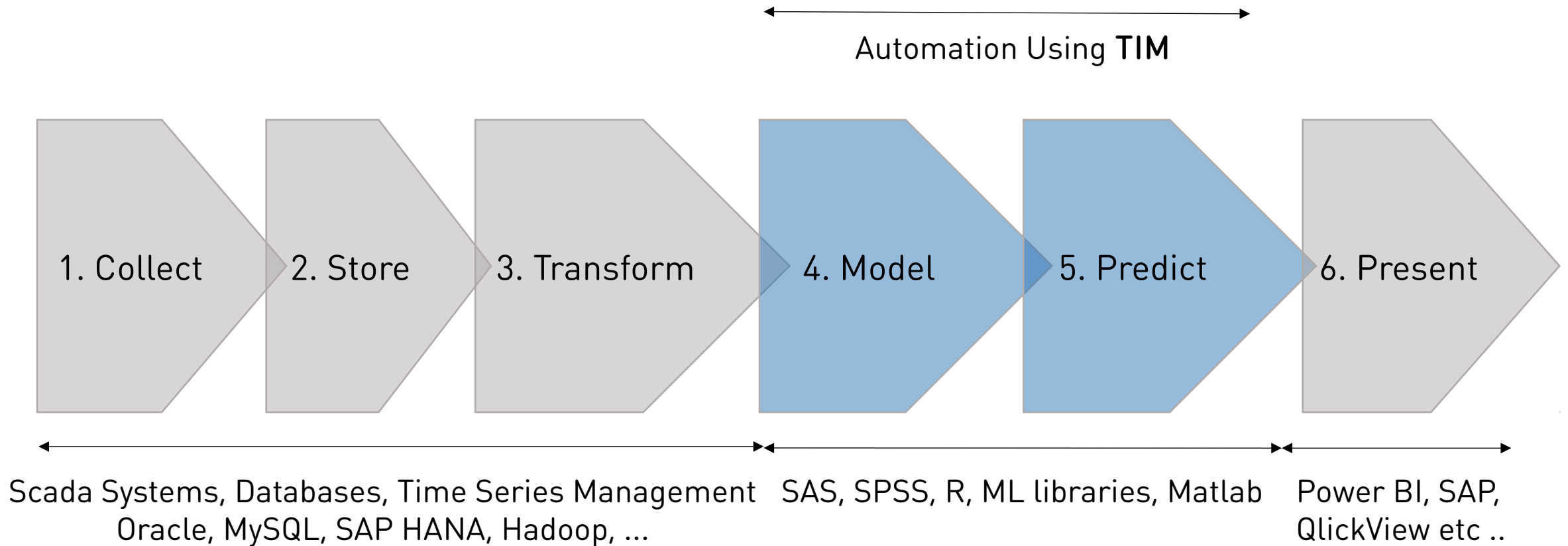
# Time-series Problems in Energy Industry

- Electricity Load (aggregated and individual)
- Technical Losses
- System Imbalance
- Gas Consumption (District Heating)
- District Cooling
- Wind Production
- Solar Production
- Electricity Price

Consumption side

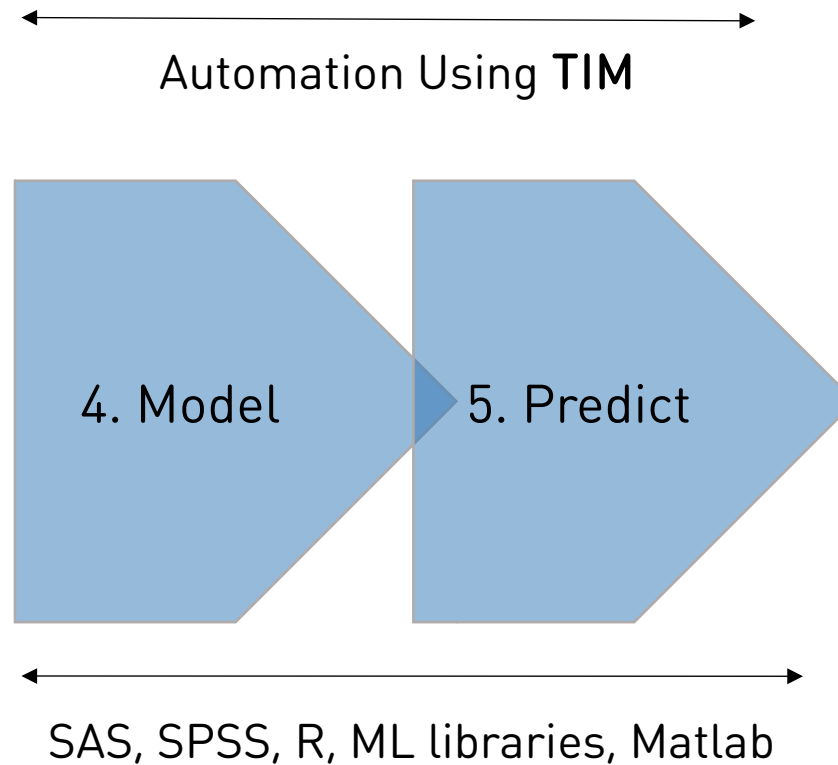
Production side

# Data Science Process



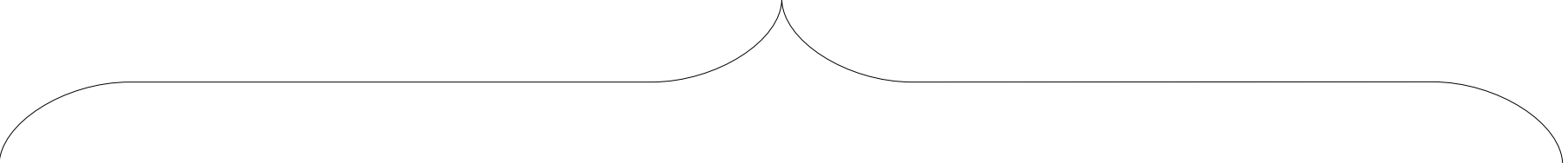
# Data Science Process

- feature engineering
- model selection
- tedious
- costs money



# Data Science Process

Which features and how many ?


$$y(k) = f(\text{Temp}(k-3), \text{Temp}(k-22) * \text{Wind}(k-1), y(k-24))$$



► NN, SVM, MARS, LASSO, RF, ... ?

# Data Science Process

$$y(k) = f(Temp(k-3), Temp(k-22) * Wind(k-1), y(k-24))$$

Temp(k-1), Temp(k-2), ..., Temp(k-24)  
 Wind(k-1), Wind(k-2), ..., Wind(k-24)  
 y(k-1), y(k-2), ..., y(k-24)



$$24 + 24 + 24 + 24 * 24 = 24 * 27 = 648$$

Temp(k-1), Temp(k-2), ..., Temp(k-96)  
 Wind(k-1), Wind(k-2), ..., Wind(k-96)  
 y(k-1), y(k-2), ..., y(k-96)



$$96 + 96 + 96 + 96 * 96 = 96 * 99 = 9504$$



# TIM: As a Large-Scale Model Building Engine

Business User Mode produces high-quality models.

# TIM: As a Data Science Tool

Advanced User Mode allows to explore new scenarios quickly.  
Fine-tuning possible for critical assets.

# Live Demonstration of TIM

## GefCom 2017 ex-ante results

- Qualifying Match: 1<sup>st</sup> place out of 177 teams
- Final Match: 2<sup>nd</sup> place out of 12 pre-selected teams

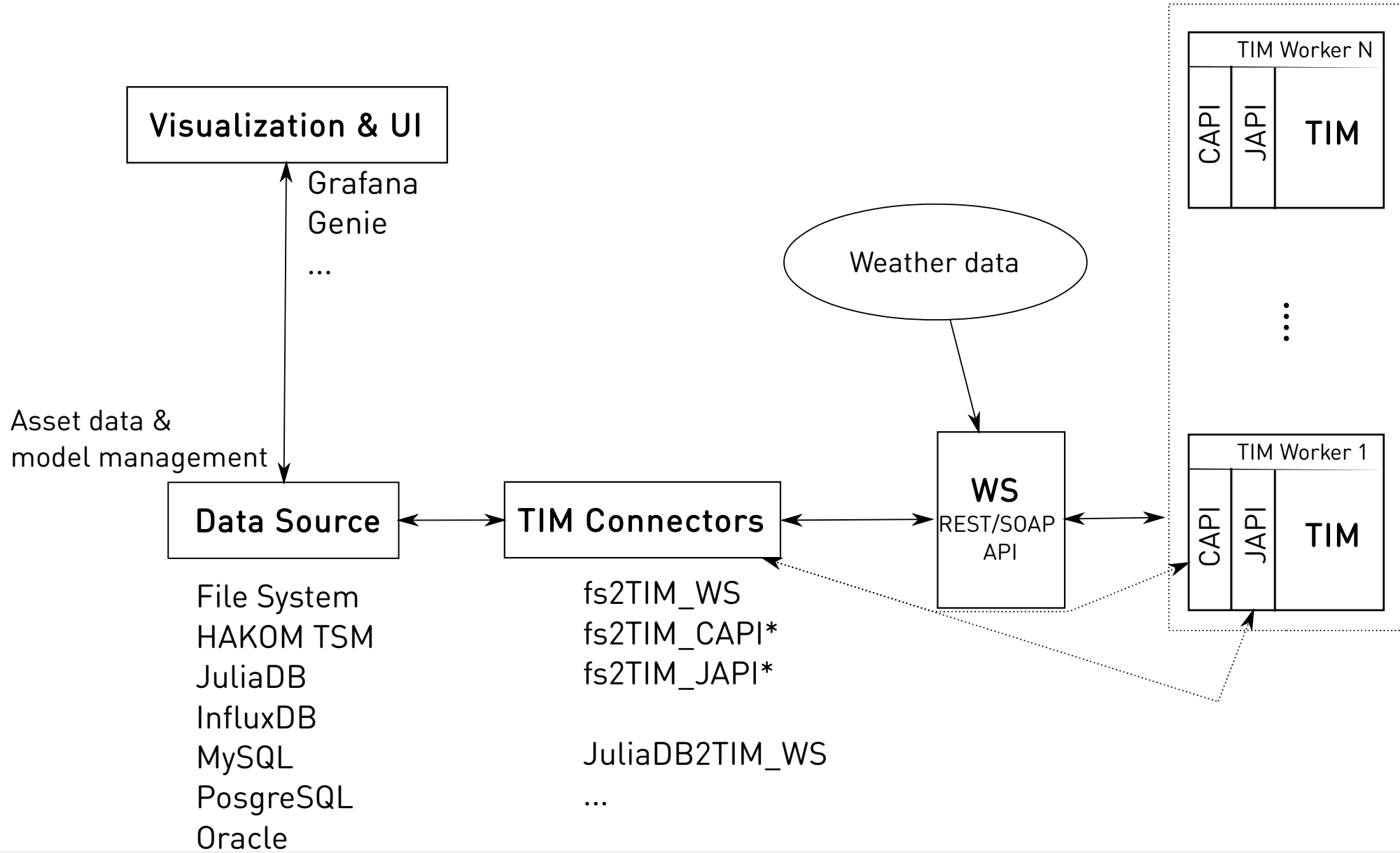
## Andritz Hackathon 2017

1<sup>st</sup> place out of 7 ML companies

# Large-scale Forecasting Systems

Platforms where thousands of different consumption and production models are produced.

This is not possible without full automation.



# Julia Language

Walks like Python runs like C

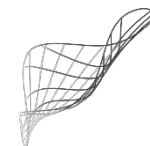
- A single platform for prototyping and production → significant gains in efficiency of product development
- Vectorized code runs equally fast as de-vectorized
- Vectorization on a single thread level
  - SIMD out of the box
  - Direct calls to BLAS
- Distributed parallel computation (multiple threads)

# Summary

- Fully automated model building
- Accuracy often outperforms manually build models
- Quick insights into a time-series of interest
- Tedious model building is an option not necessity

# Thank you.

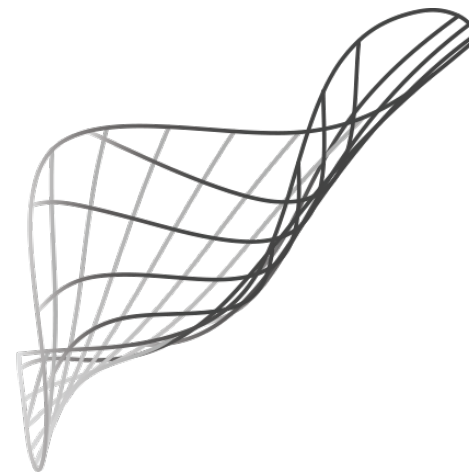
jan.dolinsky@tangent.works





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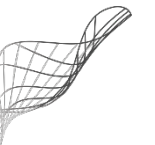


# The Key Concepts in Julia

Julia Lectures for Tangent Works Employees

Ján Dolinský  
jan.dolinsky@tangent.works

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# Lectures Block 1: Vectorization vs. De-vectorization

- Iterators: The Storage Concept
- On Demand Iteration: Generators
- MapReduce principle
- Broadcasting
- Syntactic Loop Fusion
  - ✓ Why is vectorized code fast ?
  - ✓ Why it is not as fast as it could be ?

# Lectures Block 2: Linear Algebra

- Matrices storage and its consequences
- Column-major & SIMD
- BLAS calls

# Lectures Block 3: Language Design Elements

- Multiple-dispatch
- Struct
- Mutable & Immutable concept
- Modules & Packages generation
- JIT and AOT compilation

# Julia Language

Walks like Python runs like C

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## 2 Years of Using Julia

- It is a real programming language
- In v0.2 to v0.4 still in heavy development
- v0.5 and v0.6 are very useful; static compilation possible
- Prototyping and production development is done using the same platform
- IDE not fully matured but already quite useful
- Debugger