

# CSCI 430: Homework 1

Garrett Hay

September 11, 2018

## 2.1-1

31	41	59	26	41	58
31	41	59	26	41	58
31	41	59	26	41	58
26	31	41	59	41	58
26	31	41	41	59	58
26	31	41	41	58	59

Blue = If moved

Red = Next to be sorted

## 2.1-2

---

**Algorithm 1** Reverse Sort Sort

---

```
for  $j = 2$  to  $A.length$  do
     $key = A[j]$ 
     $i = j - 1$ 
    while  $i > 0$  and  $A[i] < key$  do
         $A[i + 1] = A[i]$ 
         $i = i - 1$ 
    end while
     $A[i + 1] = key$ 
end for
```

---

## 2.1-3

---

**Algorithm 2** Search for  $v$ 

---

```
locate = 0
for  $i = 1$  to  $A.length$  do
    if  $A[i] == v$  then
         $locate = i$ 
    end if
end for
if  $locate == 0$  then
    print "NIL"
else
    print( $locate$ )
end if
```

---

### Initialization:

Show that 'locate', the variable that will hold the location of 'v' in the array, is 0. A number nonexistent in  $A[1...n]$ .

### Maintenance:

Show that the loop maintains. The body of the loop checks if  $A[1]$ ,  $A[2]$ , and so on by 1 position to see if the current element is the same as the value of 'v' until  $A[n]$ . When an element satisfies the condition it changes 'locate' to the location in the array.

### Termination:

Condition of for loop termination is that  $i > A.length$  or  $n$ . Because each iterator increase by 1, we must have  $i = (n + 1)$  at that time. Substituting  $i$  for  $(n + 1)$  in the loop we have either 'locate' is 0 or the  $i$  were  $A[i]$  is equal to  $v$  in  $A[1 - n]$ . Then the if-else statement decides if  $locate$  is 0 to print "NIL" or to print the location of  $v$  in  $A[]$ . Hence the algorithm is correct.

## 1 2.1-4

### Formal:

**Input:** 2 binary numbers, A and B, represented by  $A[0...n]$  and  $B[0...n]$  in binary form

**Output:** Binary number  $C[0...(N + 1)]$  where  $C = A + B$ .

## Pseudo:

---

**Algorithm 3** Binary Addition

---

```
carry = 0
i = A.length
while i < 0 do
    added = A[i] + B[i] + carry
    C[i + 1] = added%2
    carry = added ÷ 2
    i = i − 1
end while
C[0] = carry
```

---