# Package 'rtika'

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Type Package			
Title R Interface to 'Apache Tika'			
Version 0.1.0			
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Suggests sys, jsonlite, xml2, data.table			
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<b>SystemRequirements</b> Java (>=7)   openjdk-7-jre (via apt)   java-1.7.0-openjdk (via yum)   openjdk-8-jre (via apt)   java-1.8.0-openjdk (via yum)			
<b>Description</b> Extract text and metadata from over a thousand file types. Get either plain text or structured XHTML. This R interface includes the Tika program. Its source is available at https://tika.apache.org/.			
<b>Depends</b> R (>= 3.1.0)			
Encoding UTF-8			
LazyData true			
RoxygenNote 6.0.1			
<pre>URL http://github.com/predict-r/rtika</pre>			
<pre>BugReports http://github.com/predict-r/rtika/issues</pre>			
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tika R Interface to 'Apache Tika'

## Description

Extract text and metadata from over a thousand file types. Get either plain text or structured XHTML. Metadata includes Content-Type, character encoding, and Exif data from jpeg or tiff images. See the supported file types: https://tika.apache.org/1.17/formats.html.

## Usage

```
tika(input, output = c("text", "jsonRecursive", "xml", "html")[1],
  output_dir = "", n_chars = 1e+07, java = "java",
  jar = system.file("java", "tika-app-1.17.jar", package = "rtika"),
  threads = 1, args = character(), quiet = TRUE)
```

## **Arguments**

in	put	Character vector of the path(s) to file(s). Each file will be analyzed but not changed.
ou	tput	Optional character vector of the output format. By default, "text" gets plain text without metadata. "xml" and "html" get XHTML text with metadata. "jsonRecursive" gets XHTML text and json metadata. c("jsonRecursive","text") or c("J","t") gets plain text and json metadata. See the 'Output Details' section.
ou	tput_dir	Optional directory path to save the converted files in, as a side effect. See the 'Output Details' section.
n_	chars	Optional integer specifying the maximum number of characters returned for each document. The default is 1e+07. Higher numbers may be needed for exceptionally large files.
ja	va	Optional command to invoke Java. For example, it could be to the full path of a particular Java version. See the Configuration section below.
ja	r	Optional alternative path to a tika-app-X.XX.jar. Useful if this package becomes out of date.
th	reads	Integer of the number of file consumer threads Tika uses. Defaults to 1.
ar	gs	Optional character vector of additional arguments for Tika, that are not yet implemented in this R interface, in the pattern of c('-arg1', 'setting1', '-arg2', 'setting2'). Currently settable arguments include -timeoutThresholdMillis (Number of milliseconds allowed to a parse before the process is killed and restarted), -maxRestarts (Maximum number of times the watchdog process will restart the child process), -includeFilePat (Regular expression to determine which files to process, e.g. "(?i)\.pdf"), -excludeFilePat, and -maxFileSizeBytes. These are documented in the .jar -help command.
qu	iet	Logical if Tika command line messages and errors are to be supressed. Defaults to TRUE.

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#### Value

A character vector the same length and order as the input. If a particular file was not processed, the value at that position is an empty string. See the Output Details section below.

#### **Output Details**

Empty output strings occur if an input file did not exist, it was a directory, or Tika could not process it.

By default, output = "text" and this produces plain text but no metadata. Some formatting is preserved using tabs, newlines and spaces.

Setting output to either "xml" or the shortcut "x" will produce a strict form of HTML known as XHTML, with metadata in the head element of the XHTML and formatted text in the body. Content retains more formatting than "text". For example, a Word or Excel table will become a HTML table, with data in the td elements, as text nodes. The "html" option and its shortcut "h" seem to produce the same result as "xml". Parse XHTML with xml2::read\_html.

Setting output to "jsonRecursive" or its shortcut "J" produces a tree structure. Metadata fields are at the top level. The text will be found in the X-TIKA: content field. By default the text is XHTML. This can be changed to plain text by adding a second value, like this: output=c("jsonRecursive", "text") or output=c("J", "t"). Parse json with jsonlite::fromJSON.

If output\_dir is specified, then the converted files will also be saved to this directory. One way to get a list of the processed files is to use list.files with recursive=TRUE. The file locations within the output\_dir maintain the same paths as the input files. The paths are now relative to output\_dir. Files are appended with .txt by default, but can be .json, .xml, or .html depending on the output setting. If output\_dir is not specified, files are saved to a volatile tmp directory named by tmpdir() and will be taken care of when R shuts down.

### **Background**

Tika is a foundational library for several large Apache projects such as the Apache Solr search engine. It has been in development for many years. The most efficient way I've found to process tens of thousands of documents is Tika's 'batch' mode, which is used. There is more to do, given enough time and attention, because Apache Tika includes many libraries and methods accessible from Java. The source is available at: https://tika.apache.org/.

## Configuration

This package includes the tika-app-X.XX.jar. This jar works with Java 7. Tika in mid-2018 needs Java 8, so it's best to install that version if possible.

By default, this R package internally invokes Java by calling the java command from the command line. To specify the path to a particular Java version, set the path in java.

Other command line arguments can be set with args. See the options for version 1.17 here: https://tika.apache.org/1.17/gettingstarted.html

Having the sys package is suggested but not required. The sys package can dramatically speed up the initial call to Java each time this function is run, which is useful if you are calling this function again and again. Installing sys after rtika will work as well as installing it before. If you find yourself calling tika repeatedly, consider supplying a long character vector of files to input instead of an individual file each time.

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Having the data.table package installed will slightly speed up the communication between R and Tika, but especially if there are hundreds of thousands of documents to process.

## **Examples**

```
# download file to some accessible directory. Will add it to 'tests'
dir.create(file.path(getwd(),'tests'));
input = file.path(getwd(),'tests','R-data.pdf')
download.file('https://cran.r-project.org/doc/manuals/r-release/R-data.pdf',input)
#extract text
text = tika(input)
cat(substr(text,1,2000))
#get metadata
if(requireNamespace('jsonlite')){
  json = tika(input, 'J') # capital J is shortcut for jsonRecursive
  metadata = jsonlite::fromJSON(json[1])
  str(metadata) #meta meta-data
  metadata$'Content-Type' # [1] "application/pdf"
  metadata$producer # [1] "pdfTeX-1.40.18"
  metadata$'Creation-Date' # [1] "2017-11-30T13:39:02Z"
#don't forget to remove the downloaded test file
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