

# G.A.T.E.

EE1205 : Signals and Systems  
Indian Institute of Technology Hyderabad

Chirag Garg  
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## I. QUESTION E.C.(45)

**Question:** Let a frequency modulated (FM) signal :  $x(t) = A \cos(\omega_c t + k_f \int_{-\infty}^t m(\lambda) d\lambda)$ , where  $m(t)$  is a message signal of bandwidth  $W$ . It is passed through a non-linear system with output  $y(t) = 2x(t) + 5(x(t))^2$ . Let  $B_T$  denote the FM bandwidth. The minimum value of  $\omega_c$  required to recover  $x(t)$  from  $y(t)$  is:

- (A)  $B_T + W$
- (B)  $\frac{3}{2}B_T$
- (C)  $2B_T + W$
- (D)  $\frac{5}{2}B_T$

**Solution:** Let  $k_f \int_{-\infty}^t m(\lambda) d\lambda = \phi$

$$x(t) = A \cos(\omega_c t + \phi) \quad (1)$$

$$y(t) = 2x(t) + 5(x(t))^2 \quad (2)$$

$$= 2A \cos(\omega_c t + \phi) + 5A^2 \cos^2(\omega_c t + \phi) \quad (3)$$

$$= 2A \cos(\omega_c t + \phi) + \frac{5}{2}A^2 [\cos(2\omega_c t + 2\phi) + 1] \quad (4)$$

From graph, to recover  $x(t)$  from  $y(t)$

$$2\omega_c - B_T > \omega_c + \frac{B_T}{2} \quad (5)$$

$$\omega_c > \frac{3B_T}{2} \quad (6)$$

$$\therefore (\omega_c)_{min} = \frac{3}{2}B_T \quad (7)$$

Hence the correct option is (b)

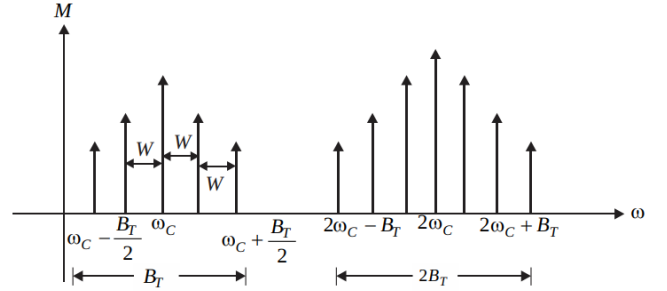


Fig 1: Plot of M(Modulation Frequency) vs  $\omega$