# MORE LINUX

## **ALIASES**

- Give a short name to use in place of longer command
- Add in ~/.bashrc
- Example:

```
alias la='ls -a'
```

## FILE PERMISSIONS

- 3 types of users:
  - owner owner of the file
  - group members of group associated with file
  - other everyone else
- 3 types of access:
  - read
  - write
  - execute

## FILE PERMISSIONS (CONT.)

- See current permissions: ls -1
  - char 0 = filetype
  - chars 1-9 = file permissions
  - then ACL flag, # links, owner, group, size, mod date, and filename
- 3 characters for each of owner, group, other
  - specify read, write, execute permission
  - Example: '-rwx-----' means only owner can do anything

#### FILE PERMISSIONS - HOW TO CHANGE?

- chmod command
  - + = add permission
  - = remove permission
  - Ex: `chmod g+x, o+x'
- Numerical shortcut: (sum to get combo)
  - 4 = read
  - 2 = write
  - 1 = execute

## **ENVIRONMENT VARIABLES**

- PATH where the shell looks for programs
- To modify:
  - Open ~/.bashrc
  - add export PATH="newpath:\$PATH"
  - adds newpath to the beginning of path
  - Open up ~/.bash\_profile -- look for a line with .bashrc
- Path is searched in order listed