Package 'rtika'

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Type Package
Title R Interface to 'Apache Tika'
Version 0.1.1
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Suggests sys, jsonlite, xml2, data.table, curl, testthat, knitr, rmarkdown
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SystemRequirements Java (>=7) openjdk-7-jre (via apt) java-1.7.0-openjdk (via yum) openjdk-8-jre (via apt) java-1.8.0-openjdk (via yum)
Description Extract text and metadata from over a thousand file types. Get either plain text or structured XHTML. This R interface includes the Tika software. Its source is available at https://github.com/apache/tika.
Depends R (>= 3.1.0)
Encoding UTF-8
LazyData true
RoxygenNote 6.0.1
<pre>URL http://github.com/predict-r/rtika</pre>
BugReports http://github.com/predict-r/rtika/issues VignetteBuilder knitr
R topics documented:
tika 2

2 tika

Index		5

tika	R Interface to 'Apache Tika'

Description

Extract text and metadata from over a thousand file types. Get either plain text or structured XHTML. Metadata includes Content-Type, character encoding, and Exif data from jpeg or tiff images. See the supported file types: https://tika.apache.org/1.17/formats.html.

Usage

```
tika(input, output = c("text", "jsonRecursive", "xml", "html")[1],
  output_dir = "", n_chars = 1e+07, java = "java",
  jar = system.file("java", "tika-app-1.17.jar", package = "rtika"),
  threads = 1, args = character(), quiet = TRUE,
  remove_tempfiles = FALSE)
```

Arguments

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	input	Character vector of paths to the input documents. Strings starting with 'http://','https://', or 'ftp://' are downloaded to a temporary directory first. Each file will be analyzed but not changed.
	output	Optional character vector of the output format. By default, "text" gets plain text without metadata. "xml" and "html" get XHTML text with metadata. "jsonRecursive" gets XHTML text and json metadata. c("jsonRecursive", "text") or c("J", "t") gets plain text and json metadata. See the 'Output Details' section.
	output_dir	Optional directory path to save the converted files in, as a side effect. See the 'Output Details' section.
	n_chars	Optional integer specifying the maximum number of characters returned for each document. The default is 1e+07. Higher numbers may be needed for exceptionally large files.
	java	Optional command to invoke Java. For example, it could be to the full path of a particular Java version. See the Configuration section below.
	jar	Optional alternative path to a tika-app-X.XX.jar. Useful if this package becomes out of date.
	threads	Integer of the number of file consumer threads Tika uses. Defaults to 1.
	args	Optional character vector of additional arguments for Tika, that are not yet implemented in this R interface, in the pattern of c('-arg1', 'setting1', '-arg2', 'setting2'). Currently settable arguments include -timeoutThresholdMillis (Number of milliseconds allowed to a parse before the process is killed and restarted), -maxRestarts (Maximum number of times the watchdog process will restart the child process), -includeFilePat (Regular expression to determine which files to process, e.g. "(?i)\.pdf"), -excludeFilePat, and -maxFileSizeBytes. These are documented in the .jar -help command.

tika 3

quiet

Logical if Tika command line messages and errors are to be supressed. Defaults to TRUE.

remove_tempfiles

Logical to clean up temporary files after running the command, which can accumulate. They are in tempdir(). These files normally be removed at the end of the R session anyhow.

Value

A character vector the same length and order as the input. If a particular file was not processed, the value at that position is an empty string. See the Output Details section below.

Output Details

Empty output strings occur if an input file did not exist, it was a directory, or Tika could not process it.

By default, output = "text" and this produces plain text but no metadata. Some formatting is preserved using tabs, newlines and spaces.

Setting output to either "xml" or the shortcut "x" will produce a strict form of HTML known as XHTML, with metadata in the head element of the XHTML and formatted text in the body. Content retains more formatting than "text". For example, a Word or Excel table will become a HTML table, with data in the td elements, as text nodes. The "html" option and its shortcut "h" seem to produce the same result as "xml". Parse XHTML with xml2::read_html.

Setting output to "jsonRecursive" or its shortcut "J" produces a tree structure. Metadata fields are at the top level. The text will be found in the X-TIKA: content field. By default the text is XHTML. This can be changed to plain text by adding a second value, like this: output=c("jsonRecursive", "text") or output=c("J", "t"). Parse json with jsonlite::fromJSON.

If output_dir is specified, then the converted files will also be saved to this directory. One way to get a list of the processed files is to use list.files with recursive=TRUE. The file locations within the output_dir maintain the same paths as the input files. The paths are now relative to output_dir. Files are appended with .txt by default, but can be .json, .xml, or .html depending on the output setting. If output_dir is not specified, files are saved to a volatile tmp directory named by tmpdir() and will be taken care of when R shuts down.

Background

Tika is a foundational library for several large Apache projects such as the Apache Solr search engine. It has been in development since at least 2007. The most efficient way I've found to process tens of thousands of documents is Tika's 'batch' mode, which is used. There are potentially more things that can be done with this package, given enough time and attention, because Apache Tika includes many libraries and methods in its .jar file. The source is available at: https://tika.apache.org/.

Configuration

This package includes the tika-app-X.XX.jar. This jar works with Java 7. Tika in mid-2018 needs Java 8, so it's best to install that version if possible.

4 tika

By default, this R package internally invokes Java by calling the java command from the command line. To specify the path to a particular Java version, set the path in the java attribute of the tika function.

Other command line arguments can be set with args. See the options for version 1.17 here: https://tika.apache.org/1.17/gettingstarted.html

Having the sys package is suggested but not required. The sys package can dramatically speed up the initial call to Java each time this function is run, which is useful if you are calling this function again and again. Installing sys after rtika will work as well as installing it before. If you find yourself calling tika repeatedly, consider supplying a long character vector of files to input instead of an individual file each time.

Having the data.table package installed will slightly speed up the communication between R and Tika, but especially if there are hundreds of thousands of documents to process.

The curl package downloads files quickly, if the user includes urls in the input. In testing, curl is required on Windows to avoid errors, and more work may still be needed to make Windows parse reliably.

Examples

```
#' #extract text
input= 'https://cran.r-project.org/doc/manuals/r-release/R-data.pdf'
text = tika(input)
cat(substr(text[1],45,450))

#get metadata
if(requireNamespace('jsonlite')){
  json = tika(input,'J') # capital J is shortcut for jsonRecursive

metadata = jsonlite::fromJSON(json[1])
  str(metadata) #meta meta-data

metadata$'Content-Type' # [1] "application/pdf"
  metadata$producer # [1] "pdfTeX-1.40.18"
  metadata$'Creation-Date' # [1] "2017-11-30T13:39:02Z"
}
```

Index

tika, 2