

**START OF QUIZ**

**Student ID:**

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I agree that all answers provided are in my own words, and that I will not discuss the contents of this quiz with any of my fellow students until after the exam period has completed for everyone. Furthermore, any response that used generative AI tools has been rephrased into my own interpretation, and has been appropriately cited.

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

## Question 1

Topic: Lecture 5

Source: Lecture 5

Describe the difference between top-down and bottom-up parsing, including one advantage to each. (1)

## Question 2

Topic: Lecture 8

Source: Lecture 8

Explain why the distance between words (either on the buffer or the stack) might be a useful feature for a shift-reduce parser. (1)

### Question 3

Topic: Lecture 5

Source: Lecture 5

Which operation dominates the complexity of CYK? Why? (1)

## Question 4

Topic: Lecture 8

Source: Lecture 8

When learning CLE, why can't we just take the maximal score out of (or into) each node? (1)

## Question 5

Topic: Lecture 7

Source: Lecture 7

Briefly describe how dependency parsing differs from constituency parsing. (1)

## Question 6

Topic: Lecture 6

Source: Lecture 6

Imagine that we want to take the best of both worlds of the CYK parser and the Earley parser. To take advantage of parallel processing, we create a "meet-in-the-middle" parser that simultaneously starts parsing from the top and the bottom. Describe at least 2 difficulties with this approach. (2)

## Question 7

Topic: Lecture 6

Source: Lecture 6

If you have a sentence (or, more generally, a language) with more nesting structures, would you prefer to parse with Earley or CYK? Explain. (2)

## Question 8

Topic: Lecture 7

Source: Lecture 7

In class, we discussed PCFGs as a way of modeling syntactic ambiguity. Do you think something like PSR would benefit dependency parsing in a similar way? Briefly explain. (2)

## Question 9

Topic: Long

Source: Lecture 5

In class, all of our parsing examples contained a single clause, so were relatively easy to parse. Consider the sentence: “The dog that barked all night finally went to sleep.”. This sentence has 2 clauses (one relative, and one independent). Given that the subject of the independent clause is separated from its verb by a relative clause, can CYK parse this sentence? If so, provide the rules that would be necessary, and explain how we would represent it in the chart. If not, explain what features make it unparseable using CYK or CFG. (3)

# END OF QUIZ