

**START OF QUIZ**

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I agree that all answers provided are in my own words, and that I will not discuss the contents of this quiz with any of my fellow students until after the exam period has completed for everyone. Furthermore, any response that used generative AI tools has been rephrased into my own interpretation, and has been appropriately cited.

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

## Question 1

Topic: Lecture 8

Source: Lecture 8

Why do Python programmers like working with (t/c)sv files? When are they appropriate, and what advantages do they provide over .txt files? (1)

## Question 2

Topic: Lecture 6

Source: Lecture 6

Why is XML well-suited to representing linguistic data? (1)

### Question 3

Topic: Lecture 7

Source: Lecture 7

In class, we built a POS tagger that tries to give a majority tag to a word; if it's out-of-vocabulary, it backs-off to Regexes. This is clearly overly simplistic. List two assumptions that are being violated by this model. (1)

## Question 4

Topic: Lecture 5

Source: Lecture 5

There are two ways of matching a pattern against the start of a string. Describe them. (1)

## Question 5

Topic: Lecture 8

Source: Lecture 8

Give 2 reasons to use a zip file. (1)

## Question 6

Topic: Lecture 5

Source: Lecture 5

Imagine you are processing a text document where dates are written in multiple formats, such as "12-05-2024", "05/12/2024", or "12 December 2024". How would you write a regex to capture these date formats (just the logic)? What assumptions would you make? (2)

## Question 7

Topic: Lecture 6

Source: Lecture 6

Consider using XML to represent a machine learning model's architecture. What XML tags might be useful for representing layers, activation functions, and connections between layers (you don't need to describe a deep-learning architecture - describe one you're familiar with)? If this doesn't seem possible, explain why not. (2)

## Question 8

Topic: Lecture 7

Source: Lecture 7

Do you think that we could do lemmatization before machine translation? Provide 1 argument that for why it might help, and one for why it might make things more complicated. List any assumptions that might make your answer more complicated. (2)

## Question 9

Topic: Long

Source: Lecture 6

You've been hired by a company that is working with their own version of XML that they call "NQAXML" (Not-Quite-As-eXtensible Markup Language). It provides stronger restrictions on tag names (they must be all uppercase, and no longer than 10 characters long), and it doesn't allow nested spans with identically-named tags. Like HTML, it also has a set of tags that must appear in every document. Describe your process for creating a data validator that takes an XML file, and ensures that it satisfies the rules of NQAXML. (3)

# END OF QUIZ