

**START OF QUIZ**

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## Question 1

Topic: Topic4

Source: Lecture 4

What is the main difference between the Viterbi algorithm and the Forward algorithm, and why does it allow us to find the optimal path through a sequence?

## Question 2

Topic: Topic2

Source: Lecture 2

Why do outliers cause problems for clustering algorithms like k-means? How can we deal with them?

### Question 3

Topic: Topic1

Source: Lecture 1

Suppose we are filling the table for the Levenshtein distance algorithm. We are in cell  $(x, y)$ . The values of cell  $(x-1, y-1)$ ,  $(x-1, y)$ , and  $(x, y-1)$  are 2, 1, and 2, respectively. What is the value we will put in cell  $(x, y)$ , given that the letters are NOT equal?

## Question 4

Topic: Topic3

Source: Lecture 3

Imagine that we are doing machine translation instead of POS-tagging. What would be the equivalent of emission probabilities and transition probabilities? Explain.

## Question 5

Topic: Topic3

Source: Lecture 3

If our vocabulary consists of just symbols A and B, and our corpus consists of the sequence: B A B A B A, and we build a bigram language model by applying add-one smoothing to the MLE from the corpus, what is the probability of  $P(B|A)$ ? Please show your work.

## Question 6

Topic: Topic1

Source: Lecture 1

Discuss why one might do unsupervised learning instead of supervised learning.

## Question 7

Topic: Topic2

Source: Lecture 2

Why is the Forgy initialization sub-optimal?



## Question 8

Topic: Topic4

Source: Lecture 4

How is it that EM can arrive at a good solution, even if we have a random initialization of parameters?

## Question 9

Topic: Coding

Source: Lecture 2

Imagine we have three clusters  $[[X, Y], [M, N, P], [A, B, C, D]]$ , and a point  $[R]$ . Write a function that determines which cluster to add  $R$  to, given the mean linkage criterion.

**END OF QUIZ**