

IEEE P802.11y[™]/D1.0 Draft STANDARD for Information Technology — Telecommunications and information exchange between systems— Local and metropolitan area networks- Specific requirements— Part 11: Wireless LAN Medium Access Control (MAC) and Physical Layer (PHY) specifications: Amendment <number>: 3650-3700 MHz Operation in USA

EDITORIAL NOTE—the amendment number will be inserted by IEEE-SA editorial staff during preparation for publication.

Prepared by the 802.11 Working Group of the 802 Committee

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IEEE P802.11 y^{TM} /D1.0, November 2006 (Draft Amendment to IEEE Std 802.11(tm), 2007)

Abstract: This amendment defines enhancements to the 802.11 PHY and MAC to support operation in the 3650-3700 MHz band in the United States of America.

Keywords: Wireless LAN, 3650 MHz



Introduction

(This introduction is not part of IEEE P802.11y/D1.0, Draft Amendment to STANDARD for Information Technology— Telecommunications and information exchange between systems— Local and metropolitan area networks— Specific requirements— Part 11: Wireless LAN Medium Access Control (MAC) and Physical Layer (PHY) specifications: 3650-3700 MHz Operation in USA.)

This amendment defines enhancements to the 802.11 PHY and MAC to support operation in the 3650-3700 MHz band in the United States of America.

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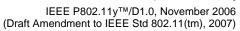
Participants

At the time this draft standard was completed, the 802.11 Working Group had the following membership:

Stuart J. Kerry, Chair

Al Petrick and Harry Worstell, Vice-chair

EDITORIAL NOTE—centered list of Task Group y officers and editors (from the start, if changes occurred) followed by a three column list of voting members of 802.11 on the day the draft was sent for sponsor ballot will be inserted





The following members of the balloting committee voted on this standard. Balloters may have voted for approval, disapproval, or abstention.

EDITORIAL NOTE— three-column list of responding sponsor ballot members will be inserted by IEEE staff



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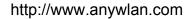
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EDITORIAL NOTE—The IEEE 802.11 Technical Editor, together with IEEE-SA will provide a Table Of Contents before final publication. The TGy editor is having great difficulty with MS Word Table of Contents, and will provide one when the draft is transitioned to FrameMaker.





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- 2 Telecommunications and information exchange
- 3 between systems— Local and metropolitan area
- 4 networks—Specific requirements—Part 11:
- 5 Wireless LAN Medium Access Control (MAC) and
- 6 Physical Layer (PHY) specifications: Amendment
- 7 < number > 3650-3700 MHz Operation in USA

EDITORIAL NOTE—the amendment number will be inserted by IEEE-SA editorial staff during preparation for publication.

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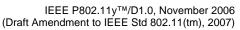
The editing instructions contained in this amendment define how to merge the material contained herein into the existing base standard to form the new comprehensive standard. The editing instructions are shown in **bold italic**. Four editing instructions are used: **change**, **delete**, **insert** and **replace**. **Change** is used to make small corrections in existing text or tables. The editing instruction specifies the location of the change and describes what is being changed either by using strikethrough (to remove old material) and <u>underscore</u> (to add new material). **Delete** removes existing material. **Insert** adds new material without disturbing the existing material. Insertions may require renumbering. If so, renumbering instructions are given in the editing instruction. **Replace** is used to make changes in figures or equations by removing the existing figure or equation and replacing it with a new one. Editorial notes will not be carried over into future editions because the changes will be incorporated into the base standard.

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- 1 (Ed: Editorial comments that will be removed from the draft that is put to any working group or sponsor
- 2 ballot are formatted like this note i.e. bold italic, prefixed by "Ed:" and enclosed in parentheses.
- 3 Editorial notes intended to remain in the draft put to ballot are marked: "Editorial Note:")
- 4 (Ed: Change History
- 5 This table will be removed from any balloted versions of this document as it is part of an editorial
- 6 comment.

Draft	Date	Contributions and Motions applied
D0.01	Sept 2006	Initial TGy Motion to create draft from confirmed proposal documents: 1) 11-06-0855-03-000y-annex-and-j-3650-mhz-band.doc 2) 11-06-0955-02-000y-ofdm-phy-3650-mhz-band.doc 3) 11-06-0864-03-000y-3650-mhz-mobile-service-enablement.doc 4) Motion to add 9.8.3 fourth paragraph text 5) 11-06-1432-00-000y-extended-channel-switch-announcement-normative-text.doc
D0.02	Nov 2006	Text replacement motion 1) 11-06-0864-04 replaces 11-06-0864-03 entirely 2) 11-06-0955-03 replaces 11-06-0955-02 entirely 3) 11-06-1432-01 replaces 11-06-1432-00 entirely Text changes motion 11-06-1727-01-tgy-nov-7 th -text-changes.doc
D1.0	Nov 2006	Created from D0.02

7)



1. Overview

2	2. Norma	tive references
3 4 5 6	IETF RFC 3	<i>llowing new reference in alphabetical order:</i> 825, Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol Option for Coordinate-based Location n Information, Polk, J., Schnizlein, J., Linsner, M., July 2004
7	3. Definit	ions
8 9 10		L NOTE—The subclause numbering of definitions is of the form "3.y <x>" where <x> is an umber. The 802.11 technical editor will assign numbers when merging this list into the ument.</x></x>
11	Insert the fo	llowing new definitions in alphabetical order and renumber accordingly:
12 13 14	3.y1 enabling dependent st	g station: The term "enabling station" means a publicly registered station that may enable ations.
15 16 17 18		ent station: Any station whose operation is conditioned on the reception and decoding of an nal transmitted by an enabling station. Dependent stations cannot be enabling stations to other
19 20	3.y3 fixed sta dependent sta	ation: The term "fixed station" means a publicly registered station that does not enable ations.
21 22 23 24		ent station enablement (DSE): Procedures to satisfy requirements in some regulatory domains peration conditional on the direct reception and decoding of an enabling signal transmitted by station.
25	4. Abbrev	viations and acronyms
26	Insert the fo	llowing new acronym in alphabetical order:
27 28	DEI DSE	dependent enablement identifier dependent station enablement

5. General description 29



5.2 Components of the IEEE 802.11 architecture

- 2 EDITORIAL NOTE—11 ma D9.0 ends subclause 5.2 with 5.2.6 QoS basic service set
- 3 Insert the following new subclause before 5.3 and renumber accordingly:
- 4 5.2.7 Licensed operation in shared bands

5 Spectrum sharing between licensed and unlicensed devices will become more prevalent. It is common in 6 private land mobile bands to allow the use of certified but unlicensed devices with enabling stations of 7 licensed operators. The Japanese 4.9 GHz band and the US 4.94 GHz-4.99 GHz Public Safety band are 89 examples for which some 802.11 station operations have been standardized. Operators are required to respond to and resolve interference complaints from other operators. Equipment in the band should have 10 cognitive radio capabilities for flexibility in operation and enhance sharing the spectrum among many 11 operators. Higher transmit power may be allowed for fixed stations and enabling stations that are 12 registered, while unregistered stations are restricted to lower transmit power, and operation under the 13 control of enabling stations.

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The rules for the US 3650 MHz Wireless Broadband Services band permit operation of 'mobile' and 'portable' devices under the control of an enabling station that is operated by a licensed operator. The rules require the use of a 'contention-based protocol' 'by which a transmitter provides reasonable opportunities for other transmitters to operate.' A 'listen-before-talk' protocol like CSMA-CA is suitable, and enhancements to 'listening' are key to operation in shared bands. For this reason, in the 802.11 standard, all stations operating in the US 3650 MHz band shall use CCA-Energy Detect Clear Channel Assessment to better coexist with other primary users. Additionally, all stations shall use Multi-Domain capability (dot11MultiDomainCapabilityEnabled true), Spectrum Management capability (dot11SpectrumManagementRequired true), Regulatory Classes (dot11RegulatoryClassesRequired true) and the OFDM PHY.

Operator's requirements for registered stations are much greater than of unregistered stations, leading us to put more stringent requirements on fixed and enabling stations, so that operators have more flexibility to respond to interference complaints from other operators. Operation with more than one channel width is a key capability for outdoor operation, both to adapt to multipath and to other primary users. For this reason, in the 802.11 standard, fixed and enabling stations in the 3650 MHz band shall be capable of operation using 5-, 10-, and 20-MHz channel widths, and dependent stations shall be capable of operation using 5 MHz channel widths.

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- 34 **6. MAC Service Definition**
- 35 **7. Frame formats**
- 36 7.1 MAC frame formats
- 37 **7.2 Format of individual frame types**
- 38 7.2.1 Control frames



- 1 **7.2.2 Data frames**
- 2 7.2.3 Management frames
- 3 7.2.3.1 Beacon frame format
- 4 Insert the following new elements in table 8 as shown:
- 5 Table 8: Beacon frame body

Order Information		Notes		
<u>25</u>	DSE registered location	The DSE registered location information element shall be present if dot11DSERequired is true or dot11RegLocRequired is true.		
<u>26</u>	Extended Channel Switch Announcement	Extended Channel Switch Announcement element may be present if dot110FDMCCAEDRequired is true.		

- 6 7.2.3.2 IBSS ATIM frame format
- 7 7.2.3.3 Disassociation frame format
- 8 7.2.3.4 Association Request frame format
- 9 Insert new row into table 10 as shown below:
- 10 Table 10: Association Request frame format

Order Information		Notes		
<u>10</u>	Supported Regulatory Classes	Supported Regulatory Classes is present if dot110FDMCCAEDRequired is true.		

- EDITORIAL NOTE—last entry in 11ma-D9.0 has order 9.
- 12 7.2.3.5 Association Response frame format
- 13 Insert new rows into table 11 as shown below:
- 14 Table 11: Association Response frame body

Order Information		Notes		
7 Supported Regulatory Classes		Supported Regulatory Classes information element is present if dot11OFDMCCAEDRequired is true.		
<u>8</u>	DSE registered location	DSE registered location information element is present if		



dot11RegLocRequired is true or dot11DSERequired is
<u>true</u>

- 1 EDITORIAL NOTE—last entry in 11ma-D9.0 has order 6.
- 2 7.2.3.6 Reassociation Request frame format
- 3 Insert a new row into table 12 as shown below:

4 Table 12: Reassociation Request frame body

Order Information		Notes		
<u>11</u>	Supported Regulatory Classes	Supported Regulatory Classes information element is present if dot110FDMCCAEDRequired is true.		

- 5 EDITORIAL NOTE—last entry in 11ma-D9.0 has order 10.
- 6 7.2.3.7 Reassociation Response frame format
- 7 Insert new rows into table 13 as shown below:

8 Table 13: Reassociation Response frame body

Order	Information	Notes		
7 Supported Regulatory Classes		Supported Regulatory Classes information element is present if dot11OFDMCCAEDRequired is true.		
<u>8</u>	DSE registered location	DSE registered location information element is present if dot11RegLocRequired is true or dot11DSERequired is true		

- 9 EDITORIAL NOTE—last entry in 11ma-D9.0 has order 6.
- 10 7.2.3.8 Probe Request frame format
- 11 7.2.3.9 Probe Response frame format
- 12 Insert the following changes to 7.2.3.9 Table 15:

13 Table 15: Probe Response frame body

Order Information		Notes		
<u>DSE registered location</u>		Is present only if dot11RegLocRequired is true or dot11DSERequired is true.		
<u>24</u>	Extended Channel Switch Announcement	Extended Channel Switch Announcement element may be present if dot110FDMCCAEDRequired is true.		

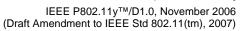


- 1 EDITORIAL NOTE—last entry in 11ma-D9.0 has order 22.
- 2 7.3 Management frame body components
- 3 7.3.1 Fields that are not information elements
- 4 7.3.2 Information elements
- 5 Insert a new element after element 50 in Table 26, and change the Reserved row accordingly
- 6 Insert Element IDs x and x+1 into Table 26 and change the Reserved row accordingly

7 Table 26—Element IDs

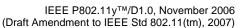
Information Element	Element ID	Length (in octets)
DSE registered location (see 7.3.2.36)	<u>51</u>	<u>16</u>
Reserved	5 <u>2</u> 1-126	
Extended Capabilities	127	2 to 257
Extended Channel Switch Announcement	<u>X</u>	
Supported Regulatory Classes	<u>x+1</u>	
Reserved	<u>x+2</u> 128-220	

- 8 **7.3.2.1 SSID element**
- 9 7.3.2.2 Supported Rates element
- 10 7.3.2.3 FH Parameter Set element
- 11 7.3.2.4 DS Parameter Set element
- 12 7.3.2.5 CF Parameter Set element
- 13 **7.3.2.6 TIM**





I	7.3.2.7 IBSS Parameter Set element
2	7.3.2.8 Challenge Text element
3	7.3.2.9 Country information element
4	7.3.2.10 Hopping Pattern Parameters information element
5	7.3.2.11 Hopping Pattern Table information element
6	7.3.2.12 Request information element
7	7.3.2.13 ERP Information element
8	7.3.2.14 Extended Supported Rates element
9	7.3.2.15 Power Constraint element
10	7.3.2.16 Power Capability element
11	7.3.2.17 TPC Request element
12	7.3.2.18 TPC Report element
13	7.3.2.19 Supported Channels element
14	7.3.2.20 Channel Switch Announcement element
15	7.3.2.21 Measurement Request element
16	7.3.2.22 Measurement Report element
17	7.3.2.23 Quiet element
18	7.3.2.24 IBSS DFS element
19	7.3.2.25 RSN information element
20	7.3.2.26 Vendor Specific information element





- 1 7.3.2.27 Extended Capabilities information element
- 2 **7.3.2.28 QBSS Load element**
- 3 7.3.2.29 EDCA Parameter Set element
- 4 7.3.2.30 TSPEC element
- 5 **7.3.2.31 TCLAS element**
- **7.3.2.32 TS Delay element**
- 7 7.3.2.33 TCLAS Processing element
- 8 7.3.2.34 Schedule element
- 9 7.3.2.35 QoS Capability element
- 10 Insert the following new clauses before 7.4 and renumber accordingly:
- 7.3.2.36 DSE registered location element
- 12 A DSE registered location element includes a DSE Location Configuration Information report, which
- contains Latitude, Longitude and Altitude information. The DSE LCI report format is shown in Figure
- 14 y112A.



B0 B15 Latitude Resolution Latitude 10 bits 6 bits Latitude 16 bits Latitude Longitude Resolution Longitude 8 bits 6 bits 2 bits Longitude 16 bits Longitude 16 bits Altitude Type Altitude Resolution Altitude 6 bits 4 bits 6 bits Altitude 16 bits RegLoc RegLoc Depend-Res Altitude Datum Agree-DSE ent STA 2 8 bits 3 bits ment bit bit bit bits Dependent Enablement Identifier 16 bits

Figure y112A—DSE Location Configuration Information

This structure and information fields are little-endian, per conventions defined in 7.1.1, and are based on the LCI format described in IETF RFC 3825, "Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol Option for Coordinate-based Location Configuration Information".

The definition of elements within the DSE LCI report shall be as defined in IETF RFC 3825 section 2.1 or as defined herein.

Altitude Type (AT) codes are:

- 1: Meters in 2s-complement fixed-point 22-bit integer part with 8-bit fraction
- 2: Floors in 2s-complement fixed-point 22-bit integer part with 8-bit fraction
- 3: Height Above Ground, Meters in 2s-complement fixed-point 22-bit integer part with 8-bit fraction

If AT = 3, an altitude resolution value 0.0 would indicate unknown altitude. The most precise Altitude would have an altitude resolution value of 30.

Datum is a three-bit field, rather than the eight-bit field defined in RFC 3825, and the codes used are as defined in RFC 3825.

RegLoc Agreement is TRUE to report that the STA is operating within a national policy area or an international agreement area near a national border, otherwise is FALSE.

RegLoc DSE is TRUE to report that the enabling station is enabling the operation of STAs with DSE, otherwise is FALSE.

Dependent STA is TRUE to report that the STA is operating with the enablement of the enabling station whose LCI is being reported, otherwise is FALSE.

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1 The most-significant two bits of the DSE LCI are reserved.

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3 Dependent Enablement Identifier is a 16-bit field with a dependent station identifier value set by the 4 enabling station.

7.3.2.37 Extended Channel Switch Announcement element

6 The Extended Channel Switch Announcement element is used by an AP in a BSS or a STA in an IBSS to 7 advertise when it is changing to a new channel. The announcement includes both the regulatory class and 8 the channel number of the new channel. The format of the Extended Channel Switch Announcement

element is shown in Figure y112B.

	Element ID	Length	Channel Switch Mode	New Regulatory Class	New Channel Number	Channel Switch Count
Octets:	1	1	1	1	1	1

Figure y112B. Extended Channel Switch Announcement information element.

The Length field shall be set to 4.

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The Channel Switch Mode field indicates any restrictions on transmission until a channel switch. An AP in a BSS or a STA in an IBSS sets the Channel Switch Mode field to either 0 or 1 on transmission. A Channel Switch Mode set to 1 means that the STA in a BSS to which the frame containing the element is addressed transmits no further frames within the BSS until the scheduled channel switch. A STA in an IBSS may treat a Channel Switch Mode field set to 1 as advisory. A Channel Switch Mode set to 0 does not impose any requirement on the receiving STA.

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The New Regulatory Class field shall be set to the number of the regulatory class to which the STA is moving as defined in Annex J.

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The New Channel Number field shall be set to the number of the channel to which the STA is moving. The channel number shall be a channel from the STA's new Regulatory Class as defined in Annex J.

The Channel Switch Count field either shall be set to the number of TBTTs until the STA sending the Channel Switch Announcement element switches to the new channel or shall be set to 0. A value of 1 indicates that the switch shall occur immediately before the next TBTT. A value of 0 indicates that the switch shall occur at any time after the frame containing the element is transmitted.

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The Extended Channel Switch Announcement element is included in Extended Channel Switch Announcement frames, as described in 7.4.1.6, and may be included in Beacon frames, as described in 7.2.3.1, and Probe Response frames, as described in 7.2.3.9. The use of Extended Channel Switch Announcement elements and frames is described in 11.9.7.

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7.3.2.38 Supported Regulatory Classes element

37 The Supported Regulatory Classes element is used by a STA to advertise the Regulatory Classes that it 38 supports. The format of the Supported Regulatory Classes element is shown in Figure y112C.



	Element ID	Length	Current Regulatory Class	First alternate Regulatory Class	Second alternate Regulatory Class	Next alternate Regulatory Class
Octets:	1	1	1	1	1	1

Figure y112C. Supported Regulatory Classes information element.

2 3 4 5 6 The length of the Supported Regulatory Classes element is between 1 and 32 octets. The Current Regulatory Class octet shall indicate the Regulatory Class in use. The alternate Regulatory Class numbers shall be in increasing order.

- The Supported Regulatory Classes element may be included in Association Request frames, as described in 7.2.3.4, Association Response frames, as described in 7.2.3.5, in Reassociation Request frames, as
- described in 7.2.3.6, and Reassociation Response frames, as described in 7.2.3.7.
- 9 7.4 Action frame format details
- 10 7.4.1 Spectrum management action details
- 11 7.4.1.1 Measurement Request frame format
- 12 Insert a penultimate row and change the last for of 7.4.1.1 – Table 44 as shown:
- 13 Table 44—spectrum management action value field values

Action Value field value	Description
0	Measurement Request
1	Measurement Response
2	TPC Request
3	TPC Report
4	Channel Switch Announcement
<u>5</u>	Extended Channel Switch Announcement
5 <u>6</u> -255	Reserved

- 14 7.4.1.2 Measurement Report frame format
- 15 7.4.1.3 TPC Request frame format



1	7.4.1.4	TPC	Report	frame	format
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2 7.4.1.5 Channel Switch Announcement frame format

- 3 Insert the following subclause after 7.4.1.5 and renumber accordingly:
- 4 7.4.1.6 Extended Channel Switch Announcement frame format
- 5 The Extended Channel Switch Announcement frame uses the Action frame body format and is transmitted
- 6 by an AP in a BSS or a STA in an IBSS to advertise a channel switch. The format of the Extended Channel
- 7 Switch Announcement frame body is shown in Figure y117A

	Category	Action	Extended Channel Switch Announcement Element
Octets:	1	1	6

8 Figure y117A. Extended Channel Switch Announcement frame format.

9 The Category field shall be set to 0 (representing spectrum management).

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The Action Value field shall be set to 5 (representing a Extended Channel Switch Announcement frame).

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13 The Extended Channel Switch Announcement element shall be set as described 7.3.2.37.

14 **8. Security**

15 9. MAC sublayer functional description

- 16 9.1 MAC architecture
- 17 **9.2 DCF**
- 18 **9.3 PCF**
- 19 **9.4 Fragmentation**
- 20 9.5 Defragmentation



- 2 9.7 MSDU transmission restrictions
- 3 9.8 Operation across regulatory domains
- 4 9.8.1 Operation upon entering a regulatory domain
- 5 9.8.2 Support for FH PHYs
- 6 Insert the following subclauses after 9.8.2 as follows:

7 9.8.3 Operation across regulatory classes within a regulatory domain

Where dot11RegulatoryClassesRequired is false, or where Regulatory Classes domain information is not 9 present in a STA, that STA is not required to change its operation in response to an Information Element or 10 element-specific information field that contains a Regulatory Class.

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Where dot11RegulatoryClassesRequired is true, or where Regulatory Classes domain information is present, the STA shall indicate Regulatory Class information in Country Information elements and Supported Regulatory Classes Information elements.

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Where a STA is capable of operating as specified by more than one Regulatory Class, the STA shall include the Country Information and SupportedRegulatoryClasses elements in associate and reassociate messages.

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Where dot11RegulatoryClassesRequired is true, or where Regulatory Classes domain information is present, and the STA parsing a Country Information element finds a First Channel Number or Regulatory Class with a Reserved value, it shall ignore the remainder of the information element and shall parse any remaining management frame body for additional information elements.

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9.8.4 Operation at distances greater than 150 meters

26 The default PHY parameters are based on aAirPropagationTime having a value of 1 µs or less, and 27 SlotTime and other MAC timing is based on the PHY timing parameters. Where regulatory classes 28 capability is implemented, it is possible to manage the MAC timing of stations that can receive beacon <u>2</u>9 frames or Information request Probe Responses that contain the Country Information element (7.3.2.9). 30 Radio waves propagate at ~299 792 458 m per second in free space, and 3 µs would be the ceiling for BSS 31 maximum one way distance of ~450 m. The Coverage Class field of the Country Information element shall 32 be processed whenever received, replacing the current aAirPropagationTime with one indicated by the 33 Coverage Class field.

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With the Country Information element, an AP can change Coverage Class and Max Transmit Power Level to enhance operation outdoors. Where the Max Transmit Power Level is different than the Transmit Power limit indicated by the Regulatory Class, the receiving STA shall operate at a transmit power at or below that indicated by the lesser of the two limits.



- 2 10. Layer management
- 3 **10.1 Overview of management model**
- 4 10.2 Generic management primitives
- 5 10.3 MLME SAP Interface
- 6 10.3.1 Power Management
- 7 **10.3.2 Scan**
- 8 10.3.2.1 MLME-SCAN.request
- 9 10.3.2.2 MLME-SCAN.confirm
- 10 **10.3.2.2.1** Function
- 11 10.3.2.2.2 Semantics of the service primitive
- 12 Insert the following row at the end of the BSSDescription table:

Name	Type	Valid range	Description
DSE registered location	As defined in information element	As defined in frame format	The information from the DSE registered location information element, if such a field is present in Probe Response or Beacon, else null

- 13 Change 10.3.6 as follows:
- 14 **10.3.6** Associate
- 15 **10.3.6.1 MLME-ASSOCIATE.request**



20

10.3.6.1.2 Semantics of the service primitive

2 Change the primitive parameter list as shown:

3	MLME-ASSOCIATE.request	(
4		PeerSTAAddress,
5		AssociateFailureTimeout,
6		CapabilityInformation,
7		ListenInterval,
8		Supported Channels,
9		RSN,
10		QoSCapability,
11		SupportedRegulatoryClasses,
12		VendorSpecificInfo
13)

14 Insert the following row at the end of the parameter table:

Name	Туре	Valid Range	Description
SupportedRegulat oryClasses	As defined in the Supported Regulatory Classes element	As defined in the Supported Regulatory Classes element	Specifies the Supported Regulatory Classes capabilities of the non-AP STA. This parameter shall only be present if the MIB attribute dot11OFDMCCAEDRequired is true.

- 15 10.3.6.2 MLME-ASSOCIATE.confirm
- 16 10.3.6.3 MLME-ASSOCIATE.indication
- 17 10.3.6.4 MLME-ASSOCIATE.response
- 18 10.3.6.4.2 Semantics of the service primitive
- 19 Change the primitive parameter list as shown:



1 Insert the following rows at the end of the parameter table:

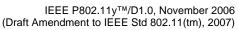
Name	Туре	Valid Range	Description
SupportedRegulat oryClasses	As defined in the Supported Regulatory Classes element	As defined in the Supported Regulatory Classes element	Indicates the Supported Regulatory Classes capabilities of the AP. This parameter shall only be present if the MIB attribute dot11OFDMCCAEDRequired is true.
DSERegisteredL ocation	As defined in the DSE registered location element	As defined in the DSE registered location element	Indicates the DSE registered location including the Dependent Enablement Identifier assigned by the enabling station. This parameter shall only be present if dot11DSERequired is true or dot11RegLocRequired is true.

- 2 Change 10.3.7 as follows:
- 3 10.3.7 Reassociate
- 4 10.3.7.1 MLME-REASSOCIATE.request
- 5 10.3.7.1.2 Semantics of the service primitive
- 6 Change the primitive parameter list as shown:

7	MLME-REASSOCIATE.request	(
8	-	NewAPAddress,
9		ReassociateFailureTimeout,
10		CapabilityInformation,
11		ListenInterval.
12		Supported Channels,
13		RSN,
14		QoSCapability.
15		SupportedRegulatoryClasses,
16		VendorSpecificInfo
17)

18 Insert the following row at the end of the parameter table:

Name	Туре	Valid Range	Description
SupportedRegulat oryClasses	As defined in the Supported Regulatory Classes element	As defined in the Supported Regulatory Classes element	Specifies the Supported Regulatory Classes of the non-AP STA. This parameter shall only be present if the MIB attribute dot11OFDMCCAEDRequired is true.





- 1 10.3.7.2 MLME-REASSOCIATE.confirm
- 2 10.3.7.3 MLME-REASSOCIATE.indication
- 3 10.3.7.4 MLME-REASSOCIATE.response
- 4 10.3.7.4.2 Semantics of the service primitive
- 5 Change the primitive parameter list as shown:

6	MLME-REASSOCIATE.response	(
7	_	PeerSTAAddress,
8		ResultCode,
9		CapabilityInformation,
10		AssociationID,
11		EDCAParameterSet,
12		SupportedRegulatoryClasses,
13		DSERegisteredLocation,
14		VendorSpecificInfo
15)

16 Insert the following rows at the end of the parameter table:

Name	Туре	Valid Range	Description
SupportedRegulat oryClasses	As defined in the Supported Regulatory Classes element	As defined in the Supported Regulatory Classes element	Specifies the Supported Regulatory Classes of the non-AP STA. This parameter shall only be present if the MIB attribute dot11OFDMCCAEDRequired is true.
DSERegisteredL ocation	As defined in the DSE registered location element	As defined in the DSE registered location element	Indicates the DSE registered location including the Dependent Enablement Identifier assigned by the enabling station. This parameter shall only be present if dot11DSERequired is true or dot11RegLocRequired is true.

- 17 **10.3.8 Disassociate**
- 18 **10.3.9 Reset**
- 19 **10.3.10 Start**
- 20 **10.3.10.1 MLME-START.request**



22

26

10.3.10.1.2 Semantics of the service primitive

2	Change the primitive parameters of	as shown:
3	MLME-START.request(
3 4 5 6 7 8 9	``	SSID,
5		BSSType,
6		BeaconPeriod,
7		DTIMPeriod,
8		CF parameter set,
9		PHY parameter set,
10		IBSS parameter set,
11		ProbeDelay.
12		CapabilityInformation,
13		BSSBasicRateSet,
14		OperationalRateSet,
15		Country,
16		IBSS DFS Recovery Interval,
17		EDCAParameterSet,
18		DSE registered location,
19		VendorSpecificInfo
20		
21)

Insert the following entry to the end of the table in the subclause:

Name	Type	Valid range	Description
DSE registered location	As defined in information element	As defined in frame format	The information from the DSE registered location information element. Present only if dot11RegLocRequired is true or dot11DSERequired is true.

23 Insert the following subclauses after 10.3.29.3.4 as follows:

24 10.3.30 Extended Channel Switch Announcement

25 The following MLME primitives support the signaling of Extended Channel Switch Announcement.

27 28 29 30 31 32 10.3.30.1 MLME-EXTCHANNELSWITCH.request

10.3.30.1.1 Function

This primitive requests that an Extended Channel Switch Announcement frame be sent by an AP.

33 34 10.3.30.1.2 Semantics of the service primitive

35 The primitive parameters are as follows:

36 MLME-EXTCHANNELSWITCH.request 37 Mode, 38 Regulatory Class,

39 Channel Number,



10

11

12 13

14 15

16

17

18

Channel Switch Count,
VendorSpecificInfo
)

Name	Type	Valid Range	Description
Mode	Integer	0,1	Channel switch mode, as defined for the Extended Channel Switch Announcement element.
Regulatory Class	Integer	As defined in Annex J	Specifies the new regulatory class.
Channel Number	Integer	As defined in Annex J	Specifies the new channel number.
Channel Switch Count	Integer	0 – 255	Specifies the number of TBTTs until the channel switch event, as described for the Extended Channel Switch Announcement element.
VendorSpecif icInfo	A set of information elements	As defined in 7.3.2.26	Zero or more information elements.

10.3.30.1.3 When generated

This primitive is generated by the SME to request that a Extended Channel Switch Announcement frame be sent to a non-AP STA that is associated to the AP.

10.3.30.1.4 Effect of receipt

On receipt of this primitive, the MLME constructs an Extended Channel Switch Announcement frame. The AP then attempts to transmit this to other STAs that are associated.

10.3.30.2 MLME-EXTCHANNELSWITCH.confirm

10.3.30.2.1 Function

This primitive reports the result of a request to switch channel.

10.3.30.2.2 Semantics of the service primitive

19 The primitive parameters are as follows:

20	MLME-EXTCHANNELSWITCH.confirm	(
21		ResultCode,
22		VendorSpecificInfo
23)

Name	Type	Valid Range	Description
ResultCode	Enumeration	SUCCESS, INVALID PARAMETERS or UNSPECIFIED FAILURE	Reports the result of an extended channel switch request.
VendorSpecif icInfo	A set of information elements	As defined in 7.3.2.26	Zero or more information elements.



10.3.30.2.3 When generated

This primitive is generated by the MLME when an extended channel switch request completes. Possible unspecified failure causes include an inability to schedule an extended channel announcement.

10.3.30.2.4 Effect of receipt

The SME is notified of the results of the extended channel switch procedure.

9 10

10.3.30.3 MLME-EXTCHANNELSWITCH.indication

10.3.30.3.1 Function

11 12

This primitive indicates that an Extended Channel Switch Announcement frame was received from an AP.

13 14

10.3.30.3.2 Semantics of the service primitive

15 16

The primitive parameters are as follows:

17 18 19

MLME-EXTCHANNELSWITCH.indication Peer MAC Address, Mode, Regulatory Class, Channel Number, Channel Switch Count, VendorSpecificInfo

20
21
22
23
24

Name	Type	Valid Range	Description
PeerMAC Address	MACAddress	Any valid individual MAC Address	The address of the peer MAC entity from which the Measurement Report frame was received.
Mode	Integer	0,1	Channel switch mode, as defined for the Channel Switch Announcement element.
Regulatory Class	Integer	As defined in Annex J	Specifies the new regulatory class.
Channel Number	Integer	As defined in Annex J	Specifies the new channel number.
Channel Switch Count	Integer	0 – 255	Specifies the number of TBTTs until the channel switch event, as described for the Extended Channel Switch Announcement element.
VendorSpecif icInfo	A set of information elements	As defined in 7.3.2.26	Zero or more information elements.

25 26

10.3.30.3.3 When generated

27 28 29

This primitive is generated by the MLME when a valid Extended Channel Switch Announcement frame is received.

30

10.3.30.3.4 Effect of receipt

31 32

On receipt of this primitive, the SME decides whether to accept the switch request.

33 34 35

10.3.30.4 MLME-EXTCHANNELSWITCH.response

10.3.30.4.1 Function



This primitive is used to schedule an accepted extended channel switch.

10.3.30.4.2 Semantics of the service primitive

The primitive parameters are as follows:

```
MLME-EXTCHANNELSWITCH.response
                                             (
                                      Mode,
                                      Regulatory Class,
                                      Channel Number,
                                      Channel Switch Count,
                                      VendorSpecificInfo
                                      )
```

Name	Туре	Valid Range	Description
Mode	Integer	0,1	Channel switch mode, as defined for the Channel Switch Announcement element.
Regulatory Class	Integer	As defined in Annex J	Specifies the new regulatory class.
Channel Number	Integer	As defined in Annex J	Specifies the new channel number.
Channel Switch Count	Integer	0 – 255	Specifies the number of TBTTs until the channel switch event, as described for the Extended Channel Switch Announcement element.
VendorSpecif icInfo	A set of information elements	As defined in 7.3.2.26	Zero or more information elements.

14 15 16

10.3.30.4.3 When generated

17

This primitive is generated by the SME to schedule an accepted extended channel switch request.

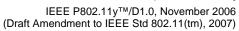
18 19 20 21

22

23

10.3.30.4.4 Effect of receipt

On receipt of this primitive, the MLME schedules the extended channel switch. The actual channel switch is at the appropriate time through the MLME-PLME interface using the PLME-SET primitive of the dot11CurrentFrequency MIB attribute. If Mode = 0, STA shall refrain from transmitting until the time of the extended channel switch.





11. MLME

2	11.1 Synchronization
3	11.2 Power management
4	11.3 STA Authentication and Association
5	11.4 TS Operation
6	11.5 Block Ack operation
7	11.6 Higher layer timer synchronization
8	11.7 DLS operation
9	11.8 TPC procedures
10	11.9 DFS procedures
11	11.9.1 Association based on supported channels
12	11.9.2 Quieting channels for testing
13	11.9.3 Testing channels for radar
14	11.9.4 Discontinuing operations after detecting radars
15	11.9.5 Detecting radars
16	11.9.6 Requesting and reporting of measurements



11.9.7 Selecting and advertising a new channel

2 Change clause 11.9.7.1 as follows:

11.9.7.1 Selecting and advertising a new channel in an infrastructure BSS

The decision to switch to a new operating channel in an infrastructure BSS shall be made only by the AP. An AP may make use of the information in the Supported Channel and Supported Regulatory Classes elements and the results of measurements undertaken by the AP and other STAs in the BSS to assist the selection of the new channel. The algorithm to choose a new channel is beyond the scope of this standard, but shall satisfy applicable regulatory requirements, including uniform spreading rules and channel testing rules. The AP shall attempt to select a new channel that is supported by all associated STAs, although it should be noted that this might not always be possible.

In the following text wherever Channel Switch Announcement is referred to, the following rules apply:

1) If an AP is switching to a new channel in a different regulatory class then the AP shall use the Extended Channel Switch Announcement elements and frames instead of the Channel Switch Announcement elements and frames.

2) If an AP is switching to a channel within the same regulatory class, and dot11OFDMCCAEDRequired is true, then the AP shall send the Extended Channel Switch Announcement element and frame, else the AP shall send the Channel Switch Announcement element and frame. Optionally the Extended Channel Switch Announcement element and frame may be used.

An AP shall inform associated STAs that the AP is moving to a new channel and maintain the association by advertising the switch using Channel Switch Announcement elements in Beacon frames, Probe Response frames, either of the Channel Switch Announcement frames until the intended channel switch time. The AP may force STAs in the BSS to stop transmissions until the channel switch takes place using the Channel Switch Mode field in Channel Switch Announcement element. If possible, the channel switch should be scheduled so that all STAs in the BSS, including STAs in power save mode, have the opportunity to receive at least one Channel Switch Announcement element before the switch. The AP may send the Channel Switch Announcement frame in a BSS without performing a backoff, after determining that the WM is idle for one PIFS period.

A STA that receives a Channel Switch Announcement element may choose not to perform the specified switch, but to take alternative action. For example, it may choose to move to a different BSS.

A STA in a BSS that is not the AP shall not transmit the Channel Switch Announcement element.

- 39 Insert new first paragraph in clause 11.9.7.2 as follows:
- 40 11.9.7.2 Selecting and advertising a new channel in an IBSS

In the following text wherever Channel Switch Announcement is referred to, the following rules apply:



47

48

IEEE P802.11 y^{TM} /D1.0, November 2006 (Draft Amendment to IEEE Std 802.11(tm), 2007)

1	1) If a DFS owner is switching to a new channel in a different regulatory class then the DFS owner
1 2 3 4 5	shall use the Extended Channel Switch Announcement elements and frames instead of the
3	Channel Switch Announcement elements and frames.
1	
- -	 If a DFS owner is switching to a channel within the same regulatory class, and dot110FDMCCAEDRequired is true, then the DFS owner shall send the Extended Channel
6 7	Switch Announcement element and frame, else the DFS owner shall send the Channel Switch
	Announcement element and frame. Optionally the Extended Channel Switch Announcement
8	element and frame may be used.
9	
10	EDITORIAL NOTE—11 ma D9.0 last subclause is 11.9.7.2
11	Insert the following new subclauses after clause 11.9.7.2 and renumber accordingly:
12	11.10 DSE procedures
12	Developing that and to the UC 2650 MHz hand are investigated in the invalence to
13	Regulations that apply to the US 3650 MHz band require enabling stations to implement a mechanism to
14 15	enable mobile station operation. Similar regulations exist in other regulatory domains. This standard
1 J 1 G	describes such a mechanism, referred to as dependent station enablement (DSE).
13 14 15 16 17	
l / 1 Q	This subclause describes DSE procedures that can be used to satisfy these and similar future regulatory
10	requirements. Regulations that apply to the US 3650 MHz band require fixed stations and enabling stations
19	to have their operating locations registered. Licensees of stations suffering or causing harmful interference
20 01	are expected to cooperate and resolve problems by mutually satisfactory arrangements. The procedures
21	may also satisfy needs in other frequency bands and be useful for other purposes.
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	CTA a shall was the DCE massadium adalimed in this sub-slaves if dat 1 DCED assigned in time
23 24	STAs shall use the DSE procedures defined in this subclause if dot11DSERequired is true.
24	dot11DSERequired shall be TRUE when regulatory authorities require DSE. It may also be set to TRUE in
23 26	other circumstances. If licensees in more than one frequency band of a country use DSE procedures, then a
20	dot11RegLocRequired and a dot11DSERequired shall be specific to each frequency band using DSE
2/	procedures of that country.
20	The DCF
29 20	The DSE procedures provide for the following:
29 30 31	
32	Fixed station and enabling station operation
	Creation of a Basic Service Area for dependent station operation
33	Dependent STA operation with DSE
34	E 4 CDGE GTA '4 1 (11DGED ' 1 44 EALGE 1 11 4 44 DGE ' 4 1
35	For the purpose of DSE, a STA with dot11DSERequired set to FALSE shall not support the DSE registered
36	location order unless dot11RegLocRequired is set to TRUE.
37	11.10.1 Fixed station and enabling station operation
38	Fixed stations and enabling stations shall have dot11RegLocRequired set to TRUE, and shall transmit the
39	DSE registered location element in every beacon, and shall set the Dependent STA bit to FALSE. If the
40	registered location of the fixed or enabling station is within a national policy area, such as within a Fixed
41	Satellite Service exclusion zone, or the registered location is within an international agreement area near a
12	national border, RegLoc Agreement shall be set to TRUE, otherwise it shall be set to FALSE.
43	
14	The registered location element Latitude, Longitude and Altitude fields shall be reported to their full
45	resolutions, which may exceed the resolutions required by regulatory authorities. The Altitude Type shall

be 3, Height Above Ground Meters (altitude in meters above adjacent terrain), unless another altitude type

is required for operation in the regulatory domain. The Datum value shall be 1 (World Geodetic System

1984), unless another datum is required for operation in the regulatory domain.



11.10.2 Creation of a BSA for dependent station operation

An enabling station may allow the creation of a BSA for dependent STA operation where regulatory requirements permit, and signifies the creation of a BSA by setting the RegLoc DSE to TRUE in the DSE registered location element. Dependent STA operation is conditional on receiving and decoding a DSE registered location element with RegLoc DSE true directly from an enabling station. Before association to any one enabling station, a dependent STA may have detected several enabling stations, and may attempt association with one and fail, then attempt association to another. An enabling station in an DSE BSA may

schedule quiet intervals using DFS procedures, so that all dependent stations can listen for others in the

9 frequency band.

11.10.3 Dependent STA operation with DSE

Dependent STAs shall have dot11RegLocRequired and dot11DSERequired set to TRUE.

For the purpose of DSE, the following statements apply:

—A STA with dot11DSERequired set to TRUE shall not operate in a BSS or IBSS unless it has received a beacon frame or probe response frame from a enabling station with Spectrum Management bit set to 1 in the Capability Information field;

 —Every dependent STA that is not associated with an enabling station shall not transmit, except to authenticate and associate with an enabling station, unless such action is as mandated in the regulatory domain (e.g. Emergency Services);

—Every dependent STA shall associate with an enabling station that is sending beacons with DSE registered location element RegLoc DSE set to TRUE, and operate under the control of the enabling station to which the dependent station is associated;

—Every dependent STA shall create a dependent DSE registered location element with the enabling station's DSE registered location element and having the Dependent STA bit set to TRUE. Before association, the Dependent Enablement Identifier (DEI) field shall be set to zero. Upon association or Reassociation, the DEI field shall be set to the DEI value in the MLME-ASSOCIATE.response or MLME-REASSOCIATE.response, and this DSE registered location element shall be used in constructing Probe Response frames;

 —Every dependent STA that is not associated with an enabling station shall only transmit for up to [8] seconds in attempting to associate,

then if it is not associated with an enabling station, it shall not transmit for [512] seconds, before it can again attempt to authenticate and associate;

 —Every associated dependent STA shall cease transmission within [60] seconds if it does not receive either a beacon frame or a Probe Response frame with RegLoc DSE set to TRUE in the DSE registered location element, and set to zero all fields of the dependent DSE registered location element;

 —Every dependent STA shall respond to a Request information Probe Request having the DSE registered location element (asking "what enabling station's signal did you receive and decode that enables you to transmit?") with a Probe Response DSE the dependent DSE registered location element;

—Every dependent STA shall create a Probe Response frame containing order 23 (DSE), with the dependent DSE registered location element. The dependent STA shall count the sum of dot11TransmittedFragmentCount, dot11MulticastTransmittedFrameCount and dot11ReceivedFragmentCount, and schedule this Probe Response be sent to self using normal frame transmission rules, whenever the sum modulo [256] changes.

12. PHY service specification

13. PHY management

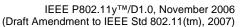


- 1 14. Frequency-Hopping spread spectrum (FHSS) PHY specifications for the
- 2 2.4 GHz industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) band
- 3 15. DSSS PHY specification for the 2.4 GHz band designated for ISM
- 4 applications
- 5 16. Infrared (IR) PHY specification
- 6 Change the Clause 17 title as shown:
- 7 17. Orthogonal frequency division multiplexing (OFDM) PHY specification
- 8 for the 5 GHz band
- 9 17.1 Introduction
- 10 Change the end of the second paragraph as shown:
- The regulatory requirements and information regarding the use of this OFDM system-in 4.9 GHz and 5
- 12 GHz bands is in Annex I and Annex J. This OFDM system shall not be operated in the 2.4 GHz frequency
- 13 band. The 2.4 GHz DSSS-OFDM PHY and ERP-OFDM PHY systems are described in Clause 19.
- 14 Change the last sentence of the third paragraph as shown:
- 15 The regulatory requirements and information regarding the use of this OFDM system in the 4.9 GHz band
- is in Annex I and Annex J.
- 17 **17.1.1 Scope**
- 18 Change the first sentence as shown:
- 19 This subclause describes the PHY services provided to the IEEE 802.11 wireless LAN MAC by the 5-GHz
- 20 (bands) OFDM system.
- 21 17.1.2 OFDM PHY functions
- 22 Change the first sentence as shown:
- The 5 GHz OFDM PHY architecture is depicted in the reference model shown in Figure 10 (in 5.97).
- 24 17.1.2.1 PLCP sublayer
- 25 **17.1.2.2 PMD sublayer**



Change the second sentence as shown:

2 3	The PMD sublayer provides a means to send and receive data between two or more stations. This clause is concerned with the 5 GHzany band using OFDM modulation.
4	17.2 OFDM PHY specific service parameter list
5	17.3 OFDM PLCP sublayer
6	17.3.1 Introduction
7	17.3.2 PLCP frame format
8	17.3.3 PLCP preamble (SYNC)
9	17.3.4 SIGNAL field
10 11	17.3.5 DATA field 17.3.6 CCA
12 13 14	PLCP shall provide the capability to perform CCA and report the result to the MAC. The CCA mechanism shall detect a "medium busy" condition with a performance specified in 17.3.10.5. This medium status report is indicated by the primitive PHY_CCA.indicate.
15	Insert the following text after the only paragraph of 17.3.6:
16 17 18	For improved spectrum sharing in some bands, an optional Clear Channel Assessment-Energy Detect (CCA-ED) may be required, as indicated in Annex J
19 20 21 22	The ED status shall be given by the PMD primitive, PMD_ED. The CS status shall be given by PMD_CS. The status of PMD_ED and PMD_CS is used in the PLCP to indicate activity to the MAC through the PHY interface primitive, PHY-CCA.indicate.
23 24 25	A busy channel shall be indicated by PHY-CCA.indicate of class BUSY. A clear channel shall be indicated by PHY-CCA.indicate of class IDLE.
26 27 28	The PHY MIB attribute, dot11CCAEDModeSupported, shall indicate the appropriate operation modes. The PHY shall be configured through the PHY MIB attribute, dot11OFDMCurrentCCAEDMode.
29	17.3.7 PLCP data modulation and modulation rate change
30	17.3.8 PMD operating specifications (general)





l	17.3.8.1	Outline	description

- 2 17.3.8.2 Regulatory requirements
- 3 17.3.8.3 Operating channel frequencies
- 4 17.3.8.3.1 Operating frequency range
- 5 Change the first two sentences as shown:
- 6 The OFDM PHY shall operate in frequency bands, as allocated by a regulatory body in its operational
- 7 region. Spectrum allocation in the frequency bands are subject to authorities responsible for geographic-
- 8 specific regulatory domains (e.g., global, regional, and national).
- 9 17.3.9 PMD transmit specifications
- 10 17.3.9.1 Transmit power levels
- 11 17.3.9.2 Transmit spectrum mask
- 12 The transmit spectrum mask by regulatory domain is defined in Annex I and Annex J.
- 13 Insert the following text and figure after the only sentence in 17.3.9.2 and renumber accordingly:
- 14 The default transmitted spectrum shall have a 0 dBr (dB relative to the maximum spectral density of the
- 15 signal) bandwidth not exceeding 18 MHz, -20 dBr at 11 MHz frequency offset, -28 dBr at 20 MHz
- frequency offset and –40 dBr at 30 MHz frequency offset and above. The transmitted spectral density of
- the transmitted signal shall fall within the default spectral mask, as shown in Figure y254A. The
- 18 measurements shall be made using a 100 kHz resolution bandwidth and a 30 kHz video bandwidth.



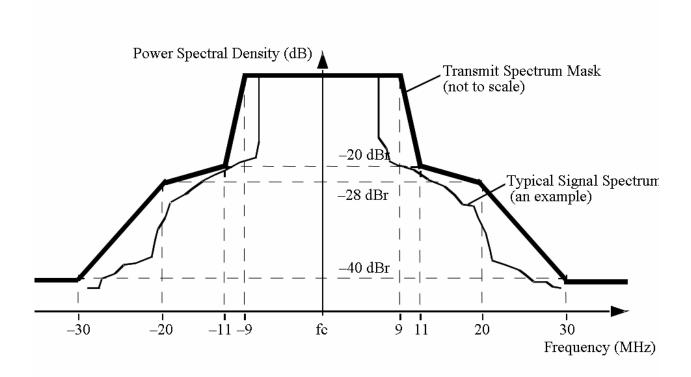


Figure y254A—Default transmit spectrum mask

1

- 4 17.3.10 PMD receiver specifications
- 5 17.3.10.1 Receiver minimum input sensitivity
- 6 17.3.10.2 Adjacent channel rejection
- 7 17.3.10.3 Nonadjacent channel rejection
- 8 17.3.10.4 Receiver maximum input level
- 9 **17.3.10.5 CCA sensitivity**



Insert the following text and change the paragraph as shown:

2 3

For improved spectrum sharing in some bands, an optional Clear Channel Assessment-Energy Detect (CCA-ED) may be required, as indicated in Annex J. Where the optional CCA-ED is not used, receiving the start of a valid OFDM transmission at a receive level equal to or greater than the minimum modulation and coding rate sensitivity (–82 dBm for 20 MHz channel spacing, –85 dBm for 10 MHz channel spacing, and –88 dBm for 5 MHz channel spacing) shall cause CCA to indicate busy with a probability > 90% within 4 μ s for 20 MHz channel spacing, 8 μ s for 10 MHz channel spacing, and 16 μ s for 5 MHz

9 channel spacing. 10 If the preamble p

If the preamble portion was missed, the receiver shall hold the CS signal busy for any signal 20 dB above the minimum modulation and coding rate sensitivity (-62 dBm for 20 MHz channel spacing, -65 dBm for 10 MHz channel spacing, and -68 dBm for 5 MHz channel spacing).

NOTE—CCA detect time is based on finding the short sequences in the preamble, so when *TSYM* doubles, so does CCA detect time.

16 Insert the following text after the NOTE:

 For the optional CCA-ED, the OFDM PHY shall provide the capability to perform CCA-ED according to the following two methods:

 CCA-ED Mode 1: Energy above threshold. CCA shall report a busy medium upon detecting any energy above the ED threshold.

 CCA-ED Mode 2: A combination of CS and energy above threshold. CCA shall report busy at least while an OFDM PPDU with energy above the ED threshold is being received at the antenna.

The CCA shall indicate IDLE if there is no energy detect or CS. The CCA parameters are subject to the following criteria:

a) If a valid OFDM signal is detected during its preamble within the CCA window, the ED threshold shall be less than or equal to [-82 dBm] for 20 MHz channel widths; [-85 dBm] for 10 MHz channel widths; and [-88 dBm] for 5 MHz channel widths.

b) With a valid signal (according to the CCA-ED mode of operation) present at the receiver antenna within $[5~\mu~s]$ of the start of a MAC slot boundary, the CCA indicator shall report channel busy before the end of the slot time. This implies that the CCA signal is available as an exposed test point. Refer to Figure 170 (in 9.2.10) for a slot time boundary definition.

c) In the event that a correct PLCP header is received, the OFDM PHY shall hold the CCA signal inactive (channel busy) for the full duration, as indicated by the PLCP LENGTH field. Should a loss of CS occur in the middle of reception, the CCA shall indicate a busy medium for the intended duration of the transmitted PPDU.

Conformance to the optional CCA-ED shall be demonstrated by applying an equivalent OFDM compliant signal above the appropriate ED threshold (item a) so that all conditions described in item b and item c are demonstrated for that channel width.

17.3.11 Transmit PLCP

17.3.12 Receive PLCP



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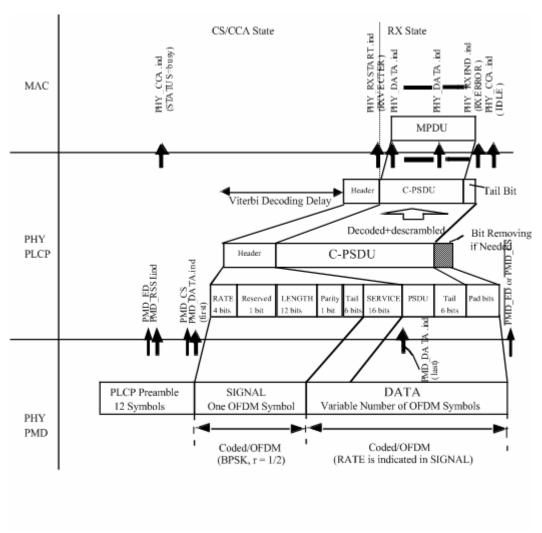


Figure 264—Receive PLCP

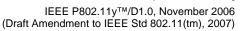
- EDITORIAL NOTE— The above figure was modified to add PMD_ED and PMD_CS and this cannot 4 be shown by revision marks.
- 5 Insert new sentence before second paragraph:
- 6 The receiver shall implement the CCA procedure as defined in 17.3.10.5.
- 7 Insert new paragraph after second paragraph:
- 8 Where the optional CCA-ED is used, upon receiving the transmitted energy, according to the selected CCA 9 mode, the PMD ED shall be enabled (according to 17.3.10.5) as the RSSI reaches the ED THRESHOLD, 10 and/or PMD CS shall be enabled after the PLCP preamble has been received. PHY-CCA.indicate(BUSY) 11
 - shall be issued for ED and/or CS prior to correct reception of the PLCP header.
 - Change the sixth paragraph as shown:
- 14 Where the optional CCA-ED is not used, in the event that a change in the RSSI causes the status of the
- 15 CCA to return to the IDLE state before the complete reception of the PSDU, as indicated by the PLCP
- 16 LENGTH field, the error condition PHY-RXEND.indicate(CarrierLost) shall be reported to the MAC.
- 17 Where the optional CCA-ED is used, in the event that a change in PMD CS indicate or PMD ED indicate



- to DISABLED occurs before the complete reception of the PSDU, as indicated by the PLCP LENGTH
- field, the error condition PHY-RXEND.indicate(CarrierLost) shall be reported to the MAC. The OFDM
- 23 PHY will insure that the CCA indicates a busy medium for the intended duration of the transmitted packet.
- 4 17.4 OFDM PLME
- 5 17.4.1 PLME_SAP sublayer management primitives
- 6 Insert two Managed Objects at the end of Table 146 as shown:

Managed object	Default value/range	Operational semantics
dot11CurrentCCAEDMode	Implementation dependent	<u>Dynamic</u>
dot11EDThreshold	Implementation dependent	<u>Dynamic</u>

- 7 17.5 OFDM PMD sublayer
- 8 17.5.1 Scope and field of application
- 9 17.5.2 Overview of service
- 10 17.5.3 Overview of interactions
- 11 17.5.4 Basic service and options
- 12 17.5.4.1 PMD_SAP peer-to-peer service primitives
- 13 17.5.4.2 PMD SAP sublayer-to-sublayer service primitives
- 14 Insert two Primitives at the end of Table 149 as shown:





Primitive	Request	Indicate	Confirm	Response
PMD_CS		<u>X</u>		
PMD_ED	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>	=	

- 1 17.5.4.3 PMD_SAP service primitive parameters
- 2 Insert three Parameters at the end of Table 150 as shown:

Parameter	Associated primitive	Value (20 MHz channel spacing)	Value (10 MHz channel spacing	Value (5 MHz channel spacing)
<u>CS</u>	PMD_CS.indicate	0 for DISABLED	0 for DISABLED	0 for DISABLED
		1 for ENABLED	1 for ENABLED	1 for ENABLED
ED	PMD_ED.indicate	0 for DISABLED	0 for DISABLED	0 for DISABLED
		1 for ENABLED	1 for ENABLED	1 for ENABLED
ED	PMD_ED.request	ED_THRESHOLD	ED_THRESHOLD	ED_THRESHOLD

- 3 17.5.5 PMD_SAP detailed service specification
- 4 17.5.5.1 PMD_DATA.request
- 5 17.5.5.2 PMD_DATA.indicate
- 6 17.5.5.3 PMD_TXSTART.request
- 7 **17.5.5.4 PMD_TXEND.request**
- 8 17.5.5.5 PMD_TXPWRLVL.request
- 9 **17.5.5.6 PMD_RATE.request**
- 10 **17.5.5.7 PMD_RSSI.indicate**



- 1 Insert new service specifications after end of 17.5.5.7 RSSI.indicate:
- 2 17.5.5.8 PMD_CS.indicate
- 3 **17.5.5.8.1** Function
- 4 This optional primitive may be generated by the PMD to provide an indication that the receiver has
- 5 acquired the end of the OFDM PLCP preamble, and data are being demodulated.
- 6 17.5.5.8.2 Semantics of the service primitive
- 7 This primitive provides the following parameters.

Parameter	Associated primitive	Value	Description
PMD_CS	PMD_CS.indicate	0 for DISABLED 1 for ENABLED	The PMD_CS primitive, in conjunction with PMD_ED, provides CCA status through the PLCP layer PHY-CCA.indicate primitive. PMD_CS indicates a binary status of ENABLED or DISABLED. PMD_CS is ENABLED when the OFDM PLCP preamble has been received. PMD_CS is DISABLED when OFDM symbols are not being received.

- 8 17.5.5.8.3 When generated
- 9 This primitive is generated by the PMD sublayer when the OFDM PHY is receiving a PPDU and the end of
- the OFDM PLCP preamble has been acquired.
- 11 17.5.5.8.4 Effect of receipt
- 12 This indicator is provided to the PLCP for forwarding to the MAC entity for information purposes through
- the PHY_CCA indicator. This parameter shall indicate that the RF medium is busy and occupied by an
- 14 OFDM PHY signal. The OFDM PHY should not be placed into the transmit state when PMD CS is
- 15 ENABLED.
- 16 **17.5.5.9 PMD_ED.indicate**
- 17 **17.5.5.9.1** Function
- 18 This optional primitive may be generated by the PMD to provide an indication that the receiver has
- detected RF energy indicated by the PMD_RSSI primitive that is above a predefined threshold.
- 20 17.5.5.9.2 Semantics of the service primitive
- 21 This primitive provides the following parameters.



Parameter	Associated primitive	Value	Description
PMD_ED	PMD_ED.indicate	0 for DISABLED 1 for ENABLED	The PMD_ED primitive, in conjunction with PMD_CS, provides CCA status through the PLCP layer PHY-CCA.indicate primitive. PMD_ED indicates a binary status of ENABLED or DISABLED. PMD_ED is ENABLED when the RSSI in PMD_RSSI is greater than the ED_THRESHOLD parameter. PMD_ED is DISABLED when the PMD_RSSI falls below the energy detect threshold.

1 17.5.5.9.3 When generated

- 2 This primitive is generated by the PMD sublayer when the OFDM PHY is receiving RF energy from any
- 3 source that exceeds the ED THRESHOLD parameter.

4 17.5.5.9.4 Effect of receipt

- 5 This indicator is provided to the PLCP for forwarding to the MAC entity for information purposes through
- 6 the PHY CCA indicator. This parameter shall indicate that the RF medium may be busy with an RF energy
- source that is not OFDM PHY compliant. If an OFDM PHY is being received, the PMD_CS function is
- 8 enabled shortly after the PMD_ED function is ENABLED.

9 17.5.5.10 PMD_ED.request

10 17.5.5.10.1 Function

11 This optional primitive may be generated by the PLCP to set a value for the energy detect

12 ED THRESHOLD.

13

14

17.5.5.10.2 Semantics of the service primitive

15 This primitive provides the following parameters.

Parameter	Associated primitive	Value	Description
PMD_ED	PMD_ED.request	ED_THRESHOLD	ED_THRESHOLD is the threshold that the RSSI should be greater than in order for PMD_ED to be enabled. PLD_ED is DISABLED when the PMD_RSSI falls below the energy detect threshold.

16 17.5.5.10.3 When generated

17 This primitive is generated by the PLCP sublayer to change or set the current OFDM PHY energy detect

18 threshold.



IEEE P802.11 y^{TM} /D1.0, November 2006 (Draft Amendment to IEEE Std 802.11(tm), 2007)

- 1 17.5.5.10.4 Effect of receipt
- The receipt of the PHY_ED.request primitive immediately changes the energy detect threshold as set by the
- 2 The receipt of the PHY_ED.rec 3 ED_THRESHOLD parameter.



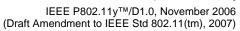
- 1 Annex A (normative) Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement
- 2 (PICS) proforma
- 3 A.1 Introduction
- 4 A.2 Abbreviations and special symbols
- 5 A.3 Instructions for completing the PICS pro forma
- 6 A.4 PICS proforma—IEEE Std. 802.11, 2006 edition
- 7 A.4.1 Implementation identification
- 8 A.4.2 Protocol summary
- 9 A.4.3 IUT configuration
- 10 Change the CF6 entry as shown:

Item	IUT configuration	References	Status	Support
*CF6	Orthogonal frequency division multiplexing PHY for the 5 GHz band	_	<u>O.2</u>	Yes □ No □

- 11 EDITORIAL NOTE— The item CFy below will be replaced by the IEEE 802.11 Technical Editor with
- 12 the next sequential Item number available, and all subsequent references to CFy will be changed
- 13 accordingly.
- 14 Append this entry to the end of this table

Item	IUT configuration	References	Status	Support
*CFy	3.65-3.70 GHz band in US	5.2.7, 7.3.2.36, 11.10, 17.3.6, 17.3.10.5, Annex I, Annex J	<u>CF6&CF8&CF10&CF11:O</u>	<u>Yes □ No □</u> <u>N/A □</u>

15 A.4.4 MAC protocol



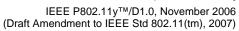


- 1 A.4.5 Frequency hopping (FH) PHY functions
- 2 A.4.6 Direct sequence PHY functions
- 3 A.4.7 Infrared baseband PHY functions
- 4 A.4.8 OFDM PHY functions
- 5 Change OF1.7 and OF1.8 as shown:

Item	Feature	References	Status	Support
*OF1.7	10 MHz Channel spacing	<u>5.2.7, 17.2.2, 17.2.3,</u> <u>17.2.3.3</u>	CF11:O, CFy&MS2:M	Yes □ No □ N/A □
*OF1.8	5 MHz Channel spacing	5.2.7, 17.2.2, 17.2.3, 17.2.3.3	CF11:O, CFy&MS2:M, CFy&MS3:M	Yes □ No □ N/A □

7 Insert new items in OF2 after OF2.19.2 and renumber accordingly:

	Item	Feature	References	Status	Support
--	------	---------	------------	--------	---------





*OF2.19.3	CCA-ED functionality	<u>17.3.10.5</u>	<u>CFy:M</u>	Yes □ No □ N/A □
OF2.19.3.1	CCA-ED Mode 1, energy only (RPI above threshold)	<u>17.3.10.5</u>	OF2.19.3:M	Yes □ No □ N/A □
OF2.19.3.2	CCA-ED Mode 2, energy detect with OFDM CS	<u>17.3.10.5</u>	OF2.19.3:M	Yes □ No □ N/A □
OF2.19.3.3	Hold CCA busy for packet duration of a correctly received PLCP, but carrier lost during reception of MPDU.	17.3.10.5	OF2.19.3:M	Yes □ No □ N/A □
OF2.19.3.4	Hold CCA busy for packet duration of a correctly received, but out of spec, PLCP.	17.3.10.5	OF2.19.3:M	Yes □ No □ N/A □

1 Insert this entry before OF3.3 Channelization:

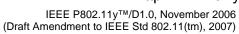
Item	IUT configuration	References	Status	Support
*OF3.2.7	3.65-3.70 GHz band	Annex J	<u>CFy:M</u>	Yes □ No □ N/A □

2 Insert these entries before OF3.4 Number of operating channels:

Item	IUT configuration	References	Status	Support
OF3.3.13	3.65-3.70 GHz (20 MHz channel spacing)	Annex J	<u>CFy&OF3.2.7:M</u>	<u>Yes □ No □</u> <u>N/A □</u>
OF3.3.14	3.65-3.70 GHz (10 MHz channel spacing)	Annex J	CFy&OF3.2.7&OF1.7:M	<u>Yes □ No □</u> <u>N/A □</u>
OF3.3.15	3.65-3.70 GHz (5 MHz channel spacing)	Annex J	<u>CFy&OF3.2.7&OF1.8:M</u>	<u>Yes □ No □</u> <u>N/A □</u>

3 Insert these entries before OF4.14 Spectrum mask, and renumber accordingly:

Item	IUT configuration	References	Status	Support	
------	-------------------	------------	--------	---------	--





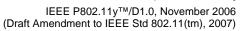
OF4.14	Power level, 3.65-3.70 GHz (20 MHz channel spacing)	Annex J	<u>CFy&OF3.2.7:M</u>	<u>Yes □ No □</u> <u>N/A □</u>
<u>OF4.15</u>	Power level, 3.65-3.70 GHz (10 MHz channel spacing)	Annex J	CFy&OF3.2.7&OF1.7:M	<u>Yes □ No □</u> <u>N/A □</u>
OF4.16	Power level, 3.65-3.70 GHz (5 MHz channel spacing)	Annex J	CFy&OF3.2.7&OF1.8:M	Yes □ No □ <u>N/A □</u>

- 1 A.4.9 High Rate, direct sequence PHY functions
- 2 A.4.10 Regulatory Domain Extensions
- 3 Insert new entries at end of table:

Item	Protocol capability	References	Status	Support
<u>MD13</u>	Reserved First Channel Number	9.8.3	CFy:M	Yes □ No □ N/A □
MD14	Reserved Regulatory Class	9.8.3	CFy:M	Yes □ No □ N/A □

- 4 A.4.11 ERP functions
- 5 A.4.12 Spectrum management extensions
- 6 A.4.13 Regulatory classes extensions
- 7 Insert these entries at the end of A.4.13:

Item	Protocol capability	References	Status	Support
<u>RC5</u>	CoverageClass 0-31	9.8.4	<u>CFy:M</u>	Yes □ No □ <u>N/A □</u>
RC6	Power level, equivalent Max Transmit Power Level and Regulatory Class	9.8.4	CFy:M	<u>Yes □ No □</u> <u>N/A □</u>
RC7	Power level, different Max Transmit Power Level and Regulatory Class	9.8.4	<u>CFy:M</u>	Yes □ No □ <u>N/A □</u>

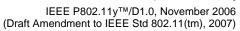




- 1 A.4.14 QoS base functionality
- 2 A.4.15 QoS enhanced distributed channel access (EDCA)
- 3 A.4.16 QoS hybrid coordination function (HCF) controlled channel access (HCCA)
- 4 Insert this new clause after A.4.16
- 5 A.4.17 DSE functions

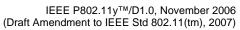


Item	Protocol Capability	References	Status	Support
*MS1	Fixed station operation with RegLoc	11.10.1	CFy:O.1	Yes □ No □ N/A □
*MS2	Enabling station operation with RegLoc	11.10.1	CFy:O.1	Yes □ No □ N/A □
MS2.1	Enabling station creation of BSA	11.10.2	MS2:M	Yes □ No □ N/A □
MS2.2	Enabling station operation with DSE	11.10.1	MS2:M	Yes □ No □ N/A □
*MS3	Dependent STA operation with DSE	11.10.3	CFy:O.1	Yes □ No □ N/A □
MS3.1	Dependent STA Enablement	11.10.3	MS3:M	Yes □ No □ N/A □
MS3.2	Dependent STA DSE Time to Associate	11.10.3	MS3:M	Yes □ No □ N/A □
MS3.3	Dependent STA DSE Time to Not Transmit	11.10.3	MS3:M	Yes □ No □ N/A □
MS3.4	Dependent STA DSE Probe Response	11.10.3	MS3:M	Yes □ No □ N/A □
MS3.5	Dependent STA MLME- ASSOCIATE.response DSE	10.3.6.4	MS3:M	Yes □ No □ N/A □
MS3.6	Dependent STA MLME- REASSOCIATE.response DSE	10.3.7.4	MS3:M	Yes □ No □ N/A □
MS4	Channel switch procedure Transmission of extended channel switch announcement and channel	11.9.7	(CFy AND CF1):M	Yes □ No □ N/A □
	switch procedure by an AP Transmission of extended channel switch announcement and channel	11.9.7	(CFy AND CF2):M	
	switch announcement and channel switch procedure by a STA Reception of extended channel switch announcement and channel switch procedure by a STA	11.9.7	CFy:M	





Item	Protocol Capability	References	Status	Support
MS5	Station Association procedure Transmission of Association Request with SupportedRegulatoryClasses by a STA Transmission of Association Response with SupportedRegulatoryClasses by an AP	9.8.3, 11.3.2.1 9.8.3, 11.3.2.2	(CFy AND CF2:M (CFy AND CF1):M	Yes □ No □ N/A □
MS6	Station Reassociation procedure Transmission of Association Request with SupportedRegulatoryClasses by a STA Transmission of Reassociation Response with SupportedRegulatoryClasses by an AP	9.8.3, 11.2.3.3 9.8.3, 11.2.3.4	(CFy AND CF2:M (CFy AND CF1):M	Yes □ No □ N/A □





Annex B (informative) Hopping sequences



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Annex C (informative) Formal description of a subset of MAC operation

2 Annex D (informative) ASN.1 encoding of the MAC and PHY MIB

```
3 EDITORIAL NOTE—11 ma D9.0 has a last entry of dot11smt 13
```

In the Major section of Annex D, insert the following objects at the end of dot11smt section, behind object dot11RegulatoryClassesTable:

EDITORIAL NOTE—11 ma D9.0 station config table has a last entry of dot11DLSAllowed

```
-- dot11LCIDSETable ::= { dot11smt 14 }
-- dot11LCIDSEReportTable ::= { dot11smt 15 }
```

- ,

In the dot11StationConfig table of Annex D, insert two entries at the end of the dot11StationConfigEntry sequence list as follows:

```
dot11DLSAllowed TruthValue,
dot11LCIDSEImplemented TruthValue,
dot11LCIDSERequired TruthValue }
```

Insert the following elements to the end of dot11StationConfigTable element definitions after dot11DLSAllowed:

```
dot11LCIDSEImplemented OBJECT-TYPE
            SYNTAX TruthValue
            MAX-ACCESS read-only
            STATUS current
            DESCRIPTION
               "This attribute, when TRUE, indicates that the station
               implementation is capable of supporting LCI DSE. The capability
               is disabled otherwise. The default value of this attribute
               is FALSE."
    ::= { dot11StationConfigEntry 43 }
dot11LCIDSERequired OBJECT-TYPE
            SYNTAX TruthValue
            MAX-ACCESS read-write
            STATUS current
            DESCRIPTION
               "A STA will use the defined Dependent Station
               Enablement procedures if and only if this attribute
               is TRUE. The default value of this attribute is FALSE."
    ::= { dot11StationConfigEntry 44 }
```

In SMT MIB of Annex D, insert the following LCI DSE Table MIBs after the Regulatory Classes MIB



```
1234567890123456789012345678901233456789012334567890123345678901233456789012334567890123456789012345678901
               "An entry in the dot11LCIDSETable
               Indexed by dot11LCIDSEIndex."
           INDEX { dot11LCIDSEIndex
           ::= { dot11LCIDSETable 1 }
      Dot11LCIDSEEntry ::=
          SEQUENCE {
               dot11LCIDSEIndex Unsigned32,
               dot11LCIDSEIfIndex InterfaceIndex,
               dot11LCIDSEFrequencyBandSupported INTEGER,
               dot11LCIDSELatitudeResolution INTEGER,
               dot11LCIDSELatitudeInteger INTEGER,
               dot11LCIDSELatitudeFraction Unsigned32,
               dot11LCIDSELongitudeResolution INTEGER,
               dot11LCIDSELongitudeInteger INTEGER,
               dot11LCIDSELongitudeFraction Unsigned32,
               dot11LCIDSEAltitudeType INTEGER,
               dot11LCIDSEAltitudeResolution INTEGER,
               dot11LCIDSEAltitudeInteger Integer32,
               dot11LCIDSEAltitudeFraction Unsigned32,
               dot11LCIDSEDatum INTEGER,
               dot11RegLocAgreement INTEGER,
               dot11RegLocDSE INTEGER,
               dot11DependentSTA INTEGER,
               dot11DependentEnablementIdentifier Integer32 }
      dot11LCIDSEIndex OBJECT-TYPE
               SYNTAX Unsigned32
               MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                   "Index for LCI DSE Report elements in dot11LCIDSETable,
                   greater than 0."
           ::= { dot11LCIDSEEntry 1 }
      dot11LCIDSEIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
               SYNTAX InterfaceIndex
               MAX-ACCESS read-only
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                   "Each 802.11 interface is represented by an ifEntry. Interface
                   Tables in this MIB are indexed by ifIndex."
           ::= { dot11LCIDSEEntry 2 }
      dot11LCIDSEFrequencyBandSupported OBJECT-TYPE
               SYNTAX INTEGER (0..7)
              MAX-ACCESS read-write
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                   "Frequency Band Supported is 3 bits indicating the particular
                   OFDM frequency Band being supported."
           ::= { dot11LCIDSEEntry 3 }
      dot11LCIDSELatitudeResolution OBJECT-TYPE
               SYNTAX INTEGER (0..63)
               MAX-ACCESS read-write
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                   "Latitude resolution is 6 bits indicating the number of valid
                   bits in the fixed-point value of Latitude."
           ::= { dot11LCIDSEEntry 4 }
      dot11LCIDSELatitudeInteger OBJECT-TYPE
               SYNTAX INTEGER (0..511)
              MAX-ACCESS read-write
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                   "Latitude is a 34 bit fixed point value consisting of 9 bits
                   of integer and 25 bits of fraction. This field contains the
```



```
1234567890123456789012345678901233456789012334567890123345678901233456789012334567890123456789012345678901
                   9 bits of integer portion of Latitude."
           ::= { dot11LCIDSEEntry 5 }
      dot11LCIDSELatitudeFraction OBJECT-TYPE
               SYNTAX Unsigned32
               MAX-ACCESS read-write
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                   "Latitude is a 34 bit fixed point value consisting of 9 bits
                   of integer and 25 bits of fraction. This field contains the
                   25 bits of fraction portion of Latitude."
           ::= { dot11LCIDSEEntry 6 }
      dot11LCIDSELongitudeResolution OBJECT-TYPE
               SYNTAX INTEGER (0..63)
               MAX-ACCESS read-write
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                   "Longitude resolution is 6 bits indicating the number of valid
                   bits in the fixed-point value of Longitude."
           ::= { dot11LCIDSEEntry 7 }
      dot11LCIDSELongitudeInteger OBJECT-TYPE
               SYNTAX INTEGER (0..511)
              MAX-ACCESS read-write
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                   "Longitude is a 34 bit fixed point value consisting of 9 bits
                   of integer and 25 bits of fraction. This field contains the
                   9 bits of integer portion of Longitude."
           ::= { dot11LCIDSEEntry 8 }
      dot11LCIDSELongitudeFraction OBJECT-TYPE
               SYNTAX Unsigned32
              MAX-ACCESS read-write
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                   "Longitude is a 34 bit fixed point value consisting of 9 bits
                   of integer and 25 bits of fraction. This field contains the
                   25 bits of fraction portion of Longitude."
           ::= { dot11LCIDSEEntry 9 }
      dot11LCIDSEAltitudeType OBJECT-TYPE
               SYNTAX INTEGER {
               meters(1),
               floors(2),
               hagm(3) }
               MAX-ACCESS read-write
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                   "Altitude Type is four bits encoding the type of altitude.
                   Codes defined are:
                   meters : in 2s-complement fixed-point 22-bit integer part
                   with 8-bit fraction
                   floors : in 2s-complement fixed-point 22-bit integer part
                   with 8-bit fraction
                   hagm : in 2s-complement fixed-point 22-bit integer part
                   with 8-bit fraction"
           ::= { dot11LCIDSEEntry 10 }
      dot11LCIDSEAltitudeResolution OBJECT-TYPE
               SYNTAX INTEGER (0..63)
               MAX-ACCESS read-write
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                   "Altitude resolution is 6 bits indicating the number of valid
                   bits in the altitude."
           ::= { dot11LCIDSEEntry 11 }
      dot11LCIDSEAltitudeInteger OBJECT-TYPE
               SYNTAX Integer32
```



```
123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901
               MAX-ACCESS read-write
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                   "Altitude is a 30 bit value defined by the Altitude type field.
                   The field is encoded as a 2s-complement fixed-point 22-bit integer
                   Part with 8-bit fraction. This field contains the fixed-point
                   Part of Altitude."
           ::= { dot11LCIDSEEntry 12 }
      dot11LCIDSEAltitudeFraction OBJECT-TYPE
               SYNTAX Unsigned32
               MAX-ACCESS read-write
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                   "Altitude is a 30 bit value defined by the Altitude type field.
                   The field is encoded as a 2s-complement fixed-point 22-bit integer
                   Part with 8-bit fraction. This field contains the fraction part
                   of Altitude."
           ::= { dot11LCIDSEEntry 13 }
      dot11LCIDSEDatum OBJECT-TYPE
               SYNTAX INTEGER (0..7)
               MAX-ACCESS read-write
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                   "Datum is a three-bit value encoding the horizontal and vertical
                   references used for the coordinates given in this LCI."
           ::= { dot11LCIDSEEntry 14 }
      dot11RegLocAgreement OBJECT-TYPE
               SYNTAX INTEGER {
               noagreement(0),
               agreement(1),
               MAX-ACCESS read-write
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                   "RegLocAgreement reports the RegLoc STA's Agreement status.
                   Zero indicates it is operating away from national borders and outside
                   national policy zones. One indicates it is operating by agreement near
                   national boarders or inside national policy zones."
               DEFVAL{ 0 }
           ::= { dot11LCIDSEEntry 15 }
      dot11RegLocDSE OBJECT-TYPE
               SYNTAX INTEGER {
               dependentstasnotenabled(0),
               dependentstasenabled(1),
               MAX-ACCESS read-write
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                   "RegLocDSE reports the RegLoc STA's DSE status.
                   Zero indicates Dependent STAs are not enabled.
                   One indicates Dependent STA operation is enabled."
               DEFVAL{ 0 }
           ::= { dot11LCIDSEEntry 16 }
      dot11DependentSTA OBJECT-TYPE
               SYNTAX INTEGER {
               notdependentsta(0),
               dependentsta(1),
               MAX-ACCESS read-write
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                   "This attribute reports the Dependent STA status of the STA that
                   sent the beacon or Probe Response with this information. Zero
                   indicates that STA is not operating as a Dependent STA. One
                   indicates that STA is operating as a Dependent STA."
               DEFVAL{ 0 }
```



```
123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901
          ::= { dot11LCIDSEEntry 17 }
      dot11DependentEnablementIdentifier OBJECT-TYPE
              SYNTAX Integer32
              MAX-ACCESS read-write
              STATUS current
              DESCRIPTION
                   "This attribute reports the Dependent STA identifier assigned by
                  the enabling station to the dependent station. The default value
                  shall be zero."
              DEFVAL{ 0 }
          ::= { dot11LCIDSEEntry 18 }
          * End of dot11LCIDSE TABLE
          * dot11LCIDSEReport TABLE
       dot11LCIDSEReportTable OBJECT-TYPE
               SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Dot11LCIDSEReportEntry
               MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                    "Group contains the current list of LCIDSE reports that have been
                   received by the MLME. The report tables shall be maintained as FIFO to
                   preserve freshness, thus the rows in this table can be deleted for memory
                   constraints or other implementation constraints determined by the vendor.
                   New rows shall have different RprtIndex values than those deleted within the
                   range limitation of the index. One easy way is to monotonically increase
                   RprtIndex for new reports being written in the table."
          ::= { dot11smt 15 }
      dot11LCIDSEReportEntry OBJECT-TYPE
              SYNTAX Dot11LCIDSEReportEntry
              MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
              STATUS current
              DESCRIPTION
              "An entry in the dot11LCIDSEReportTable
              Indexed by dot11LCIDSEReportIndex."
          INDEX { dot11LCIDSEReportIndex
          ::= { dot11LCIDSEReportTable 1
      Dot11LCIDSEReportEntry ::=
          SEQUENCE {
              dot11LCIDSEReportIndex Unsigned32,
              dot11LCIDSERptIfIndex InterfaceIndex,
              dot11LCIDSERptSTAAddress MacAddress,
              dot11LCIDSERptFrequencyBandReported INTEGER,
              dot11LCIDSERptLatitudeResolution INTEGER,
              dot11LCIDSERptLatitudeInteger INTEGER,
              dot11LCIDSERptLatitudeFraction Unsigned32,
              dot11LCIDSERptLongitudeResolution INTEGER,
              dot11LCIDSERptLongitudeInteger INTEGER,
              dot11LCIDSERptLongitudeFraction Unsigned32,
              dot11LCIDSERptAltitudeType INTEGER,
              dot11LCIDSERptAltitudeResolution INTEGER,
              dot11LCIDSERptAltitudeInteger Integer32,
              dot11LCIDSERptAltitudeFraction Unsigned32,
              dot11LCIDSERptDatum INTEGER,
              dot11RptRegLocAgreement INTEGER,
              dot11RptRegLocDSE INTEGER,
              dot11RptDependentSTA INTEGER,
              dot11RptDependentEnablementIdentifier Integer32 }
      dot11LCIDSEReportIndex OBJECT-TYPE
              SYNTAX Unsigned32
```



```
123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901
               MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                   "Index for LCI DSE Report elements in dot11LCIDSEReportTable,
                   greater than 0."
           ::= { dot11LCIDSEReportEntry 1 }
      dot11LCIDSERptIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
               SYNTAX InterfaceIndex
               MAX-ACCESS read-only
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                   "Identifies the Interface that this row of LCI Report has been
                   received on"
           ::= { dot11LCIDSEReportEntry 2 }
      dot11LCIDSERptSTAAddress OBJECT-TYPE
               SYNTAX MacAddress
               MAX-ACCESS read-only
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                   "The MAC address of the STA that returned this LCI report"
           ::= { dot11LCIDSEReportEntry 3 }
      dot11LCIDSERptFrequencyBandReported OBJECT-TYPE
               SYNTAX INTEGER (0..7)
               MAX-ACCESS read-only
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                   "Frequency Band Reported is 3 bits indicating the particular
                   OFDM frequency Band being reported."
           ::= { dot11LCIDSEReportEntry 4 }
      dot11LCIDSERptLatitudeResolution OBJECT-TYPE
               SYNTAX INTEGER (0..63)
               MAX-ACCESS read-only
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                   "Latitude resolution is 6 bits indicating the number of valid
                   bits in the fixed-point value of Latitude."
           ::= { dot11LCIDSEReportEntry 5 }
      \verb|dot11LCIDSERptLatitudeInteger OBJECT-TYPE| \\
               SYNTAX INTEGER (0..511)
               MAX-ACCESS read-only
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                   "Latitude is a 34 bit fixed point value consisting of 9 bits
                   of integer and 25 bits of fraction. This field contains the
                   9 bits of integer portion of Latitude."
           ::= { dot11LCIDSEReportEntry 6 }
      dot11LCIDSERptLatitudeFraction OBJECT-TYPE
               SYNTAX Unsigned32
               MAX-ACCESS read-only
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                   "Latitude is a 34 bit fixed point value consisting of 9 bits
                   of integer and 25 bits of fraction. This field contains the
                   25 bits of fraction portion of Latitude."
           ::= { dot11LCIDSEReportEntry 7 }
      dot11LCIDSERptLongitudeResolution OBJECT-TYPE
               SYNTAX INTEGER (0..63)
               MAX-ACCESS read-only
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                    "Longitude resolution is 6 bits indicating the number of valid
                   bits in the fixed-point value of Longitude."
           ::= { dot11LCIDSEReportEntry 8 }
```



```
123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901
      dot11LCIDSERptLongitudeInteger OBJECT-TYPE
               SYNTAX INTEGER (0..511)
               MAX-ACCESS read-only
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                   "Longitude is a 34 bit fixed point value consisting of 9 bits
                   of integer and 25 bits of fraction. This field contains the
                   9 bits of integer portion of Longitude."
           ::= { dot11LCIDSEReportEntry 9 }
      dot11LCIDSERptLongitudeFraction OBJECT-TYPE
               SYNTAX Unsigned32
               MAX-ACCESS read-only
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                   "Longitude is a 34 bit fixed point value consisting of 9 bits
                   of integer and 25 bits of fraction. This field contains the
                   25 bits of fraction portion of Longitude."
           ::= { dot11LCIDSEReportEntry 10 }
      dot11LCIDSERptAltitudeType OBJECT-TYPE
               SYNTAX INTEGER {
               meters(1),
               floors(2),
               hagm(3) }
               MAX-ACCESS read-only
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                   "Altitude Type is four bits encoding the type of altitude.
                   Codes defined are:
                   meters : in 2s-complement fixed-point 22-bit integer part
                   with 8-bit fraction
                   floors : in 2s-complement fixed-point 22-bit integer part
                   with 8-bit fraction
                   hagm : in 2s-complement fixed-point 22-bit integer part
                   with 8-bit fraction"
           ::= { dot11LCIDSEReportEntry 11 }
      dot11LCIDSERptAltitudeResolution OBJECT-TYPE
               SYNTAX INTEGER (0..63)
               MAX-ACCESS read-only
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                   "Altitude resolution is 6 bits indicating the number of valid
                   bits in the altitude."
           ::= { dot11LCIDSEReportEntry 12 }
      dot11LCIDSERptAltitudeInteger OBJECT-TYPE
               SYNTAX Integer32
               MAX-ACCESS read-only
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                   "Altitude is a 30 bit value defined by the Altitude type field.
                   The field is encoded as a 2s-complement fixed-point 22-bit integer
                   Part with 8-bit fraction. This field contains the fixed-point
                   Part of Altitude."
           ::= { dot11LCIDSEReportEntry 13 }
      dot11LCIDSERptAltitudeFraction OBJECT-TYPE
               SYNTAX Unsigned32
               MAX-ACCESS read-only
               STATUS current
               DESCRIPTION
                   "Altitude is a 30 bit value defined by the Altitude type field.
                   The field is encoded as a 2s-complement fixed-point 22-bit integer
                   Part with 8-bit fraction. This field contains the fraction part
                   of Altitude."
           ::= { dot11LCIDSEReportEntry 14 }
      dot11LCIDSERptDatum OBJECT-TYPE
```



```
SYNTAX INTEGER (0..7)
              MAX-ACCESS read-only
              STATUS current
             DESCRIPTION
                  "Datum is a three-bit value encoding the horizontal and vertical
                 references used for the coordinates given in this LCI."
          ::= { dot11LCIDSEReportEntry 15 }
      dot11RptRegLocAgreement OBJECT-TYPE
              SYNTAX INTEGER {
             noagreement(0),
              agreement(1),
             MAX-ACCESS read-only
              STATUS current
             DESCRIPTION
                  "RptRegLocAgreement reports the RegLoc STA's Agreement status.
                  Zero indicates it is operating away from national borders and outside
                  national policy zones. One indicates it is operating by agreement near
                 national boarders or inside national policy zones."
              DEFVAL{ 0 }
          ::= { dot11LCIDSEReportEntry 16 }
      dot11RptRegLocDSE OBJECT-TYPE
              SYNTAX INTEGER {
              dependentstasnotenabled(0),
              dependentstasenabled(1),
             MAX-ACCESS read-only
              STATUS current
              DESCRIPTION
                  "RptRegLocDSE reports the RegLoc STA's DSE status.
                  Zero indicates Dependent STAs are not enabled.
                 One indicates Dependent STA operation is enabled."
              DEFVAL{ 0 }
          ::= { dot11LCIDSEReportEntry 17 }
     dot11RptDependentSTA OBJECT-TYPE
              SYNTAX INTEGER {
              notdependentsta(0),
              dependentsta(1),
             MAX-ACCESS read-only
              STATUS current
              DESCRIPTION
                  "This attribute reports the Dependent STA status of the STA that
                  sent the beacon or Probe Response with this information. Zero
                  indicates that STA is not operating as a Dependent STA. One
                  indicates that STA is operating as a Dependent STA."
              DEFVAL{ 0 }
          ::= { dot11LCIDSEReportEntry 18 }
      dot11RptDependentEnablementIdentifier OBJECT-TYPE
              SYNTAX Integer32
             MAX-ACCESS read-write
             STATUS current
             DESCRIPTION
                  "This attribute reports the Dependent STA identifier assigned by
                  the enabling station to the dependent station. The default value
                 shall be zero."
              DEFVAL{ 0 }
          ::= { dot11LCIDSEReportEntry 19 }
         *******************
         * End of dot11LCIDSEReport TABLE
```



```
1
      In the dot11PhyOFDM Table of Annex D, insert the following text at the end of Dot11PhyOFDMEntry:
 23456
                      dot110FDMCCAEDImplemented
                                                                    TRUTHVALUE.
                                                                    TRUTHVALUE,
                      dot110FDMCCAEDRequired
                   dot110FDMCurrentCCAMode
                                                      INTEGER.
                   dot110FDMEDThreshold
                                                      Integer32 }
 7
      In the dot11PHYOFDM Table of Annex D, change dot11FrequencyBandsSupported as shown:
dot11FrequencyBandsSupported OBJECT-TYPE
              SYNTAX INTEGER (1..127)
              MAX-ACCESS read-only
              STATUS currentdeprecated
              DESCRIPTION
                  "The capability of the OFDM PHY implementation to operate in the 4.9
                  GHz and 5 GHz bands. Coded as an integer value with bit 0 LSB as
                  follows:
                      bit 0 .. capable of operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band
                      bit 1 .. capable of operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band
                      bit 2 .. capable of operating in the 5.725-5.825 GHz band
                      bit 3 .. capable of operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band
                      bit 4 .. capable of operating in the lower Japanese (5.15-
                          5.25 GHz) band
                      bit 5 .. capable of operating in the 5.03-5.091 GHz band
                      bit 6 .. capable of operating in the 4.94-4.99 GHz band
                  For example, for an implementation capable of operating in the
                  5.15-5.35 GHz bands this attribute would take
                  the value 3."
          ::= { dot11PhyOFDMEntry 3 }
30
      In the dot11PhyOFDM Table of Annex D, insert the following text after the end of
31
      dot11PhyOFDMEntry 8:
33333333444444444555555555566666666
      dot11FrequencyBandsSupported OBJECT-TYPE
              SYNTAX INTEGER (1..255)
              MAX-ACCESS read-only
              STATUS current
              DESCRIPTION
                  "The capability of the OFDM PHY implementation to operate in many
                  bands. Coded as an integer value with bit 0 LSB as follows:
                      bit 0 .. capable of operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band
                      bit 1 .. capable of operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band
                      bit 2 .. capable of operating in the 5.725-5.825 GHz band
                      bit 3 .. capable of operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band
                      bit 4 .. capable of operating in the lower Japanese (5.15-
                          5.25 GHz) band
                      bit 5 .. capable of operating in the 5.03-5.091 GHz band
                      bit 6 .. capable of operating in the 4.94-4.99 GHz band
                     bit 7 .. capable of operating in the 3.65-3.70 GHz band
                  For example, for an implementation capable of operating in the
                  5.15-5.35 GHz bands this attribute would take
                  the value 3."
          ::= { dot11PhyOFDMEntry 9 }
      dot110FDMCCAEDImplemented OBJECT-TYPE
              SYNTAX TruthValue
              MAX-ACCESS read-only
              STATUS current
              DESCRIPTION
                  "This attribute indicates that the OFDM PHY is capable of
                  CCA-Energy Detect."
          ::= { dot11PhyOFDMEntry 10 }
      dot110FDMCCAEDRequired OBJECT-TYPE
              SYNTAX TruthValue
              MAX-ACCESS read-only
```



```
12345678901123456789012234
1123456789012234
1123456789012234
123456789012345
              STATUS current
              DESCRIPTION
                   "This attribute indicates that the PHY CCA-Energy Detect
                   functionality is enabled."
          ::= { dot11PhyOFDMEntry 11 }
      dot110FDMCurrentCCAMode OBJECT-TYPE
              SYNTAX INTEGER { edonly(1), edandcs(2) }
              MAX-ACCESS read-write
              STATUS current
              DESCRIPTION
                   "The current CCA method in operation. Valid values are:
                      energy detect only (edonly) = 01,
                      carrier sense and energy detect (edandcs) = 02."
          ::= { dot11PhyOFDMEntry 12 }
      dot110FDMEDThreshold OBJECT-TYPE
              SYNTAX Integer32
              MAX-ACCESS read-write
              STATUS current
              DESCRIPTION
                   "The current Energy Detect Threshold being used by the OFDM PHY."
          ::= { dot11PhyOFDMEntry 13 }
      In the dot11Compliance statements of Annex D, change references to
27
      dot11PhyOFDMComplianceGroup as shown:
GROUP dot11PhyDSSSComplianceGroup
              DESCRIPTION
                   "Implementation of this group is required when object
                   dot11PHYType has the value of dsss. This group is
                   mutually exclusive with the groups dot11PhyIRComplianceGroup,
                   and dot11PhyHRDSSSComplianceGroup."
      GROUP dot11PhyIRComplianceGroup
              DESCRIPTION
                   "Implementation of this group is required when object
                   dot11PHYType has the value of irbaseband. This group is
                   mutually exclusive with the groups dot11PhyDSSSComplianceGroup,
                   dot11PhyFHSSComplianceGroup, dot11PhyOFDMComplianceGroup<del>2</del>3
                   and dot11PhyHRDSSSComplianceGroup."
      GROUP dot11PhyFHSSComplianceGroup
              DESCRIPTION
                   "Implementation of this group is required when object
                   dot11PHYType has the value of fhss. This group is
                   mutually exclusive with the groups dot11PhyDSSSComplianceGroup,
                   dot11PhyIRComplianceGroup, dot11PhyOFDMComplianceGroup<del>2</del>3
                   and dot11PhyHRDSSSComplianceGroup."
      GROUP dot11PhyOFDMComplianceGroup23
              DESCRIPTION
                   "Implementation of this group is required when object
                   dot11PHYType has the value of ofdm. This group is
                   mutually exclusive with the groups dot11PhyDSSSComplianceGroup,
                   dot11PhyIRComplianceGroup, dot11PhyFHSSComplianceGroup
                   and dot11PhyHRDSSSComplianceGroup."
      GROUP dot11PhyHRDSSSComplianceGroup
              DESCRIPTION
                   "Implementation of this group is required when object
                   dot11PHYType has the value of hrdsss. This group is
                   mutually exclusive with the groups
                   dot11PhyDSSSComplianceGroup, dot11PhyIRComplianceGroup,
                   \verb|dot11PhyFHSSComplianceGroup| and dot11PhyOFDMComplianceGroup \verb| 23." |
67
```



```
2
      In the dot11Compliance statements of Annex D, change MANDATORY-GROUPS as shown:
      dot11Compliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
              STATUS current
              DESCRIPTION
                  "The compliance statement for SNMPv2 entities
                  that implement the IEEE 802.11 MIB."
              MODULE -- this module
              MANDATORY-GROUPS {
              dot11SMTbase67,
11
12
13
14
              dot11MACbase2, dot11CountersGroup2,
              dot11SmtAuthenticationAlgorithms,
              dot11ResourceTypeID, dot11PhyOperationComplianceGroup }
15
      In the dot11Compliance section, change dot11SMTbase6 as shown:
dot11SMTbase6 OBJECT-GROUP
             OBJECTS { dot11MediumOccupancyLimit,
                  dot11CFPollable,
                  dot11CFPPeriod,
                  dot11CFPMaxDuration,
                  dot11AuthenticationResponseTimeOut,
                  dot11PrivacyOptionImplemented,
                  dot11PowerManagementMode,
                  dot11DesiredSSID, dot11DesiredBSSType,
                  dot110perationalRateSet,
                  dot11BeaconPeriod, dot11DTIMPeriod,
                  dot11AssociationResponseTimeOut,
                  dot11DisassociateReason,
                  dot11DisassociateStation,
                  dot11DeauthenticateReason.
                  dot11DeauthenticateStation,
                  dot11AuthenticateFailStatus,
                  dot11AuthenticateFailStation,
                  dot11MultiDomainCapabilityImplemented,
                  dot11MultiDomainCapabilityEnabled,
                  dot11CountryString,
                  dot11RSNAOptionImplemented,
                  dot11RegulatoryClassesImplemented,
                  dot11RegulatoryClassesRequired,
                  dot11QosOptionImplemented,
                  dot11ImmediateBlockAckOptionImplemented,
                  dot11DelayedBlockAckOptionImplemented,
                  dot11DirectOptionImplemented,
                  dot11APSDOptionImplemented,
                  dot11QAckOptionImplemented,
                  dot11QBSSLoadOptionImplemented,
                  dot11QueueRequestOptionImplemented,
                  dot11TXOPRequestOptionImplemented,
                  dot11MoreDataAckOptionImplemented,
                  dot11AssociateinNQBSS,
                  dot11DLSAllowedInQBSS,
                  dot11DLSAllowed }
              STATUS current deprecated
              DESCRIPTION
                  "The SMTbase6 object class provides the necessary support at the
                  STA to manage the processes in the STA such that the STA may work
                  cooperatively as a part of an IEEE 802.11 network."
          ::= { dot11Groups 34 }
      In the dot11Compliance statements in Annex D, change dot11PhyOFDMComplianceGroup2 and insert
60
      dot11PhyOFDMComplianceGroup3 as shown:
      dot11PhyOFDMComplianceGroup2 OBJECT-GROUP
              OBJECTS { dot11CurrentFrequency,
                        dot11TIThreshold,
                        dot11FrequencyBandsSupported,
                        dot11ChannelStartingFactor,
                        dot11FiveMHzOperationImplemented,
                        dot11TenMHzOperationImplemented,
```



27

```
dot11TwentyMHzOperationImplemented,
                  dot11PhyOFDMChannelWidth }
        STATUS currentdeprecated
        DESCRIPTION
            "Attributes that configure the OFDM for IEEE 802.11."
    ::= { dot11Groups 35}
dot11PhyOFDMComplianceGroup3 OBJECT-GROUP
        OBJECTS { dot11CurrentFrequency,
                  dot11TIThreshold,
                  dot11FrequencyBandsSupported,
                  dot11ChannelStartingFactor,
                  dot11FiveMHzOperationImplemented,
                  dot11TenMHzOperationImplemented,
                  dot11TwentyMHzOperationImplemented,
                  dot11PhyOFDMChannelWidth,
                  dot110FDMCCAEDImplemented,
                  dot110FDMCCAEDRequired,
                  dot110FDMCurrentCCAMode,
                  dor110FDMEDThreshold }
        STATUS current
        DESCRIPTION
            "Attributes that configure the OFDM for IEEE 802.11."
    ::= { dot11Groups 36}
```

In the dot11Compliance statements of Annex D, insert new dot11SMTbase7 after the last dot11PhyOFDMComplanceGroup and renumber accordingly:

```
dot11SMTbase7 OBJECT-GROUP
       OBJECTS { dot11MediumOccupancyLimit,
            dot11CFPollable,
            dot11CFPPeriod,
            dot11CFPMaxDuration,
            dot11AuthenticationResponseTimeOut,
            dot11PrivacyOptionImplemented,
            dot11PowerManagementMode,
            dot11DesiredSSID, dot11DesiredBSSType,
            dot110perationalRateSet,
            dot11BeaconPeriod, dot11DTIMPeriod,
            dot11AssociationResponseTimeOut,
            dot11DisassociateReason,
            dot11DisassociateStation.
            dot11DeauthenticateReason,
            dot11DeauthenticateStation.
            dot11AuthenticateFailStatus,
            dot11AuthenticateFailStation,
            dot11MultiDomainCapabilityImplemented,
            dot11MultiDomainCapabilityEnabled,
            dot11CountryString,
            dot11RSNAOptionImplemented,
            dot11RegulatoryClassesImplemented,
            dot11RegulatoryClassesRequired,
            dot11QosOptionImplemented,
            dot11ImmediateBlockAckOptionImplemented,
            dot11DelayedBlockAckOptionImplemented,
            dot11DirectOptionImplemented,
            dot11APSDOptionImplemented,
            dot11QAckOptionImplemented,
            dot11QBSSLoadOptionImplemented,
            dot11QueueRequestOptionImplemented,
            dot11TXOPRequestOptionImplemented,
            dot11MoreDataAckOptionImplemented,
            dot11AssociateinNQBSS,
            dot11DLSAllowedInQBSS,
            dot11DLSAllowed,
            dot11LCIDSEImplemented,
            dot11LCIDSERequired }
```

STATUS current



IEEE P802.11 y^{TM} /D1.0, November 2006 (Draft Amendment to IEEE Std 802.11(tm), 2007)

```
DESCRIPTION

"The SMTbase7 object class provides the necessary support at the STA to manage the processes in the STA such that the STA may work cooperatively as a part of an IEEE 802.11 network."

::= { dot11Groups 37 }
```

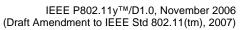


- 1 Annex E Bibliography
- 2 Annex F High Rate PHY/FH interoperability
- 3 Annex G An example of encoding a frame for OFDM PHY
- 4 Annex H RSNA reference implementations and test vectors
- 5 Annex I (informative) Regulatory Classes
- 6 I.1 External regulatory references
- 7 Change the documents column in Table I.1 as shown:

Geographic area	Approval standards	Documents	Approval authority
United States	Federal Communications Commission (FCC)	FCC CFR47 [B8], Part 15, Sections 15.205, 15.209, and 15.247; and Subpart E, Sections 15.401– 15.407, Section 90.210, Section 90.1201-90.1217, Section 90.1301 et seq.	FCC

8 Insert new row and change last row in Table 1.2 as shown:

Emi	ssions limits set	USA	Europe	Japan
-----	-------------------	-----	--------	-------





6 shared 3650 MHz band	FCC CFR47, Clause 90.1323	Reserved	Reserved
6 7-255	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

1 Change fifth through tenth rows, insert a new last row and change footnotes of Table I.3 as shown:

Behavior limits set	USA	Europe	Japan
3 transmit power control ^b	Reserved	ETSI EN 301 389-1	Reserved
4 dynamic frequency selection ^b	Reserved	ETSI EN 301 389-1	Reserved
5 Independent basic service set (IBSS) prohibited	Reserved FCC CFR47, Clause 90.1333	Reserved	MIC EO Article 49.21
6 4 ms CS ^{ab}	4 ms, no exceptions	Reserved	MIC EO Articles 49.20, 49.21
7 <u>enabling</u> base station ^c	Reserved_FCC CFR47, Clause 90.1331	Reserved	MIC EO Article 49.21
8 <u>dependent</u> mobile station ^c	Reserved FCC CFR47, Clause 90.1333	Reserved	MIC EO Articles 49.20, 49.21
9 public safety	FCC CFR47 [B8], Section 90.1209	Reserved	Reserved
10 CCA-ED ^b	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

2	a The Japanese 4 ms CS rule says no STA can transmit for more than 4 ms without carrier sensing, whether transmitting frames or fragments, unless it is controlled by another STA
3	b Procedures which may be used to improve sharing spectrum in addition to explicit regulatory requirements.
4 5 6	c The deployment in US 3650 MHz band excludes operation near grandfathered satellite earth stations, Federal government radiolocation facilities and Canadian and Mexican borders. If mutual agreement can be reached, the FCC will permit operation within the declared exclusion zones. Operation near Canadian and Mexican borders is subject to current and future agreements with Canada and Mexico.
7	

Insert new second and third rows in Table I.4 as shown:



IEEE P802.11 $y^{TM}/D1.0$, November 2006 (Draft Amendment to IEEE Std 802.11(tm), 2007)

Frequency band	USA	Europe
(GHz)	(Maximum output power with up to 6 dBi antenna gain)	(EIRP)
	(mW)	
3.650-3.700 fixed/enabling	<u>1W/MHz EIRP</u>	Reserved
3.650-3.700 dependent mobile/portable	40 mW/MHz EIRP	Reserved



1 Annex J

- 2 (normative)
- 3 Change the title, insert six new rows and change the last row of Table J.1 as shown:

4 Table J.1—Regulatory classes for the 4.9 GHz and 5 GHz bands in the USA

Regulatory Class	Channel Starting Frequency (GHz)	Channel Spacing (MHz)	Channel set	Transmit Power limit (mW)	Emissions Limits set	Behavior Limits set
<u>12</u>	3.000	<u>20</u>	133, 137	<u>1W/MHz</u> <u>EIRP</u>	<u>6</u>	3, 4, 6, 7, 10
<u>12</u>	3.000	<u>20</u>	133, 137	40mW/MHz EIRP	<u>6</u>	3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10
<u>13</u>	3.000	<u>10</u>	132, 134, 136, 138	1W/MHz EIRP	<u>6</u>	3, 4, 6, 7, 10
<u>13</u>	3.000	<u>10</u>	132, 134, 136, 138	40mW/MHz EIRP	<u>6</u>	3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10
<u>14</u>	3.0025	<u>5</u>	131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138	<u>1W/MHz</u> <u>EIRP</u>	<u>6</u>	3, 4, 6, 7, 10
<u>14</u>	3.0025	<u>5</u>	131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138	40mW/MHz EIRP	<u>6</u>	3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10
12 15-255	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved