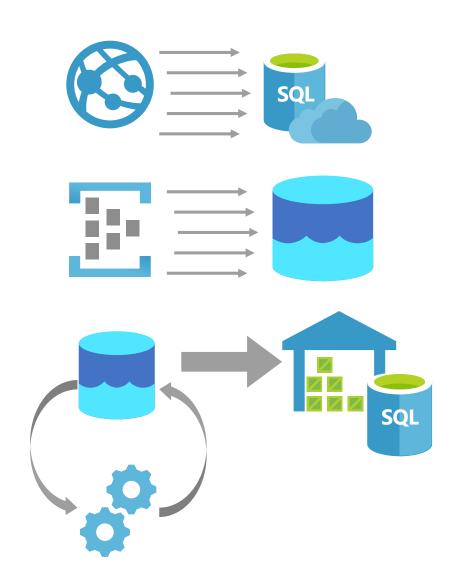
### What workloads are NOT suitable?

### **Operational workloads (OLTP)**

- High frequency reads and writes.
- Large numbers of singleton selects.
- High volumes of single row inserts.

### **Data Preparations**

- Row by row processing needs.
- Incompatible formats (XML).



### What Workloads are Suitable?

# **Analytics**

Store large volumes of data.

Consolidate disparate data into a single location.

Shape, model, transform and aggregate data.

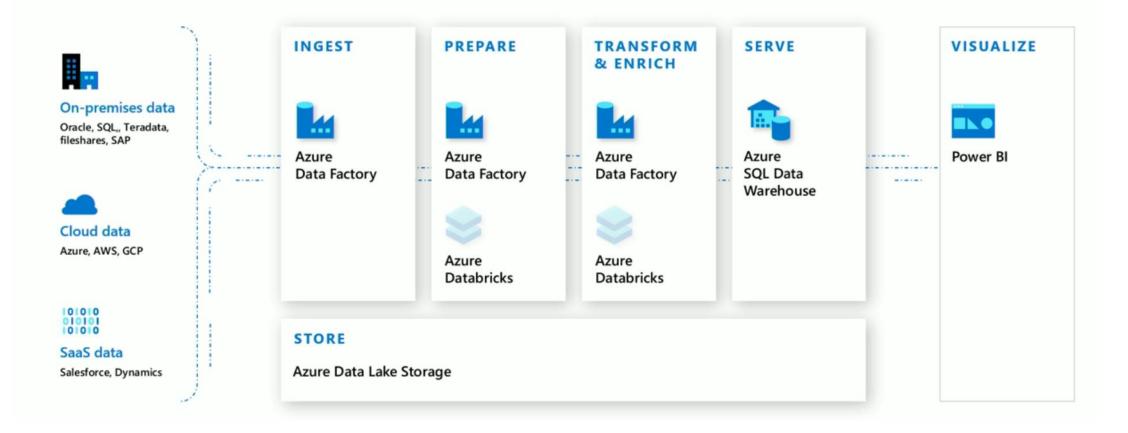
Batch/Micro-batch loads.

Perform query analysis across large datasets.

Ad-hoc reporting across large data volumes.

All using simple SQL constructs.

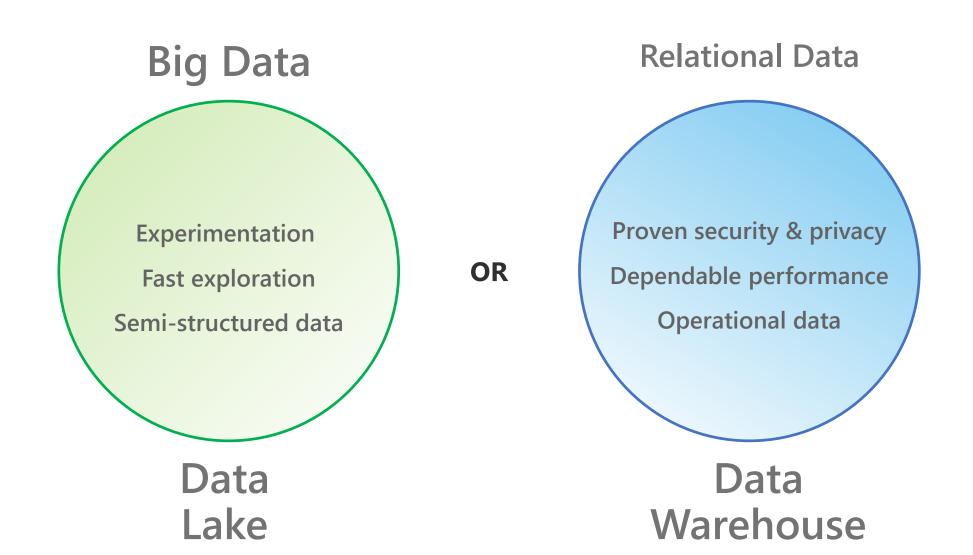
### **Modern Data Warehouse**



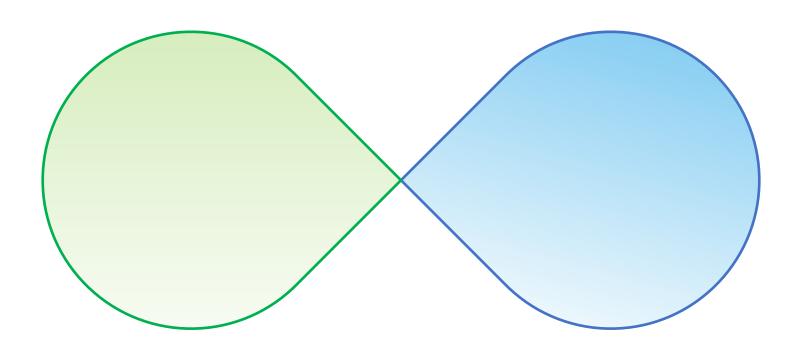
# Azure Synapse Analytics - Data Lakehouse



# Multiple analytics platforms



# Azure Azure Synapse Analytics these two worlds together





### **New GA features**

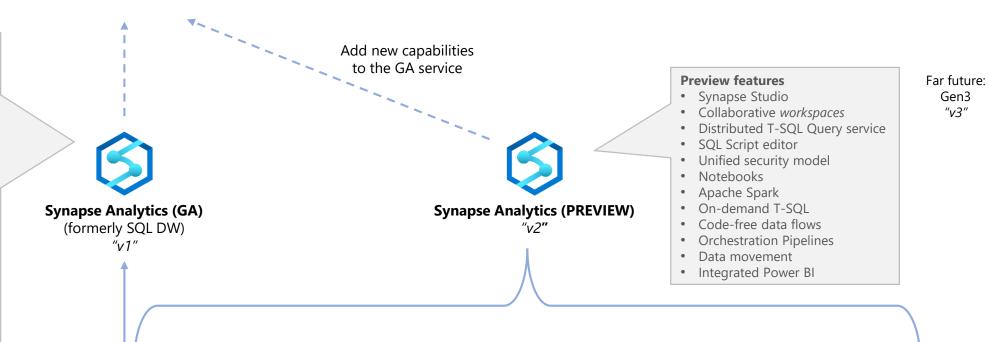
- Resultset caching
- Materialized Views
- Ordered columnstore
- JSON support
- Dynamic Data Masking
- SSDT support
- Read committed snapshot isolation
- Private LINK support

### **Preview features**

- Workload Isolation
- Simple ingestion with COPY
- Share DW data with Azure Data Share

### **Private preview features**

- Streaming ingestion & analytics in DW
- Native Prediction/Scoring
- Fast query over Parquet files
- FROM clause with joins













**STUDIO** 



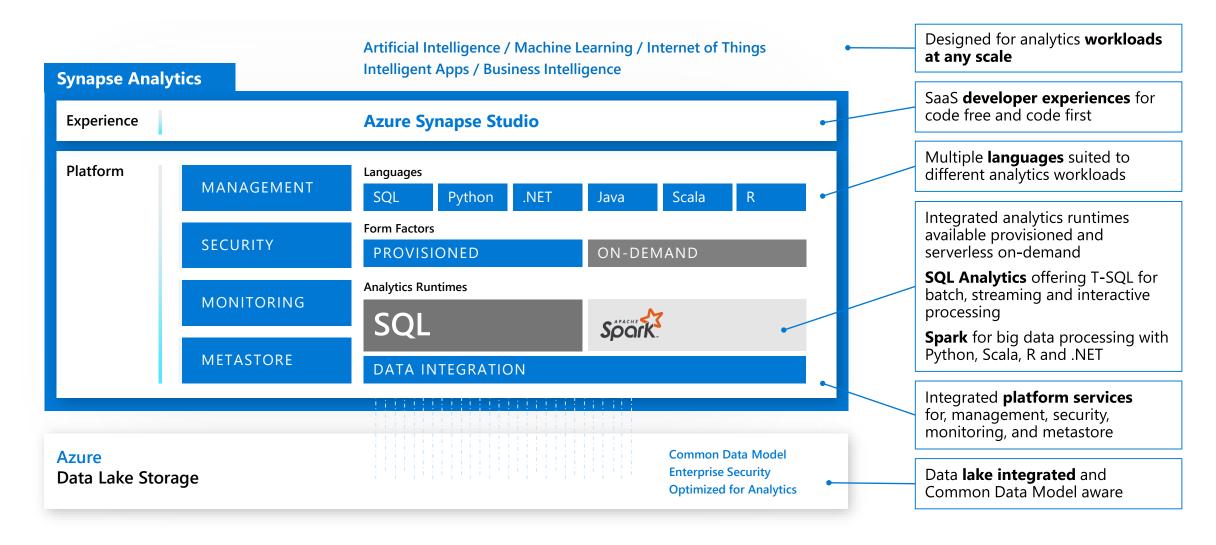
Gen3

"v3"

**DATA INTEGRATION** 

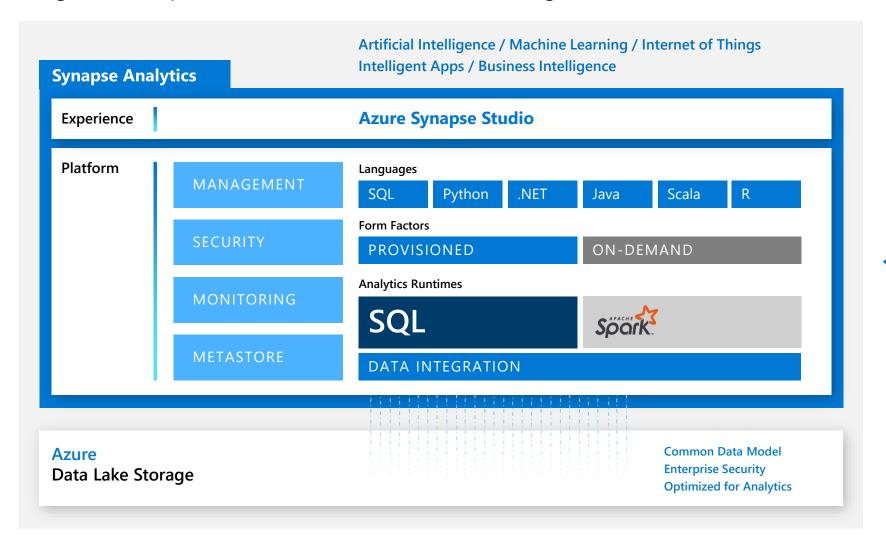
# **Azure Synapse Analytics**

Integrated data platform for BI, AI and continuous intelligence



# **Azure Synapse Analytics**

Integrated data platform for BI, AI and continuous intelligence



# Azure Data Catalog Azure Data Lake Storage Azure Data Share Azure Databricks Azure HDInsight Azure Machine Learning Power BI 3rd Party Integration

## **New Products/Features**

- Azure Synapse Analytics Umbrella name. For now just includes SQL DW. In preview adds a Synapse Workspace which includes SQL DW and all the new product/features below
- SQL pool or SQL analytics pool Really just SQL Data Warehouse (SQL DW) which includes compute and storage
- Azure Synapse Studio New product. Single pain of glass that is a web-based experience. Collaborative workspaces. Access SQL Databases, Spark tables, SQL Scripts, notebooks (supports multiple languages), Data flows (Data Integration), pipelines (Data Integration), monitoring, security. Has links to ADLS Gen2 and Power BI workspace
- Data Integration Really just Azure Data Factory (ADF). They use the same code base. Note in Synapse Studio Data Flows are under "Develop", Pipelines are under "Orchestrate", and Datasets are under "Data" (In ADF they are all under "Author")
- Spark Including Apache Spark is new. Similar to Spark in SQL Server 2019 BDC
- On-demand T-SQL New feature. Was code-named Starlight Query
- T-SQL over ADLS Gen2 New feature. Was code-named Starlight Query
- New SQL DW features (see next slides) Some are GA now and some are in preview
- Multiple query options (see next slides) Some are GA now and some are in preview
- Distributed Query Processor (see next slides) some in preview or Gen3

# **New Synapse Features**

### GA features:

- Performance: Result-set caching
- Performance: Materialized Views
- Performance: Ordered clustered columnstore index
- Heterogeneous data: JSON support
- Trustworthy computation: <a href="Dynamic Data Masking">Dynamic Data Masking</a>
- Continuous integration & deployment: <a href="SSDT support">SSDT support</a>
- Language: Read committed snapshot isolation

### **Public Preview features:**

- Workload management: Workload Isolation
- Data ingestion: <u>Simple ingestion with COPY</u>
- Data Sharing: Share DW data with Azure Data Share
- Trustworthy computation: Private LINK support

### **Private Preview features:**

- Data ingestion: <u>Streaming ingestion & analytics in DW</u>
- Built-in ML: Native Prediction/Scoring
- Data lake enabled: Fast query over Parquet files
- Language: Updateable distribution column
- Language: FROM clause with joins
- Language: Multi-column distribution support
- Security: Column-level Encryption

Note: private preview features require whitelisting.

# Maintenance Schedule (preview)

The following maintenance schedule is currently active on this data warehouse. Maintenance may occur during both the primary and the secondary windows. DW400c and lower performance levels could experience maintenance outside of a designated maintenance window. Find out more about maintenance schedules.

View maintenance notifications and create alerts

 $\vee$ 

### Choose primary window ①

Saturday - Sunday Tuesday - Thursday

### **Primary maintenance window**

Day (i)

Saturday

Start time (i)

05:00 UTC  $\checkmark$ 

Time window (i)

7 hours

### Secondary maintenance window

Day 🛈

Wednesday

Start time (1)

00:00 UTC V

 $\vee$ 

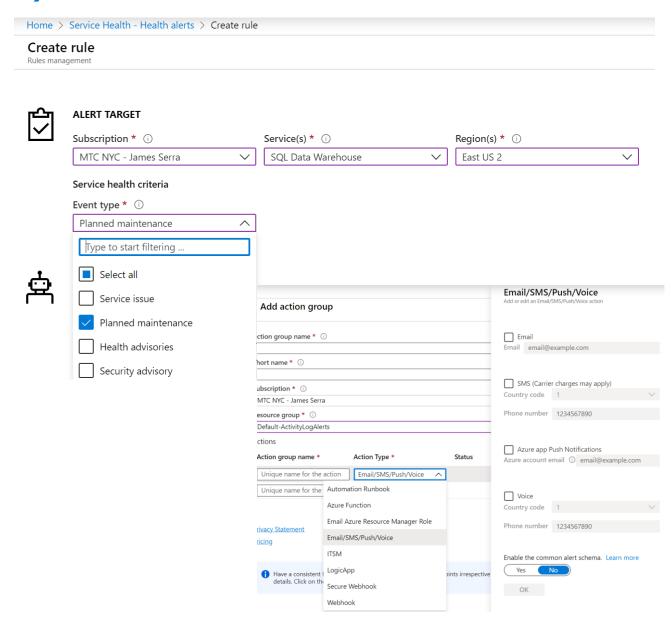
Time window (i)

8 hours

### Schedule summary

Primary maintenance window Saturday 05:00 UTC (7 hours)

Secondary maintenance window Wednesday 00:00 UTC (8 hours)



# **Query Options**

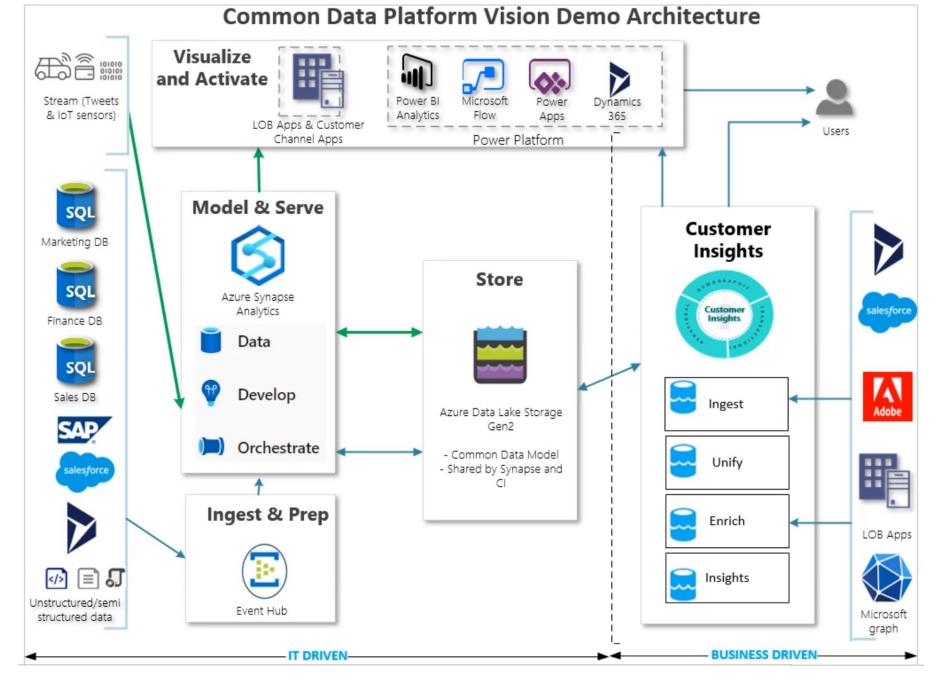
- 1. Provisioned SQL over relational database Traditional SQL DW [existing]
- 2. Provisioned SQL over ADLS Gen2 via external tables or openrowset [existing via external tables in PolyBase, openrowset not yet in preview]
- 3. On-demand SQL over relational database dependency on the flexible data model (data cells) over columnstore data [new, not yet in preview: the ability to query a SQL relational database (and other types of data sources) will come later but not in H1 2020]
- 4. On-demand SQL over ADLS Gen2 via external tables or openrowset [new in preview]
- 5. Provisioned Spark over relational database [new in preview]
- 6. Provisioned Spark over ADLS Gen2 [new in preview]
- 7. On-demand Spark over relational database On-demand Spark is not supported (but provisioned Spark can auto-pause)
- 8. On-demand Spark over ADLS Gen2 On-demand Spark is not supported (but provisioned Spark can auto-pause)

### Notes:

- Separation of state (data, metadata and transactional logs) and compute
- Queries against data loaded into SQL Analytics tables are 2-3X faster compared to gueries over external tables
- Copy statement: Improved performance compared to PolyBase. PolyBase is not used, but functional aspects are supported
- Warm-up for first on-demand SQL query takes about 30-40 seconds
- If you create a Spark Table, that table will be created as an external table in SQL Pool or SQL On-Demand without having to keep a Spark cluster up and running
- Currently one on-demand SQL pool but by GA will support many
- Provisioned SQL may give you better and more predictable performance due to resource reservation
- Existing PolyBase via external tables is not pushdown (#2), but #4 will be pushdown (SQL on-demand will push down queries from the front-end to back-end nodes)
- Supported file formats are parquet, csv, json
- Each SQL pool can currently only access tables created within its pool (there is one database per pool), while on-demand SQL can not yet query a database

# Distributed Query Processor (DQP) - Preview

- Auto-scale compute nodes (on-demand SQL in preview, provisioned SQL in Gen3) Instruct the underlying fabric the need for
  more compute power to adjust to peaks during the workload. If compute power is granted, the DQP will re-distribute tasks
  leveraging the new compute container. Note that in-flight tasks in the previous topology continue running, while new queries get
  the new compute power with the new re-balancing
- Compute node fault tolerance (on-demand SQL in preview, provisioned SQL in Gen3) Recover from faulty nodes while a query is running. If a node fails the DQP re-schedules the tasks in the faulted node through the remainder of the healthy topology
- Compute node hot spot: rebalance queries or scale out nodes (on-demand SQL in preview, provisioned SQL in Gen3) Can detect hot spots in the existing topology. That is, overloaded compute nodes due to data skew. In the advent of a compute node running hot because of skewed tasks, the DQP can decide to re-schedule some of the tasks assigned to that compute node amongst others where the load is less
- Multi-master cluster (provisioned SQL only in Gen3) User workloads can operate over the same shareable relational data set while having independent clusters to serve those various workloads. Allows for very high concurrency. So you could have multiple SQL pools all accessing the same database. Databases are not tied to a pool
- Cross-database queries (provisioned SQL only in Gen3) A query can specify multiple databases. This is because the data of the databases are not in the pool. Rather, each pool just has the metadata of all the databases and the data of the databases are in a separate sharable storage layer
- Query scheduler (provisioned SQL only in Gen3) New way of executing queries within the data warehouse using a scheduler and resource manager/estimator. When a query is submitted, estimates how many resources are needed to complete request and schedules it (and can use workload importance/isolation). Will completely remove the need for concurrency limits. This is how SQL Server works today



# Query Demo

	Relational Data	ADLS Gen2
Provisioned SQL	3	5 (external table)
On-demand SQL	X	1
Spark	4	2

Supported file formats are parquet, csv, json