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**Department:** B.E Information Technology

Year of study: 4th Year

Semester: 1st Sem

**Subject name:** Machine Learning Lab (Subject Code: IT/PC/B/S/411)

Git link: https://github.com/GargiGhosal/MachineLearning\_Lab.git

### **Solutions::**

### Q1. Datasets used:

a. Wine Dataset: https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/wine

b. Ionosphere Dataset: <a href="https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Ionosphere">https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Ionosphere</a>

# Q1. Answers::

# WINE DATASET

# SVM(Without Tuning)[70-30 split]

import pandas as pd

import numpy as np

# Dataset Preparation

df = pd.read\_csv("wine.data",header=None)

col\_name = ['Class','Alcohol','Malic acid','Ash','Alcalinity of ash','Magnesium','Total phenols','Flavanoids',

'Nonflavanoid phenols', 'Proanthocyanins', 'Color intensity', 'Hue', 'OD280/OD315 of diluted wines', 'Proline']

```
df.columns = col\_name
X = df.drop(['Class'], axis=1)
y = df['Class']
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test =
train_test_split(X,y,train_size=0.7,test_size=0.3,random_state=10)
# Feature Scaling
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
X_{\text{test}} = \text{sc.transform}(X_{\text{test}})
# Classification
from sklearn.svm import SVC
classifier = SVC()
classifier.fit(X_train,y_train)
y_pred = classifier.predict(X_test)
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
```

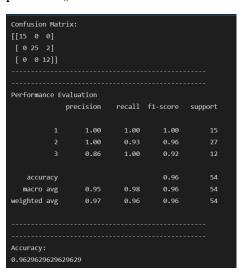
```
print("-----")
print("----")
```

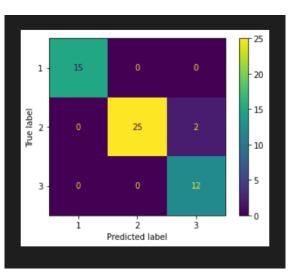
print("Performance Evaluation")
print(classification\_report(y\_test, y\_pred))

```
print("-----")
print("-----")
```

```
print("Accuracy:")
print(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
```

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.metrics import plot\_confusion\_matrix
plot\_confusion\_matrix(classifier, X\_test, y\_test)
plt.show()





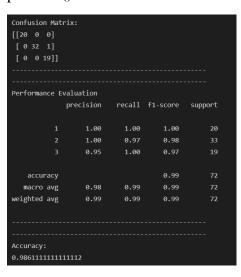
### # WINE DATASET

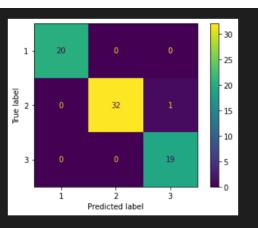
# SVM(Without Tuning)[60-40 split]

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
# Dataset Preparation
df = pd.read_csv("wine.data",header=None)
col_name = ['Class','Alcohol','Malic acid','Ash','Alcalinity of ash','Magnesium','Total
phenols', 'Flavanoids',
       'Nonflavanoid phenols', 'Proanthocyanins', 'Color intensity', 'Hue', 'OD280/OD315 of
diluted wines','Proline']
df.columns = col\_name
X = df.drop(['Class'], axis=1)
y = df['Class']
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test =
train_test_split(X,y,train_size=0.6,test_size=0.4,random_state=10)
# Feature Scaling
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
```

```
X_{\text{test}} = \text{sc.transform}(X_{\text{test}})
# Classification
from sklearn.svm import SVC
classifier = SVC()
classifier.fit(X_train,y_train)
y_pred = classifier.predict(X_test)
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
print("-----")
print("-----")
print("Performance Evaluation")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
print("----")
print("-----")
print("Accuracy:")
print(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

from sklearn.metrics import plot\_confusion\_matrix plot\_confusion\_matrix(classifier, X\_test, y\_test) plt.show()





### # WINE DATASET

# SVM(Without Tuning)[40-60 split]

import pandas as pd import numpy as np

### # Dataset Preparation

df = pd.read\_csv("wine.data",header=None)

col\_name = ['Class','Alcohol','Malic acid','Ash','Alcalinity of ash','Magnesium','Total phenols','Flavanoids',

 $'Nonflava noid phenols', 'Proanthocyanins', 'Color intensity', 'Hue', 'OD280/OD315 \ of diluted wines', 'Proline']\\$ 

 $df.columns = col\_name$ 

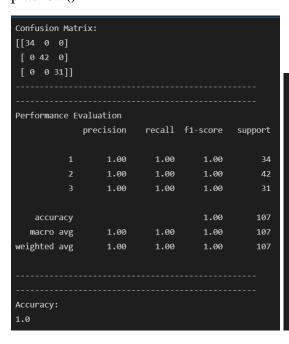
```
X = df.drop(['Class'], axis=1)
y = df['Class']
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test =
train_test_split(X,y,train_size=0.4,test_size=0.6,random_state=10)
# Feature Scaling
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
X_{\text{test}} = \text{sc.transform}(X_{\text{test}})
# Classification
from sklearn.svm import SVC
classifier = SVC()
classifier.fit(X_train,y_train)
y_pred = classifier.predict(X_test)
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
print("-----")
print("-----")
```

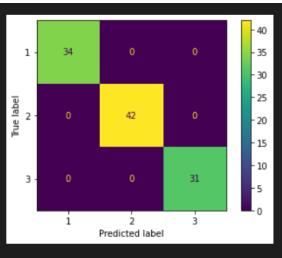
```
print("Performance Evaluation")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
```

```
print("-----")
print("-----")
```

```
print("Accuracy:")
print(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
```

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.metrics import plot\_confusion\_matrix
plot\_confusion\_matrix(classifier, X\_test, y\_test)
plt.show()





### # WINE DATASET

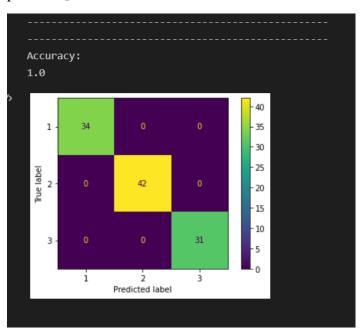
# SVM(With Tuning)[40-60 split]

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
# Dataset Preparation
df = pd.read_csv("wine.data",header=None)
col_name = ['Class','Alcohol','Malic acid','Ash','Alcalinity of ash','Magnesium','Total
phenols','Flavanoids',
       'Nonflavanoid phenols','Proanthocyanins','Color intensity','Hue','OD280/OD315 of
diluted wines', 'Proline']
df.columns = col_name
X = df.drop(['Class'], axis=1)
y = df['Class']
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test =
train_test_split(X,y,train_size=0.4,test_size=0.6,random_state=10)
# Feature Scaling
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
X_{\text{test}} = \text{sc.transform}(X_{\text{test}})
```

```
# Classification
from sklearn.svm import SVC
classifier = SVC()
#
# Showing all the parameters
from pprint import pprint
# Look at parameters used by our current forest
print('Parameters currently in use:\n')
pprint(classifier.get_params())
# Creating a set of important sample features
param_grid = {'C': [0.1,1, 10, 100], 'gamma': [1,0.1,0.01,0.001], 'kernel': ['rbf', 'poly',
'sigmoid']}
pprint(param_grid)
from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
# Use the random grid to search for best hyperparameters
# First create the base model to tune
```

```
classifier = SVC()
# Random search of parameters, using 3 fold cross validation,
# search across 100 different combinations, and use all available cores
rf_random = GridSearchCV(SVC(), param_grid, refit=True, verbose=2)
rf_random.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred = rf_random.predict(X_test)
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
print("-----")
print("-----")
print("Performance Evaluation")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
print("-----")
print("-----")
print("Accuracy:")
print(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

from sklearn.metrics import plot\_confusion\_matrix plot\_confusion\_matrix(rf\_random, X\_test, y\_test) plt.show()



### # WINE DATASET

# Decision Tree (Without Tuning)[70-30 split]

import pandas as pd import numpy as np

### # Dataset Preparation

df = pd.read\_csv("wine.data",header=None)

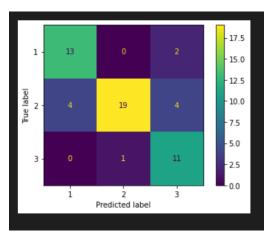
col\_name = ['Class','Alcohol','Malic acid','Ash','Alcalinity of ash','Magnesium','Total phenols','Flavanoids',

'Nonflavanoid phenols', 'Proanthocyanins', 'Color intensity', 'Hue', 'OD280/OD315 of diluted wines', 'Proline']

df.columns = col\_name

```
X = df.drop(['Class'], axis=1)
y = df['Class']
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test =
train_test_split(X,y,train_size=0.7,test_size=0.3,random_state=10)
# Feature Scaling
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
X_{\text{test}} = \text{sc.transform}(X_{\text{test}})
# Classification
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
classifier = DecisionTreeClassifier().fit(X_train,y_train)
classifier.fit(X_train,y_train)
y_pred=classifier.predict(X_test)
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
print("-----")
```

```
print("-----")
print("Performance Evaluation")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
print("-----")
print("-----")
print("Accuracy:")
print(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.metrics import plot_confusion_matrix
plot_confusion_matrix(classifier, X_test, y_test)
plt.show()
from sklearn import tree
text_representation = tree.export_text(classifier)
print(text_representation)
```



# Decision Tree (With Tuning)[70-30 split]

import pandas as pd import numpy as np

# Dataset Preparation

df = pd.read\_csv("wine.data",header=None)

```
col_name = ['Class','Alcohol','Malic acid','Ash','Alcalinity of ash','Magnesium','Total phenols','Flavanoids',
```

'Nonflavanoid phenols', 'Proanthocyanins', 'Color intensity', 'Hue', 'OD280/OD315 of diluted wines', 'Proline']

df.columns = col\_name

X = df.drop(['Class'], axis=1)

y = df['Class']

from sklearn.model\_selection import train\_test\_split

X\_train, X\_test, y\_train, y\_test = train\_test\_split(X,y,train\_size=0.7,test\_size=0.3,random\_state=10)

# Feature Scaling

from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler

sc = StandardScaler()

X\_train = sc.fit\_transform(X\_train)

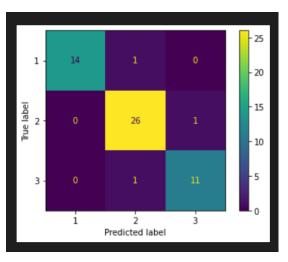
 $X_{\text{test}} = \text{sc.transform}(X_{\text{test}})$ 

# Classification

from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier

classifier = DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion="entropy",max\_depth=20).fit(X\_train,y\_train) classifier.fit(X\_train,y\_train)

```
y_pred=classifier.predict(X_test)
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
print("-----")
print("-----")
print("Performance Evaluation")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
print("-----")
print("-----")
print("Accuracy:")
print(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.metrics import plot_confusion_matrix
plot_confusion_matrix(classifier, X_test, y_test)
plt.show()
from sklearn import tree
text_representation = tree.export_text(classifier)
print(text_representation)
```



```
|--- feature_6 <= -0.60

| |--- feature_9 <= -0.61

| | |--- class: 2

| |--- feature_9 > -0.61

| | |--- class: 3

|--- feature_6 > -0.60

| |--- feature_12 <= -0.14

| | |--- class: 2

| |--- feature_12 > -0.14

| | |--- feature_9 <= -0.71

| | | |--- class: 2

| | |--- class: 1
```

# Random Forest Classifier(Without Tuning)[70-30 split]

import pandas as pd import numpy as np

# Dataset Preparation

df = pd.read\_csv("wine.data",header=None)

```
col_name = ['Class','Alcohol','Malic acid','Ash','Alcalinity of ash','Magnesium','Total phenols','Flavanoids',
```

'Nonflavanoid phenols', 'Proanthocyanins', 'Color intensity', 'Hue', 'OD280/OD315 of diluted wines', 'Proline']

```
df.columns = col\_name
```

```
X = df.drop(['Class'], axis=1)
y = df['Class']
```

from sklearn.model\_selection import train\_test\_split

```
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X,y,train_size=0.7,test_size=0.3,random_state=10)
```

# # Feature Scaling

from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler

```
sc = StandardScaler()
```

X\_train = sc.fit\_transform(X\_train)

 $X_{\text{test}} = \text{sc.transform}(X_{\text{test}})$ 

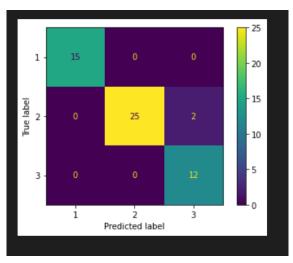
### # Classification

from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier

```
classifier = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=20, random_state=0)
classifier.fit(X_train,y_train)
```

```
y_pred = classifier.predict(X_test)
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
print("-----")
print("-----")
print("Performance Evaluation")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
print("-----")
print("-----")
print("Accuracy:")
print(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.metrics import plot_confusion_matrix
plot_confusion_matrix(classifier, X_test, y_test)
plt.show()
```

```
Confusion Matrix:
 [0 0 12]]
Performance Evaluation
             precision
                  1.00
                            1.00
                                     1.00
                  1.00
                                     0.96
                  0.86
                            1.00
                                     0.92
                                     0.96
                            0.98
  macro avg
                                     0.96
weighted avg
                                     0.96
Accuracy:
0.9629629629629
```



# Random Forest Classifier(With Tuning)[70-30 split]

import pandas as pd

import numpy as np

# Dataset Preparation

df = pd.read\_csv("wine.data",header=None)

col\_name = ['Class','Alcohol','Malic acid','Ash','Alcalinity of ash','Magnesium','Total phenols','Flavanoids',

'Nonflavanoid phenols', 'Proanthocyanins', 'Color intensity', 'Hue', 'OD280/OD315 of diluted wines', 'Proline']

 $df.columns = col\_name$ 

```
X = df.drop(['Class'], axis=1)
y = df['Class']
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test =
train_test_split(X,y,train_size=0.7,test_size=0.30,random_state=10)
# Feature Scaling
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
X_{\text{test}} = \text{sc.transform}(X_{\text{test}})
# Classification
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
classifier = RandomForestClassifier()
# Showing all the parameters
from pprint import pprint
# Look at parameters used by our current forest
print('Parameters currently in use:\n')
pprint(classifier.get_params())
```

```
#
# Creating a set of important sample features
from sklearn.model_selection import RandomizedSearchCV
# Number of trees in random forest
n_{estimators} = [int(x) \text{ for } x \text{ in np.linspace}(start = 200, stop = 2000, num = 10)]
# Number of features to consider at every split
max_features = ['auto', 'sqrt']
# Maximum number of levels in tree
max_depth = [int(x) for x in np.linspace(10, 110, num = 11)]
max_depth.append(None)
# Minimum number of samples required to split a node
min_samples_split = [2, 5, 10]
# Minimum number of samples required at each leaf node
min\_samples\_leaf = [1, 2, 4]
# Method of selecting samples for training each tree
bootstrap = [True, False]
# Create the random grid
random_grid = {'n_estimators': n_estimators,
       'max_features': max_features,
       'max_depth': max_depth,
       'min_samples_split': min_samples_split,
       'min_samples_leaf': min_samples_leaf,
       'bootstrap': bootstrap}
pprint(random_grid)
```

# Use the random grid to search for best hyperparameters

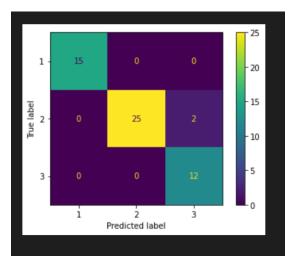
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```
# First create the base model to tune
classifier = RandomForestClassifier()
# Random search of parameters, using 3 fold cross validation,
# search across 100 different combinations, and use all available cores
rf random = RandomizedSearchCV(estimator = classifier, param distributions =
random_grid, n_iter = 100, cv = 3, verbose=2, random_state=42, n_jobs = -1)
# Fit the random search model
rf_random.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred = rf_random.predict(X_test)
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
print("-----")
print("Performance Evaluation")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
print("-----")
print("-----")
print("Accuracy:")
print(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

from sklearn.metrics import plot\_confusion\_matrix plot\_confusion\_matrix(rf\_random, X\_test, y\_test) plt.show()

```
{'bootstrap': True,
    'ccp_alpha': 0.0,
    'class_weight': None,
    'criterion': 'gini',
    'max_depth': None,
    'max_features': 'auto',
    'max_leaf_nodes': None,
    'max_samples': None,
    'min_impurity_decrease': 0.0,
    'min_impurity_split': None,
    'min_samples_leaf': 1,
    'min_samples_leaf': 1,
    'min_weight_fraction_leaf': 0.0,
    'n_estimators': 100,
    'n_obs': None,
    'oob_score': False,
    'random_state': None,
    'verbose': 0,
    'warm_start': False}
{'bootstrap': [True, False],
    'max_depth': [10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 110, None],
    'max_features': ['auto', 'sqrt'],
    'min_samples_leaf': [1, 2, 4],
    show more (open the raw output data in a text editor) ...

Accuracy:
    0.9629629629629629
```



### # WINE DATASET

# Gaussian Naive Bayes (Without Tuning)[70-30 split]

import pandas as pd import numpy as np

### # Dataset Preparation

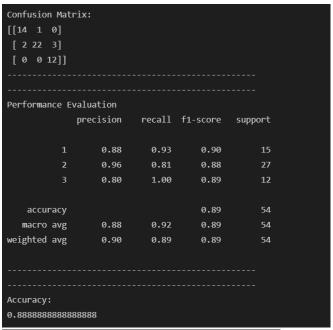
df = pd.read\_csv("wine.data",header=None)

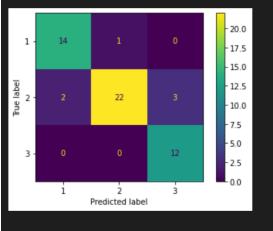
col\_name = ['Class','Alcohol','Malic acid','Ash','Alcalinity of ash','Magnesium','Total phenols','Flavanoids',

'Nonflavanoid phenols', 'Proanthocyanins', 'Color intensity', 'Hue', 'OD280/OD315 of diluted wines', 'Proline']

```
df.columns = col_name
X = df.drop(['Class'], axis=1)
y = df['Class']
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test =
train_test_split(X,y,train_size=0.7,test_size=0.3,random_state=10)
# Feature Scaling
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
X_{\text{test}} = \text{sc.transform}(X_{\text{test}})
# Classification
from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
classifier = GaussianNB().fit(X_train,y_train)
classifier.fit(X_train,y_train)
y_pred=classifier.predict(X_test)
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
```

print("")
print("")
print("Performance Evaluation")
<pre>print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))</pre>
print("")
print("")
print("Accuracy:")
<pre>print(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))</pre>
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.metrics import plot_confusion_matrix
plot_confusion_matrix(classifier, X_test, y_test)
plt.show()





# Gaussian Naive Bayes (With Tuning)[70-30 split]

import pandas as pd import numpy as np

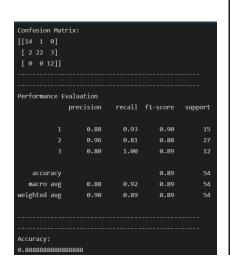
# # Dataset Preparation

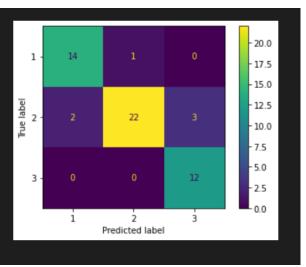
df = pd.read\_csv("wine.data",header=None)

col\_name = ['Class','Alcohol','Malic acid','Ash','Alcalinity of ash','Magnesium','Total phenols','Flavanoids',

```
'Nonflavanoid phenols', 'Proanthocyanins', 'Color intensity', 'Hue', 'OD280/OD315 of
diluted wines', 'Proline']
df.columns = col\_name
X = df.drop(['Class'], axis=1)
y = df['Class']
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test =
train_test_split(X,y,train_size=0.7,test_size=0.3,random_state=10)
# Feature Scaling
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
X_{\text{test}} = \text{sc.transform}(X_{\text{test}})
# Classification
from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
classifier = GaussianNB(priors=None,var_smoothing=1e-5).fit(X_train,y_train)
classifier.fit(X_train,y_train)
y_pred=classifier.predict(X_test)
```

from sklearn.metrics import classification\_report, confusion\_matrix, accuracy\_score print("Confusion Matrix:") print(confusion\_matrix(y\_test, y\_pred)) print("-----") print("-----") print("Performance Evaluation") print(classification\_report(y\_test, y\_pred)) print("-----") print("-----") print("Accuracy:") print(accuracy\_score(y\_test, y\_pred)) import matplotlib.pyplot as plt from sklearn.metrics import plot\_confusion\_matrix plot\_confusion\_matrix(classifier, X\_test, y\_test) plt.show()





### # IONOSPHERE DATASET

# SVM(Without Tuning)[70-30 split]

import pandas as pd import numpy as np

# Dataset Preparation

df = pd.read\_csv("ionosphere.data",header=None)

col\_name = ['1','2','3','4','5','6','7','8','9','10','11','12','13','14','15','16','17','18','19','20','21','22','23','24','25','26','27','28','29','30','31','32','33','34','Class']

 $df.columns = col\_name$ 

X = df.drop(['Class'], axis=1)

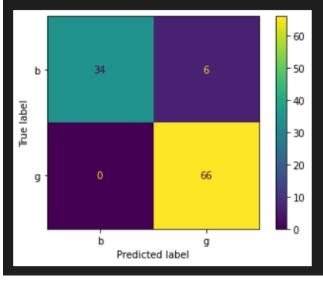
y = df['Class']

from sklearn.model\_selection import train\_test\_split

```
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test =
train_test_split(X,y,train_size=0.7,test_size=0.3,random_state=10)
# Feature Scaling
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
X_{\text{test}} = \text{sc.transform}(X_{\text{test}})
# Classification
from sklearn.svm import SVC
classifier = SVC()
classifier.fit(X_train,y_train)
y_pred = classifier.predict(X_test)
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
print("-----")
print("----")
print("Performance Evaluation")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
```

```
print("-----")
print("Accuracy:")
print(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.metrics import plot_confusion_matrix
plot_confusion_matrix(classifier, X_test, y_test)
plt.show()
```

Confusion [[34 6] [ 0 66]]		rix:				
Performance Evaluation						
		precision	recall	f1-score	support	
	b	1.00	0.85	0.92	40	
	g	0.92	1.00	0.96	66	
accur	асу			0.94	106	
macro	avg	0.96	0.93	0.94	106	
weighted	avg	0.95	0.94	0.94	106	
Accuracy:						
0.9433962264150944						



# # IONOSPHERE DATASET

# SVM(With Tuning)[70-30 split]

import pandas as pd import numpy as np

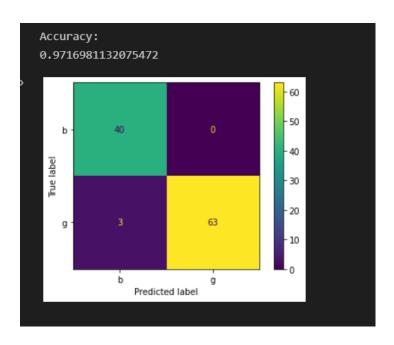
# # Dataset Preparation

 $df = pd.read\_csv("ionosphere.data",header=None)$ 

```
col_name = ['1','2','3','4','5','6','7','8','9','10','11','12','13','14','15','16','17','18','19'
       ,'20','21','22','23','24','25','26','27','28','29','30','31','32','33','34','Class']
df.columns = col\_name
X = df.drop(['Class'], axis=1)
y = df['Class']
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test =
train_test_split(X,y,train_size=0.7,test_size=0.3,random_state=10)
# Feature Scaling
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
X_{test} = sc.transform(X_{test})
# Classification
from sklearn.svm import SVC
classifier = SVC()
```

```
#
# Showing all the parameters
from pprint import pprint
# Look at parameters used by our current forest
print('Parameters currently in use:\n')
pprint(classifier.get_params())
# Creating a set of important sample features
param_grid = {'C': [0.1,1, 10, 100], 'gamma': [1,0.1,0.01,0.001], 'kernel': ['rbf', 'poly',
'sigmoid']}
pprint(param_grid)
#
from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
# Use the random grid to search for best hyperparameters
# First create the base model to tune
classifier = SVC()
# Random search of parameters, using 3 fold cross validation,
# search across 100 different combinations, and use all available cores
rf_random = GridSearchCV(SVC(), param_grid, refit=True, verbose=2)
rf_random.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
y_pred = rf_random.predict(X_test)
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
print("-----")
print("-----")
print("Performance Evaluation")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
print("-----")
print("-----")
print("Accuracy:")
print(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.metrics import plot_confusion_matrix
plot_confusion_matrix(rf_random, X_test, y_test)
plt.show()
```



# # Ionosphere DATASET

# Decision Tree (Without Tuning)[70-30 split]

import pandas as pd import numpy as np

## # Dataset Preparation

df = pd.read\_csv("ionosphere.data",header=None)

$$col\_name = ['1','2','3','4','5','6','7','8','9','10','11','12','13','14','15','16','17','18','19','20','21','22','23','24','25','26','27','28','29','30','31','32','33','34','Class']$$

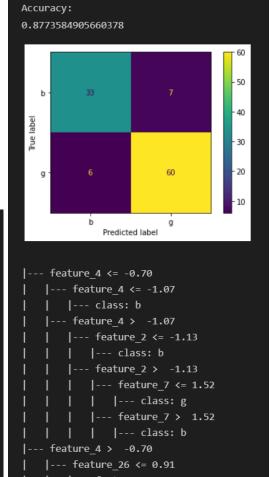
 $df.columns = col\_name$ 

$$X = df.drop(['Class'], axis=1)$$

$$y = df['Class']$$

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test =
train_test_split(X,y,train_size=0.7,test_size=0.3,random_state=10)
# Feature Scaling
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
X_{\text{test}} = \text{sc.transform}(X_{\text{test}})
# Classification
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
classifier = DecisionTreeClassifier().fit(X_train,y_train)
classifier.fit(X_train,y_train)
y_pred=classifier.predict(X_test)
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
print("-----")
print("-----")
```

```
print("Performance Evaluation")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
print("----")
print("-----")
print("Accuracy:")
print(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.metrics import plot_confusion_matrix
plot_confusion_matrix(classifier, X_test, y_test)
plt.show()
from sklearn import tree
text_representation = tree.export_text(classifier)
print(text_representation)
```



```
Confusion Matrix:
[ 6 60]]
Performance Evaluation
             precision
                          recall f1-score support
                  0.85
                           0.82
                                     0.84
                           0.91
                  0.90
                                     0.90
                                                 66
                                     0.88
                                                106
   accuracy
                           0.87
  macro avg
                  0.87
                                     0.87
                                                106
weighted avg
                  0.88
                           0.88
                                     0.88
                                                106
Accuracy:
```

## # Ionosphere DATASET

# Decision Tree (With Tuning)[70-30 split]

import pandas as pd import numpy as np

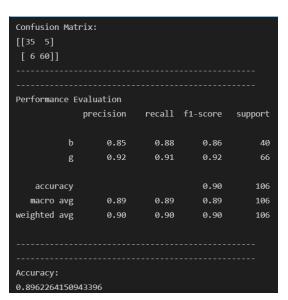
### # Dataset Preparation

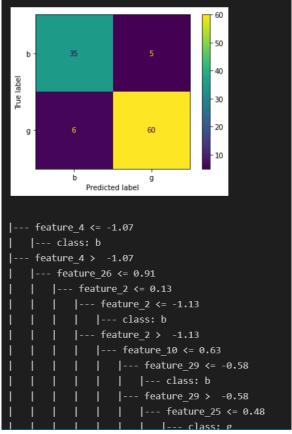
df = pd.read\_csv("ionosphere.data",header=None)

col\_name = ['1','2','3','4','5','6','7','8','9','10','11','12','13','14','15','16','17','18','19','20','21','22','23','24','25','26','27','28','29','30','31','32','33','34','Class']

```
df.columns = col\_name
X = df.drop(['Class'], axis=1)
y = df['Class']
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test =
train_test_split(X,y,train_size=0.7,test_size=0.3,random_state=10)
# Feature Scaling
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
X_{\text{test}} = \text{sc.transform}(X_{\text{test}})
# Classification
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
classifier = DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion="entropy",max_depth=20).fit(X_train,y_train)
classifier.fit(X_train,y_train)
y_pred=classifier.predict(X_test)
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
print("Confusion Matrix:")
```

```
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
print("-----")
print("-----")
print("Performance Evaluation")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
print("----")
print("-----")
print("Accuracy:")
print(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.metrics import plot_confusion_matrix
plot_confusion_matrix(classifier, X_test, y_test)
plt.show()
from sklearn import tree
text_representation = tree.export_text(classifier)
print(text_representation)
```





#### # IONOSPHERE DATASET

# Random Forest Classifier(Without Tuning)[70-30 split]

import pandas as pd

import numpy as np

### # Dataset Preparation

df = pd.read\_csv("ionosphere.data",header=None)

col\_name = ['1','2','3','4','5','6','7','8','9','10','11','12','13','14','15','16','17','18','19', '20','21','22','23','24','25','26','27','28','29','30','31','32','33','34','Class']

 $df.columns = col\_name$ 

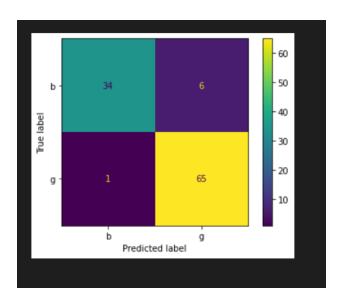
```
X = df.drop(['Class'], axis=1)
y = df['Class']
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test =
train_test_split(X,y,train_size=0.7,test_size=0.30,random_state=10)
# Feature Scaling
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
X_{\text{test}} = \text{sc.transform}(X_{\text{test}})
# Classification
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
classifier = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=20, random_state=0)
classifier.fit(X_train,y_train)
y_pred = classifier.predict(X_test)
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
```

```
print("-----")
print("Performance Evaluation")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))

print("-----")
print("----")
print("Accuracy:")
print(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
```

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.metrics import plot\_confusion\_matrix
plot\_confusion\_matrix(classifier, X\_test, y\_test)
plt.show()

```
Confusion Matrix:
[[34 6]
Performance Evaluation
            precision recall f1-score support
                 0.97 0.85
                                   0.91
                                              40
                 0.92
                         0.98
                                   0.95
                                   0.93
                                             106
   accuracy
                0.94
                          0.92
                                   0.93
                                             106
  macro avg
weighted avg
                 0.94
                          0.93
                                   0.93
Accuracy:
0.9339622641509434
```



### # IONOSPHERE DATASET

# Random Forest Classifier(With Tuning)[70-30 split]

import pandas as pd import numpy as np

# # Dataset Preparation

df = pd.read\_csv("ionosphere.data",header=None)

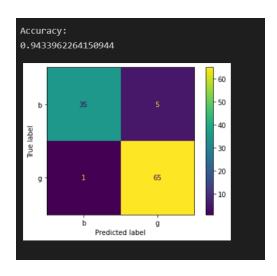
 $df.columns = col\_name$ 

y = df['Class']

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test =
train_test_split(X,y,train_size=0.7,test_size=0.3,random_state=10)
# Feature Scaling
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
X_{\text{test}} = \text{sc.transform}(X_{\text{test}})
# Classification
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
classifier = RandomForestClassifier()
#
# Showing all the parameters
from pprint import pprint
# Look at parameters used by our current forest
print('Parameters currently in use:\n')
pprint(classifier.get_params())
# Creating a set of important sample features
```

```
from sklearn.model_selection import RandomizedSearchCV
# Number of trees in random forest
n_{estimators} = [int(x) \text{ for } x \text{ in np.linspace}(start = 200, stop = 2000, num = 10)]
# Number of features to consider at every split
max_features = ['auto', 'sqrt']
# Maximum number of levels in tree
max_depth = [int(x) \text{ for } x \text{ in np.linspace}(10, 110, num = 11)]
max_depth.append(None)
# Minimum number of samples required to split a node
min_samples_split = [2, 5, 10]
# Minimum number of samples required at each leaf node
min\_samples\_leaf = [1, 2, 4]
# Method of selecting samples for training each tree
bootstrap = [True, False]
# Create the random grid
random_grid = {'n_estimators': n_estimators,
        'max_features': max_features,
        'max_depth': max_depth,
        'min_samples_split': min_samples_split,
        'min_samples_leaf': min_samples_leaf,
        'bootstrap': bootstrap}
pprint(random_grid)
#
# Use the random grid to search for best hyperparameters
# First create the base model to tune
classifier = RandomForestClassifier()
# Random search of parameters, using 3 fold cross validation,
# search across 100 different combinations, and use all available cores
```

```
rf_random = RandomizedSearchCV(estimator = classifier, param_distributions =
random_grid, n_iter = 100, cv = 3, verbose=2, random_state=42, n_jobs = -1)
# Fit the random search model
rf_random.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred = rf_random.predict(X_test)
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
print("-----")
print("-----")
print("Performance Evaluation")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
print("-----")
print("-----")
print("Accuracy:")
print(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.metrics import plot_confusion_matrix
plot_confusion_matrix(rf_random, X_test, y_test)
plt.show()
```



# # Ionosphere DATASET

# Gaussian Naive Bayes (Without Tuning)[70-30 split] import pandas as pd import numpy as np

## # Dataset Preparation

df = pd.read\_csv("ionosphere.data",header=None)

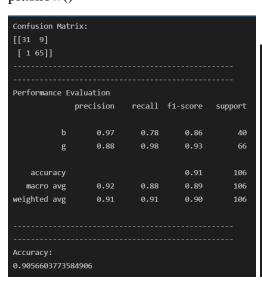
 $df.columns = col\_name$ 

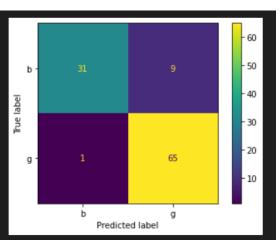
from sklearn.model\_selection import train\_test\_split

```
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test =
train_test_split(X,y,train_size=0.7,test_size=0.3,random_state=10)
# Feature Scaling
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
X_{\text{test}} = \text{sc.transform}(X_{\text{test}})
# Classification
from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
classifier = GaussianNB().fit(X_train,y_train)
classifier.fit(X_train,y_train)
y_pred=classifier.predict(X_test)
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
print("-----")
print("-----")
print("Performance Evaluation")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
```

```
print("-----")
print("Accuracy:")
print(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
```

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.metrics import plot\_confusion\_matrix
plot\_confusion\_matrix(classifier, X\_test, y\_test)
plt.show()





### Q3. Used datasets

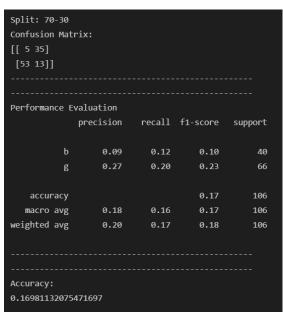
- a. Iris plants dataset: https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Iris/
- b. Diabetes dataset: https://www4.stat.ncsu.edu/~boos/var.select/diabetes.html
- # IONOSPHERE DATASET
- # GaussianHMM(Without Tuning)[70-30 split]

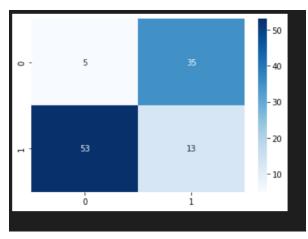
print("Split: 70-30") import pandas as pd import numpy as np

```
# Dataset Preparation
df = pd.read_csv("ionosphere.data",header=None)
col_name = ['1','2','3','4','5','6','7','8','9','10','11','12','13','14','15','16','17','18','19']
       ,'20','21','22','23','24','25','26','27','28','29','30','31','32','33','34','Class']
df.columns = col_name
X = df.drop(['1','2','Class'], axis=1)
y = df['Class']
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test =
train_test_split(X,y,train_size=0.7,test_size=0.3,random_state=10)
# Feature Scaling
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
X_{test} = sc.transform(X_{test})
# Classification
from hmmlearn import hmm
classifier = hmm.GaussianHMM(n_components=2, covariance_type="full")
```

```
classifier.fit(X_train)
y_pred = classifier.predict(X_test)
size = len(y_pred)
strings = np.empty(size, np.unicode_)
for i in range (size):
  if y_pred[i] == 1:
   strings[i] = ("g")
  else:
   strings[i] = ("b")
strings
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, strings))
print("-----")
print("-----")
print("Performance Evaluation")
print(classification_report(y_test, strings))
```

```
print("-----")
print("Accuracy:")
print(accuracy_score(y_test, strings))
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, strings)
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt="d",cmap='Blues')
plt.show()
```





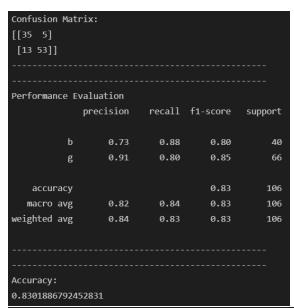
```
# IONOSPHERE DATASET
# GaussianHMM(With Tuning)[70-30 split]
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
# Dataset Preparation
df = pd.read_csv("ionosphere.data",header=None)
col\_name = ['1','2','3','4','5','6','7','8','9','10','11','12','13','14','15','16','17','18','19']
       ,'20','21','22','23','24','25','26','27','28','29','30','31','32','33','34','Class']
df.columns = col_name
X = df.drop(['1','2','Class'], axis=1)
y = df['Class']
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test =
train_test_split(X,y,train_size=0.7,test_size=0.3,random_state=10)
# Feature Scaling
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
```

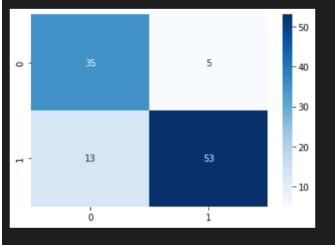
```
X_{test} = sc.transform(X_{test})
# Classification
from hmmlearn import hmm
classifier = hmm.GaussianHMM(n_components=2,
covariance_type="full",n_iter=5,algorithm='viterbi',verbose=False)
classifier.fit(X_train)
y_pred = classifier.predict(X_test)
size = len(y\_pred)
strings = np.empty(size, np.unicode_)
for i in range (size):
  if y_pred[i] == 1:
   strings[i] = ("g")
  else:
   strings[i] = ("b")
strings
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, strings))
print("-----")
print("-----")
```

```
print("Performance Evaluation")
print(classification_report(y_test, strings))

print("-----")
print("Accuracy:")
print(accuracy_score(y_test, strings))

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, strings)
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt="d",cmap='Blues')
plt.show()
```





#### # IONOSPHERE DATASET

# GMMHMM(Without Tuning)[60-40 split]

print("Split: 60-40") import pandas as pd import numpy as np

## # Dataset Preparation

 $df = pd.read\_csv("ionosphere.data",header=None)$ 

col\_name = ['1','2','3','4','5','6','7','8','9','10','11','12','13','14','15','16','17','18','19','20','21','22','23','24','25','26','27','28','29','30','31','32','33','34','Class']

```
df.columns = col\_name
X = df.drop(['1','2','Class'], axis=1)
y = df['Class']
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test =
train_test_split(X,y,train_size=0.6,test_size=0.4,random_state=10)
# Feature Scaling
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
X_{\text{test}} = \text{sc.transform}(X_{\text{test}})
# Classification
# from hmmlearn import hmm
import hmmlearn
classifier = hmmlearn.hmm.GMMHMM(n_components=2,
random_state=10,covariance_type='full',algorithm='viterbi',n_iter=10)
classifier.fit(X_train)
y_pred = classifier.predict(X_test)
size = len(y_pred)
```

```
strings = np.empty(size, np.unicode_)
for i in range (size):
 if y_pred[i] == 1:
  strings[i] = ("g")
  else:
   strings[i] = ("b")
strings
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, strings))
print("-----")
print("-----")
print("Performance Evaluation")
print(classification_report(y_test, strings))
print("-----")
print("-----")
print("Accuracy:")
print(accuracy_score(y_test, strings))
```

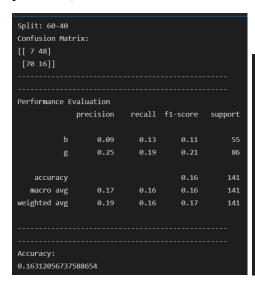
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

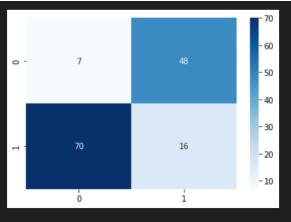
import seaborn as sns

cm = confusion\_matrix(y\_test, strings)

sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt="d",cmap='Blues')

plt.show()





#### # IONOSPHERE DATASET

# GMMHMM(With Tuning)[60-40 split]

print("Split size: 60-40")

import pandas as pd

import numpy as np

## # Dataset Preparation

df = pd.read\_csv("ionosphere.data",header=None)

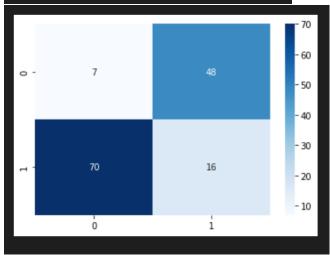
 $df.columns = col_name$ 

```
X = df.drop(['1','2','Class'], axis=1)
y = df['Class']
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test =
train_test_split(X,y,train_size=0.6,test_size=0.4,random_state=10)
# Feature Scaling
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
X_{\text{test}} = \text{sc.transform}(X_{\text{test}})
# Classification
# from hmmlearn import hmm
import hmmlearn
classifier = hmmlearn.hmm.GMMHMM(n_components=2,
random_state=10,covariance_type='full',algorithm='viterbi',n_iter=10)
classifier.fit(X_train)
y_pred = classifier.predict(X_test)
size = len(y_pred)
strings = np.empty(size, np.unicode_)
for i in range (size):
```

```
if y_pred[i] == 1:
  strings[i] = ("g")
  else:
  strings[i] = ("b")
strings
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, strings))
print("-----")
print("-----")
print("Performance Evaluation")
print(classification_report(y_test, strings))
print("-----")
print("----")
print("Accuracy:")
print(accuracy_score(y_test, strings))
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

cm = confusion\_matrix(y\_test, strings)
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt="d",cmap='Blues')
plt.show()

Colit oizo.	50.40			
Split size: 60-40 Confusion Matrix:				
[[ 7 48]	. 17.			
[70 16]]				
[,0 10]]				
Performance Evaluation				
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
b	0.09	0.13	0.11	55
g	0.25	0.19	0.21	86
accuracy			0.16	141
macro avg	0.17	0.16	0.16	141
weighted avg	0.19	0.16	0.17	141
Accuracy:				
0.16312056737588654				



## # IONOSPHERE DATASET

# MultinomialHMM(Without Tuning)[40-60 split]

print("Split: 40-60") import pandas as pd import numpy as np

# Dataset Preparation

```
col\_name = ['1','2','3','4','5','6','7','8','9','10','11','12','13','14','15','16','17','18','19']
       ,'20','21','22','23','24','25','26','27','28','29','30','31','32','33','34','Class']
df.columns = col\_name
X = df.drop(['1','2','Class'], axis=1)
y = df['Class']
X = df.drop(['1','Class'], axis=1)
y = df['Class']
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test =
train_test_split(X,y,train_size=0.4,test_size=0.6,random_state=10)
# Feature Scaling
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
X_{test} = sc.transform(X_{test})
# Classification
# from hmmlearn import hmm
import hmmlearn
```

```
classifier = hmmlearn.hmm.MultinomialHMM(n_components=4,
random_state=15,n_iter=10,algorithm='viterbi',params='ste')
import math
row = len(X_train)
col = len(X_train[0])
new = [1] * 33
for i in range(row):
  for j in range(col):
     X_{train[i][j]} = X_{train[i][j]*10}
     X_train[i][j] = math.floor(X_train[i][j])
  x = X_{train[i]}.astype(int)
  new = np.vstack([new,x])
y = new
y = np.absolute(y)
X_{train} = y
import math
row = len(X_test)
col = len(X_test[0])
new
for i in range(row):
  for j in range(col):
     X_{\text{test}[i][j]} = X_{\text{test}[i][j]*10}
     X_{test[i][j]} = math.floor(X_{test[i][j]})
  x = X_{test[i]}.astype(int)
  new = np.vstack([new,x])
y = new
```

```
y = np.absolute(y)
X_{test} = y
classifier.fit(X_train)
y_pred = classifier.predict(X_test)
size = len(y_pred)
strings = np.empty(size, np.unicode_)
for i in range (size):
  if y_pred[i] == 1:
   strings[i] = ("b")
  else:
   strings[i] = ("g")
strings
strings = strings[0:211]
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, strings))
print("-----")
print("-----")
```

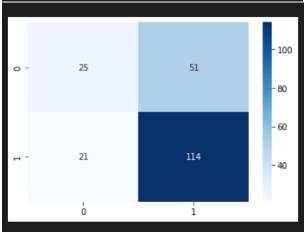
```
print("Performance Evaluation")
print(classification_report(y_test, strings))

print("-----")
print("----")

print("Accuracy:")
print(accuracy_score(y_test, strings))

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, strings)
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt="d",cmap='Blues')
plt.show()
```

```
Split: 40-60
Confusion Matrix:
[[ 25 51]
 [ 21 114]]
Performance Evaluation
             precision
                          recall f1-score support
                  0.54
                            0.33
                                      0.41
                            0.84
                                      0.76
                  0.69
   accuracy
                                      0.66
                  0.62
                            0.59
                                      0.58
   macro avg
weighted avg
                                      0.63
                  0.64
                            0.66
Accuracy:
0.6587677725118484
```



# Irish DATASET

# GaussianHMM(Without Tuning)[30-70 split]

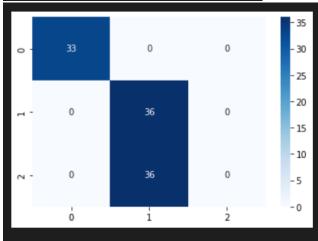
print("Split: 30-70")
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import sklearn
from sklearn import datasets
iris = datasets.load\_iris()

```
X=iris.data
y=iris.target
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test =
train_test_split(X,y,train_size=0.3,test_size=0.7,random_state=10)
# Feature Scaling
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
X_{\text{test}} = \text{sc.transform}(X_{\text{test}})
# Classification
from hmmlearn import hmm
classifier = hmm.GaussianHMM(n_components=2, covariance_type="full")
classifier.fit(X_train)
y_pred = classifier.predict(X_test)
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
print("-----")
print("-----")
```

```
print("Performance Evaluation")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))

print("-----")
print("Accuracy:")
print(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt="d",cmap='Blues')
plt.show()
```



## # Irish DATASET

# GaussianHMM(With Tuning)[70-30 split]

print("Split: 70-30")

import pandas as pd

import numpy as np

import sklearn

from sklearn import datasets

iris = datasets.load\_iris()

```
X=iris.data
y=iris.target
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test =
train_test_split(X,y,train_size=0.7,test_size=0.3,random_state=10)
# Feature Scaling
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
X_{\text{test}} = \text{sc.transform}(X_{\text{test}})
# Classification
from hmmlearn import hmm
classifier = hmm.GaussianHMM(n_components=2,
covariance_type="full",n_iter=5,algorithm='viterbi',verbose=False)
classifier.fit(X_train)
y_pred = classifier.predict(X_test)
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
```

```
print("-----")

print("Performance Evaluation")

print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))

print("-----")

print("-----")

print("Accuracy:")

print(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))

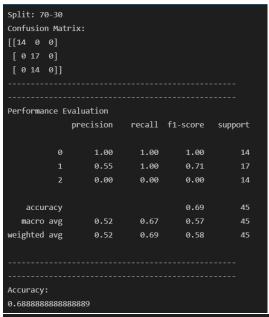
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

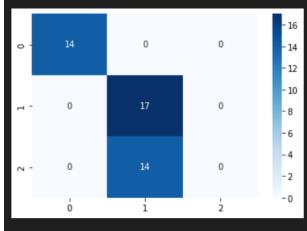
import seaborn as sns

cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)

sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt="d",cmap='Blues')

plt.show()
```





## # Irish DATASET

# GMMHMM(With Tuning)[30-70 split]

print("Split: 30-70")

import pandas as pd

import numpy as np

import sklearn

from sklearn import datasets

iris = datasets.load\_iris()

```
X=iris.data
y=iris.target
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test =
train_test_split(X,y,train_size=0.3,test_size=0.7,random_state=10)
# Feature Scaling
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
X_{\text{test}} = \text{sc.transform}(X_{\text{test}})
# Classification
import hmmlearn
classifier = hmmlearn.hmm.GMMHMM(n_components=2,
random_state=10,covariance_type='full',algorithm='viterbi',n_iter=10)
classifier.fit(X_train)
y_pred = classifier.predict(X_test)
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
print("-----")
print("-----")
```

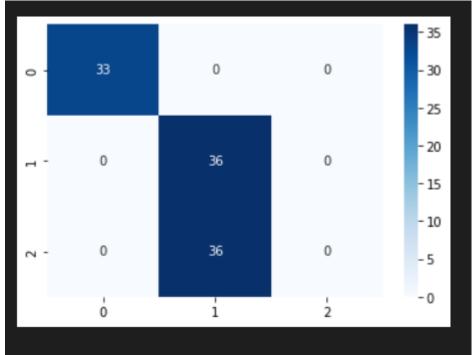
```
print("Performance Evaluation")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))

print("-----")
print("----"")

print("Accuracy:")
print(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt="d",cmap='Blues')
plt.show()
```

Split: 30-70				
Confusion Matrix:				
[[33 0 0]				
[ 0 36 0]				
[ 0 36 0]]				
Performance Evaluation				
pr	ecision	recall	f1-score	support
Ø	1.00	1.00	1.00	33
1	0.50	1.00	0.67	36
2	0.00	0.00	0.00	36
accuracy			0.66	105
macro avg	0.50	0.67	0.56	105
weighted avg	0.49	0.66	0.54	105
Accuracy:				
0.6571428571428571				



## Q5. Used Dataset

Wine Dataset: <a href="https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/wine">https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/wine</a>

Kmeans vs Kmedoids

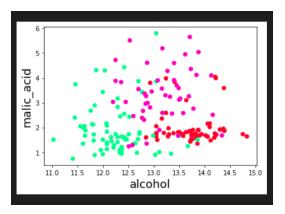
#importing libraries

import numpy as np

import pandas as pd

import sklearn as sk

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
% matplotlib inline
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
from sklearn.datasets import load_wine
wine=load_wine() #loading iris dataset from sklearn.datasets
x=wine.data
df=pd.DataFrame(data=wine.data, columns=['alcohol',
 'malic_acid',
 'ash',
 'alcalinity_of_ash',
 'magnesium',
 'total_phenols',
 'flavanoids',
 'nonflavanoid_phenols',
 'proanthocyanins',
 'color_intensity',
 'hue',
 'od280/od315_of_diluted_wines',
 'proline'])
plt.scatter(x=df['alcohol'], y=df['malic_acid'],c=wine.target,
cmap='gist_rainbow') #try using cmap='rainbow'
plt.xlabel('alcohol', fontsize=18)
plt.ylabel('malic_acid', fontsize=18)
```

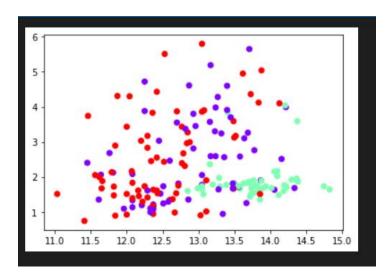


kmeans = KMeans(init="random", n\_clusters=3, n\_init=10, max\_iter=300, random\_state=42)

 $y = kmeans.fit\_predict(x)$ 

```
print("K-Means Cluster Centers")
print(kmeans.cluster_centers_)
print("Cluster Labels")
print(kmeans.labels_)
```

plt.scatter(x=df['alcohol'], y=df['malic\_acid'],c=kmeans.labels\_, cmap='rainbow') #try using cmap='rainbow' plt.show()



fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(14,6))

axes[0].scatter(x=df['alcohol'], y=df['malic\_acid'], c=y, cmap='rainbow',edgecolor='k', s=150) #you can also try cmap='rainbow' axes[1].scatter(x=df['alcohol'], y=df['malic\_acid'], c=wine.target, cmap='jet',edgecolor='k', s=150)

axes[0].set\_xlabel('alcohol', fontsize=18)

axes[0].set\_ylabel('malic\_acid', fontsize=18)

axes[1].set\_xlabel('alcohol', fontsize=18)

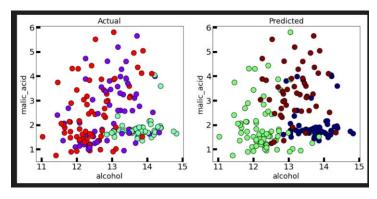
axes[1].set\_ylabel('malic\_acid', fontsize=18)

axes[0].tick\_params(direction='in', length=10, width=5, colors='k', labelsize=20)

axes[1].tick\_params(direction='in', length=10, width=5, colors='k', labelsize=20)

axes[0].set\_title('Actual', fontsize=18)

axes[1].set\_title('Predicted', fontsize=18)



```
from sklearn.metrics import silhouette_score print("The silhouette score is :") silhouette_score(x, kmeans.labels_)
```

```
The silhouette score is : 0.5711381937868838
```

from sklearn.metrics import calinski\_harabasz\_score print("The calinski harabasz score is :") calinski\_harabasz\_score(x, kmeans.labels\_)

```
The calinski harabasz score is: 561.815657860671
```

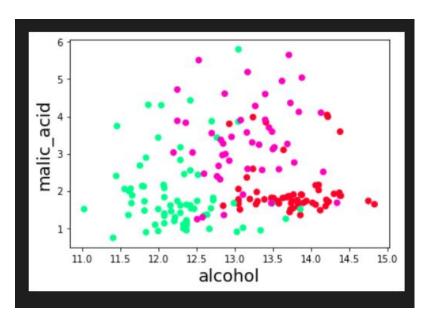
from sklearn.metrics import davies\_bouldin\_score print("The davies bouldin score is :")

davies\_bouldin\_score(x, kmeans.labels\_)

```
The davies bouldin score is : 0.5342431775436286
```

#importing libraries
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import sklearn as sk
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
from sklearn\_extra.cluster import KMedoids
from sklearn.datasets import load\_wine
wine=load\_wine() #loading iris dataset from sklearn.datasets

```
x=wine.data
df=pd.DataFrame(data=wine.data, columns=['alcohol',
 'malic_acid',
 'ash',
 'alcalinity_of_ash',
 'magnesium',
 'total_phenols',
 'flavanoids',
 'nonflavanoid_phenols',
 'proanthocyanins',
 'color_intensity',
 'hue',
 'od280/od315_of_diluted_wines',
 'proline'])
plt.scatter(x=df['alcohol'], y=df['malic_acid'],c=wine.target,
cmap='gist_rainbow') #try using cmap='rainbow'
plt.xlabel('alcohol', fontsize=18)
plt.ylabel('malic_acid', fontsize=18)
```



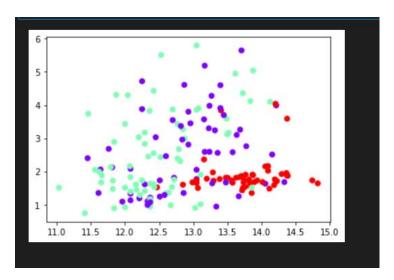
kmedoid = KMedoids(init="heuristic", n\_clusters=3, max\_iter=300, random\_state=42)

```
y = kmedoid.fit_predict(x)
print("K-Medoids Cluster Centers")
print(kmedoid.cluster_centers_)
print("Cluster Labels")
```

## print(kmedoid.labels\_)

plt.scatter(x=df['alcohol'], y=df['malic\_acid'] ,c=kmedoid.labels\_, cmap='rainbow') #try using cmap='rainbow'

plt.show()



fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(14,6))

axes[0].scatter(x=df['alcohol'], y=df['malic\_acid'], c=y, cmap='rainbow',edgecolor='k', s=150) #you can also try cmap='rainbow'

axes[1].scatter(x=df['alcohol'], y=df['malic\_acid'], c=wine.target, cmap='jet',edgecolor='k', s=150)

axes[0].set\_xlabel('alcohol', fontsize=18)

axes[0].set\_ylabel('malic\_acid', fontsize=18)

axes[1].set\_xlabel('alcohol', fontsize=18)

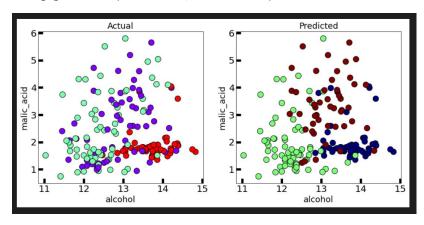
axes[1].set\_ylabel('malic\_acid', fontsize=18)

axes[0].tick\_params(direction='in', length=10, width=5, colors='k', labelsize=20)

axes[1].tick\_params(direction='in', length=10, width=5, colors='k', labelsize=20)

axes[0].set\_title('Actual', fontsize=18)

axes[1].set\_title('Predicted', fontsize=18)



from sklearn.metrics import silhouette\_score
print("The silhouette score is :")

```
from sklearn.metrics import calinski_harabasz_score
print("The calinski harabasz score is :")
calinski_harabasz_score(x, kmedoid.labels_)
The calinski harabasz score is :
539.3792353535451
```

silhouette\_score(x, kmedoid.labels\_)

The silhouette score is :

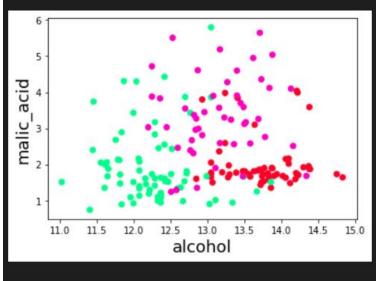
```
from sklearn.metrics import davies_bouldin_score
print("The davies bouldin score is :")
davies_bouldin_score(x, kmedoid.labels_)
The davies bouldin score is :
0.5292394126003174
```

```
#importing libraries
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import sklearn as sk
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
from sklearn.datasets import load_wine
wine=load_wine() #loading iris dataset from sklearn.datasets
x=wine.data
df=pd.DataFrame(data=wine.data, columns=['alcohol',
  'malic acid',
  'alcalinity_of_ash',
  'magnesium',
  'total_phenols',
  'flavanoids',
  'nonflavanoid_phenols',
  'proanthocyanins',
  'color_intensity',
  'od280/od315 of diluted wines',
```

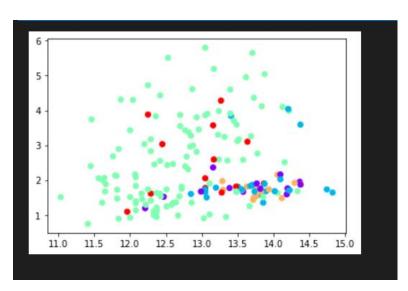
```
'proline'])

plt.scatter(x=df['alcohol'], y=df['malic_acid'] ,c=wine.target,
    cmap='gist_rainbow') #try using cmap='rainbow'

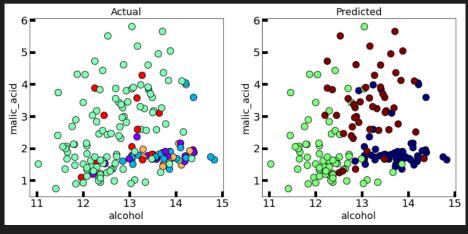
plt.xlabel('alcohol', fontsize=18)
    plt.ylabel('malic_acid', fontsize=18)
```



```
plt.scatter(x=df['alcohol'], y=df['malic_acid'] ,c=dbscan.labels_,
cmap='rainbow') #try using cmap='rainbow'
plt.show()
```



```
fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(14,6))
axes[0].scatter(x=df['alcohol'], y=df['malic_acid'], c=y,
cmap='rainbow',edgecolor='k', s=150) #you can also try cmap='rainbow'
axes[1].scatter(x=df['alcohol'], y=df['malic_acid'], c=wine.target,
cmap='jet',edgecolor='k', s=150)
axes[0].set_xlabel('alcohol', fontsize=18)
axes[0].set_ylabel('malic_acid', fontsize=18)
axes[1].set_xlabel('alcohol', fontsize=18)
axes[1].set_ylabel('malic_acid', fontsize=18)
axes[0].tick_params(direction='in', length=10, width=5, colors='k',
labelsize=20)
axes[1].tick_params(direction='in', length=10, width=5, colors='k',
labelsize=20)
axes[0].set_title('Actual', fontsize=18)
axes[1].set_title('Predicted', fontsize=18)
```



```
from sklearn.metrics import silhouette_score
print("The silhouette score is :")
silhouette_score(x, dbscan.labels_)
```

```
The silhouette score is : 0.4413295944891921
```

```
from sklearn.metrics import calinski_harabasz_score
print("The calinski harabasz score is :")
calinski_harabasz_score(x, dbscan.labels_)

The calinski harabasz score is :
```

```
from sklearn.metrics import davies_bouldin_score
print("The davies bouldin score is :")
davies_bouldin_score(x, dbscan.labels_)
```

The davies bouldin score is :

7.812129203046089

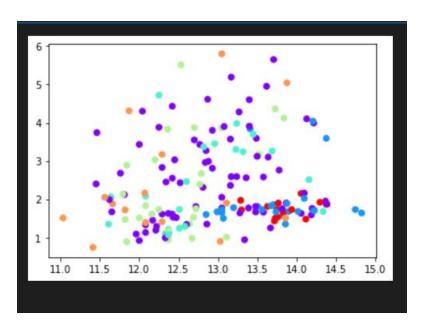
208.9449395725058

```
#importing libraries
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import sklearn as sk
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
from sklearn.datasets import load_wine
wine=load_wine() #loading iris dataset from sklearn.datasets
x=wine.data
df=pd.DataFrame(data=wine.data, columns=['alcohol',
  'malic_acid',
  'alcalinity_of_ash',
  'magnesium',
  'total_phenols',
  'flavanoids',
  'nonflavanoid_phenols',
  'proanthocyanins',
  'color intensity',
  'hue'.
```

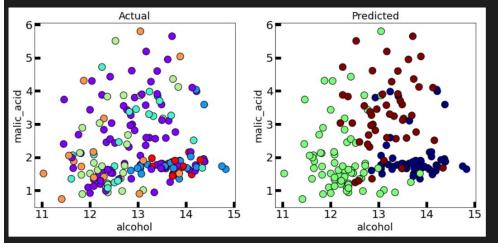
```
'od280/od315_of_diluted_wines',
  'proline'])
plt.scatter(x=df['alcohol'], y=df['malic_acid'] ,c=wine.target,
cmap='gist rainbow') #try using cmap='rainbow'
plt.xlabel('alcohol', fontsize=18)
plt.ylabel('malic_acid', fontsize=18)
 Text(0, 0.5, 'malic acid')
     5
     1
                      12.5
                          13.0
            11.5
                 12.0
                               13.5
                                    14.0
                                         14.5
       11.0
                                              15.0
                       alcohol
from sklearn.cluster import OPTICS
optics = OPTICS(min_samples=13)
y = optics.fit_predict(x)
print("Cluster Labels")
print(optics.labels_)
 Cluster Labels
 [0 0 -1 -1 -1 -1 4 4 0 0 -1 4 4 0 -1 4 4 0 -1 -1 -1 -1 0 0
 -1 -1 -1 4 -1 0 4 -1 0 4 0 -1 -1 0 0 -1 -1 0 0 1 -1 0 0
  0 4 0 4 -1 4 0 0 0 4 4 2 1 2 -1 -1 -1 1 2 2 -1 -1 -1 3
  -1 -1 2 2 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1
plt.scatter(x=df['alcohol'], y=df['malic_acid'] ,c=optics.labels_,
```

cmap='rainbow') #try using cmap='rainbow'

plt.show()



```
fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(14,6))
axes[0].scatter(x=df['alcohol'], y=df['malic_acid'], c=y,
cmap='rainbow',edgecolor='k', s=150) #you can also try cmap='rainbow'
axes[1].scatter(x=df['alcohol'], y=df['malic_acid'], c=wine.target,
cmap='jet',edgecolor='k', s=150)
axes[0].set_xlabel('alcohol', fontsize=18)
axes[0].set_ylabel('malic_acid', fontsize=18)
axes[1].set_xlabel('alcohol', fontsize=18)
axes[1].set_ylabel('malic_acid', fontsize=18)
axes[0].tick_params(direction='in', length=10, width=5, colors='k',
labelsize=20)
axes[1].tick_params(direction='in', length=10, width=5, colors='k',
labelsize=20)
axes[0].set_title('Actual', fontsize=18)
axes[1].set_title('Predicted', fontsize=18)
```



```
from sklearn.metrics import silhouette_score
print("The silhouette score is :")
silhouette_score(x, optics.labels_)
```

```
The silhouette score is : 0.08708464008252535
```

```
from sklearn.metrics import calinski_harabasz_score
print("The calinski harabasz score is :")
calinski_harabasz_score(x, optics.labels_)
The calinski harabasz score is :
```

44.955612959266325

```
from sklearn.metrics import davies_bouldin_score
print("The davies bouldin score is :")
davies_bouldin_score(x, optics.labels_)
```

The davies bouldin score is:

2.275571431762288