LINB3.0 Cookbook - Getting Started Guide

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Preface

"jsLinb" is a Cross-Browser JavaScript framework with cutting-edge functionality for rich web application. And "Visual JS" is a web based tool for AJAX RIA application UI rapid design and involved scripts programming. With this powerful builder, developers can build your web application just like what you do in VB or Delphi.

Features & Resource

- 1. WYSIWYG GUI builder. Do everything by drag & drop. Significant development time reduction.
- 2. Source code editor Integrated (Code Intellisense, Code folding, Syntax Check and Undo/Redo).
- 3. More than 40 common components, including Tabs, Dialog, TreeGrid, TimeLine and many other web GUI components.
- 4. Rich client-side API, works with any backend (php, .Net, Java, python) or static HTML pages. Extremely easily to build php application with php server side wrappers.
- 5. Wide cross-browser compatibility, IE6+, firefox1.5+, opera9+, safari3+ and Google Chrome.
- 6. Detailed Manual and Full API Documentation with tons of samples. Ever increasing code snippets.
- 7. Compatible with jquery, prototype, mootools and other frameworks.
- 8. Dual licenses Commercial License and LGPL license both available.

Cookbooks are expected to include three parts: Getting Started Guide, Improved Tutorial, and Advanced Tutorial.

This tutorial is the first part: Getting Started Guide.

Go to http://www.linb.net for the latest information.

If you have any good suggestions, you can contact me at linb.net [at] gmail.com.

Chapter 1. Preparation

First of all, note that all instances of this tutorial are based on version 3.0. Therefore, our first task is to download the 3.0 release package, and to establish the local environment.

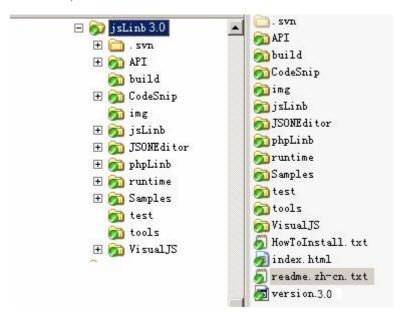
1.1. Download the package

3.0 Release package can be downloaded from http://code.google.com/p/linb/downloads/list. It's the latest stable 3.0 version, but not the latest code. I suggest you get the latest 3.0 code from SVN. For those who are not familiar with SVN, should learn how to use SVN first. After all, a lot of open-source projects use SVN to manage code. SVN requires a client program to connect to what is called a "repository" where the files are stored. On commonly used SVN client is called TortoiseSVN, which is freely available. Other clients exist, but TortoiseSVN is recommended due to its simplicity of use.

3.0 version "repository" URL: http://linb.googlecode.com/svn/trunk/jsLinb3.0/.

1.2. The package folder

If you downloaded package from google group, extract the package to a local folder. If you fetch the code from SVN, does not need to extract.



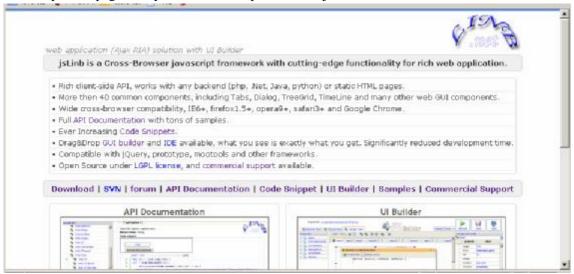
The contents of the package folder

By default, most of the examples in the package can be run in local disk directly, but a small number of examples need php background environment, or mysql database. In this case, you need to prepare

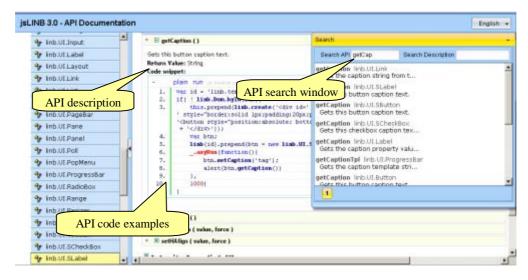
Apache server (version 2 and above), php (version 5 and above) and mysql (version 5 and above). At last, copy the package to apache web directory.

1.3. Glance at examples and API

If your Apach/php environment works well, after you copied the package folder to Apache's web directory (this tutorial assumes that your root directory is http://localhost/jsLinb/), you should be able to open the page with your browser: http://localhost/jsLinb/.



You can browse http://localhost/jsLinb/Examples/ for examples, and http://localhost/jsLinb/API/ for API.



A simple glance at API is strongly recommended. Learn about how to search a specific API, and how to run the inner code examples.

Chapter 2. Hello World

2.1. The first application

As many would expect or not expect, the first example is "Hello World".

Now, create a new folder "mycases" in the package folder (again, (this tutorial assumes that your root directory is http://localhost/jsLinb/), add a sub folder "chapter1" in it, and create a file named "helloworld.html" in "chapter1". Enter the following code:

```
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Strict//EN" "http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-strict.dtd">
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head>
                                                                                      strict mode is recommended
     <meta http-equiv="content-type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8" />
    <meta http-equiv="Content-Style-Type" content="text/css" />
     <meta http-equiv="imagetoolbar" content="no" />
     <script type="text/javascript" src="../../runtime/jsLinb/js/linb-all.js",></script>
     <title>jsLinb Case</title>
</head>
                                                                           Include lib file
                                               main function
          <script type="text/javascript"</pre>
              linb.main(function(){
                    linb.alert("Hi", "Hello World");
               });
          </script>
</body>
</html>
```

cases/chapter1/helloworld.html

There is a cases folder in the package folder. You can find the source code for each example in this tutorial.

You can double-click the helloworld.html to open the file.

Or open URL http://localhost/jsLinb/cases/chapter1/helloworld.html in your browser (firefox or chrome is recommended here). And you can see the following result:



You may have noticed, no lib CSS file was included in the html file. Yes, jsLinb generate CSS automatically, no lib CSS.

File "linb-all.js" contains all codes except several advanced controls (Button, Input, CombInput,

Tabs, TreeBar, and TreeGrid etc.). This file can be found in "runtime/js" folder.



2.2. Render onto a html node

"Replace an html node (such as a div) with an advanced control." A project manager said. "Our web page engineer is responsible to design an html file including a DIV with a unique ID, and JavaScript engineer is responsible to build an advanced UI control, and replace that DIV."

The following example in file chapter1/renderonto.html:

```
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Strict//EN" "http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-strict.dtd">
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head>
     <meta http-equiv="content-type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8" />
    <meta http-equiv="Content-Style-Type" content="text/css" />
     <meta http-equiv="imagetoolbar" content="no" />
     <script type="text/javascript" src="../../runtime/jsLinb/js/linb-debug.js"></script>
    <title>jsLinb Case</title>
</head>
                                                                          The DIV with id "grid"
          <div id="grid" style="position:absolute;left:100px;top:100px;width:300px;height:200px;"></div>
          <script type="text/javascript">
              linb.main(function(){
                    var grid = new linb.UI.TreeGrid();
                                                                       Sets grid caption
                    grid.setGridHandlerCaption('grid')
                         .setRowNumbered(true)
                                                                     Show line number
                         .setHeader(['col 1','col 2','col 3'])
                         .setRows([
                              ['a1','a2','a3'],
                                                            Sets columns
                              ['b1','b2','b3'],
                              ['c1','c2','c3'],
                              ['d1','d2','d3'],
                                                            Sets rows
                              ['e1','e2','e3'],
                              ['f1','f2','f3']
                    grid.renderOnto('grid');
               });
          </script>
</body>
                                  Render onto that DIV
</html>
```

cases/chapter1/renderonto.html

The result is:

grid	col 1	col 2	col 3
1	a1	a2	a3
2	b1	b2	b3
3	c1	c2	c3
4	d1	d2	d3
5	e1	e2	e3
6	f1	f2	វេ

There are two ways to get the same result; codes were in renderonto2.html and renderonto3.html.

renderonto2.html:

cases/chapter1/renderonto2.html

renderonto3.html:

cases/chapter1/renderonto3.html

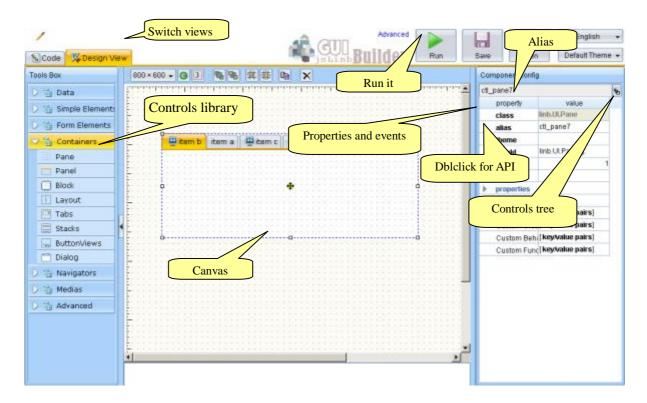
These three approaches generated the same result. You can use any of those in your project according to your habits. But the first approach (using new and setXX) is recommended.

2.3. Do it in Designer

There are two types of designer in jsLinb: One is a simplified version, the other one is an advanced version integrated with document management features. The purposes of the two designers are to reduce development time on UI layout. We only use the simplified version in this introduction

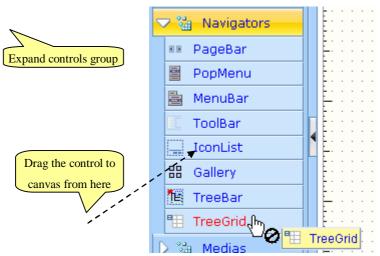
tutorial.

Go to http://localhost/jsLinb/VisualJS/UIBuilder.html for the simplified one.



Now, we are trying to create the previous section's grid example in Designer.

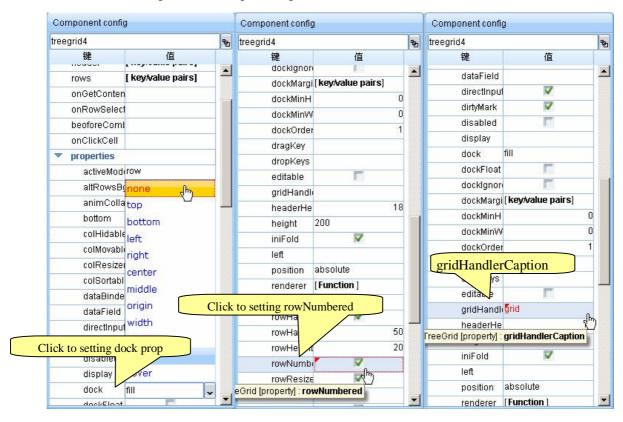
1. Open the navigators group in "Tools Box", and drag the "TreeGrid" control to the Canvas area.



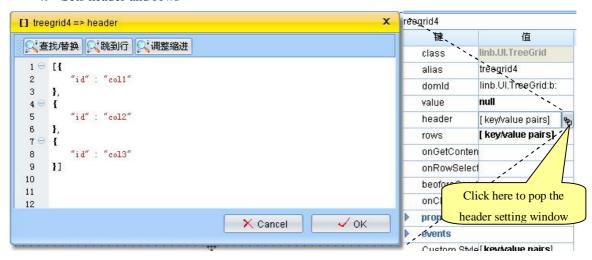
2. Click to select the "treegrid"



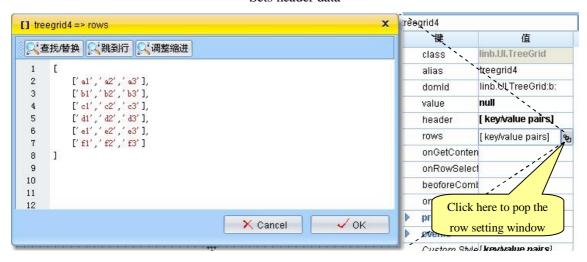
- 3. Sets this grid's properties according to the following picture.
 - I Sets dock to 'none':
 - I Sets rowNumbered to false;
 - I Sets gridHandlerCapion to 'gird'.



4. Sets header and rows

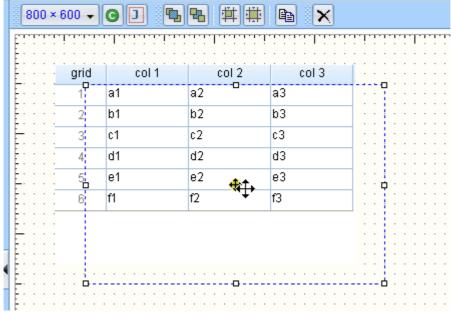


Sets header data



Sets rows data

5. Click to select the grid, adjust its position and size



6. Now, switch to "Code" view



```
// The default code is a com class (inherited from linb.Com)
  2 ⊖ Class('{className}', 'linb.Com', {
  3
                            // Ensure that all the value of "key/value pair" does not refer to external variables
   4 🖯
                           Instance: {
  5
                                       // To initialize instance(e.g. properties)
  6 🖯
                                       initialize : function() {
                                                  // To determine whether or not the com will be destroyed, when the first UI control be destroyed
  7
   8
                                                  this.autoDestroy = true;
  9
                                                  // To initialize properties
 10
                                                  this.properties = {};
                                                                                                                                                                                     Code created by jsLinb UI Builder
11
                                      1,
 12
                                       // To initialize internal components (mostly VI
                                       // *** If you're not a skilled, dont modify
13
                                                                                                                                                                                 function manually ***
14 ⊖
                                       iniComponents : function(){
15
                                                  // [[code created by jsLinb VI Builder
16
                                                  var host=this, children=[], append=function(child){children.push(child.get(0))};
17
18
                                                  append (
                                                              (new linb. UI. TreeGrid)
19
20
                                                            .setHost(host, "ctl_treegrid2")
21
                                                             .setDock("none")
22
                                                             . setLeft (0)
23
                                                            . setTop(0)
24
                                                             .setGridHandlerCaption("grid")
25
                                                             . \  \, \texttt{setHeader} \ ( \ [ \ \{ \text{"id":"col1", "width":80, "type":"label", "caption":"col1" \}, \ \ \{ \text{"id":"col2", "width":80, "type":"label", "caption":"col1", "width":80, "type":"label", "caption":"col1" \}, \ \ \{ \text{"id":"col2", "width":80, "type":"label":80, "type":"label":"label":80, "type":"label":80, "type":80, "type":"label":80, "type":80, "type":"label":80, "type":80, "type":80, "type":80, "type":8
                                                               setRows([{"cells":[{"value":"row1 col1", "id":"c_a"}, {"value":"row1 col2", "id":"c_b"}, {"v
26
27
28
```

Above code is serialized by Designer. Header data and rows data will not look the same as your setting.

7. Click "Run" Button to open the test window, you will see the same result with section 2.2.



8. Copy the code from this test page, and paste to a new file designer.grid.html.

```
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Strict//EN" "http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-strict.dtd">
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head>
         <meta http-equiv="content-type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8" />
         <meta http-equiv="Content-Style-Type" content="text/css" />
         <meta http-equiv="imagetoolbar" content="no" />
         <title>Web application powered by LINB framework</title>
</head>
                                                                                                      Showing a loading picture
                                                                                                                                                                                        Places is lib files in body
         <body>
                   <div id=loading'><img src="../runtime/loading.gif" alt="Loading..." /></div>
                   <script type="text/javascript" src="../../runtime/jsLinb/js/linb-all.js"></script>
                   <script type="text/javascript">
                            Class('App', 'linb.Com', {
                                                                                                           Class created in Designer.
                                       Instance:{
                                                                                                            You can save this part of code to
                                                iniComponents:function(){
                                                                                                           App/js/index.js
                                                           // [[code created by jsL
                                                           var host=this, children=[], append=function(child){children.push(child.get(0))};
                                                           append((new linb.UI.TreeGrid)
                                                                    .host(host,"treegrid4")
                                                                    .setDock("none")
                                                                    .setLeft(60)
                                                                    .setTop(50)
                                                                    .setRowNumbered(true)
                                                                    .setGridHandlerCaption("grid")
                                                                    .setHeader([{"id":"col 1", "width":80, "type":"label", "caption":"col 1"}, {"id":"col 2",
"width":80, "type":"label", "caption":"col 2"}, {"id":"col 3", "width":80, "type":"label", "caption":"col 3"}])
                                                                    .setRows([{"cells":[{"value":"a1"},
                                                                                                                                                    {"value":"a2"},
                                                                                                                                                                                           {"value":"a3"}],
{"cells":[{"value":"b1"},
                                                        {"value":"b2"}, {"value":"b3"}],
                                                                                                                                     "id":"k"},
                                                                                                                                                             {"cells":[{"value":"c1"},
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      {"value":"c2"},
{"value":"c3"}, "id":"l"}, {"cells":[{"value":"d1"}, {"value":"d2"}, {"value":"d3"}], "id":"m"}, {"cells":[{"value":"e1"}, {"value":"e1"}, {"value":"d3"}], "id":"m"}, {"cells":[{"value":"e1"}, {"value":"e1"}, {"value":"d3"}], "id":"m"}, {"cells":[{"value":"e1"}, {"value":"e1"}, {"val
{"value":"e2"}, {"value":"e3"}], "id":"o"}], {"cells":[{"value":"f1"}, {"value":"f2"}, {"value":"f3"}], "id":"o"}])
                                                          ):
                                                          return children;
                                                          // ]]code created by jsLinb UI Builder
                            linb.Com.load('App', function(){
                                                                                                                                  Load UI in asynchronous mode
                                      linb('loading').remove();
                                                                                                                      If no App Class in memory, lib will load the
                             });
                   </script>
                                                                                                                             Class from App/js/index.js file first.
</body>
</html>
```

cases/chapter1/designer.grid.html

2.4. Application loading process

In section 2.3, we put all html and JavaScript code in a single file. For a bigger application, it's not a wise solution. A real application may be include dozens of classes. For a developer, maintaining each class in a separate file is always a must.

OK. Let's separate "designer.grid.html" into two files à designer.grid.standard.html, and

App/js/index.js.

designer.grid.standard.html is:

```
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Strict//EN" "http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-strict.dtd">
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head>
    <meta http-equiv="content-type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8" />
    <meta http-equiv="Content-Style-Type" content="text/CSS" />
     <meta http-equiv="imagetoolbar" content="no" />
     <title>Web application powered by LINB framework</title>
</head>
    <body>
         <div id='loading'><img src="../runtime/loading.gif" alt="Loading..." /></div>
         <script type="text/javascript" src="../../runtime/jsLinb/js/linb-all.js"></script>
         <script type="text/javascript">
                                                                     Load App class from
              linb.Com.load('App', function(){
                                                                 App/js/index.js asynchronously
                   linb('loading').remove();
              });
         </script>
                                                 At last, remove loading picture
</body>
</html>
```

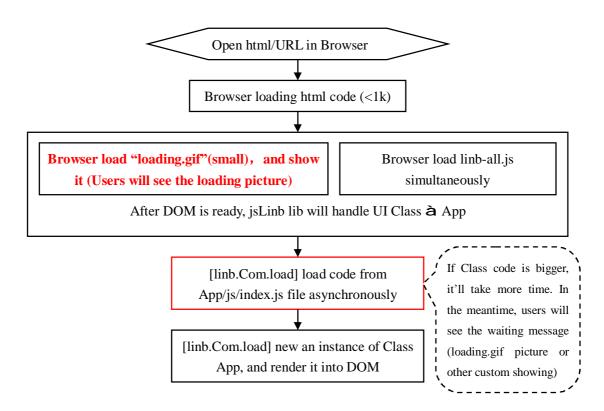
cases/chapter1/designer.grid.standard.html

App/js/index.js is:

```
Class('App', 'linb.Com',{
    Instance:{
        iniComponents:function(){
            // [[code created by jsLinb UI Builder
            var host=this, children=[], append=function(child){children.push(child.get(0))};
            append((new linb.UI.TreeGrid)
                 .host(host, "treegrid4")
                 .setDock("none")
                 .setLeft(60)
                 .setTop(50)
                 .setRowNumbered(true)
                 .setGridHandlerCaption("grid")
                 .setHeader([{"id":"col 1", "width":80, "type":"label", "caption":"col 1"}, {"id":"col 2", "width":80,
"type":"label", "caption":"col 2"}, {"id":"col 3", "width":80, "type":"label", "caption":"col 3"}])
                .setRows([{"cells":[{"value":"a1"}, {"value":"a2"}, {"value":"a3"}], "id":"j"}, {"cells":[{"value":"b1"},
{"cells":[{"value":"d1"}, {"value":"d2"}, {"value":"d3"}], "id":"m"}, {"cells":[{"value":"e1"}, {"value":"e2"},
{"value":"e3"}], "id":"n"}, {"cells":[{"value":"f1"}, {"value":"f2"}, {"value":"f3"}], "id":"o"}])
                );
             return children;
             // ]]code created by jsLinb UI Builder
});
```

cases/chapter1/App/js/index.js

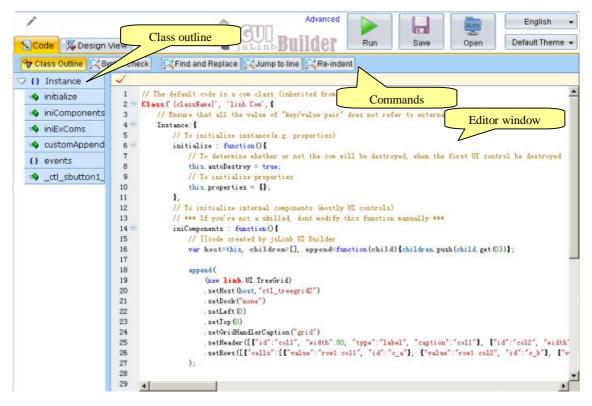
When we open **designer.grid.standard.html** in Browser, the loading process will be:



2.5. Code Editor

By the way, in order to get better performance, firefox and chrome are recommended here.

There are two views in Builder: "Design view" and "Code" view. The default view is "Design view". Click "Code" tab to switch to "Code" view.



2.5.1. Highlight code from Outline window

"Class Outline" is located in the left side of "Code" view. By clicking any member or method name in "Class Outline", Builder will highlight its code in "Editor window", and scroll "Editor window" to show the code.

```
🕏 Class Outline 🔍 Syntax Check
                                 Ke-indent
{} Instance
                         1
                             // The default code is a com class (inherited from linb.Com)
   \Rightarrow initialize 🛵
                         2 0
                             Class('{className}', 'linb.Com', {
      iniComponen initialize
                                 // Ensure that all the value of "key/value pair" does not r
                                 Instance: {
   iniExComs
                         5
                                     // To initialize instance(e.g. properties)
   customAppend
                         6
                                     initialize : function ()
                         7
                                         // To determine whether or not the com will be dest
   {} events
                                         this.autoDestroy = true;
                         8
     ctl sbutton1
                         9
                                         // To initialize properties
                        10
                                         this.properties = {};
                        11
                                     // To initialize internal components (mostly VI control
                        12
```

2.5.2. Code Folding

To make your code view more clear to read and understand, jsLinb Builder lets you fold certain parts of it. Click the left side "plus" or "minus" will fold or expand the block code.

```
// The default code is a com class (inherited from linb.Com)
 2 Class ('{className}', 'linb.Com', {
3
          // Ensure that all the value of "key/value pair" does not refer
 4 🖯
          To fold initialize function
 5
                                    ance(e.g. properties)
 6
              initialize : function() {
 7
                  // To determine whether or not the com will be destroyed
8
                  this.autoDestroy = true;
 9
                  // To initialize properties
10
                  this.properties = {};
11
           To expand iniComponents function
12
                                          components (mostly VI controls)
13
                 *** If you're not a skilled, dont modify this function m:
14 🤮
              iniComponents : function() {
31
```

Note: Due to the browser's poor performance on iframe, please try not to frequent collapse or expand the large body function or object. Chrome's performance is better than others.

2.5.3. Code Intellisense

Three types Code Intellisense are supported.

- When context does not recognize the input string;
- I Type dot after a recognizable variable

When use shortcut [Alt+1], or dbclick a recognizable variable



Keyboard actions for Code Intellisense pop Window:

- "up": Focus to next item in code list
- I "down": Focus to previous item in code list
- I "enter": Select the current focused item, and input to editor window
- I "esc": Close the pop window
- I Other visible chars: Find and focus the first matched item

2.5.3.1. When context doesn't recognize the input string

When you input a string, if editor doesn't recognize this string, it will pop a list window including local variables, global variables, global functions and JavaScript reserved keywords. In the below picture, type 't' will trigger editor to pop a list window, "this" is the default focused item.

```
Instance: {
    // To initialize instance(e.g. properties)
    initialize : function() {
        // To determine whether or not the com will be destroyed, when the first
        this.autoDestroy = true;
        // To initialize properties
        this.properties = {};
                                             Ι
    },
           variables
                                                              Specify type
    // To this
    // www
    iniCor_()
    // GitlinbO
    iniEx(document
          history
    },
          location
    // Gi Math
                                                                                  nt (
    <sup>cust or</sup>navigator

↓ ded
        //Number
        return false;
    },
```

If the input string is "fo", the "for loop statement" will be the default focused item.

```
Instance: {
    // To initialize instance(e.g. properties)
    initialize : function() {
         // To determine whether or not the com will be destroyed, when the fi:
         this.autoDestroy = true;
         // To initial
         this. prop
                         for (;;;) {
         fo -
    },
           variables
                                                                Specify type
    // To for...
                                                                                  •
    // **<sup>o</sup>for...in
    iniCorfunction...
                                             After press "Enter"
          if...
    // Gi if...else...
    iniEx(switch...
          try...catch...finally
          while...
    // Gi with...
    custor → decodeURI()
         decodeURIComponent()
    },
```

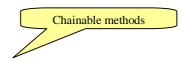
In this case, "Enter" keypress will cause "for loop statement" code to be inserted into the editor automatically.

2.5.3.2. Type dot after a recognizable variable

After an editor recognizable variable, if you type char ".", editor will pop an available members and functions list for the variable.

```
// Give a chance to load other com
                                                                Specify type
                                                                                    linb.UI.SButto
iniExComs : linb.Ul.SButton.prototype
},
             Class Name
// Give a cl 🛶 activate()
customAppen 🏟 adjustDock(force)
    // "reti
            alias(str)
             \Rightarrow append(target, subId)
},
            \Rightarrow busy(message, html, key, subId)
// This ins
events : {} | 🖦 clone()
_ctl_sbuttor 🛳 destroy()
    var uid 🐟 dragable(dragKey, dragData, key, options)
    uictrl.
```

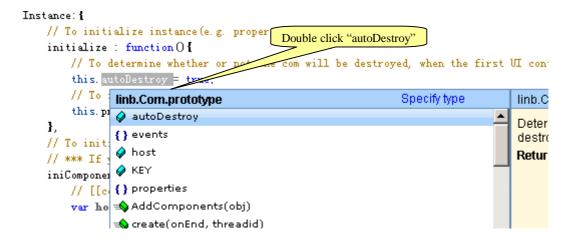
Chainable methods can show Code Intellisense window too.



```
append (
         (new linb. UI. TreeGrid)
        .setHost(host, "ctl_treegrid2")
        . setDock ("none")
        .setLeft(0)
                                                                                  API document
        .setTop(0)
        . setHead
    );
           linb.UI.TreeGrid.prototype
                                                               Specify type
                                                                                     linb.UI.TreeG
           🔷 setHeader(value, force)
                                                                                     Set grid head
           📣 setHeaderHeight(value, force)
                                                                                     Return Value
            🔷 setHeight(value, force)
                                                                                     Parameters:
},
           \Rightarrow setHost(host, alias)
                                                                                        value [Re
           ⇒ setIniFold(value, force)
                                                                                        force [Op
iniExComs
                                                                                        the same
           setLeft(value, force)
                                                                                     Code snippet
// Give a 🖦 setNoCtrlKey(value, force)
customApp setPosition(value, force)
                                                                                              pla
    // "r setProperties(key, value)
return false;
```

2.5.3.3. When use shortcut [Alt+1], or dbclick

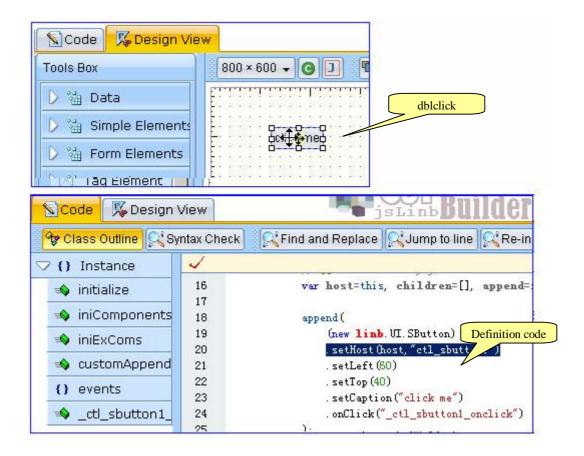
When a variable was focused, press shortcut [Alt+1] will trigger editor to pop the Code Intellisense window. Double click this variable string will get the same result.



2.5.4. Find the object definition code

In "Design View", double click a control will cause:

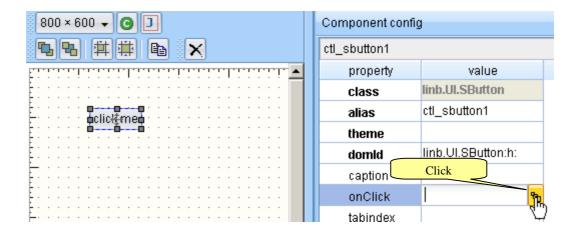
- 1) Switch to "Code" view;
- 2) Highlight the control's definition code;
- 3) Scroll the definition code to view.

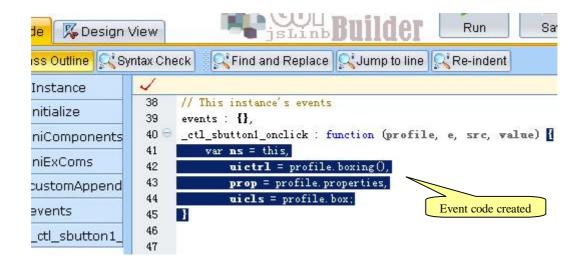


2.5.5. Generate event code automatically

In the "Design View", select a control; the right side "Component config" window will be refreshed. Find an event (e.g. onClick event), click its event button will cause:

- 1) Switch to "Code" view;
- 2) Create event code, and insert into the editor;
- 3) Scroll the event code to view.





Chapter 3. Controls Facebook

Many beginners are particularly interested in UI controls. In this chapter we'll give a rough look at the basic controls. Since each control has a lot of functions, here is a brief introduction, it is impossible to explain all the functions. You can browse API to understand the specific function of each control in detail!

3.1. Script testing environment

At first, we have to build a testing environment for executing example codes . About Browsers, firefox is recommended, if it does not like firefox, ie8 or chrome is ok too.

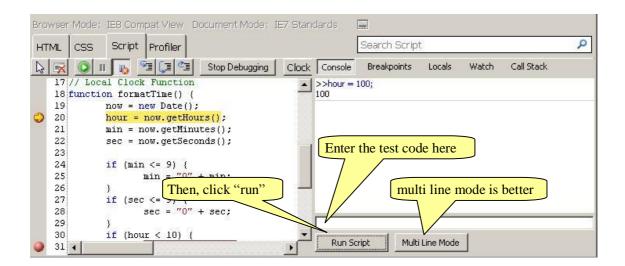
For firefox:

- 1. You need firefox and firebug;
- 2. Ensure the file "env.html" and all cookbook folders in cases dir;
- 3. Open URL cases/env.html in firefox;
- 4. Open firebug console, switch to the multi-line mode



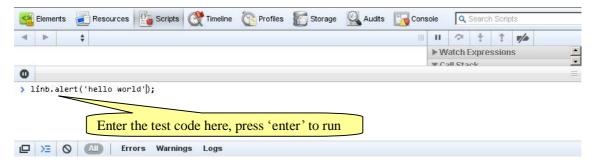
For IE8:

- 1. You need IE8;
- 2. Open URL cases/env.html;
- 3. Open developer tools, switch to the multi-line mode



For IE8:

- 4. You need the latest Chrome;
- 5. Open URL cases/env.html;
- 6. Open developer tools



There's a "Clear" button in cases/env.html, You can click this button to clean up the current page's DOM. In some cases, you want to clean up both DOM and memory, press 'F5' to refresh your browser.



3.2. "Hello world" in env.html

Inputs the following code into script window, and run it.

```
linb.alert("Hi", "Hello World!");
```

Output:



Click "Clear" button to clean the DOM.

3.3. Control creation and runtime update

There are three approaches to create jsLinb control.

```
// Approach 1
linb.create("SButton", {
    caption: "Using linb.create function",
    position: "relative"}
).show();
// Approach 2
(new linb.UI.SButton({
    caption: "Using new and key/value pairs",
    position: "relative"
})).show();
// Approach 3
(new linb.UI.SButton())
                                                   We use new/setXX mode in Desinger
.setCaption("Using new and get/set")
.setPosition("relative")
.show();
```

The above three approaches will create entirely consistent UI.

You can use setXXX function to update the control after it was rendered into DOM (runtime update).

```
var dlg=linb.create("Dialog", {caption: "runtime "}).show();
                                                                   Create a Dialog
_.asyRun(function(){
    dlg.setCaption("updated"); -
                                     To modify caption
_.asyRun(function(){
    dlg.setMaxBtn(false); -
                                 To hide the max button
},1000);
_.asyRun(function(){
                                  To modify status
    dlg.setStatus("max"); -
},1500);
_.asyRun(function(){
    dlg.destroy();
                   To destroy it
},2000);
```

3.4. Button related

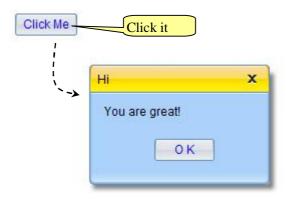
This section relates to the following controls: linb.UI.Link, linb.UI.SButton, linb.UI.Button, linb.UI.SCheckBox and linb.UI.CheckBox.

3.4.1. onClick event

Input:

```
var btn=new linb.UI.SButton();
btn.setCaption("Click Me")
.onClick(function(){
    linb.alert("Hi", "You are great!");
});
btn.show();
```

Output:



Input:

Output:



NOTE

linb.UI.SButton / **SLabel** / **SCheckbox** are enough for most cases; Only if you need more complex feature, you should use those complex control: **linb.UI.Button** / **Label** / **Checkbox**.

3.4.2. Boolean Controls

There are three controls can represent and modify Boolean value:

Input:

```
var btn= (new linb.UI.Button({position: "relative", caption:"Button", type:"status"})).show();
var scb= (new linb.UI.SCheckBox({position: "relative", caption:" SCheckBox"})).show();
var cb= (new linb.UI.CheckBox({position: "relative", caption:" CheckBox"})).show();

_.asyRun(function(){
    btn.setValue(true,true);
    scb.setValue(true,true);
    cb.setValue(true,true);
}    Sets values to true after 1 second
},1000);
```

Output:

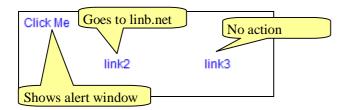


3.4.3. Link Control

You can take linb.UI.Link as a simple button.

Input:

Output:



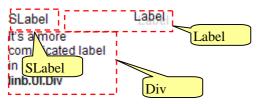
3.5. Label related

This section relates to the following controls: linb.UI.SLabel, linb.UI.Label and linb.UI.Div. These three controls can be used as "label", linb.UI.SLabel is the simplest one, but it's enough for most cases; If you need more complex feature like shadow, resizer or border, you should choose linb.UI.Label; Or if you want to input more complex html code in the control, linb.UI.Div is better.

Input:

```
(new linb.UI.SLabel()).setCaption("SLabel").setPosition("relative").show();
(new linb.UI.Label()).setCaption("Label").setPosition("relative").setShadowText(true).show();
(new linb.UI.Div()).setHtml("It's a more complicated label in a <br/>br/><b>linb.UI.Div</b>")
.setPosition("relative").show();
```

Output:



3.6. Input related

This section relates to the following controls: linb.UI.Input, linb.UI.ComboInput and linb.UI.RichEditor. linb.UI.ComboInput is an enhanced version of linb.UI.Input, it can input/edit value through a pop window; linb.UI.RichEditor is a rich text input/edit control.

3.6.1. setValue/setValue/getUIValue/setUIValue

From the users point of view, value controls (all derived from the linb.absValue control) in jsLinb has two values has two values: the "UI value"(getUIValue/setUIValue) and the "control value"(getValue/setValue).

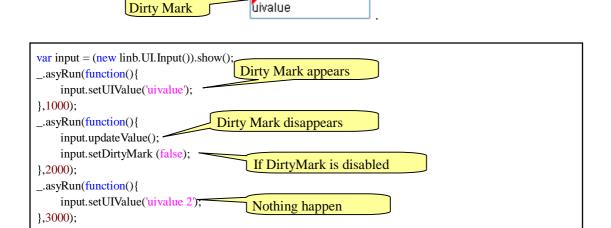
"UI value" dose not always equal to "control value". For example, for an empty input control

- 1. Keyboard inputs "abc": "UI value" is "abc", "control value" is empty;
- 2. Calls "updateValue" function: "UI value" is "abc", "control value" is "abc";
- 3. Calls "setValue('bcd')": "UI value" is "bcd", "control value" is "bcd";
- 4. Calls "setUIValue('efg')": "UI value" is "efg", "control value" is "bcd"

5. Calls "resetValue('x')": "UI value" is "x", "control value" is "x";

3.6.2. Dirty Mark

If the control's dirtyMark property is set to true, when "UI value" does not equal to "control value", a "Dirty Mark" will appear. The "Dirty Mark" will disappear when "UI value" equals to "control value".



3.6.3. Password Input

Sets Input's type property to "password".

Input:

Output:

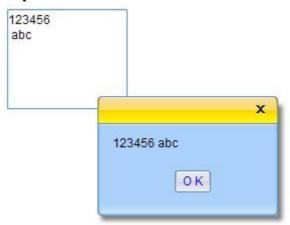


3.6.4. Multi-lines

Sets Input's multiLine property to true.

Input:

Output:



3.6.5. Input validation

3.6.5.1. valueFormat property

"valueForamt" property represents a regular expression.

Input:

```
var input = (new linb.UI.Input())
    .setValueFormat("^-?\\d\\d*$")
    .show();
Number only
```

Executes the above code, inputs some charts, and let it lose the mouse focus, the "Error Mark" will appear.



3.6.5.2. beforeFormatCheck event

Input:

```
var input = (new linb.UI.Input())
    .beforeFormatCheck(function(profile,value){
        if(value!=parseFloat(value).toString())
            return false;
     })
     .show();
Number only
     return false;
```

In above methods, "beforeFormatCheck" has priority. That means, when "beforeFormatCheck" returns 'false', "valueFormat" property will be ignored.

3.6.6. Dynamic input validation

In previous section examples, "Error Mark" appears only when the control loses focus. If you want to a real-time input validation, you need to set dynCheck property to true.

3.6.7. Error Mark

3.6.7.1. Default Error Mark

The default "Error Mark" is an icon at the right side of Input.



3.6.7.2. Validation Tips

There are three tool tips in linb.UI.Input control:

- I tips: the default tool tips
- I tipsOK: the valid tool tips
- I tipsErr: the invalid tool tips

Input:

```
var input = (new linb.UI.Input())
.setTips("default tips")
.setTipsErr("invalid tips ")
.setValueFormat("^-?\\d\\d*$")
.show();

Output:

dsd

invalid tips

valid tips

valid tips
```

3.6.7.3. Binding Validation

You can bind the validation tips to a linb.UI.Div, linb.UI.SLabel or linb.UI.Span.

Input:

invalid tips

23

valid tips

3.6.7.4. Custom Error Mark

We can custom "Error Mark" in beforeFormatMark event.

default tips

ab

Input:

```
var input = (new linb.UI.Input())
    .setValueFormat("^-?\\d\\d*$")
    .beforeFormatMark(function(profile,err){
        if(err)
        linb.alert("Invalid input!","Only number allowed!",function(){
        profile.boxing().activate();
        });
    return false;
        Return false to ignore the default action
}).show();
```

Output:





3.6.8. Mask Input

Mask Input examples:



In chapter $2 \ln t \cdot h$

There is a mask property in linb.UI.Input control. It's a string. In this string,

- '~' represents [+-]
- 1 '1' represents [0-9]
- I 'a' represents [A-Za-z]
- I 'u' represents [A-Z]
- l '1' represents [a-z]
- '*' represents [A-Za-z0-9]
- I Other visible char represents itself

Input:

Output:



NOTE

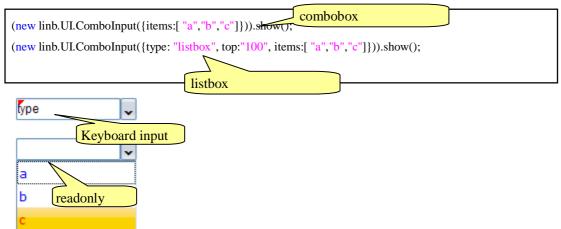
chapter2\Input\index.html is an overall example for Input.

3.6.9. linb.UI.ComboInput

linb.UI.ComboInput is an advanced Input.

3.6.9.1. Pop list for selection

When type property was set to "combobox", "listbox" or "helpinput", click the command button will trigger to pop a list window for selection.



3.6.9.2. combobox, listbox and helpinput

There's an items property in linb.UI.ComboInput (And all list related controls have this property too). Usually, we set items as an simple single layer array (like "[ia', 'ib', 'ic']"). The lib? will convert this simple array to inner format:

```
{
    id:"ia",
    caption:"ia"
},
    id:"ib",
    caption:"ib"
},
    {
    id:"ic",
    caption:"ic"
}
```

- 1) combobox: Not readonly. The pop List shows "caption"; Input box shows "caption"; getValue returns "caption".
- 2) listbox: Readonly. The pop List shows "caption"; Input box shows "caption"; getValue returns "id.
- 3) helpinput: Not readonly. The pop List shows "caption"; Input box shows "id"; getValue returns "id".

Input:

Output:



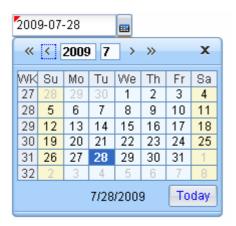
3.6.9.3. Date Piker

Sets type property to "date".

Input:

```
var ctrl=linb.create('ComboInput')
.setType('date')
.setValue(new Date)
.show();

_.asyRun(function(){
    alert("The value is a timestamp string:"+ctrl.getValue());
    alert("You can convert it to date object:"+new Date(parseInt(ctrl.getValue())));
});
```



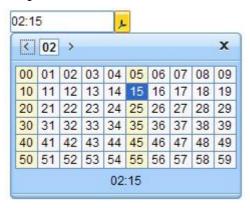
3.6.9.4. Time Picker

Sets type property to "time".

Input:

```
var ctrl=linb.create('ComboInput')
.setType('time')
.setValue('2:15')
.show();
linb.alert("The value is a string : "+ctrl.getValue());
```

Output:

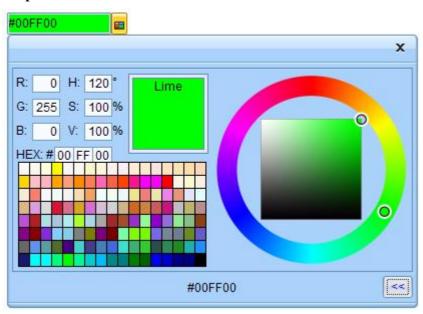


3.6.9.5. Color Picker

Sets type property to "color".

```
var ctrl=linb.create('ComboInput')
.setType('color')
.setValue(#00ff00')
.show();

linb.alert("The value is a string : "+ctrl.getValue());
```



3.6.9.6. File Picker

Sets type property to "upload".

Input:

```
var ctrl=linb.create('ComboInput')
.setType('upload')
.show();
```

Output:



Note: use getUploadObj function to get the file's handler

ctrl.getUploadObj)

3.6.9.7. Getter

Sets type property to "getter".

```
var ctrl=linb.create('ComboInput')
.setType('getter')
.beforeComboPop(function(profile){
    profile.boxing().setUIValue(_id())
})
.show();
Sets value in beforeComboPop event
```

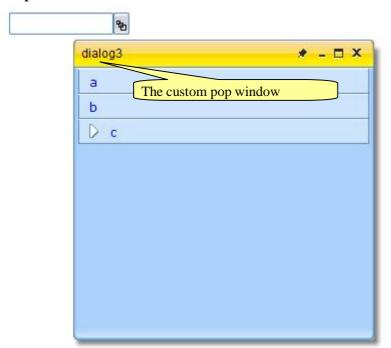


3.6.9.8. Custom Pop Window

Sets type property to "cmdbox", or "popbox".

Input:

```
var ctrl=linb.create('ComboInput')
.setType('popbox')
.beforeComboPop(function(profile){
    var dlg=new linb.UI.Dialog, tb;
    dlg.append(tb=new linb.UI.TreeBar({items:["a","b",{id:"c",sub:["c1","c2","c3"]}]}));
    tb.onItemSelected(function(profile,item){
        ctrl.setUIValue(item.id);
        dlg.destroy();
    });
    dlg.show(null,true,100,100)
})
.show();
```



3.6.9.9. Command Buttons

You can use commandBtn property to add an command button into ComboInput control. The following types are available for commandBtn property:

I "none": no command button

I "save": It's a save button

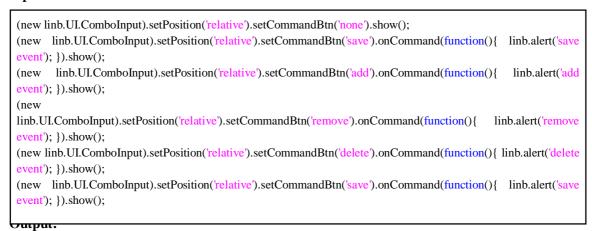
I "add": It's a add button

I "remove": It's a remove button

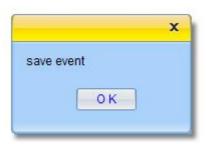
I "delete": It's a delete button

I "custom": custom button (sets imageClass or mage,/imagePos to custom it)

Input:







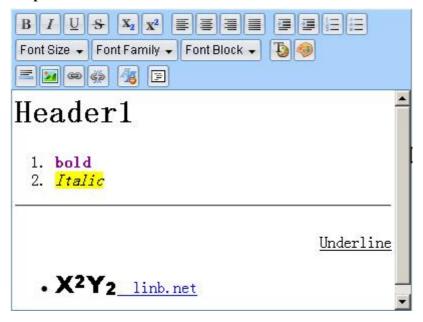
NOTE

chapter2\ComboInput\index.html is an overall example for ComboInput.

3.6.10. RichEditor

(new linb.UI.RichEditor()).show();

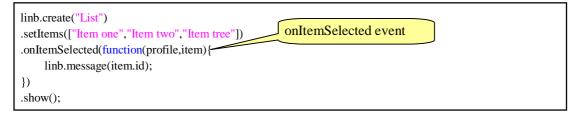
Output:

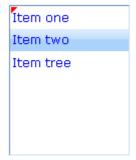


3.7. List related

This section relates to the following controls: linb.UI.List, linb.UI.RadioBox and linb.UIIconList and linb.UI.Gallery.

3.7.1. A Simple one

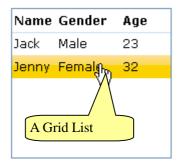




3.7.2. A little bit complicated

```
var renderer=function(o){
    return '<span style="width:40px">'+o.col1+"</span>" + '<span style="width:60px">'+o.col2+"</span>" +
'<span style="width:40px">'+o.col3+"</span>";
};
                                  Gives a render function
linb.create("List")
.setWidth(160)
.setItems([{
         id:"a",
                             Extra variables
         col1:'Name',
         col2:'Gender
         col3:'Age',
         renderer:renderer,
         itemStyle:'border-bottom:solid 1px #C8E1FA;font-weight:bold;'
         id:"b",
         col1:'Jack',
         col2:'Male',
         col3:'23',
         renderer:renderer
         id:"c",
         col1: Jenny',
         col2:'Female',
         col3:'32',
                                         For the header item
         renderer:renderer
     }]
.beforeUIValueSet(function (profile, ov, nv){
    return nv!=="a"
.show();
```

Result:



The above special render function applies to any control's caption property (e.g. linb.UI.Button, linb.UI.Label); and any control's sub item caption property (e.g. linb.UI.List, linb.UI.TreeBar) .

```
linb.create("SCheckBox")
.setCaption("caption")
.setRenderer(function(prop){return prop.caption+"+"+this.key})
.show();
```

aption+linb.UI.SCheckBox

3.7.3. RadioBox

linb.UI.RadioBox is derived from linb.UI.List.

Input:

```
linb.create("RadioBox")
.setItems(["a","b","c"])
.onItemSelected(function(profile,item){
    linb.message(item.id);
})
.show();
```

Output:



3.7.4. IconList and Gallery

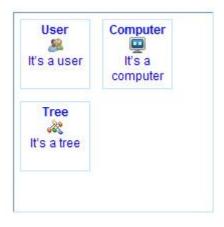
Both are derived from linb.UI.List.

Input:

Output:



```
linb.create("Gallery")
.setItemWidth(64).setItemHeight(64)
.setItemS([{id:'a',image:'img/a.gif',caption:'User',comment:'It's a
user'},{id:'b',image:'img/b.gif',caption:'Computer',comment:'It's a
computer'},{id:'c',image:'img/c.gif',caption:'Tree',comment:'It's a tree'}])
.onItemSelected(function(profile,item){
    linb.message(item.id);
})
.show();
```



3.7.5. Item selection

You can use "setUIValue" function to select a item in List, or use "fireItemClickEvent" function to get the same result. "fireItemClickEvent" function will trigger "onItemSelected" event, "setUIValue" won't.

```
var ctrl=linb.create("List")
.setItems(["Item one","Item two","Item tree"])
.onItemSelected(function(profile,item){
    linb.message(item.id);
})
.show();

_.asyRun(function(){
    ctrl.fireItemClickEvent("Item two");
    _.asyRun(function(){
     ctrl.setUIValue("Item one");
},2000);
```

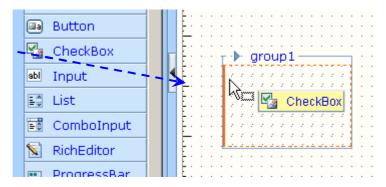
3.7.6. Container related

This section relates to the following controls: linb.UI.Group, linb.UI.Pane , linb.UI.Panel,

linb.UI.Block.

linb.UI.Dialog, linb.UI.Layout and linb.UI.Tabs /Stacks/ButtonViews are container controls too, we will give an example? these controls in separate sections.

Container is those controls that can have child controls. In jsLinb Designer, you can drag a child control and drop it into a container control. Just like this,



Input 1:

```
(new linb.UI.Group)
.append(new linb.UI.SButton)
.show();
```

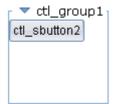
Input 2:

```
var con = new linb.UI.Group;
con.show();
(new linb.UI.SButton).show(con);
```

Input 3:

```
linb.create({
    key:"linb.UI.Group",
    children:[[{key:"linb.UI.SButton"}]]
}).show();
```

Output:



3.7.7. Pane and Panel

linb.UI.Pane is a single node control. It's derived from linb.UI.Div. linb.UI.Panel has a border and a

title bar.

Input:

```
(new linb.UI.Pane)
.append(new linb.UI.SButton)
.show()

You can't see output, It's transparent
```

Input:

```
(new linb.UI.Panel)
Sets dock to 'none'
.setDock("none")
.append(new linb.UI.SButton)
.show()
```

Output:

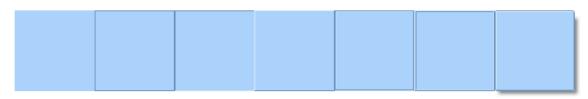


3.7.8. Block

Input:

```
linb.create("Block",{position:'relative',borderType:'none'}).show()
linb.create("Block",{position:'relative',borderType:'flat'}).show()
linb.create("Block",{position:'relative',borderType:'inset'}).show()
linb.create("Block",{position:'relative',borderType:'outset'}).show()
linb.create("Block",{position:'relative',borderType:'groove'}).show()
linb.create("Block",{position:'relative',borderType:'ridge'}).show()
linb.create("Block",{position:'relative',borderType:'ridge'}).show()
```

Output:



3.8. Dialog related

3.8.1. Normal state

(new linbUI.Dialog).show()

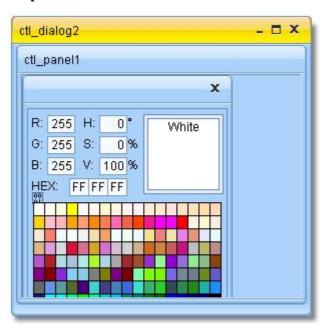
Output:



Input:

```
var dlg = (new linb.UI.Dialog).show();
var panel;
_.asyRun(function(){
    dlg.append(panel=new linb.UI.Panel)
},1000);
_.asyRun(function(){
    panel.append(new linb.UI.ColorPicker)
},2000);
```

Output:



3.8.2. Min and Max status

```
var dlg = (new linb.UI.Dialog). setStatus("min").show();
_.asyRun(function(){
    dlg.setStatus("normal");
},1000);
_.asyRun(function(){
    dlg.setStatus("max");
},2000);
```

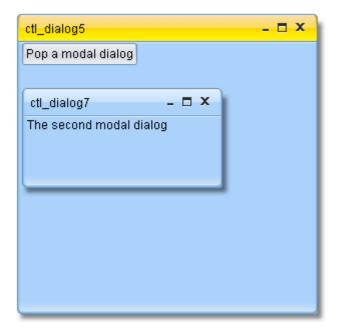


3.8.3. Modal Mode

Input:

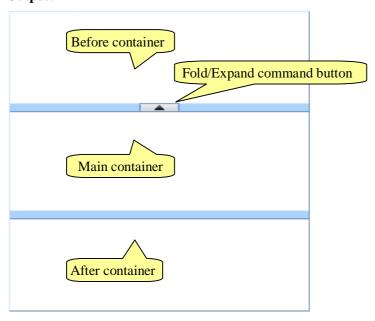
```
var dlg = (new linb.UI.Dialog).show();
dlg.append(panel=new linb.UI.SButton({...
   caption: "Pop a modal dialog"
                                                Sets caption
{onClick:function(){
    linb.create("Dialog",{ -
         width:200,
                                      onClick event
         height:100,
         html:"The second modal dialog"
     }).showModal(dlg);
}}
))
                             Parent is dlg
(new linb.UI.Dialog)
.setHtml("The first modal dialog")

Parent is html body
.show(null,true); _
```



3.9. Layout Control

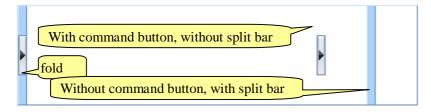
Input:



Input:

```
var block=linb.create("Block").setWidth(400).setHeight(100);
var layout=linb.create("Layout",{items:[
     {id:'before',
      pos:'before',
                      Default status is fold
      size:100,
      cmd:true,
      folded:true,
                        Max size is120
      max:120,
      min:80
                        Min size is 80
},{
     id:'after',
      pos:'after',
      cmd:true,
                          Size locked
      locked:true,
      size:50
},{
     id:'after2',
      pos:'after',
      size:50
                               horizontal
}],type: 'horizontal'});
block.append(layout).show();
```

Output:



NOTE

chapter2\Layout\index.html is an overall example for Layout.

3.10. Multi-pages Controls

Three multi-pages controls: linb.UI.Tabs, linb.UI.Stacks and linb.UI.ButtonViews.

```
var block=linb.create("Block").setWidth(400).setHeight(100);
var pages=linb.create("Tabs",{
    items:["page1", "page2", "page3"],
    value:"page2"
    The default page
});
block.append(pages).show();

_.asyRun(function(){
    pages.append(new linb.UI.SButton, "page2")
},1000);
Adds a SButton to 2th page
```

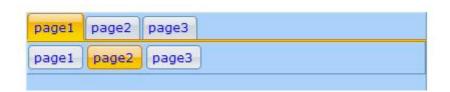
```
page1 page2 page3 ctl_sbutton1
```

3.10.1. noPanel property

For linb.UI.Tabs and linb.UI.ButtonViews, when "noPanel" property was set to true, they no longer are the container control. So, don't append any children control to tabs in this case.

Input:

```
var block=linb.create("Block").setWidth(400).setHeight(300).show();
var items=["page1","page2","page3"];
linb.create("Tabs",{
    items:items,
     value:"page2",
     position: 'relative',
                             Set position to 'relative'
     width: 'auto', .
                              Auto width
    height: 'auto',
                              Auto height
     dock:'none',
     noPanel:true
}).show(block);
                              No container
linb.create("ButtonViews",{
    items:items,
     value:"page2",
     position: relative',
     width: 'auto',
    height:32,
                            Set height to buttonview
     barSize:30,
     dock:'none',
     noPanel:true
                         No container
}).show(block);
```



3.10.2. ButtonViews types

There are three properties used to define the ButtonViews' layout:

- **barLocation**: Used to set the location of the command button bar. In 'top', 'bottom', 'left', 'right'.
- **I** barHAlign: Used to set command buttons horizontal alignment In 'left', 'right'. Only for barLocation is 'top' or 'bottom'
- **I** barVAlign: Used to set command buttons vertical alignment In 'left', 'right'. Only for barLocation is 'left' or 'right'

The below picture shows all the eight possible ButtonViews layouts:



In chapter2\ButtonViews\index.html

NOTE

chapter2\ButtonViews\index.html is an overall example for ButtonViews.

3.10.3. Page selection

You can use "setUIValue" function to select a page, or use "fireItemClickEvent" function to get the same result. "fireItemClickEvent" function will trigger "onItemSelected" event, "setUIValue" won't.

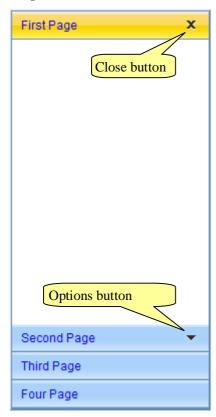


3.10.4. Pages

3.10.4.1. Close and options Button

Each page can hold a "close" button and a "options" button. Click this button will close the page. **Input:**

```
var block=linb.create("Block").setWidth(200).setHeight(400).show(), stacks;
block.append(stacks=new linb.UI.Stacks({
    value:'a',
    items:[{
         id:'a',
         caption: First Page',
                                    Close button
         closeBtn:true
         id:'b',
         caption: Second Page',
                                    Options button
         optBtn:true
         id:'c',
         caption: Third Page'
         id:'d',
         caption: 'Fourth Page'
                                                    Click options to trigger onShowOptions event
     }]
}));
stacks.onShowOptions(function(profile,item){
    linb.message(" You clicked "+item.caption)
});
```



Two events can be fired when "close" button was clicked:

- **l** beforePageClose: Fired before user clicked the close button on a page. If returns false, the page won't be closed.
- I afterPageClose: Fired after user clicked the close button on a page.

3.10.4.2. Add/Remove Pages

```
var block=linb.create("Block").setWidth(400).setHeight(100).show(), tabs;
block.append(tabs=new linb.UI.Tabs({
     value:'a',
    items:[{
         id:'a',
                               Close button
         caption: First Pa
     },{
         id:'b',
         caption:'Second Page'
     }]
}));
                               Adds two pages
_.asyRun(function(){
     tabs.insertItems([{
         id:'c',
         caption: Third Page'
     },{
         id:'d',
         caption: Fourth Page'
     }]);
},500);
                                    Adds one more
_.asyRun(function(){
    tabs.insertItems(Fifth Page
},1000);
                               Removes this page
_.asyRun(function(){
     tabs.removeItems('d');
},1500);
                               Removes two more
_.asyRun(function(){
     tabs.removeItems(['b','c'])
},2000);
```

3.10.5. Dynamic content loading

3.10.5.1. onIniPanelView

```
var block=linb.create("Block").setWidth(400).setHeight(100).show(),
      tabs=new linb.UI.Tabs({
           value:'a',
           items:[{
                id:'a',
                caption:'First Page'
           },{
                id:'b',
                caption:'Second Page'
           },{
                id:'c',
                caption: Third Page'
           }]
      });
      tabs. on IniPanel View ({\color{red}function} (profile, item) \{
           profile.boxing().getPanel(item.id).append(new linb.UI.SButton)
      });
block.append(tabs);
```

3.10.5.2. beforeUIValueSet/afterUIValueSet

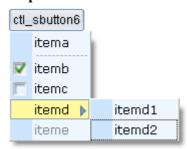
It's a fine-grained mechanism.

```
var block=linb.create("Block").setWidth(400).setHeight(100).show(), tabs;
block.append(tabs=new linb.UI.Tabs({
     value:'a',
     items:[{
          id:'a',
          caption: 'First Page'
     },{
          id:'b',
          caption:'Second Page'
     },{
          id:'c',
          caption: Third Page'
                                                             Cancel selection
}));
tabs.before UIV alue Set (function (profile, ovalue, value) \{
     if(value=='b')
          return false;
});
                                                               Gets item object
tabs.after UIV alue Set (\underbrace{function}(profile, ovalue, value) \{
     if(value=='c'){
           var item=profile.getItemByItemId(value);
                                                              Checks flag
          if(!item.$ini){ -
                profile.boxing().append( {\color{red}new}\ linb.UI.SButton);
                item.$ini=true;
                                       Sets a flag
});
```

3.11. Menus and toolbars

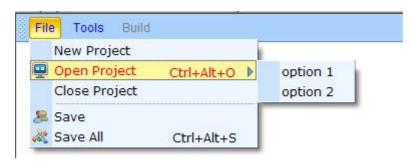
3.11.1. Pop Menu

```
var pm=linb.create('PopMenu')
.setItems([
     {"id":"itema", "caption":"itema", "tips":"item a"},
                                                        Checkbox type
     {"id":"itemb", "type":"checkbox", value:true, "caption":"itemb", "tips":"item b"},
     {"id":"itemc", "caption":"itemc", "type":"checkbox", "tips":"item c"},
     {"id":"itemd", "caption":"itemd", "tips":"item d", sub:[ -
                                                                Sub pop menu
          {"id":"itemd1", "caption":"itemd1"},
          {"id":"itemd2", "caption":"itemd2"}
]},
     {"id":"iteme", "caption":"iteme", "tips":"item d", disabled:true}
                                                                 Disabled it
.onMenuSelected(function(profile,item){
                                               event
     linb.message(item.id + (item.type=="checkbox"?": " + item.value:""))
});
linb.create('SButton')
                              For position
.onClick(function(profile){
     pm.pop(profile.getRoot())
})
.show();
```



3.11.2. MenuBar

```
var pm=linb.create('MenuBar')
.setItems([{
     "id": "file", "caption": "File",
                                     Pop menu data
     "sub" : [{ —
         "id": "newproject",
         "caption": "New Project"
         "id": "openproject", "caption": "Open Project",
         "add": "Ctrl+Alt+O",
                                             Extra data
         "image": "img/b.gif",
         "sub":["option 1","option 2"]
                                         Sub pop menu
         "id": "closeproject", "caption": "Close Project"
    {
    },
    {"type" : "split"},
         "id": "save", "caption": "Save",
         "image" : "img/a.gif" —
                                    An icon
         "id": "saveall", "caption": "Save All",
         "add": "Ctrl+Alt+S",
         "image": "img/c.gif"
    }]
{ "id": "tools", "caption": "Tools",
    "sub" : [{ "id" : "command", "caption" : "Command Window"
    {
        "id": "spy", "caption": "Components Spy"
    }]
    "id": "build", "caption": "Build",
    disabled:true,
                                       Disabled it
     "sub" : [{
               "id": "debug",
         "caption": "Debug"
     }]
}]).show()
```



3.11.3. Toolbars

```
linb.create('ToolBar', {items:[{
                                    Button group data
     "id": "align",
     "sub" : [
                                                   Button data
          {"id": "left", "caption": "left"},
          {"id": "center", "caption": "center"},
                                                 A split
          {type:'split'}, ___
          {"id": "right", "caption": "center"}
  },{
     "id": "code",
     "sub" : [{
         "id": "format", "caption": "format",
                                                     With a label
         label:"label",
         image:"img/a.gif",
                                           With an icon
          "dropButton": true
     }]
                                                     Α
                                                                drop
              Group object
                                   Button
  }]
.onClick(function(profile,group,item){
    linb.message(group.id + ": " +item.id)
})
.show();
```



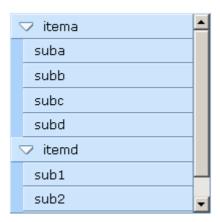
3.12. TreeBar and TreeView

3.12.1. Three selection mode

All controls derived from linb.UI.absList have three options mode.

3.12.1.1. No-selection

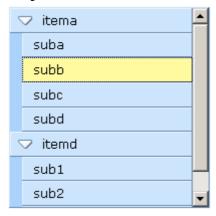
Input:



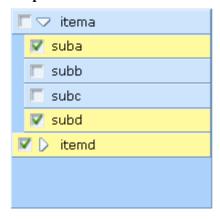
3.12.1.2. Single-selection

Input:

Output:



3.12.1.3. Multi-selection

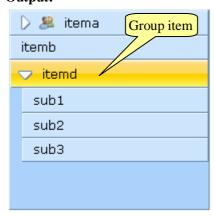


3.12.2. Group Item

Input:

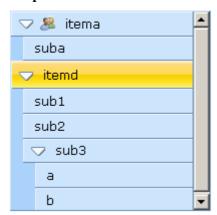
```
var block=new linb.UI.Block({width:200,height:200}).show();
linb.create("TreeBar",{items:[{
    id : "itema",
        image : "img/a.gif",
        sub : ["suba","subb","subc","subd"]
    Sub items
},
{id : "itemb"},
{
    id : "itemd",
        group:true,
        sub : ["sub1","sub2","sub3"]
}]}).show(block);
```

Output:



3.12.3. Expand all nodes by default

```
var block=new linb.UI.Block({width:200,height:200}).show();
linb.create("TreeBar",{
    iniFold:false,
    items:[{
        id : "itema",
        image : "img/a.gif",
        sub : ["suba"]
},
{
    id : "itemd",
        group:true,
        sub : ["sub1","sub2",{
            id:"sub3",sub:["a","b"]
        }]
}]).show(block);
```



3.12.4. Mutex Expand

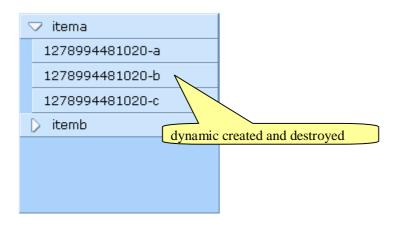
```
var block=new linb.UI.Block({width:200,height:200}).show();
linb.create("TreeBar",{
    singleOpen:true,
    items:[{
        id : "itema",
        image : "img/a.gif",
        sub : ["suba"]
},
{
    id : "itemd",
        group:true,
        sub : ["sub1", "sub2",{
            id:"sub3",sub:["a","b"]
        }]
}]}).show(block);
```

3.12.5. Dynamic Destruction

3.12.6. Dynamically loading

Input:

```
var block=new linb.UI.Block({width:200,height:200}).show();
linb.create("TreeBar",{
                          Mutex Expand
singleOpen:true,
dynDestory:true,
                            Dynamic Destruction
items:[{
    id: "itema",
    sub: true
                        Wants to load children dynamically
},
id: "itemb",
    sub: true
. \ on GetContent( {\color{red}function}(profile, item, callback) \{
    if(item.id=="itema"){
                                 Takes time stamp as a random string
         callback([rnd+"-a",rnd+"-b",rnd+"-c"]); Asynchronous or synchronous callback
    if(item.id=="itemb")
     return ["itembsub1", "itembsub2", "itembsub3"];
                                                          Can also be returned directly
.show(block);
```



3.13. TreeGrid

3.13.1. Header and Rows

The header property and rows property in TreeGrid are Array of key/value pairs, like,

```
[key/value pairs]

{id: "xxx1", caption: "xxx1" ..., The sub [key/value pairs]

sub: []

},

{id: "xxx2", caption: "xxx2" ...},

...

If no id specified, will create one automatically
```

It can be written as a simplified format,

```
[
    "xx1",
    "xx2",
    {
        id : "xxx3",
        sub: ["sub1","sub2"]
    }
]
Only id string
```

When call setHeader/setRows, the simplified format can be convert to,

3.13.1.1. Sets standard format

```
var block=new linb.UI.Block({width:200,height:200}).show();
var tg=new linb.UI.TreeGrid;
                               No row handler
tg.setRowHandler(false)-
.setHeader([
                                         Column's width
    {id:"col1", caption:"Name"},
     {id:"col2", caption:"Age", width:40}
]).setRows([
    {id:"row1",cells:[{
         value: 'Jack', caption: 'Jack
         value:23, caption: '23'
    }]},
    {id:"row2",cells:[{
         value:'John',caption:'John'
    },{
         value:32, caption: '32'
     }]}
]).show(block);
```

Name	Age	
Jack	23	
John	32	1

3.13.1.2. Sets simplified format

```
var block=new linb.UI.Block({width:200,height:200}).show();
var tg=new linb.UI.TreeGrid;
tg.setRowHandler(false)
.setHeader(["Name", "Age"])
.setRows([['Jack', 23], [John', 32]])
.show(block);

Only value input
.show(block);
```

3.13.2. getHeader

Calls getHeader function to return the header data. There are three format,

- **I** getHeader(): returns memory data;
- l getHeader("data"): returns the standard format data;
- l getHeader("min"): returns the simplified format data;

```
var block=new linb.UI.Block({width:200,height:200}).show();
var tg=new linb.UI.TreeGrid;
tg.setRowHandler(false)
.setHeader(["Name", "Age"])
.setRows([['Jack', 23], ['John', 32]])
.show(block);
linb.log(tg.getHeader());
linb.log(tg.getHeader("data"));
linb.log(tg.getHeader("min"));
```

3.13.3. getRows

Calls getRows function to return the rows data. Similarly, there are three format,

- l getRows (): returns memory data;
- l getRows ("data"): returns the standard format data;
- l getRows ("min"): returns the simplified format data;

```
var block=new linb.UI.Block({width:200,height:200}).show();
var tg=new linb.UI.TreeGrid;
tg.setRowHandler(false)
    .setHeader(["Name", "Age"])
    .setRows([[Jack', 23], [John', 32]])
    .show(block);
linb.log(tg.getRows("data"));
linb.log(tg.getRows("min"));
//console.log(tg.getRows());
There is circular reference in memory data,
can't be directly serialized
```



The rows memory data in firebug:

```
Object cells=[2] id=c _cells=Object _layer=0 _serialId=s_s, Object
      ells=[2]
               id=d_cells=Object_layer=0_serialId=r_b]
                             Object Hame=c_s Age=c_b

    _cells

 _layer
 _pid
 _rowMarkDisplay
                             "display:none"
                             "r_a"
  _serialId
  _tabindex
⊟ cells
                             [Object value=Jack row=Object col=Object serialId=cs, Object
                             value=28 _row=0bject _col=0bject _serialId=c_b0=Objectl=Object]
                             Object walue=/sek_row=Object_col=Object_serialId=c_s
 B 0
                             "Jack"
      _$tips
                             "Jack"
      _$value
                             Object id=Wame_cells=Object_serialId=h_a width=60

<u>■ _col</u>

                             Object cells=[2] id=s _cells=Object_layer=0 _serialId=r_s
    m_row
      _serialId
                             "c_a"
      value
  H 1
                             Object value=28 _row=Object _col=Object _serialId=c_b
  id
```

3.13.4. Active Modes

There are three active modes for TreeGrid:

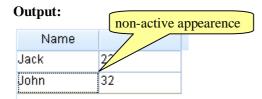
- I non-active appearance : activeMode is "none";
- I the row-active appearance: activeMode is "row";
- I the cell-active appearance: activeMode is "cell";

3.13.4.1. non-active appearance

Input:

```
var block=new linb.UI.Block({width:200,height:200}).show();
var tg=new linb.UI.TreeGrid;
tg.setRowHandler(false)
.setHeader(["Name", "Age"])
.setRows([['Jack', 23], ['John', 32]])
.setActiveMode("none")
.show(block)

. afterRowActive (function(profile,row){
    linb.message(row.id);
})
. afterCellActive (function(profile,cell){
    linb.message(cell.value);
})
```



3.13.4.2. row-active appearance

```
var block=new linb.UI.Block({width:200,height:200}).show();
var tg=new linb.UI.TreeGrid;
tg.setRowHandler(false)
.setHeader(["Name", "Age"])
.setRows([['Jack', 23], ['John', 32]])
.setActiveMode("row")
.show(block)

Will be fired

.afterRowActive (function(profile,row)){
    linb.message(row.id);
})
.afterCellActive (function(profile,cell){
    linb.message(cell.value);
})
```

```
Name non-active appearence

Jack

John 32
```

3.13.4.3. cell-active appearance

```
var block=new linb.UI.Block({width:200,height:200}).show();
var tg=new linb.UI.TreeGrid;
tg.setRowHandler(false)
.setHeader(["Name", "Age"])
.setRows([['Jack', 23], ['John', 32]])
.setActiveMode("cell")
.show(block)

.afterRowActive (function(profile,row){
    linb.message(row.id);
})
.afterCellActive (function(profile,cell){
    linb.message(cell.value);
})
Will be fired
```

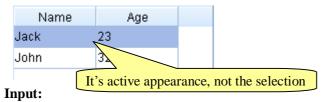


3.13.5. Selection Mode

There are five selection modes for TreeGrid:

- I Non-selection: activeMode is "none", or selMode is 'none'
- I Single row selection: activeMode is "row", and selMode is 'single'
- I Multi-rows selection: activeMode is "row", and selMode is 'multi'
- I Single cell selection: activeMode is "cell", and selMode is 'single'
- I Multi-cells selection: activeMode is "cell", and selMode is 'multi'

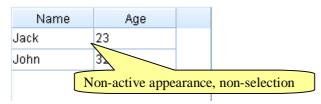
3.13.5.1. Non-selection



```
var block=new linb.UI.Block({width:200,height:200}).show();
var tg=new linb.UI.TreeGrid;
tg.setRowHandler(false)
.setHeader(["Name", "Age"])
.setRows([[Jack', 23], [John', 32]])
.setActiveMode("none")
.setSelMode("none")
.show(block)

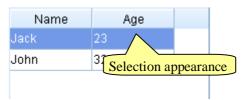
Won't be fired
.afterUIValueSet(function(profile,ovalue,value){
    linb.message(value);
});
```

Output:



3.13.5.2. Single row selection

Input:



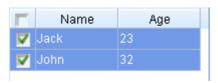
3.13.5.3. Multi-row selection

Input:

```
var block=new linb.UI.Block({width:200,height:200}).show();
var tg=new linb.UI.TreeGrid;
tg.setRowHandlerWidth(24)
.setHeader(["Name", "Age"])
.setRows([['Jack', 23], [John', 32]])
.setSelMode("multi")
Sets to 'multi' mode
.show(block)

.afterUIValueSet(function(profile,ovalue,value){
    linb.message(value);
});
Will be fired
```

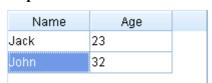
Output:



3.13.5.4. Single cell selection

Input:

Output:



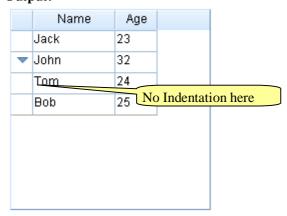
3.13.5.5. Multi-cells selection

Name	Age	
Jack	23	
John	32	

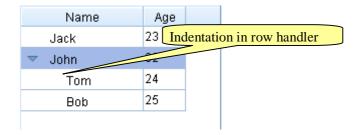
3.13.6. The Tree Grid

Input:

Output:



```
var block=new linb.UI.Block({width:200,height:200}).show();
var tg=new linb.UI.TreeGrid;
                                             Grid handler caption
tg.setRowHandlerWidth(20)
.setGridHandlerCaption("Name")
. set Row Handler Width (80) \\
.setHeader([
                                           Row's caption
     {id:"col2", caption:"Age", width:40}
]).setRows([
     {id:"row1",caption: 'Jack',cells:[23]},
     {id:"row2",caption: 'John',cells:[32],
     sub:[{id:"row21",caption: 'Tom',cells:[24]},
            {id:"row22", caption: 'Bob',cells:[25]}
    ]}
]).show(block)
```

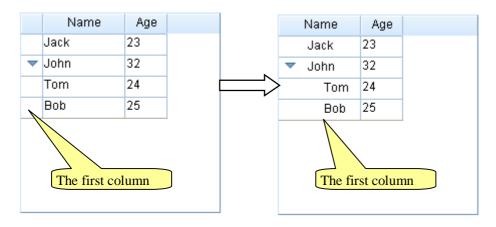


3.13.7. Column config

3.13.7.1. The first column

In order to show the first column, you have to set rowHandler to [true].

Input:



上一节中缩进的例子

3.13.7.2. Column width

Input:

```
var block=new linb.UI.Block({width:240,height:200}).show();
var tg=new linb.UI.TreeGrid;
                                          The first column's width
tg.setRowHandlerWidth(80)
.setGridHandlerCaption("Name")
.setHeader([
                                                 Column's width
    {id:"col1", caption:"Age", width:40},
    {id:"col2", caption:"Part-time", width:90}
]).setRows([
     {id:"row1",caption:'Jack',cells:[23, true]},
     {id:"row2",caption:'John',cells:[32, false]}
]).show(block)
_.asyRun(function(){
                                                    Modify column width dynamically
    tg.updateHeader("col2", {width:70});
},1000);
```

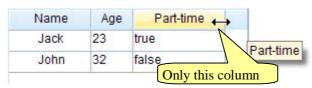
Output:

Name	Age	Part-time	
Jack	23	true	
John	32	false	

3.13.7.3. Drag&Drop to modify column width

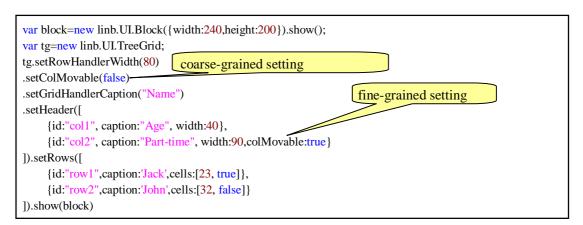
"colResizer" property in TreeGrid determines whether the column width can be modified with Drag&Drop. Each column can include a "colResizer" property too. The "colResizer" property in column has higher priority than in TreeGrid.

In jsLInb, "fine-grained Setting has higher priority than coarse-grained" is a base rule.



3.13.7.4. Drag&Drop to modify column position

Input:



Output:



3.13.7.5. Default Sorting

Name	Age	Part-time _▽
Jack :	23	true
John :	32	fa Sorting icon

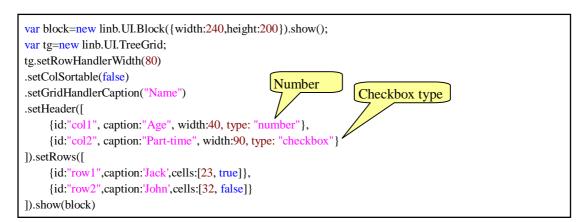
3.13.7.6. Custom Sorting

3.13.7.7. Hide columns



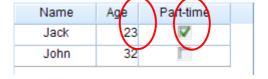
3.13.7.8. Setting Cell Types in column header

Input:



Output:

Name	Age	Part-time	
Jack	23	true	
John	32	false	



3.13.7.9. column header style



3.13.7.10. column header icon

Input:



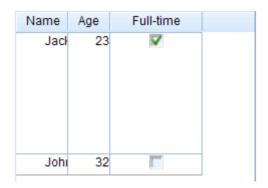
3.13.7.11. Update column header dynamically

```
var block=new linb.UI.Block({width:240,height:200}).show();
var tg=new linb.UI.TreeGrid;
tg.setGridHandlerCaption("Name")
.setHeader([
     {id:"col1", caption:"Age", width:40, type: "number"},
     {id:"col2", caption:"Part-time", width:90, type: "checkbox"}
]).setRows([
     {id:"row1",caption:'Jack',cells:[23, true]},
     {id:"row2",caption:'John',cells:[32, false]}
]).show(block)
                                        Updates caption only
_.asyRun(function(){
                                                           Those properties are updatable
    tg.updateHeader('col2','Full-time')
},1000)
_.asyRun(function(){
    tg.updateHeader('col2', {caption: 'Part-time', width: 40, headerStyle: 'font-weight: bold', colResizer: false,
colSortable:false, colMovable:true, colHidable:true})
},2000)
```

3.13.8. Row config

3.13.8.1. Row height

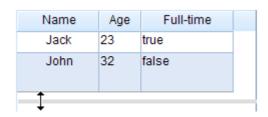
Input:



3.13.8.2. Drag&Drop to modify row height

Input:

Output:



3.13.8.3. Setting cell type in row

Name	Age	Part-time	
Jack	23	✓	
John	32		

Jack	00
Jack	23
John 32	false

3.13.8.4. Row style

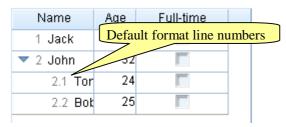
Input:

Output:

Name	Age	Full-time	
Jack	23	✓	
John	32		

3.13.8.5. Row numbers

```
var block=new linb.UI.Block({width:240,height:200}).show();
var tg=new linb.UI.TreeGrid;
tg.setRowHandlerWidth(80)
                                     To show row numbers
.setRowNumbered(true)
.setGridHandlerCaption("Name")
.setHeader([
     {id:"col1", caption:"Age", width:40, type: "number"},
     {id:"col2", caption:"Full-time", width:90, type: "checkbox", width:90, type: "checkbox"}
]).setRows([
     {id:"row1",caption:'Jack',cells:[23]},
     {id:"row2",caption:'John',cells:[32],
     sub:[{id:"row21",caption:'Tom',cells:[24]},
            {id:"row22",caption:'Bob',cells:[25]}
    1}
]).show(block)
```



3.13.8.6. Custom row numbers

Input:

```
var block=new linb.UI.Block({width:240,height:200}).show();
var tg=new linb.UI.TreeGrid;
tg.setRowHandlerWidth(80)
.setRowNumbered(true)
.setGridHandlerCaption("姓名")
.setHeader([
     {id:"col1", caption:"Age", width:40, type: "number"},
     {id:"col2", caption:"Full-time", width:90, type: "checkbox", width:90, type: "checkbox"}
]).setRows([
     {id:"row1",caption:'Jack',cells:[23]},
     {id:"row2",caption:'John',cells:[32],
      sub:[{id:"row21",caption:'Tom',cells:[24]},
            {id:"row22",caption:'Bob',cells:[25]}
    ]}
                                                          Custom function
1)
.setCustomFunction('getNumberedStr',function(no){
    var a=no.split('.');
    a[0]={1:T,2:T'}[a[0]];
    return a.join('-')
.show(block)
```

Name	Age	Full-time	
l Jack	23		
▼ II John	32		
II-1 Tor	24		
II-2 Bok	25		

3.13.8.7. Alternate Row Colors

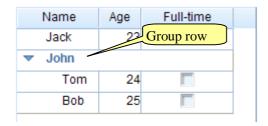
Input:

```
var block=new linb.UI.Block({width:240,height:200}).show();
var tg=new linb.UI.TreeGrid;
tg.setRowHandlerWidth(80)
                                     Sets alternate bg color
.setAltRowsBg (true)
.setGridHandlerCaption("Name")
.setHeader([
     {id:"col1", caption:"Age", width:40, type: "number"},
     {id:"col2", caption:"Full-time", width:90, type: "checkbox"}
]).setRows([
     {id:"row1",caption:'Jack',cells:[23]},
     {id:"row2",caption:'John',cells:[32],
      sub:[{id:"row21",caption:'Tom',cells:[24]},
            {id:"row22",caption:'Bob',cells:[25]}
    ]}
]).show(block)
```

Output:

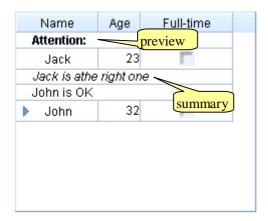
Name	Age	Full-time	
Jack	23		
▼ John	32		
Tom	24		
Bob	25		

3.13.8.8. Group



3.13.8.9. Preview and Summary region

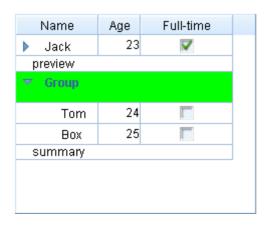
```
var block=new linb.UI.Block({width:240,height:200}).show();
var tg=new linb.UI.TreeGrid;
tg.setRowHandlerWidth(80)
.setGridHandlerCaption("Name")
.setHeader([
     {id:"col1", caption:"Age", width:40, type: "number"},
                                                                                       summary
     {id:"col2", caption:"Full-time", width:90, type: "checkbox'
                                                                      preview
]).setRows([
    {id:"row1",caption:'Jack',cells:[23], preview: '<strong>Attention:</strong>',summary: '<em>Jack is athe
right one</em>'},
     {id:"row2",caption:'John',cells:[32], preview: 'John is OK',
      sub:[{id:"row21",caption:'Tom',cells:[24]},
            \{id: "row22", caption: "Bob', cells: [25]\}
    ]}
]).show(block)
```



3.13.8.10. Update row dynamically

Input:

```
var block=new linb.UI.Block({width:240,height:200}).show();
var tg=new linb.UI.TreeGrid;
tg.setRowHandlerWidth ({\color{red}80}).setGridHandlerCaption ("Name")
.setHeader([
{id:"col1", caption:"Age", width:40, type: "number"},{id:"col2", caption:"Full-time", width:90, type:
"checkbox"}
]).setRows([
     {id:"row1",caption:'Jack',cells:[23, true]},
     {id:"row2",caption:'John',cells:[32],
      sub: \hspace*{-0.1cm} [\{id: "row21", caption: "Tom', cells: [24]\}, \\
            {id:"row22",caption:'Box',cells:[25]}
                                       Updates row caption only
]).show(block)
_.asyRun(function(){
     tg.updateRow('row2', 'Jerry')
                                                           These properties are updatable
},1000)
_.asyRun(function(){
    tg.updateRow('row2', {caption: 'Group', height: 30, rowStyle: background-color: #00ff00;', rowResizer: false,
group:true, preview:'preview', summary:'summary'})
},2000)
                                                             Updates all sub rows
_.asyRun(function(){
    tg.updateRow('row1', {sub:[{value:"Kate",cells:[24,true]}]})
},3000)
```



3.13.9. Cell config

3.13.9.1. Cell types

These types are support:

I 'label': readonly text;

I 'button': the button;

I 'input': single line input;

I 'textarea': multi lines input;

I 'number': number only input;

I 'currency': currency only input;

I 'progress': the progress appearance;

I 'combobox': combo input;

I 'listbox': readonly combo input;

I 'getter': for getting data;

I 'helpinput': help data input;

I 'cmdbox': command box input;

I 'popbox': pop box input;

I 'time': time input;

I 'date': date input;

I 'color': color input;

Jack 23 true John 32	Name	Age	Full-time
John 32	Jack	23	true
	John	32	

3.13.9.2. Cell style

Input:



3.13.9.3. Update cell dynamically

Input:

```
var block=new linb.UI.Block({width:240,height:200}).show();
var tg=new linb.UI.TreeGrid;
tg.setRowHandlerWidth(80).setGridHandlerCaption("Name")
.setHeader([
{id:"col1", caption:"Age", width:40, type: "number"},{id:"col2", caption:"Full-time", width:90, type:
"checkbox"}
]).setRows([
     {id:"row1",caption:'Jack',cells:[23, true]},
     {id:"row2",caption:'John',cells:[32]}
                                           Updates value only
]).show(block)
_.asyRun(function(){
     tg.updateCellByRowCol('row2','col1', 18)
},1000)
                                                   These properties are updatable
_.asyRun(function(){
     tg.update Cell By Row Col('row2','col1', \{value: \textcolor{red}{18}, cell Style: \textcolor{red}{background-color: \#00ff00;'}\})
},2000)
                                                               Updates cell type
_.asyRun(function(){
     tg.updateCellByRowCol \quad ('row2','col1', \quad \{type: "listbox", value: "20", \\
                                                                                 editorListItems:["20","30","40"],
editable:true})
},3000)
```

3.13.10. Editable

"editable" property in TreeGrid determines whether the TreeGrid is editable or not . Each column / row / cell has this property too. Those setting follow "Fine-grained priority principle".

- I TreeGrid's editable =>false; cell's editable=>true: only this cell is editable
- I TreeGrid's editable =>false; column header's editable=>true: only this column is editable
- I TreeGrid's editable =>false; row's editable=>true: only this row is editable
- I TreeGrid's editable =>true; cell's editable=>true: only this cell is uneditable
- I TreeGrid's editable =>true; column header's editable=>false: only this column is uneditable
- I TreeGrid's editable =>true; row's editable=> false: only this row is uneditable

It should be noted that, cells in Row handler are uneditalbe; cells with 'label' or 'button' type are uneditable.

3.13.10.1. Editable TreeGrid

Input:

```
var block=new linb.UI.Block({width:240,height:200}).show();
var tg=new linb.UI.TreeGrid;
tg.setRowHandler(false)
.setEditable(true) -
                         Sets editable
.setHeader([
                                                                  List for editor
{id:"col1", caption:"Name", width:60, type: 'input'},
{id:"col2", caption:"Age", width:40, type: "number"},
{id:"col3", caption:"Gender", width:40, type: "listbox", editorListItems:[{id:'male',caption:'Male'},{id:'female',
caption:'Female'\}]\}
]).setRows([
                                                  Value and caption
    ['Jack',23, {value:'male',caption:'Male'}]__
    ['John',25, {value:'female',caption:'Female'}]
]).show(block)
```

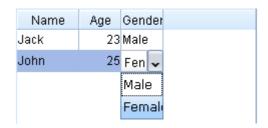
Output:



3.13.10.2. Editable column

Input:

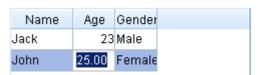
```
var block=new linb.UI.Block({width:240,height:200}).show();
var tg=new linb.UI.TreeGrid;
tg.setRowHandler(false)
.setEditable(false) -
                         Sets uneditable
.setHeader([
                                                           This column is editable
{id:"col1", caption:"Name", width:60, type: 'input'},
{id: "col2", caption: "Age", width: 40, type: "number"},
{id:"col3",
                   caption:"Gender",
                                               width:40,
                                                                                "listbox",
                                                                                                   editable:true,
                                                                  type:
editorListItems:[{id:'male',caption:'Male'},{id:'female', caption:'Female'}]}
]).setRows([
    ['Jack',23, {value:'male',caption:'Male'}],
    ['John',25, {value:'female',caption:'Female'}]
]).show(block)
```



3.13.10.3. Editable row

Input:

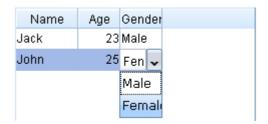
Output:



3.13.10.4. Editable cell

Input:

```
var block=new linb.UI.Block({width:240,height:200}).show();
var tg=new linb.UI.TreeGrid;
tg.setRowHandler(false)
.setEditable(false) -
                         Sets uneditable
.setHeader([
{id:"col1", caption:"Name", width:60, type: 'input'},
{id:"col2", caption:"Age", width:40, type: "number"},
{id:"col3", caption:"Gender", width:40, type: "listbox", editorListItems:[{id:'male', caption:'Male'}, {id:'female',
caption:'Female' ]]
                                                  Only this cell is editable
]).setRows([
    ['Jack',23, {value:'male', caption:'Male'}],
    ['John',25, {value: female', caption: Female',
                                                 editable:true }]
]).show(block)
```



3.13.10.5. The Editor

When a cell is set to editable, "active this cell" will show a corresponding editor. There are the following editors for different cell types.

I 'label': readonly; no editor

I 'button': readonly; no editor

I 'input': normal linb.UI.Input control

I 'textarea': multi lines linb.UI.Input control

I 'number': number only linb.UI.Input control

I 'currency': currency only linb.UI.Input control

I 'progress': linb.UI.ComboInput control, spin

I 'combobox': linb.UI.ComboInput control, combobox

l 'listbox': linb.UI.ComboInput control, listbox

I 'getter': linb.UI.ComboInput control, getter

I 'helpinput': linb.UI.ComboInput control, helpinput

I 'cmdbox': linb.UI.ComboInput control, cmdbox

I 'popbox': linb.UI.ComboInput control, popbox

I 'time': linb.UI.ComboInput control, time

I 'date': linb.UI.ComboInput control, date

I 'color': linb.UI.ComboInput control, color

```
var block=new linb.UI.Block({width:300,height:340}).show();
var tg=new linb.UI.TreeGrid;
tg.setRowHandler(false)
.setEditable(true)
.setHeader(["Type","Cell UI"]).setRows([
     {cells:['label', {type: 'label', value: 'label'}]},
     {cells:[button',{type:button',value:button'}]},
     {cells:['input', {type:'input', value:'input'}]},
     {cells:['textarea', {type:'textarea', value:'textarea'}]},
     \{cells: ['number', \{type: 'number', value: '1.23'\}]\},
     \{cells: ['currencty', \{type: 'number', value: '21.23'\}]\},
     {cells:['progress', {type:'progress', value:'0.85'}]},
     {cells:['combobox', {type:'combobox', value:'combobox'}]},
     {cells:['listbox', {type: 'listbox', value: 'listbox'}]},
     {cells:['getter', {type:'getter', value:'getter'}]},
     {cells:['helpinput', {type:'helpinput', value:'helpinput'}]},
     {cells:['cmdbox', {type:'cmdbox', value:'cmdbox'}]},
     {cells:['popbox',{type:'popbox',value:'popbox'}]},
     {cells:['time', {type:'time', value:'12:08'}]},
     {cells:['date', {type:'date', value:(new Date).getTime()}]},
     {cells:['color', {type:'color', value:'#00ff00'}]}
]).show(block)
```

Туре	Cell UI
label	label
button	button
input	input
textarea	textarea
number	1.23
progress	85%
combobox	combobox
listbox	listbox
getter	getter
helpinput	helpinput
cmdbox	cmdbox
popbox	popbox
timepicker	12:08
datepicker	7/29/2009
colorpicker	#00FF00

3.13.10.6. Custom the editor

```
var block=new linb.UI.Block({width:300,height:340}).show();
var tg=new linb.UI.TreeGrid;
tg.setRowHandler(false)
.setEditable(true)
.setHeader(["Type","Cell UI "]).setRows([
     {cells:['email', {type:'email', value:'a@b.com'}]},
     {cells:['popwnd',{type:'popwnd',value:'value'}]}
])
                                                            Return the custom editor
. before IniEditor(function(profile, cell, cellNode) \{\\
                                                            Linb.U.Input or CombInput
    var t=cell.type;
    if(t=='email'){
         var\ editor = new\ linb.UI.Input(\{valueFormat: "^[\\w\.=-]+@[\\w\\.-]+\\.[\\w\\.-]\{2,4\}$"});
         return editor;
    if(t=='popwnd'){
          var dlg=linb.prompt('Specify it','Update',cell.value, function(value){
              if(cell.value!==value)
                    profile.boxing().updateCell(cell, value);
          dlg.getRoot().cssPos(cellNode.offset());
         return false;
                                Return false for advanced custom editor
}).show(block);
```



3.13.11. Add/Remove rows

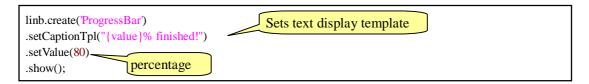
```
var block=new linb.UI.Block({width:240,height:200}).show();
var tg=new linb.UI.TreeGrid;
tg.setRowHandler(false)
.setEditable(true)
.setHeader([
{id:"col1", caption:"Name", width:60, type: 'input'},
{id:"col2", caption:"Age", width:40, type: "number"}
]).setRows([
    {id:'row1',cells:['Jack',23]},
    \{id: 'row2', cells: ['John', 25]\}
]).show(block);
_.asyRun(function(){
                                    Adds a empty row
    tg.insertRows([[]])
_.asyRun(function(){
                                         Adds a new row
    tg.insertRows(["Tom",30])
},2000);
_.asyRun(function(){
                                                                    Adds two rows
    tg.insertRows([{id:'row3',cells:['Jerry',19]},['Mark',31]])
},3000);
_.asyRun(function(){
    tg.removeRows('row1')
                                    Removes a row by id
},4000);
_.asyRun(function(){
                                           Removes two row by ids
    tg.removeRows(['row2','row3']) -
},5000);
                                                                    Adds a row to the top
_.asyRun(function(){
    tg.insertRows([{id:'row4',cells:['Jack',23]}],null,null,true)
_.asyRun(function(){
                                                         Adda a row next to 'row1'
    tg.insertRows([['John',23]],null,'row1',false) -
```

NOTE

chapter2/TGDynamic\index.html is an overall example for ThreeGrid
chapter2/TreeGrid.Paging\index.html is another example for multi pages

3.14. Other standard controls

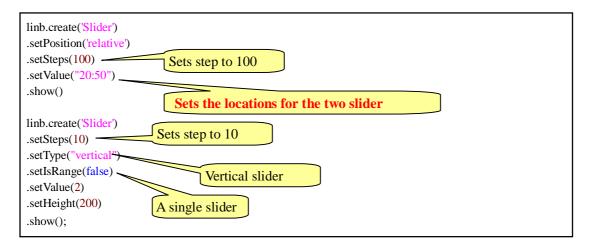
3.14.1. ProgressBar

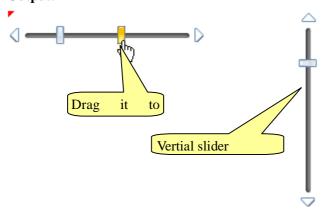


```
80% finished!
```

3.14.2. Slider

Input:





3.14.3. Image

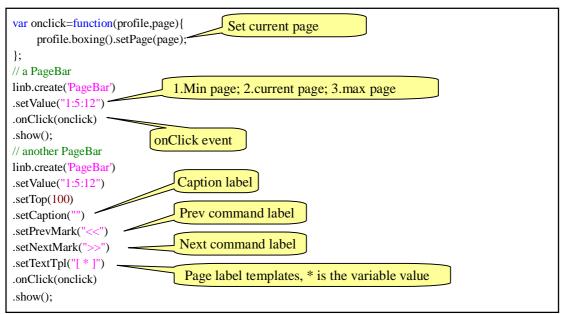
```
linb.create("Image")
.setSrc("img/a.gif")
.afterLoad(function(){
    linb.message("The picture is loaded "):
})
.show();

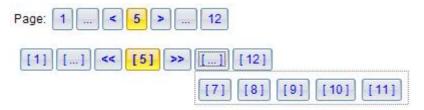
The image was loaded successful

linb.create("Image")
.setSrc("img/b.gif")
.beforeLoad(function(){
    return false;
})
.show()
```

3.14.4. PageBar

Input:





Chapter 4. Data exchanging(Ajax)

jsLinb is a client-side solution, it can work with any backend (php, .Net, Java, python) or static HTML pages. Client-side and backend is completely decoupled. Client-side does not need to care what kind of technique is used in the backend. Client-side sends request to, and gets response from a given backend service(e.g. JSON service, REST service).

There are three IO class in jsLinb:

- l linb.Ajax: An AJAX wrapper for xmlHttp object. It's features:
 - **n** Can only access the same domain by default;
 - **n** Works both synchronous and asynchronous;
 - **n** Works both 'get' and 'post' methods;
 - n Returns string.
- l linb.SAjax: An AJAX wrapper for "script tag". It's features:
 - **n** Cross domain;
 - **n** Asynchronous only;
 - **n** Can not post data;
 - n Returned content is packaged as javascript's Object inb.SAjax send request data includes a "callback" parameter (default is "linb.SAjax.\$response"), and a "id" parameter (the uniquely identify).

Server's return data must be the following format:

```
linb.SAjax.$response({id: "12483145855311"/*,data*/})
```

- l linb.IAjax: An AJAX wrapper for "iframe". It's features:
 - n Cross domain;
 - **n** Asynchronous only;
 - n Can update file;
 - **n** Works both 'get' and 'post' methods;
 - n Returned content is packaged as javascript's Object inb.IAjax send request data includes an "id" parameter (the uniquely identify).

Server's return data must be the following format:

```
<script type='text' id='json'>{"id": "12483161278402"/*,data*/}]}</script>
<script type='text/javascript'>
window.name=document.getElementById('json').innerHTML;
</script>
```

"linb.request" function can choose an appropriate class from linb.Ajax, linb.SAjax or linb.IAjax automatically, according to requested domain, 'GET/POST' method and other information.

NOTE

Examples in this chapter works only as a http url, do not double-click directly to open.

4.1. Fiddler

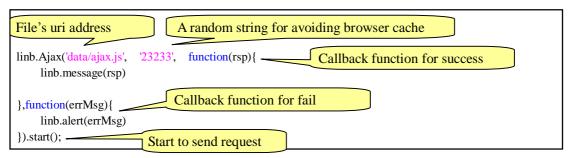
In order to understand the data exchanges process better, you need a tool like Fiddler to monitor network traffic.

Go to http://www.fiddler2.com/fiddler2/ to get Fiddler.

Fiddler can configure IE proxy automatically, but if you are in firefox, chrome or opera, you need to configure the proxy by manual (Fiddler proxy: 127.0.0.1:8888). Of course, you can find some firefox proxy plug-ins to help you.

4.2. To get the contents of the file

linb.Ajax can get file contents easily.



In Fiddler:



4.3. Synchronous data exchange

Only linb. Ajax support synchronous data exchanging.

```
var url="chapter3/request.php";
linb.Ajax(url, {
    key:'test',
    para:{p1:'para 1'}
},function(rsp){
    linb.log(rsp);
},function(errMsg){
    linb.alert(errMsg)
}, null, {
    asy:false
}).start();
```

In fiddler:

The request:

GET /jsLinb2.2/cases/chapter3/request.php?WTBW22keyW22W3AW22testW22W2CW20W22paraW22W3AW7BW22p1W22W3AW22paraW201W22W7DW7D HTTP/1.1

The response:

```
        Transformer
        Headers
        TextView
        ImageView
        HexView
        WebView
        JSON
        Auth
        Caching
        Privacy
        Raw

        {"data":[{"p1":"para 1", "p2":"server_set", "time":"2009-07-23 03:05:39", "rand":"03-05-397jaso7bqm0f8op0rw"}]}
```

This is an asynchronous request:

```
var url="chapter3/request.php";
linb.Ajax(url, {
    key:'test',
    para:{p1:'para 1'}
},function(rsp){
    linb.log(rsp);
},function(errMsg){
    linb.alert(errMsg)
}).start();
```

4.4. Cross-domain

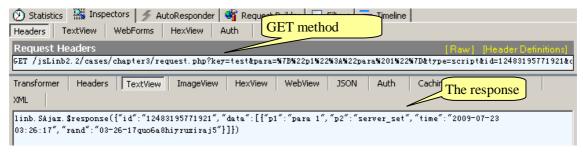
linb.SAjax and linb.IAjax can be used for calling Cross Domain Web Services. But only linb.IAjax can post data and upload file.

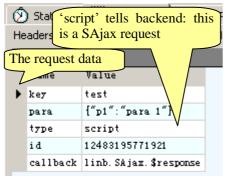
4.4.1. To monitor SAjax

Code:

```
var url="chapter3/request.php";
linb.SAjax(url, {
    key:'test',
    para:{p1:'para 1'}
},function(rsp){
    linb.log(rsp);
},function(errMsg){
    linb.alert(errMsg)
}).start();
Request data
```

In Fiddler:



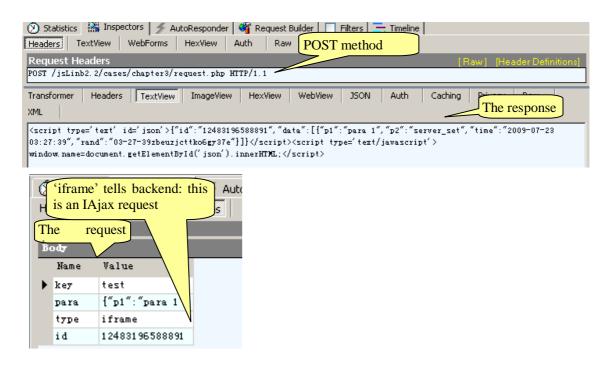


4.4.2. To monitor IAjax

Code:

```
var url="chapter3/request.php";
linb.IAjax(url, {
    key:'test',
    para:{p1:'para 1'}
},function(rsp){
    linb.log(rsp);
},function(errMsg){
    linb.alert(errMsg)
}).start();
Request data
```

In Fiddler:



By default, IAajax use "POST" method, you can specify method in options.

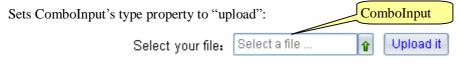
```
var url="chapter3/request.php";
linb.IAjax(url, {
    key:'test',
    para:{p1:'para 1'}
},function(rsp){
    linb.log(rsp);
},function(errMsg){
    linb.alert(errMsg)
},null,{
    method: 'get'
}).start();
Switch to GET method
```

4.5. File Upload

Only linb.UI.IAjax can upload file.

This code in this section is in "chapter3/upload/".

4.5.1. Selecting upload file with ComboInput



chapter3/upload/index.html

4.5.2. Upload by IAjax

```
Class('App', 'linb.Com', {
                                                         Created by Designer
   Instance:{
          iniComponents:function(){
               // [[code created by jsLinb UI Builder
                var host=this, children=[], append=function(child){children.push(child.get(0))};
               append((new linb.UI.SLabel)
                     .setHost(host, "slabel1")
                     .setLeft(40)
                     .setTop(44)
                     .setCaption("Select your file: ")
               );
               append((new linb.UI.ComboInput)
                     . setHost(host, "upload")
                                                       Upload control
                     .setLeft(140)
                     .setTop(40)
                     .setWidth(140)
                     .setReadonly(true)
                     .setType("upload")
                     .setValue("Select a file ...")
               );
               append((new linb.UI.SButton)
                     . setHost(host, "sbutton3")
                     .setLeft(290)
                     .setTop(40)
                     .setCaption("Upload it")
                     .onClick("_sbutton3_onclick")
               );
               return children;
               // ]]code created by jsLinb UI Builder
                                                                       Getting file content
           _sbutton3_onclick:function (profile, e, src, value) }
                var file=this.upload.getUploadObj();
                                                                 IAjax upload
               if(file){
                     linb. IA jax (`../request.php', \{key: \verb|'upload', para: \{ \}, file: file \}, function (rsp) \{ file: file \}, function (rsp) \}
                          linb.alert(rsp.data.message); -
                                                                      Successful return
                     },function(errMsg){
                          linb.alert(errMsg)
                     }).start();
});
```

4.6. A request wrapper for real application

In practical applications, you can choose linb.Ajax, linb.SAjax and linb.IAjax according to the

actual situation. Usually, we will wrap a common function or class to handle all data interaction with the backend service. This is an example wrapper. Just for your reference.

```
request=function(service,
                                     Service url address
     requestData,
     onOK,
                                     Request data (key/value pairs)
     onStart,
     onEnd,
                                     Callback for successful call
     file
              File to upload
){
                                     Callback for onStart and onEnd
     _.tryF(onStart);
     linb.observableRun(function(threadid){
          var options;
          if(file){
               requestData.file=file;
               options={method:'post'};
          linb.request(service, requestData, function(rsp){
              if(typeof rsp=='string')
                                                    linb. Ajax returns string, not js object
                   rsp=_.unserialize(rsp);
              if(rsp){
                   if(!rsp.error)
                         _.tryF(onOK, [rsp]);
                    else
                         linb.pop(_.serialize(rsp.error));
               }else{
                    linb.pop(_.serialize(rsp));
               _.tryF(onEnd);
          },function(rsp){
              linb.pop(_.serialize(rsp));
               _.tryF(onEnd);
          }, threadid, options)
     });
};
```

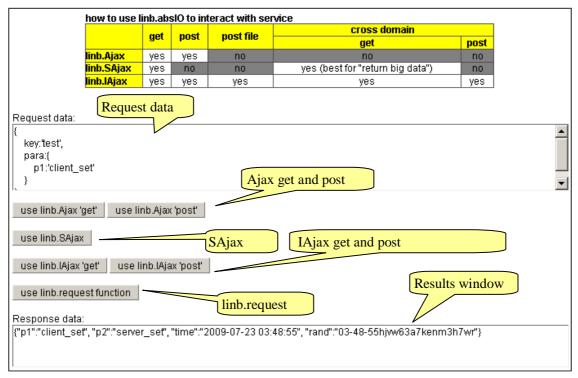
4.7. XML Data

If the server returns xml data, we can use linb.XML to convert the XML data into JSON data.

```
linb.Ajax('data/ajax.xml', ", function(rsp){
    alert (rsp)
    var obj = linb.XML.xml2json(linb.XML.parseXML(rsp));
    linb.pop(obj.message);
},function(errMsg){
    linb.alert(errMsg)
}).start();
```

4.8. An overall example

The following is an overall example for data exchanging.



Chapter3/io/index.html

Chapter 5. Distributed UI

Sometimes, especially in larger applications, we maybe save a large "not frequently used" UI Class into a separate file. This file will not be loaded at the beginning.

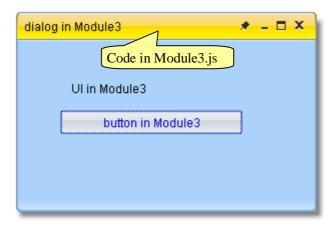
When the application needs to show the UI, the program will automatically load code from the "separate file". It is so called "distributed UI". This "distributed UI" file can be in your server, or in different domain remote servers.

5.1. Shows dialog from a remote file

There's a file "Module3.js" in folder "cases\chapter4\distributed\App\js\", "Module3.js" includes a Class named "App.Module3". Let's try to call it.

Input:

Output:



And try to load code and create UI from a difference domain.

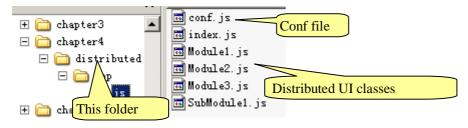
5.2. linb.Com and linb.ComFactory

In fact, most of the actual business applications will not load code from a foreign domain. From another perspective, most of "Distributed UI" files are put in the application directory.

In this case, we can use linb.Com and linb.ComFactory to load those "distributed UI". In order to use this approach, all those Classes must be derived from the linb.Com, named according to specified rules, and put into the specified directory.

linb.ComFactory implements a management mechanism for the linb.Com. It can follow a specified rule (finding file path from the class name) to load code from a remote file.

There 's an overall example in "chapter4/distributed", we can browse it for detail.



5.2.1. linb.ComFactory config

In conf.js:

Loading this configuration to linb.ComFactory:

linb. ComFactory. set Profile (CONF. ComFactory Profile);

5.2.2. linb.Com.Load

In file index.html,

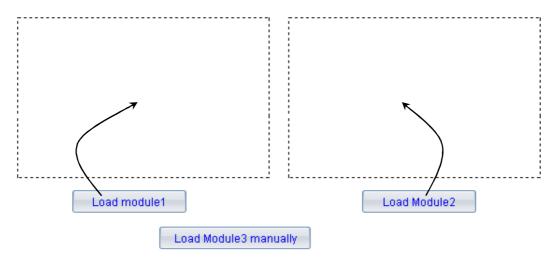
```
linb.Com.load ('App'); To load and show the firs UI Class
```

The above code will try to find file named "index.js" from "distributed/App/js/", create an instance (new App), and show the instance to DOM.

Output:

Loading code from outside dynamically!

Get Module code from out file on the fly, and append module UI to the current page



5.2.3. newCom and getCom

In index.js, onClick event for "Load module3 manually" button is:

[linb.CombFactory.newCom("App.Module3"..], will:

- I find file "Module3.js" in "distributed/App/js/"
- l load code from file "Module3.js";
- I create new instance,;
- I call the callback function.

Note: newCom use "Class Name" to load code.

onClick event for "Load module1" button is:

[linb.CombFactory.newCom(``module1"...], will:

- I find config from linb.CombFactory
- I find file "Module1.js" in "distributed/App/js/"
- l load code from file "Module1.js";
- create new instance.:
- l call the callback function.

onClick event for "Load module2" button is:

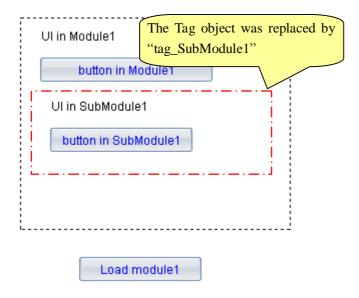
By default, the instance created by "getCom" is singleton, and will be cached in inb.CombFactory.

5.2.4. linb.UI.Tag

There's a linb.UI.Tag object in file Module1.js:

```
host.panelMain.append((new linb.UI.Tag)
.host(host,"tag2")
.setLeft(20)
.setTop(70)
.setWidth(218)
.setHeight(98)
.setTagKey("tag_SubModule1")
);
```

Here, this Tag object configures size and position properties for module "tag_SubModule1". When the instance of Module1 was created, according to the Tag object' info, system will load the "tag_SubModule1" automatically, and set size and position properties to it. Then, system will replace the Tag object with "tag_SubModule1" object, and destroy the Tag object.



5.2.5. Destroy com

Call com's **destroy**() function to destroy the Class instance;

Call Class.destroy("class name") to destroy the Class itself.

If you used "getCom('module name')" to create an com instance, you have to call "linb.ComFactory.setCom ('module name', null)" to clear that cache.

5.2.6. If com exists in memory

If a com exists in memory already, we can call it directly:

```
linb('body').append(new App.Acom);
```

Chapter 6. Some fundamental things

6.1. Pop-up window

6.1.1. alert window

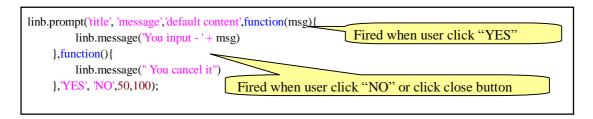




6.1.2. confirm window

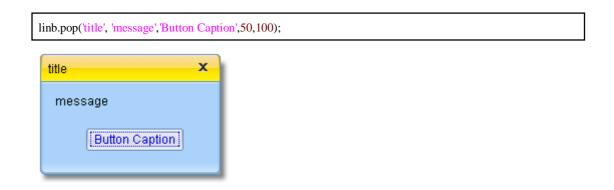


6.1.3. prompt window





6.1.4. pop window



6.2. Asynchronous execution

6.2.1. asyRun

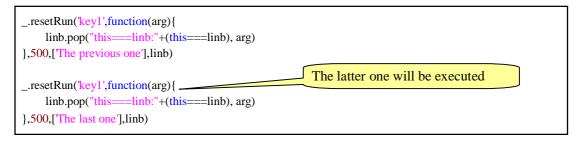
_.asyRun is a wrapper for settimeout.

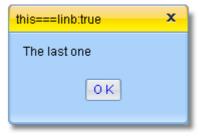
```
_.asyRun(function(arg1,arg2){ Function body
linb.pop("this===linb:"+(this===linb), arg1+":"+arg2)
},

Delay 500 ms
['arg1','arg2'], parameters
linb) scope
```

6.2.2. resetRun

_asyRun is a wrapper for set timeout too. But it has an unique id. When you set another function with the same id, the latter will cover the former.

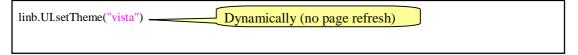




6.3. Skin switcher

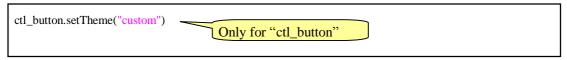
6.3.1. Switch skin for whole application

There are three system skins in jsLinb3.0: default, vista and aqua. You can use linb.UI.setTheme to switch the skin.



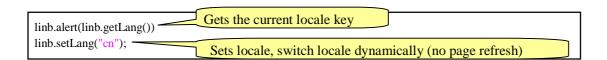
6.3.2. Change skin for a single control

It's a fine-grained mechanism.

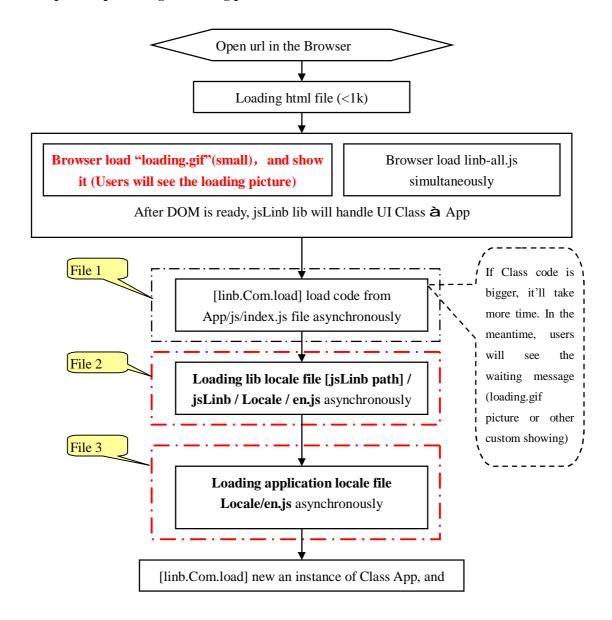


In this case, developer needs to define CSS class for this "custom".

6.4. Locale switcher



Example "chapter5\lang" loading process:

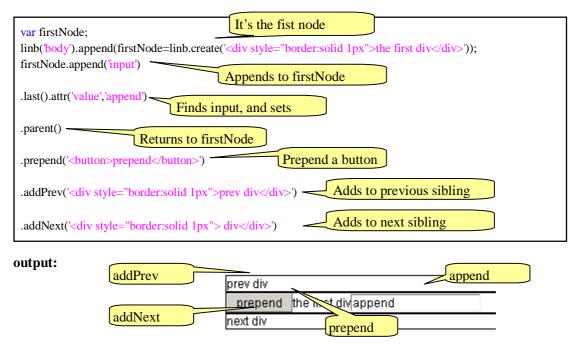


6.5. DOM Manipulation

Class "linb.Dom" is a wrapper for cross-browser DOM Manipulation. It can: create / remove elements; manage elements' attributes; manage elements' CSS; manage elements' events.

6.5.1. Node generation and insertion

Input:



6.5.2. Attributes and CSS

```
var node:
linb('body').append(node=linb.create('div'));
                                                  Sets contents
node.html('content<input value="ini">');
                                             Updates CSS border
_.asyRun(function(){
    node.css('border','solid 1px'); -
},1000);
                                                    Gets CSS fontSize
_.asyRun(function(){
    linb.message(node.css('fontSize'))
                                                             Updates fontSize and backgorund
    node.css(\{background: \#00ff00', fontSize: '16px'\});\\
},2000);
_.asyRun(function(){
                                                                 Updates all style
    node.attr('style', 'border:none; font-size:18px;')
},3000);
_.asyRun(function(){
                                                     Gets input' value attr
    linb.message(node.last().attr('value'))
    node.last().attr('value', 'updated');
                                                 Updated input's value attr
},4000);
```

6.5.3. className

There are five function to handle CSS className:

- l hasClass: Determines whether a specified class exists or not
- I addClass: Adds classes to the current DOM nodes
- I removeClass: Removes classes from the current DOM nodes
- I replaceClass: Replaces classes for the current DOM nodes
- tagClass: Adds/Removes a tag to all classes of the current DOM nodes

```
var node;
linb('body').append(node=linb.create('div'));
                                                  Adds classes
_.asyRun(function(){
                                                       Determines whether a class
    node.addClass("cls1 cls2 cls3");
                                                       name exists or not
    linb.message(node.hasClass('cls2'));
    node.text(node.attr('className'));
},1000);
                                          Removes
_.asyRun(function(){
    node.removeClass("cls2");
    node.text(node.attr('className'));
},2000);
                                        Modifies
_.asyRun(function(){
    node.replaceClass(/cls/g, "class");
    node.text(node.attr('className'));
},3000);
                                        Adds tag
_.asyRun(function(){
    node.tagClass("-mouseover",true)
    node.text(node.attr('className'));
},4000);
_.asyRun(function(){
                                             Remove tag
    node.tagClass("-mouseover",false)
    node.text(node.attr('className'));
},6000);
```

6.5.4. Dom events

There are three groups of event functions are designed for a DOM event in jsLinb: [before-], [on-] and [after-].

- linb(/**/).onClick([function], 'label') => adds the [function] to [onclick]group;
- linb(/**/).onClick([function]) => removes all event functions in [onclick] group, and adds the
 [function] to [onclick] group;
- l linb(/**/).onClick(null, 'label') => removes the event function labeled with 'label' from the
 [onclick] group;
- linb(/**/).onClick(null) => removes all event functions in [onclick] group;

- linb(/**/).onClick(null,null,true) => removes all event functions in [beforeclick] group, [onclick] group and [afterclick] group;
- l linb(/**/).onClick() => fire event, executes all event functions in [onclick] group in order. If any of those functions returns [false], the remaining functions will be ignored;
- linb(/**/).onClick(true) => fire event, executes all event functions in [beforeclick] group,
 [onclick] group and [afterclick] group in order;

```
var node;
linb('body').append(node=linb.create("<button>click me</button>"));
                                Adds a onClick event
node.onClick(function(){-
    alert('onClick');
    return false;
                              Adds a beforeClick event
.beforeClick(function(){
    alert('beforeClick');
                           Adds an afterClick event
.afterClick(function(){
    alert('afterClick');
                          Fires all click events. Since onClick returns false,
});
                          afterClick will not be fired.
node.onClick(true);
                                Removes on Click event;
_.asyRun(function(){
    node.onClick(null);
                                 Fires all click events. Since onClick was
    node.onClick(true);
                                 removed, afterClick will be fired this time.
},2000);
```

6.5.5. Node Drag&Drop

Input:

drag me



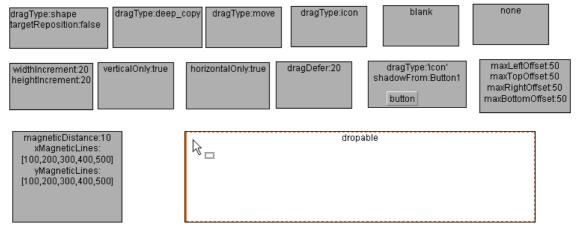
6.5.5.1. Drag&Drop profile

The "draggable" function's second parameter is Drag&Drop profile object. It's a key/value pairs. In dragging process, the Drag&Drop profile object can be got by linb.DragDrop.getProfile(). The profile object:

- I dragType: 'move', 'copy', 'deep_copy', 'shape', 'icon', 'blank' or 'none', Default is 'shape';
- I shadowFrom: DOM element or linb.Dom Object. It's valid when dragType=='icon';
- I targetReposition: Boolean, does dd reset the target position, Default is [true];
- I dragIcon: String, the drag icon image path, Default is [linb.ini.path+'ondrag.gif'];
- I magneticDistance: Number, the magnetic distance, Default is 0;
- 1 xMagneticLines: Array of Number, the magnetic line values in horizontal dir, Default is [];
- I yMagneticLines: Array of Number, the magnetic line values in vertical dir, Default is [];
- widthIncrement: Number, the width increment in horizontal dir, Default is 0;
- l heightIncrement: Number, the height increment in vertical dir, Default is 0;
- dragDefer: Number, when [linb.DragDrop.startDrag] is called, the real drag action will be triggered after [document.onmousemove] runs [dragDefer] times, Default is 0;
- I horizontalOnly:Boolean, drag horizontal dir only, Default is [false];
- I verticalOnly: Boolean, drag vertical dir only, Default is [false];
- I maxBottomOffset:Number, the offset between [the restricted bottom] and [the current mouse Y], for mouse restricted region, Default is [null];
- I maxLeftOffset:Number, the offset between [the restricted left] and [the current mouse X], for mouse restricted region, Default is [null];
- I maxRightOffset:Number, the offset between [the restricted right] and [the current mouse X], for mouse restricted region, Default is [null];
- I maxTopOffset: Number, the offset between [the restricted top] and [the current mouse Y], for mouse restricted region, Default is [null];
- I targetNode: DOM element or linb.Dom Object, the drag target node;
- l targetCSS: Number, the drag target node's CSS key/value Object, Default is [null];
- I dragKey: String, the drag key, Default is [null];
- I dragData: Object, the drag data, Default is [null];
- l targetLeft: Number, the drag target node's CSS left, Default is [null];
- l targetTop: Number, the drag target node's CSS top, Default is [null];
- I targetWidth: Number, the drag target node's CSS width, Default is [null];

- l targetHeight: Number, the drag target node's CSS height, Default is [null];
- I targetOffsetParent: linb.Dom Object, the drag target node offsetParent node, Default is [null];
- I dragCursor: 'none', 'move', 'link', or 'add', the drag cursor key; [readonly]
- x: Number, current X value of mouse; [readonly]
- I y: Number, current Y value of mouse; [readonly]
- I ox: Number, original X value of mouse; [readonly]
- I oy: Number, original Y value of mouse; [readonly]
- l curPos: {left:Number,top:Number}, current CSS pos of the dragging node [readonly]
- I offset: {x:Number,y:Number}, offset from now to origin [readonly]
- I is Working: Boolean, is dd working or not? [readonly]
- I restrictedLeft: Number, the calculated restricted left value; [readonly]
- I restrictedRight: Number, the calculated restricted right value; [readonly]
- I restrictedTop: Number, the calculated restricted top value; [readonly]
- I restrictedBottom: Number, the calculated restricted bottom value; [readonly]
- I proxyNode: linb.Dom Object, the proxy Object; [readonly]
- I dropElement: String, the target drop element DOM id. [readonly]

There is an DD overall example in chapter3/dd/ddProfile.html.



6.5.5.2. Events in Drag&Drop

For that node in dragging,

- I onDragbegin
- I onDrag
- I onDragstop

For that droppable node,

- I onDragenter
- I onDragleave
- I onDragover
- I onDrop

```
var btn,div,elist;
linb('body').append(btn=linb.create("<button>drag me</button>"))
.append(div=linb.create("<div style="border:solid 1px;width:100px;height:100px;>drop here</button>"))
linb('body').append(elist=linb.create('<div
style="position:absolute;left:140px;top:40px;width:600px;height:400px;overflow:auto;"></div>")
btn.dragable(true,{dragType:'icon'},'dragkey','dragdata')
.onDragbegin(function(){
    elist.append('<strong>onDragbegin </strong>');
.onDrag(function(){
    elist.append('<em>onDrag </em>');
.onDragstop(function(){
     elist.append('<strong>onDragend </strong>');
div.dropable(true,'dragkey')
.onDragenter(function(){
     elist.append('<strong>onDragenter </strong>');
.onDragover(function(){
    elist.append('<em>onDragover </em>');
.onDragleave(function(){
    elist.append('<strong>onDragleave </strong>');
.onDrop(function(){
    elist.append('<strong>onDrop </strong>');
});
```



onDragbegin onDrag onDragover onDrag onD

6.6. linb. Template

Linb.Template is a completely independent UI wrapper. It doesn't depend on linb.UI Class and all its derived Classes.

6.6.1. example 1

linb. Template includes three aspects: template, properties and events:



6.6.2. example 2

```
(tpl=new linb.Template)
                             Sub template exists
.setTemplate({
    root: "<div style='width:200px;border:solid 1px;'><h3>{head}</h3>{items}
                 Here, "root" key is a must
                                                  top:dashed 1px;'><div><div><a href='{href}'><img
src='{src}'/>{price}</div></div><div><a
href='{href}'><h4>{title}</h4><div>{desc}</div></a></div>
                            Sets events in "items"
.setEvents({
    items:{
         onMouseover:function(profile,e,src){
             linb.use(src).css('backgroundColor', '#EEE');
             //Tips
              var item=profile.getItem(src),
                  tpl=new linb.Template({"root":"<div style='text-align:center;border:solid
1px;background:#fff;'><h4>{title}</h4></div>{desc}"},item),
                  html=tpl.toHtml();
             linb.Tips.show(linb.Event.getPos(e),html);
         },
         onMouseout:function(profile,e,src){
             linb(src).css('backgroundColor', 'transparent');
             linb.Tips.hide();
                       Sets properties in "root"
})
.setProperties({
    head: "On sale products",
    items:[{ id:"a", href:"#", price:"$ 18.99", title:"product #0", desc:"product #0 is on sale now!" },
            id:"b", href:"#", price:"$ 23.99", title:"product #1", desc:"product #1 is on sale now!" },
                   href:"#", price:"$ 23.99", title:"product #2", desc:"product #2 is on sale now!" }]
        Sets properties in "items"
.show()
```



6.6.3. A SButton based on linb.Template

"chapter5\SButton" is an example for creating a linb.UI.SButton like control based on linb.Template.

Output:



6.7. About Debugging

6.7.1. The code package for debugging

In folder "runtime/jsLinb/js/", All files ending with "-debug.js" are for debugging purpose.

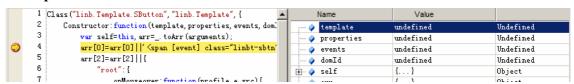


6.7.2. Debugging Tools

You can use Firebug in Firefox, developer tool in IE8, chrome or opera10 to debug JavaScript. **FireBug:**



Developer Tools in IE8:



6.7.3. jsLinb Monitor Tools

jsLinb has a variable monitor tools. It's cross browser. Call linb.log("xxx") to show the monitor window:



Chapter 7. Some typical issues

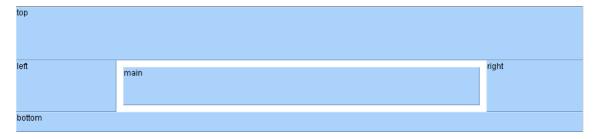
7.1. Layout

7.1.1. Docking

Input:

```
linb.create('Block', {dock: "top",
                                       At top
     height:80,html:'top'
}).show();
linb.create('Block', {dock: "bottom",
     height:30,html:'bottom'
}).show();
linb.create('Block', {dock: "left", -
                                       Left side
     width:150,html:'left'
                                       Right side
linb.create('Block', {dock: "right",
     width:150,html:'right'
                                         The main area
}).show();
linb.create('Block', {dock: "fill",
                                                             Sets docking margin
     html:'main',
     dockMargin:{left:10,right:10,top:10,bottom:10}
```

Output:



7.1.2. linb.UI.Layout

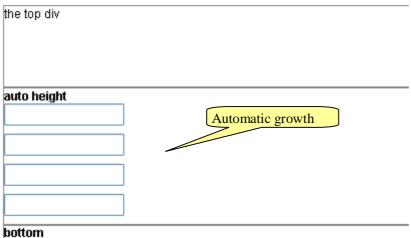
```
var layout1=linb.create('Layout', {type:'vertical', --
                                                         Vertial layout
    items:[{
          pos:'before',
                                   At top
         id:'top',
          size:80
                                    At bottom
          pos:'after',
          id:'bottom',
          size:30
     }]
}).show();
                                             Horizontal layout
linb.create('Layout', {type: 'horizontal',
          pos:'before',
                               Left side
         id:'top',
          size:150
     },{
          pos:'after',
                              Right side
         id:'bottom',
          size:150
     }]
}).show(layout1);
```



7.1.3. Relative Layout

```
linb.create('Pane', {position: 'relative',
                                                     At top
     width: "auto", height: 80, html: "the top div"
.setCustomStyle({"KEY":"border:solid 1px #888"})
.show()
var pane=linb.create('Pane', {position:'relative'}
                                                  Middle
     width: "auto", height: "auto",
     html:"<strong>auto height</strong>"
.setCustomStyle({"KEY":"border:solid 1px #888"})
.show()
linb.create('Pane', {position:'relative',
                                         At bottom
     width: "auto", height: 100,
     html:"<strong>bottom</strong>"
.setCustomStyle({"KEY":"border:solid 1px #888"})
.show()
linb.create("SButton")
.setLeft(140)
.setTop(30)
                                               Adds contents
.setCaption("Add content")
.onClick(function(){
     pane.append(linb.create("Pane").setPosition("relative").setHeight(30).append("Input"))
})
.show()
```

Add content



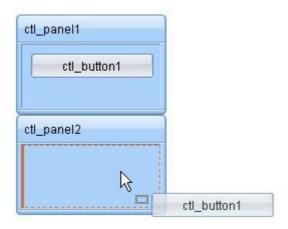
7.2. UI Control's Drag&Drop

7.2.1. Drag&Drop control among containers

Input:

```
var panel1=linb.create(Panel',{position:'relative', dock:'none',width:150}).show();
var panel2=linb.create(Panel',{position:'relative', dock:'none',width:150}).show();
var btn=linb.create(Button',{left:10,top:10}).show(panel1);
var onDrop=function (profile, e, node, key, data) {
    var dd = linb.DragDrop.getProfile(), data = dd.dragData;
    if(data){
        var btn=linb.getObject(data);
        profile.boxing().append(btn.boxing());
    }
};
Sets draggable
btn.draggable('iAny',btn.get(0).getId(),null,{shadowFrom:btn.getRoot()});
panel1.setDropKeys('iAny').onDrop(onDrop);
panel2.setDropKeys('iAny').onDrop(onDrop);
panel2.setDropKeys('iAny').onDrop(onDrop);
Sets droppable
```

Output:

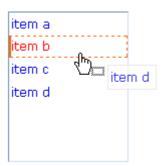


7.2.2. List sorting 1

Input:

```
linb.create("List",{
    items:["item a","item b","item c","item d"]
})
.setDragKey("list")
.setDropKeys("list")
.show()

Sets drag key and drop keys.
```



7.2.3. List sorting 2

Input:

```
linb.create("List",{
     items:["item a","item b","item c","item d"]
.setDragKey("list")
                              Sets drag key and drop keys
.setDropKeys("list")
                                                                      Custom appearance
. on Drop Mark Show (\textcolor{red}{function} (profile, e, src, key, data, item) \{
     if(item){
          linb.DragDrop.setDragIcon('move');
          linb.DragDrop.setDropFace(null);
          profile.getSubNodeByItemId('ITEM', item.id).css('borderTop', 'dashed~1px');\\
          return false;
                                                                   Restores appearance
. on Drop Mark Clear (function (profile, e, src, key, data, item) \{\\
          linb.DragDrop.setDragIcon('none');
          profile.getSubNodeByItemId(\hbox{\tt 'ITEM'}, item.id).css(\hbox{\tt 'borderTop'}, \hbox{\tt '});
          return false;
})
.show()
```

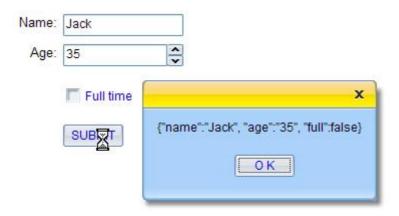
```
item a
item b
item c
item d
```

7.3. Form

7.3.1. Form 1

Input:

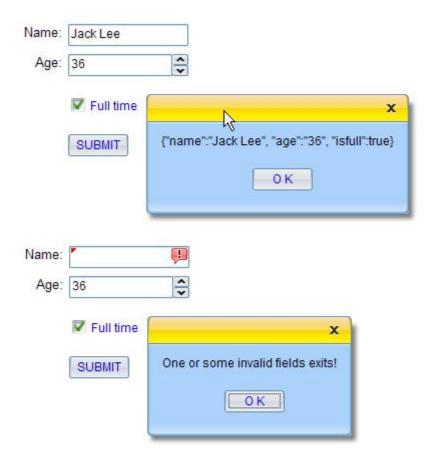
```
Class.destroy('App');
                                                                                                                                                                                   Code created by Designer
Class('App', 'linb.Com', {
                  Instance:{
                                     iniComponents:function(){
                                                        // [[code created by jsLinb UI Builder
                                                         var host=this, children=[], append=function(child){children.push(child.get(0))};
                                                         append((new linb.UI.SLabel)
                                                                             .setHost(host, "slabel1").setLeft(80).setTop(60).setWidth(44).setCaption("Name:"));
                                                         append((new linb.UI.SLabel)
                                                                            . \ setHost(host, "slabel2"). setLeft(\underline{80}). setTop(\underline{90}). setCaption("Age:"). setWidth(\underline{44}));
                                                         append((new linb.UI.Input)
                                                                            . setHost(host, "iName"). setLeft(130). setTop(60). setValueFormat("[^.*]"). setValue("Jack")); \\
                                                        append((new linb.UI.ComboInput)
                                                                            .setHost(host,"iAge").setLeft(130).setTop(90).setType("spin").setIncrement(1).setMin(20).setType("spin").setIncrement(1).setMin(20).setType("spin").setIncrement(1).setMin(20).setType("spin").setIncrement(1).setMin(20).setType("spin").setIncrement(1).setMin(20).setType("spin").setIncrement(1).setMin(20).setType("spin").setIncrement(1).setMin(20).setType("spin").setIncrement(1).setMin(20).setType("spin").setIncrement(1).setMin(20).setType("spin").setIncrement(1).setMin(20).setType("spin").setIncrement(1).setMin(20).setType("spin").setIncrement(1).setMin(20).setType("spin").setIncrement(1).setMin(20).setType("spin").setIncrement(1).setMin(20).setType("spin").setIncrement(1).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).se
etMax(60).setValue("35"));
                                                         append((new linb.UI.SCheckBox)
                                                                            . setHost(host, "cFull"). setLeft(130). setTop(130). setCaption("Full time"));\\
                                                         append((new linb.UI.SButton)
                                                                            . setHost(host, "submit"). setLeft(130). setTop(170). setCaption("SUBMIT"). onClick("\_submit"). setLeft(130). setCaption("SUBMIT"). onClick("\_submit"). setLeft(130). setCaption("SUBMIT"). onClick("\_submit"). setLeft(130). setCaption("SUBMIT"). onClick("\_submit"). setLeft(130). setCaption("SUBMIT"). onClick("SUBMIT"). setLeft(130). setCaption("SUBMIT"). onClick("SUBMIT"). setLeft(130). setCaption("SUBMIT"). setLeft(130). setCaption("SUBMIT"). setLeft(130). setLeft(1
  _onclick"));
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           event
                                                        return children;
                                                       // ]]code created by jsLinb UI Builder
                                       _submit_onclick:function (profile, e, src, value) {
                                                       if(!this.iName.checkValid()){
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 Form validation
                                                                           linb.alert('You must specify Name');
                                                                            return;
                                                                                                                                                                                              Collects data
                                                         var name=this.iName.updateValue().getValue(), age=this.iAge.updateValue().getValue(),
                                                                            full=this.cFull.updateValue().getValue();
                                                       linb.alert(_.serialize({name:name,age:age,full:full}))
                    }}
});
(new App).show();
```



7.3.2. DataBinder

Input:

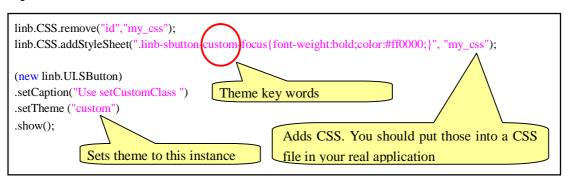
```
Class.destroy('App');
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   Code created by Designer
Class('App', 'linb.Com',{
                       Instance:{
                                               iniComponents:function(){
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Adds a DataBinder, sets name property
                                                                       // [[code created by jsLinb UI Builder
                                                                        var host=this, children=[], append=function(child){children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(children.push(childre
                                                                        append((new linb.DataBinder).setHost(host,"binder").setName("binder"))
                                                                        append((new linb.UI.SLabel)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      Sets dataBinder and dataField
                                                                                                 .setHost(host, "slabel1").setLeft(80).setTop(60).se
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       to each control
                                                                        append((new linb.UI.SLabel)
                                                                                                .setHost(host, "slabel2").setLeft(80).setTop(90).set_aption("Age:").setWidth(44));
                                                                        append((new linb.UI.Input) .setDataBinder("binder").setDataField("name")
                                                                                                 . set Host(host, "iName"). set Left (130). set Top (60). set Value Format ("[^.*]"). set Value ("Jack")); \\
                                                                        append((new linb.UI.ComboInput) .setDataBinder("binder").setDataField("age")
                                                                                                 .setHost(host,"iAge").setLeft(130).setTop(90).setType("spin").setIncrement(1).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20).setMin(20)
etMax(60).setValue("35"));
                                                                        append((new linb.UI.SCheckBox) .setDataBinder("binder").setDataField("isfull")
                                                                                                .setHost(host, "cFull").setLeft(130).setTop(130).setCaption("Full time"));
                                                                        append((new linb.UI.SButton)
                                                                                                . setHost(host, "submit"). setLeft(130). setTop(170). setCaption("SUBMIT"). onClick("\_submit"). setLeft(130). setTop(170). setCaption("SUBMIT"). setLeft(130). setTop(170). setCaption("SUBMIT"). setLeft(130). setLeft(13
  _onclick"));
                                                                        return children;
                                                                      // ]]code created by jsLinb UI Builder
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Form validation
                                                 _submit_onclick:function (profile, e, src, value)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               Collects data
                                                                       if(!this.binder.checkValid()){
                                                                                               linb.alert('One or some invalid fields exits!');
                                                                                                return;
                                                                       linb.alert(_.serialize(this.binder.getValue()))
                         }}
});
(new App).show();
```



7.4. Custom UI Styles

7.4.1. Custom only one instance only - 1

Input:



Output:

Use setCustomStyle

7.4.2. Custom only one instance only - 2

Input:

```
(new linb.UI.SButton)
.setCaption("Use setCustomStyle")
.setCustomStyle({
    FOCUS:"font-weight:bold;color:#ff0000;"
})
.show();
```

Output:

Use setCustomStyle

7.4.3. Custom only one instance only - 3

Input:

```
linb.CSS.remove("id","my_css");
linb.CSS.addStyleSheet(".my-class{font-weight:bold;color:#ff0000;}", "my_css");

(new linb.UI.SButton)
.setCaption("Use setCustomClass")
.setCustomClass({
    FOCUS:"my-class"
})
Custom FOCUS node className
.show();
```

Output:

Use setCustomClass

7.4.4. Custom only one instance only - 4

Input:

```
linb.CSS.remove("id","my_css");
linb.CSS.addStyleSheet("#myctrl1_.linb-sbutton-focus{font-weight:bold;color:#ff0000;}", "my_css");

Adds CSS. You should put those into a CSS

(new linb.UI.SButton)
.setCaption("Use domId")
.setDomId("myctrl1")
.show();

Gives a domId
```

Output:

Use domid

7.4.5. Custom only one instance only - 5

Input:

```
(new linb.UI.SButton)
.setCaption("Use getSubNode and css")
.onRender(function(profile){
    profile.getSubNode(FOCUS').css({
        fontWeight:'bold',
        color:'#ff0000'
    });
})
.show()
```

Output:

Use getSubNode and css

7.4.6. Custom only one instance only - 6

Input:

```
linb.CSS.remove("id","my_css");
linb.CSS.addStyleSheet(".my-listitem{font-weight:bold;color:#ff0000;}", "my_css");
linb.create('List', {items:[{
        id: "item 1",
        itemStyle: "border:dashed 1px #00ff00;marg
}, {
        id: "item 2",
        itemStyle: "border:dashed 1px #0000ff;margin:4px;"
}, {
        id: "item 3",
        itemClass: "my-listitem"
}]}).show()
```



7.4.7. Custom style for an UI Class

Input:

```
linb.CSS.remove("id","my_css");
linb.CSS.addStyleSheet(".linb-sbutton-focus{font-weight:bold;color:#ff0000;}", "my_css");

(new linb.UI.SButton({position:'relative'})).show();
(new linb.UI.SButton({position:'relative'})).show();
(new linb.UI.SButton({position:'relative'})).show();
(new linb.UI.SButton({position:'relative'})).show();
(new linb.UI.SButton({position:'relative'})).show();
(new linb.UI.SButton({position:'relative'})).show();
```

Output:

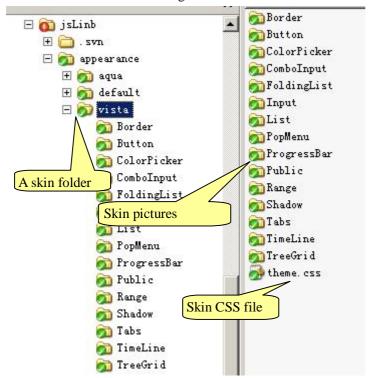


7.4.8. Custom style for all UI Class - skin

There are three system skins in jsLinb3.0: default, vista and aqua. You can use linb.UI.setTheme to switch the skin. You can also add your own custom skin easily. Only two steps:

7.4.8.1. First: Copy

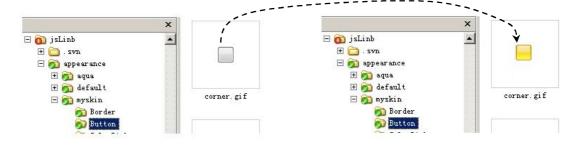
All skins are in "runtime/jsLinb/appearance", you can create an new folder (e.g. 'myskin'), and copy all directories and files in an existing skin folder to it.





7.4.8.2. Second: Little by little, modify pictures and CSS

For example, we modifies corner.gif file in Button folder.



After that,

Input:

```
linb.create('Button').show();
_.asyRun(function(){
    linb.UI.setTheme('myskin')
},2000);
```



The end

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