

1,582 bacterial & 118 archaeal genomes

189,074 core mRNAs 110.085 core ncRNAs 2 species (*E. coli* & *P. aeruginosa*)
10,317 mRNA & protein measurements
14,388 GFP expression data points

13 synthetic GFP mRNAs sampled from high/low codon usage, 5' end internal secondary structure and avoidance using 52 biological replicates

97% of bacteria & archaea show signatures of avoidance (extrinsic or intrinsic).

Sliding window analysis of *T. thermophilus* ribosomal RNA shows regions of avoidance distributed on SSU ribosomal RNA but less than expected in protein binding regions ($P = 9.3 \times 10^{-15}$).

Avoidance significantly correlates with protein/mRNA ratios and GFP expression values in 100% of these datasets (R_s are between 0.10-0.65).

Sliding window analysis of GFP expression data shows 5` end of mRNAs influence avoidance more than other regions.

Codon usage ($R_s = 0.29$) Secondary structure ($R_s = 0.34$) Avoidance ($R_s = 0.56$) Avoidance explains more variance than other measures.

The mRNA with high CAI, low internal secondary structure and high avoidance has maximal expression.