

# Quantum CS with Graph Rewriting and CAS

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- ▶ Graphical representation for quantum systems, and a graph rewrite system that gives a rich description of their theory
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- ▶ Quantomatic bridges the gap between graph rewrite theories and CAS work

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- ▶ Mixed state quantum mechanics has generalisations of the above. We won't talk about that.

# Entanglement and the Tensor

- For our purposes, take  $\otimes$  to be the Kronecker product:

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- ▶ For Hilbert spaces  $\mathcal{H}_1$  and  $\mathcal{H}_2$ , we can construct  $\mathcal{H}_1 \otimes \mathcal{H}_2 = \text{span} \{v \otimes u : v \in \mathcal{H}_1, u \in \mathcal{H}_2\}$ .
  - ▶  $\dim(\mathcal{H}_1 \otimes \mathcal{H}_2) = \dim \mathcal{H}_1 \cdot \dim \mathcal{H}_2$

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- ▶ The Hilbert space  $\mathcal{Q} := \mathbb{C}^2$  is called the space of *qubits*.
- ▶ We write the standard basis of  $\mathcal{Q}$  in “ket” notation, as  $|0\rangle, |1\rangle$ .  
Also,  $|ij\rangle$  is shorthand for  $|i\rangle \otimes |j\rangle$ .

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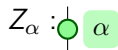
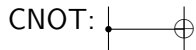
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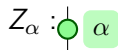
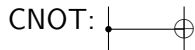
- ▶ Hadmard gates,  $H = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$

- ▶ Phase gates,  $Z_\alpha = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & e^{i\alpha} \end{pmatrix}$

# In Pictures

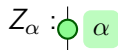
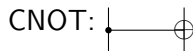


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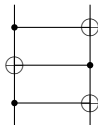
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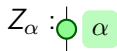
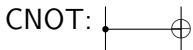


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- ▶ A qubit swap ( $CNOT \circ CNOT' \circ CNOT$ ):

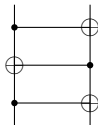


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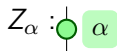
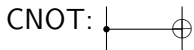
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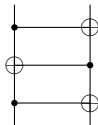


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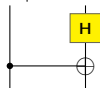


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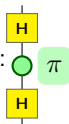
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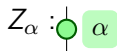
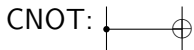


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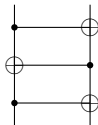


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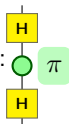
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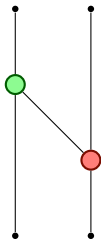
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- ...and lots of other stuff

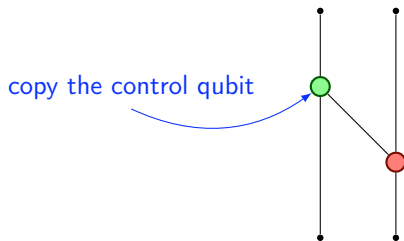
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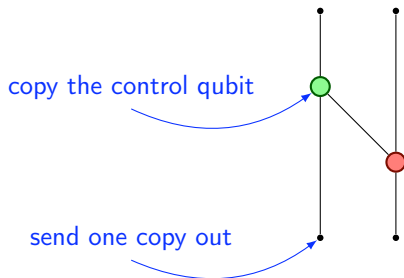
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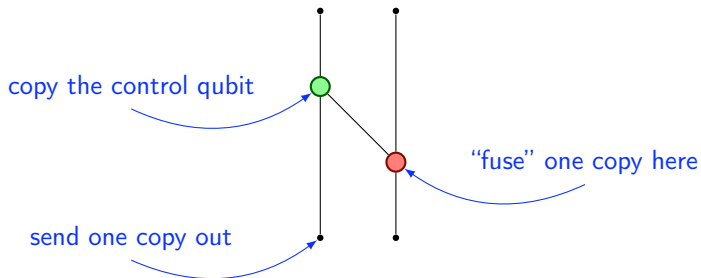
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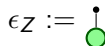
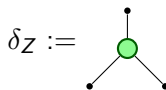
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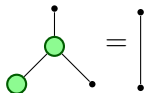
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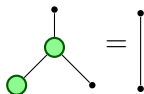
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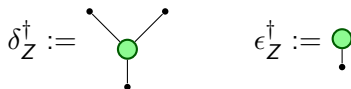


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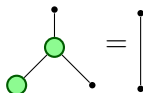


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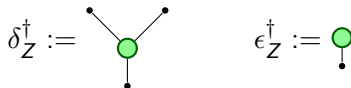


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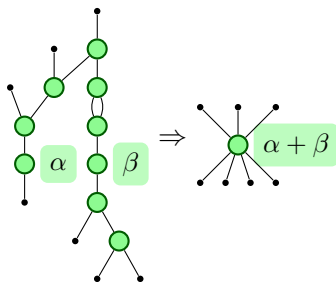
- ▶ Phase gate  $Z_{\alpha}$  commutes with everything

# Spiders

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- ▶ Graphs of a single colour are extremely well behaved (associative, commutative, co-commutative, frobenius, etc...)
- ▶ In fact, they are uniquely determined by the number of inputs and outputs. As a result, we write connected graphs thus:



## Another colour

- ▶ We can do the same thing for another basis:

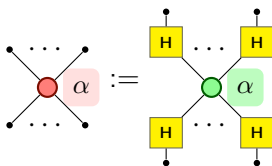
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- ▶ But, actually, there's a shortcut. Realising the  $H$  just interchanges the two bases:



And we notice...

- We recover the bases, up to a scalar.

$$\text{green circle } 0 = |0\rangle + e^0|1\rangle \approx |+\rangle$$

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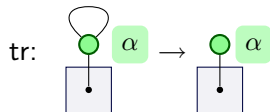
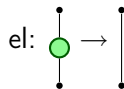
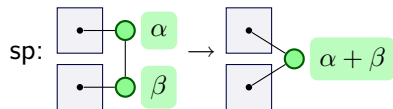
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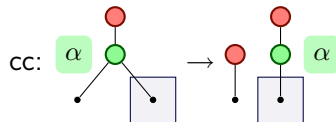
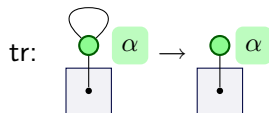
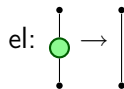
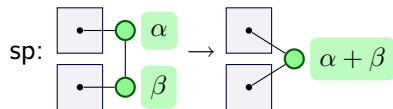
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- ▶ Red  $(\delta_X, \epsilon_X)$  and green  $(\delta_Z, \epsilon_Z)$  are *complementary classical structures*.

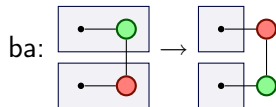
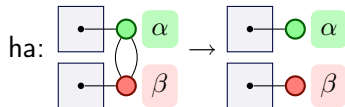
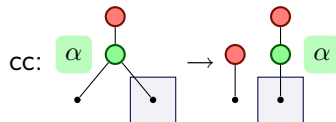
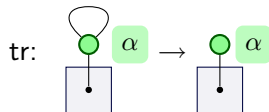
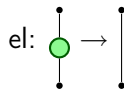
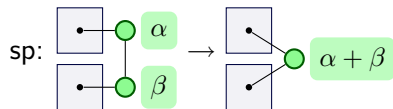
# Rewrite Theory



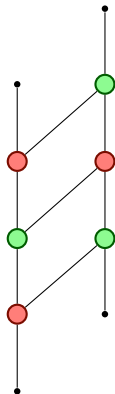
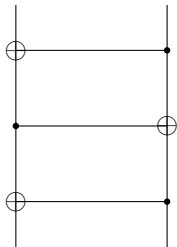
# Rewrite Theory



# Rewrite Theory



## Doin' the Swap



# Quantomatic and Mathematica

- ▶ Rewrite theory is by design a course-graining



# Quantomatic and Mathematica

- ▶ Rewrite theory is by design a course-graining
- ▶ Hybrid approach, graphical  $\leftrightarrow$  concrete

# Quantomatic and Mathematica

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- ▶ Hybrid approach, graphical  $\leftrightarrow$  concrete
- ▶ For this, Quantomatic interfaces with Mathematica

# Quantomatic and Mathematica

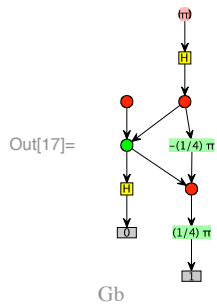
- ▶ Rewrite theory is by design a course-graining
- ▶ Hybrid approach, graphical  $\leftrightarrow$  concrete
- ▶ For this, Quantomatic interfaces with Mathematica
- ▶ Child process, utilises “everything is a term” design principle of Mathematica

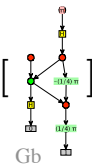
```
<< Quanto`
```

```
QuantoInit[  
  "/Users/aleks/svn/isaplanner/quantomatic/gui/dist/  
  QuantoGui.jar"]
```


Quanto comes up as child process. I then use the GUI to load a graph that gets named "Gb".

In[17]:= **GetGraph**[ "Gb" ]

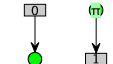


In[18]:= **NormaliseGraph** [  ]

Gb

Out[18]= 

Gf

In[20]:= **GraphHilb**  ]

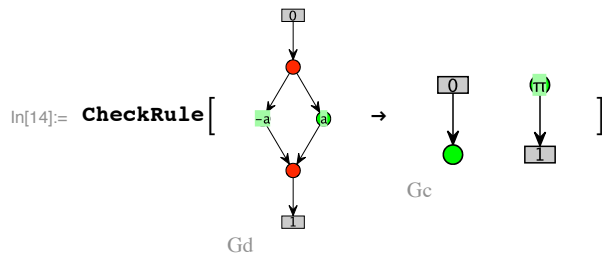
Gc

Out[20]= **SparseArray**[<4>, {2, 2}]

In[21]:= % // **MatrixForm**

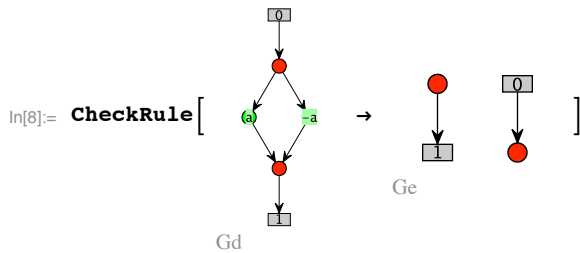
Out[21]//**MatrixForm**=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$



Out[14]= { }





Out[8]= { {Quanto`Private`k  $\rightarrow$  2} }

# Rewriting $\leftrightarrow$ CAS

- ▶ Normalising graphs first to make computations faster (or possible!)

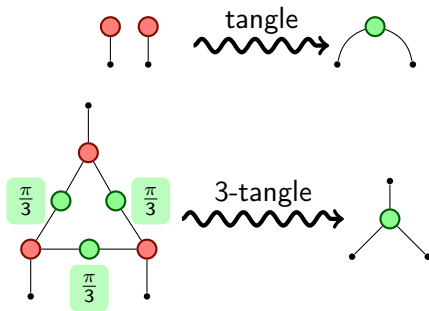
# Rewriting $\leftrightarrow$ CAS

- ▶ Normalising graphs first to make computations faster (or possible!)
- ▶ Interplay of rewrite rules and semantics with `CheckRule[ ]`, etc.

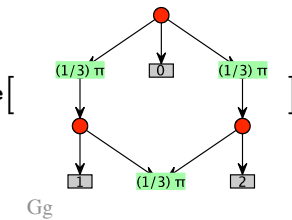
# Rewriting $\leftrightarrow$ CAS

- ▶ Normalising graphs first to make computations faster (or possible!)
- ▶ Interplay of rewrite rules and semantics with `CheckRule[ ]`, etc.
- ▶ Numerics like entanglement measures, plots across free parameters

# Entanglement Measures

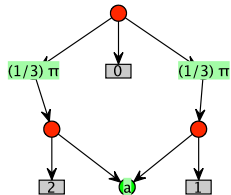


In[24]:= **ThreeTangle**

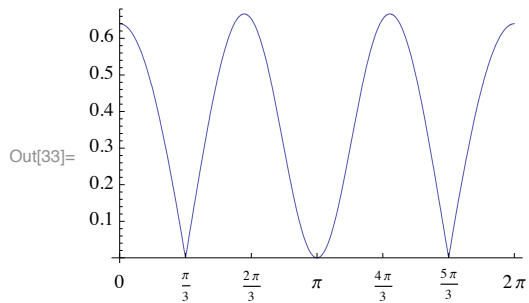


Out[24]= 0

```
In[33]:= PlotParam[ThreeTangle[
```



Gg





# Future Work

- ▶ Expand features, including a rule editor
- ▶ Rule feed-back from CAS into Quantomatic
- ▶ Support other CAS'es, ideally use open-source alternatives
- ▶ Proper pattern graph matching, rather than “hacked” pattern graph matching
- ▶ Expand theory and solution techniques

# Thanks!

- ▶ This is joint work with
  - ▶ Bob Coecke  
<http://www.comlab.ox.ac.uk/people/bob.coecke/>
  - ▶ Ross Duncan  
<http://www.comlab.ox.ac.uk/people/ross.duncan/>
  - ▶ Lucas Dixon  
<http://homepages.inf.ed.ac.uk/ldixon/>
- ▶ Check it out at
  - ▶ <http://dream.inf.ed.ac.uk/projects/quantomatic/>