

一、 填空题

1: 假设

```
String s1 = "Welcome to Java";
```

```
String s2 = s1;
```

```
String s3 = new String("Welcome to Java");
```

那么下面表达式的结果是什么?

(1) `s1 == s2` true

(2) `s1 == s3` false

(3) `s1.equals(s2)` true

(4) `s2.equals(s3)` true

(5) `s1.compareTo(s2);` 0

(6) `s2.compareTo(s3);` 0

(7) `s1.charAt(0);` W

(8) `s1.indexOf('j');` -1

(9) `s1.indexOf("to");` 8

(10) `s1.lastIndexOf("o",15)` 9

(11) `s1.substring(3, 11);` come to

(12) `s1.endsWith("Java")` true

(13) `s1.startsWith("wel");` false

(14) `" We come ".trim();` We come

(15) `s1.toUpperCase();` WELCOME TO JAVA

(16) `s1.replace('o', 'T');` WelcTme tT Java

2. 如果

```
StringBuffer s1 = new StringBuffer("Java");
```

```
StringBuffer s2 = new StringBuffer("HTML");
```

假设下列每个语句是独立的，每条语句结束后，写出相应结果

(1) `s1.append(" is fun");` `s1`为__Java is fun__

(2) `s1.append(s2);` `s1`为__JavaHTML__

(3) `s1.insert(2, "is fun");` `s1`为__Jais funva__

(4) `s1.insert(1,s2);` `s1`为__HTMLava__

(5) `char c = s1.charAt(2);` `c`为__v__

(6) int i = s1.length(); i为_4____
(7) s1.deleteCharAt(3); s1为__jav____
(8) s1.delete(1,3); s1为__Ja____
(9) s1.reverse(); s1为_**avaJ**____
(10) s1.replace(1,3, "Computer"); s1为 _ JComputera__
(11) String s3 = s1.substring(1,3);
s3为_**av**__, s1为__Java____
(12) String s4 = s1.substring(2);
s4为__va__, s1为__Java__

3. 假设StringBuffer s = new StringBuffer("Welcome to JAVA");
将s的内容清空的语句是__ s.delete(0,s.length());
____。

4.如果

```
String s1 = "Welcome";  
String s2 = new String("Welcome");  
String s3 = s2.intern();  
String s4 = "Wel" + "come";  
String s5 = "Wel";  
String s6 = "come";  
String s7 = s5 + s6;  
String s8 = "Wel" + new String("come");
```

那么下面表达式的结果为：

- (1) s1 == s2 false____
- (2) s1 == s3 true____
- (3) s1 == s4 true____
- (4) s1 == s7 false____
- (5) s1 == s8 true____
- (6) s1.equals(s2) **true**__
- (7) s1.equals(s3) true____
- (8) s1.equals(s4) true____
- (9) s1.equals(s7) true____
- (10) s1.equals(s8) true____

二、单项选择题

1. 可以获取字符串s的最后一个字符的表达式是C__。

- (A) s.length()
- (B) s[s.length() - 1]
- (C) s.charAt(s.length() - 1)
- (D) charAt(s, length(s))

2. 下面程序

```
class C {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        String s = "null" ;  
        if(s == null)  
            System.out.print("a");  
        else if(s.length() == 0)  
            System.out.print("b");  
        else  
            System.out.print("c");  
    }  
}
```

的输出为C__。

- (A) a (B) b
- (C) c (D) null

3. 下面的程序

```
class C {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        String s = "welcome to ";  
        concat(s);  
        System.out.print(s);  
    }  
  
    public static void concat(String s) {  
        s += "Java";  
    }  
}
```

的输出为 A__。

- (A) Welcome to (B) Welcome to Java

(C) 编译错误 (D) 运行时异常

三、编程题

1: 编写程序, 从控制台或对话框任意输入一个英文字符串, 统计字符串中每个英文字母出现的次数并输出到控制台 (大小写不敏感)。

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    // 字符串输入
    String str;
    str = new Scanner(System.in).next();

    // 字符串处理
    // 1. 变成小写
    // 2. 转换为char数组进行排序
    str.toLowerCase();
    char[] str2 = str.toCharArray();
    Arrays.sort(str2);

    // 处理输出
    int count = 1;
    int i = 1;
    for (; i < str2.length; i++) {
        if (i == (str2.length - 1)) {
            if (str2[i] == str2[i - 1]) {
                System.out.println(str2[i - 1] + " " + ++count);
            } else {
                System.out.println(str2[i - 1] + " " + count);
                System.out.println(str2[i] + " " + 1);
            }
        } else {
            if (str2[i] == str2[i - 1]) {
                count++;
            } else {
                System.out.println(str2[i - 1] + " " + count);
                count = 1;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

2: 假设一个车牌号码由三个大写字母和后面的四个数字组成。编写一个程序. 随机生成5个不重复的车牌号码。

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    String[] res = new String[]{"", "", "", "", ""};
    for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
        StringBuffer str = generateLicense();
        res[i] = str.toString();
        if (i > 0) {
            for (int j = i - 1; j >= 0; j--) {
```

```

        if (res[j].toString().equals(res[i].toString())) {
            i--;
            break;
        }
    }
}

for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
    System.out.println(res[i]);
}
}

```

```

public static StringBuffer generateLicense() {
    char c1 = (char) (int) (Math.random() * 26 + 65);
    char c2 = (char) (int) (Math.random() * 26 + 65);
    char c3 = (char) (int) (Math.random() * 26 + 65);
    char c4 = (char) (Math.random() * 10 + '0');
    char c5 = (char) (Math.random() * 10 + '0');
    char c6 = (char) (Math.random() * 10 + '0');
    char c7 = (char) (Math.random() * 10 + '0');

    StringBuffer str = new StringBuffer();

    str.append(c1).append(c2).append(c3).append(c4).append(c5).append(c6).append(c7
);
    return str;
}

```