

LAB ASSIGNMENT-9

MTH 308 AND & MTH 308B: NUMERICAL ANALYSIS AND SCIENTIFIC COMPUTING-I

January-April 2024, IIT Kanpur

1. **(Trapezoidal/Trapozoidal):** Write a C/Matlab program on Trapezoidal rule to find approximate integral of a function in an interval.

Hint: (You may use the following algorithm)

INPUT : End points a, b of the interval of the interval $[a, b]$, integer N or h (for number of partition of the interval $[a, b]$).

OUTPUT: Approximation of $\int_a^b f(x) dx$ is T_h .

Step-1: Set $h = (b - a)/N$; or $N = (b - a)/h$; (of course choose h so that N is an integer)

$$T_h = (f(a) + f(b))/2;$$

Step-2: For $i = 1, 2, \dots, N - 1$, set $T_h = T_h + f(a + ih)$.

Step-3: $T_h = h \cdot T_h$

Step-4: OUTPUT (T_h).

Step-5: STOP.

2. **(Simpson's 1/3):** Write a C/Matlab program on Simpson's rule to find approximate integral of a function in an interval.

Hint: (You may use the following algorithm)

INPUT : End points a, b of the interval of the interval $[a, b]$, an integer N or h (for number of partition of the interval $[a, b]$).

OUTPUT: Approximation of $\int_a^b f(x) dx$ is S_h .

Step-1: Set $h = (b - a)/2N$; or $N = (b - a)/2h$; (of course choose h so that N is an integer)

$$T_h = (f(a) + f(b));$$

Step-2: For $i = 1, 2, \dots, N - 1$, set $T_h = T_h + 2 \cdot f(a + 2ih)$.

Step-3: For $i = 1, 2, \dots, N$, set $T_h = T_h + 4 \cdot f(a + (2i - 1)h)$.

Step-4: $T_h = hT_h/3$

Step-5: OUTPUT (T_h).

Step-6: STOP.

Find the approximate integration of the following with your coding:

$$(i) \int_{0.5}^1 x^4 dx, \quad (ii) \int_1^{1.5} x^2 \ln x dx, \quad (iii) \int_1^{1.6} \frac{2x}{x^2 - 4} dx, \quad (iv) \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} x \sin x dx$$

$$(v) \int_0^{0.5} \frac{2}{x - 4} dx, \quad (vi) \int_0^1 x^2 e^{-x} dx \quad (vii) \int_0^{0.35} \frac{2}{x^2 - 4} dx, \quad (viii) \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} e^{3x} \sin 2x dx.$$

3. **(Euler's method):** Write a C/Matlab program on Euler method to solve and ODE.

Hint: (You may use the following algorithm)

INPUT : End points a, b of the interval of the interval $[a, b]$, integer N or h (for number of partition of the interval $[a, b]$) and initial condition y_0 .

OUTPUT: Approximation z to y at the $t = a + Nh = b$

Step-1: Set $h = (b - a)/N$; or $N = (b - a)/h$; (of course choose h so that N is an integer)

$$t(1) = a;$$

$$w(1) = y_0;$$

Step-2: For $i = 2, 3, \dots, N + 1$, set $w(i) = w(i - 1) + hf(t(i - 1), w(i - 1))$,

$$t(i) = a + (i - 1)h.$$

Step-3: OUTPUT (t, w) .

Step-4: Plot the Graph of T -vs- W .

Step-5: STOP.

Solve the following ODEs with your coding:

- (a) i. $y' = te^{3t} - 2y$, $0 \leq t \leq 1$, $y(0) = 0$, with $h = 0.2$
- ii. $y' = 1 + (t - y)^2$, $2 \leq t \leq 3$, $y(2) = 1$, with $h = 0.5$
- iii. $y' = 1 + \frac{y}{t}$, $1 \leq t \leq 2$, $y(1) = 2$, with $h = 0.25$
- iv. $y' = \cos 2t + \sin 3t$, $0 \leq t \leq 1$, $y(0) = 1$, with $h = 0.2$.
- (b) i. $y' = e^{t-y}$, $0 \leq t \leq 1$, $y(0) = 1$, with $h = 0.1$
- ii. $y' = \frac{1+t}{1+y}$, $1 \leq t \leq 2$, $y(1) = 2$, with $h = 0.1$
- iii. $y' = -y + ty^{\frac{1}{2}}$, $2 \leq t \leq 3$, $y(2) = 2$, with $h = 0.25$
- iv. $y' = t^{-2}(\sin 2t - 2ty)$, $1 \leq t \leq 2$, $y(1) = 2$, with $h = 0.2$.

Note: Problem 3 is not included in endsem lab exam, and can be tried after Monday's(15.04.24) lecture.

End.