$$D = \frac{E(x,t) = -(t \log(t) + (1-t) \log(1-t))}{\text{Find gradients.}}$$

i)
$$\nabla_{\theta} E(x,t)$$
: $\frac{d\hat{\epsilon}}{d\theta_i} = -\frac{t}{(\hat{\epsilon} - \frac{1-t}{1-\hat{\epsilon}})} \frac{d\hat{\epsilon}}{d\theta_i}$

So
$$\nabla F(xt) = \left(\frac{t}{\hat{t}} - \frac{1-t}{1-\hat{t}}\right)(1-\hat{t})\hat{t}\hat{h}^{(2)}$$

$$= (\pm (1-\widehat{\xi}) - \widehat{\xi}(1-\xi))h^{(2)}$$

and
$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial b_{4}} = -\left(\frac{t}{2} - \frac{1-t}{1-2}\right) \frac{\partial \hat{\xi}}{\partial b_{4}}$$

$$= \frac{1-t}{t} - \frac{1-t}{1-t} - \frac{e^{-(b_{y}+6^{T}h^{(2)})}}{(1+e^{-(b_{y}+6^{T}h^{(2)})})^{2}}$$

$$= -\left(\frac{t}{\hat{\epsilon}} - \frac{1-t}{1-\hat{\epsilon}}\right) (1-\hat{\epsilon})\hat{\epsilon}$$

$$=-\left(t(1-\widehat{t})-\widehat{t}(1-t)\right)=(\widehat{t}-t).$$

$$\frac{dE}{dh_i^0} = -\left(\frac{t}{\hat{\epsilon}} - \frac{1-t}{1-\hat{\epsilon}}\right)(1-\hat{\epsilon})\hat{\epsilon}\Theta_i = (\hat{\epsilon}-t)\Theta_i$$

$$\frac{dh_{i}^{(0)}}{db_{i}^{(0)}} = 1 - \tanh^{2}(b_{1} + w^{(0)}h^{(0)}) = 1 - (h_{i}^{(0)})^{2}, so$$

$$\frac{dE}{db_{i}^{(2)}} = (T+t)(1-(h_{i}^{(2)})^{2})\Theta_{i}$$
and
$$\frac{dE}{dw_{i}^{(2)}} = (E-t)(1-(h_{i}^{(2)})^{2})\Theta_{i}h_{i}^{(1)}.$$

while
$$\frac{dE}{dh_i^{(i)}} = (E-t)(1-(h_i^{(i)})^2)W_i^{(2)}\Theta_i$$

and
$$\frac{dh_{i}^{(i)}}{db_{i}^{(i)}} = (1 - (h_{i}^{(i)})^{2})$$
 while $\frac{dh_{i}}{dw_{i}^{(i)}} = x_{i}(1 - (h_{i}^{(i)})^{2})$

So
$$\frac{dE}{db_{i}^{(1)}} = (\hat{\xi} - t)(1 - (h_{i}^{(2)})^{2})(1 - (h_{i}^{(2)})^{2}) W_{i}^{(2)} \Theta_{i}$$

and
$$\frac{dE}{dW_i^{(1)}} = (\hat{t} - t)(1 - (h_i^{(1)})^2)(1 - h_i^{(2)})^2)W_i^{(2)}\Theta_i \chi_i$$