## Programming Project

Due: November 12, 2024

## Contents

Implement the simply typed  $\lambda$  calculus in Haskell. The following are the required steps.

- 1. Implement the data type for  $\lambda$  terms. You may use ['a'...] to generate the list of all possible Haskell characters, which you can use as variables. [15]
- 2. Express the following  $\lambda$  terms in your syntax. [5]
  - (a)  $(\lambda c.cc)$
  - (b)  $(\lambda c.cd)$
  - (c)  $(\lambda x.xy)(\lambda y.xy)$
  - (d)  $(\lambda y.x)y$
  - (e)  $(\lambda y.x)a$
- 3. By deriving Show, provide a pretty printing routine for  $\lambda$  terms. [10]
- 4. Implement the algorithm to perform substitution. Ensure that you handle the variable capture case. [15]
- 5. Implement  $\beta$  reduction using the substitution mechanism. For this question, you can assume that the terms will be given with distinct variables so that  $\alpha$  renaming is not required. [15]
- 6. Implement  $\alpha$  reduction. [15]
- 7. Ensure that  $\beta$  reduction works with  $\alpha$  renaming. [10]