

**B.Tech. (Computer Engg.) VIII<sup>th</sup> Semester Examination, 2021**  
**Network Security**  
**Paper No. CEN-805**

**Time: Three Hours**

**Maximum Marks: 60**

Write your roll no. immediately on receipt of this question paper

Note: Attempt all question. All questions carry equal marks. Assume suitable missing data, if any.

| <b>Q.No./C<br/>O's No.</b> | <b>Content of Questions</b>   | <b>Mark<br/>s</b> |
|----------------------------|---|-------------------|
| <b>1. (a)/<br/>CO1</b>     | Using the Extended Euclidean algorithm, find the greatest common divisor and the value of s and t for the given values 84 and 320.  | <b>6</b>          |
| <b>1. (b)/<br/>CO1</b>     | Find the solutions for the following linear equations:<br>i. $256x \equiv 442 \pmod{60}$<br>ii. $232x + 42 \equiv 248 \pmod{50}$  | <b>6</b>          |
| <b>OR</b>                  |   |                   |
| <b>1'. (a)/<br/>CO1</b>    | For a defined Galois Field over GF (2 <sup>8</sup> ) having 8 elements. Using Extended Euclidean algorithm, find the inverse of (x <sup>5</sup> ) modulo x <sup>8</sup> + x <sup>4</sup> + x <sup>3</sup> + x + 1.  | <b>6</b>          |
| <b>1'. (b)/<br/>CO1</b>    | Find the determinant and multiplicative invers of the following residue matrix over Z <sub>10</sub> .<br>$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4 & 6 \\ 1 & 1 & 8 \\ 5 & 8 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$  | <b>6</b>          |
| <b>2. (a)/<br/>CO2</b>     | Show the following hexadecimal data:<br>AAAABBBB CCCC DDDD after passing it through initial permutation and inverse initial permutation in DES.   | <b>6</b>          |
| <b>2. (b)/<br/>CO2</b>     | Find the value of RCon [11] and RCon[12] constants for the AES-192 and the value of RCon [13] and RCon[14] for AES-256 implementations. Use X <sup>11-1</sup> mod prime and X <sup>12-1</sup> mod prime, in which the prime is the irreducible polynomial (X <sup>8</sup> + X <sup>4</sup> + X <sup>3</sup> + X + 1) for AES 192 and use X <sup>13-1</sup> mod prime and X <sup>14-1</sup> mod prime, in which the prime is the irreducible polynomial (X <sup>8</sup> + X <sup>4</sup> + X <sup>3</sup> + X + 1) for AES 256 | <b>6</b>          |
| <b>OR</b>                  |   |                   |
| <b>2'. (a)/<br/>CO2</b>    | Find the order of elements and primitive roots of a <sup>i</sup> ≡ x (mod 7) defined for the group<br>$G = \langle Z_7^*, x \rangle$ .  | <b>6</b>          |
| <b>2'. (b)/<br/>CO2</b>    | Find the value of x for the following sets of congruence using the Chinese remainder Theorem.<br>$\begin{aligned} X &\equiv 6 \pmod{11} \\ X &\equiv 13 \pmod{16} \\ X &\equiv 9 \pmod{21} \\ X &\equiv 19 \pmod{25} \end{aligned}$   | <b>6</b>          |

|                        |   |          |
|------------------------|---|----------|
| <b>3. (a)/<br/>CO3</b> | <p>Assume an attacker knows that <math>m=3</math>, he has intercepted three plain text/cipher text blocks from the same message as shown below:</p> <p>[ 05 07 10] &lt;-----&gt; [ 03 06 00]<br/> [ 13 17 07] &lt;-----&gt; [ 14 16 09]<br/> [ 05 00 04] &lt;-----&gt; [ 03 17 11]</p> <p>Find the value of matrix for key <math>k</math> using Hill ciphering technique.</p> | <b>6</b> |
| <b>3. (b)/<br/>CO3</b> | <p>Assume an attacker intercepts the cipher text “EEMYNTAACTTKONSHITZG” using Brute-Force attack. Find the original message using Transposition ciphering method.</p>   | <b>6</b> |
| <b>4. (a)/<br/>CO4</b> | <p>Using the value of <math>p=23</math> and <math>q=29</math>, for RSA:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Find the value of public key.</li> <li>Find the value of private key.</li> <li>Encrypt the message “attack” using the key pair calculated in part i.</li> </ol>  | <b>6</b> |
| <b>4. (b)/<br/>CO4</b> | <p>Two points on the elliptical curve <math>E_{23}(1,1)</math> is defines as <math>P=(3,10)</math> and <math>Q=(9,7)</math>, find the value of:</p> <p>(i) <math>P+Q</math> (ii) <math>4P</math></p>  | <b>6</b> |
| <b>5. (a)/<br/>CO5</b> | <p>If the ASCII Character “COMPUTERENGINEERING” is passed as a message to the SHA-512 as input, find the values in HEX assigned to the words <math>W_0, W_1, W_2, \dots, W_{15}</math> for the defined message. (Use ASCII code for A: 01000001, B: 01000010, C: 01000011-----). </p>   | <b>6</b> |
| <b>5. (b)/<br/>CO5</b> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If the size of the message is 1000 bits in MD5, What will be the size of padding bits?</li> <li>Write the value of chaining variables used in MD5.</li> </ol>  | <b>6</b> |