Data validation infrastructure: the **validate** package

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Validate

Goal

To make checking your data against domain knowledge and technical demands as easy as possible.

Content of this talk

- Basic concepts and workflow
- Examples of possibilities and syntax
- Outlook

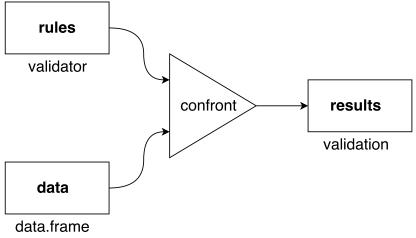


Basic concepts and workflow Validation features

Basic concepts and workflow



Basic concepts of the validate package





Example: retailers data

```
library(validate)
data(retailers)

dat <- retailers[4:6]
head(dat)</pre>
```

```
turnover other.rev total.rev
##
## 1
            NA
                       NΑ
                                1130
                                1607
## 2
          1607
                       NΑ
          6886
                                6919
## 3
                      -33
                       13
## 4
          3861
                                3874
## 5
            NΑ
                       37
                                5602
            25
                       NΑ
                                   25
##
```



Basic workflow

```
# define rules
v <- validator(turnover >= 0
  . turnover + other.rev == total.rev)
# confront with data
cf <- confront(dat, v)
# analyze results
summary(cf)
    rule items passes fails nNA error warning
##
## 1
     V1
            60
                   56
                          O 4 FALSE
                                       FALSE
                          4 37 FALSE FALSE
## 2 V2 60
                   19
##
                                       expression
## 1
                                    turnover >= 0
## 2 abs(turnover + other.rev - total.rev) < 1e-08
```



Plot the validation





Get all results

```
# A value For each item (record) and each rule
head(values(cf))
```

```
##
         V1
                 V2
   [1,]
        NA
                 NΑ
   [2,] TRUE
                 NA
   [3,]
        TRUE FALSE
   [4,]
        TRUE
               TRUE
   [5,]
##
          NA
                 NA
   [6,] TRUE
##
                 NA
```



Shortcut using **check_that()**

```
cf <- check_that(dat
  , turnover >= 0
  , turnover + other.rev == total.rev)
```

Or, using the magrittr 'not-a-pipe' operator:

```
dat %>%
  check_that(turnover >= 0
   , turnover + other.rev == total.rev) %>%
  summary()
```



Read rules from file

```
### myrules.txt

# inequalities
turnover >= 0
other.rev >= 0

# balance rule
turnover + other.rev == total.rev
```

```
v <- validator(.file="myrules.txt")</pre>
```



Basic concepts and workflow Validation features

Validation features



Validating types

Rule

Turnover is a numeric variable

```
# any is.-function is valid.
is.numeric(turnover)
```



Validating metadata

Rules

- The variable total.rev must be present.
- ▶ The number of rows must be at least 20

```
# use the "." to access the dataset as a whole
"total.rev" %in% names(.)
nrow(.) >= 20
```



Validating aggregates

Rule

Mean turnover must be at least 20% of mean total revenue

```
mean(total.rev,na.rm=TRUE) /
mean(turnover,na.rm=TRUE) >= 0.2
```



Rules that express conditions

Rule

If the turnover is larger than zero, the total revenue must be larger than zero.

```
# executed for each row
if ( turnover > 0) total.rev > 0
```



Functional dependencies

Rule

Two records with the same zip code, must have the same city and street name.

$$zip \rightarrow city + street$$



Using transient variables

Rule

The turnover must be between 0.1 and 10 times its median

```
# transient variable with the := operator
med := median(turnover,na.rm=TRUE)
turnover > 0.1*med
turnover < 10*med</pre>
```



Variable groups

Rule

Turnover, other revenue, and total revenue must be between 0 and 2000.

```
G := var_group(turnover, other.rev, total.rev)

G >= 0
G <= 2000</pre>
```



Referencing other datasets

Rule

The mean turnover of this year must not be more than 1.1 times last years mean.

```
# use the "$" operator to reference other datasets
v <- validator(
   mean(turnover, na.rm=TRUE) <
      mean(lastyear$turnover,na.rm=TRUE))

cf <- confront(dat, v, ref=list(lastyear=dat_lastyear))</pre>
```



Other features

- Rules (validator objects)
 - Select from validator objects using []
 - ► Extract or set rule metadata (label, description, timestamp, ...)
 - ▶ Get affected variable names, rule linkage
 - Summarize validators
 - Read/write to yaml format
- Confront
 - Control behaviour on NA
 - Raise errors, warnings
 - ▶ Set machine rounding limit

```
vignette("intro","validate")
vignette("rule-files","validate")
```



Basic concepts and workflow Validation features Outlook

Outlook



In the works / ideas

- More analyses of rules
- More programmability
- ► More (interactive) visualisations
- Roxygen-like metadata specification
- More support for reporting
- **.** . . .

We'd \heartsuit to hear your comments, suggestions, bugreports

Please also see:

- vignette("intro","validate")
- vignette("rule-files","validate")



Validate is just the beginning!





data.log





dcmodify





deductive





errorlocate





validate





Ax
b 📭 lintools

See github.com/data-cleaning



Literature

- Van der Loo (2015) A formal typology of data validation functions. in *United Nations Economic Comission for Europe* Work Session on Statistical Data Editing, Budapest. [pdf]
- ▶ Di Zio et al (2015) Methodology for data validation. ESSNet on validation, deliverable. [pdf]
- ▶ Van der Loo, M. and E. de Jonge (2016). Statistical Data Cleaning with Applications in R, *Wiley* (in preparation).



Contact, links

Code, bugreports

- cran.r-project.org/package=validate
- ▶ github/data-cleaning/validate

This talk

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