IGVF CRISPR Jamboree 2024: MuData Structure (Python)

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Let us walk through the input and output format specifications, from the perspective of Python, using a subset of the Gasperini et al (2019) dataset as an example.

```
import mudata as md
import pandas as pd
pd.set_option('display.max_columns', None)
```

Required input fields 1

We start with an example of the minimal MuData object required for perturb-seq inference.

```
mudata_input_fp = "data/inference/gasperini_inference_input_minimal.h5mu"
input_minimal = md.read_h5mu(mudata_input_fp)
input_minimal
## MuData object with n obs x n vars = 9704 x 167
            'pairs to test'
##
     2 modalities
                9704 x 112
##
       gene:
                9704 x 55
##
       guide:
##
                'targeting', 'intended_target_name'
         var:
                 'capture_method', 'moi'
```

The minimal MuData object for perturb-seq inference contains two modalities: gene and guide.

gene modality 1.1

uns:

layers:

##

The gene modality just needs to have a .X matrix containing the RNA UMI counts.

'guide_assignment'

```
input_minimal['gene'].X
## <9704x112 sparse matrix of type '<class 'numpy.float64'>'
## with 355109 stored elements in Compressed Sparse Row format>
input minimal['gene'][:2,:2].to df()
                                     ENSG00000008853
                                                      ENSG00000104679
##
## GCTTGAATCGAATGCT-1_1B_1_SI-GA-F2
                                                 0.0
## AGCTTGATCGAGAGCA-1_1A_2_SI-GA-E3
                                                  0.0
                                                                   0.0
```

1.2guide modality

The guide modality needs to have a .X matrix containing the gRNA UMI counts, as well as a .layers['guide_assignment'] matrix containing the binary gRNA assignments.

```
input_minimal['guide'].X
## <9704x55 sparse matrix of type '<class 'numpy.float64'>'
## with 11868 stored elements in Compressed Sparse Row format>
input_minimal['guide'].layers['guide_assignment']
## <9704x55 sparse matrix of type '<class 'numpy.float64'>'
## with 10563 stored elements in Compressed Sparse Row format>
We can view a couple rows and columns of each:
cell_ids = [
    "GCTTGAATCGAATGCT-1_1B_1_SI-GA-F2",
    "GGTGAAGCACCAGGCT-1_1A_6_SI-GA-E7"
1
grna ids = [
  "GCCCTGCTACCCACTTACAG",
  "ATGTAGAAGGAGACACCGGG"
]
pd.DataFrame(input minimal['guide'][cell ids, grna ids].X.toarray(),
             index = cell ids,
             columns = grna_ids)
##
                                      GCCCTGCTACCCACTTACAG ATGTAGAAGGAGACACCGGG
## GCTTGAATCGAATGCT-1_1B_1_SI-GA-F2
                                                       9.0
                                                                              0.0
## GGTGAAGCACCAGGCT-1_1A_6_SI-GA-E7
                                                       0.0
                                                                             18.0
pd.DataFrame(input_minimal['guide'][cell_ids, grna_ids].layers['guide_assignment'].toarray(),
             index = cell_ids,
             columns = grna_ids)
##
                                      GCCCTGCTACCCACTTACAG ATGTAGAAGGAGACACCGGG
## GCTTGAATCGAATGCT-1_1B_1_SI-GA-F2
                                                       1.0
                                                                              0.0
## GGTGAAGCACCAGGCT-1_1A_6_SI-GA-E7
                                                       0.0
                                                                              1.0
```

In addition to the guide UMI counts and assignments, the guide modality must contain certain metadata information. This includes a .var data frame containing at least the binary variable targeting (TRUE if the guide targets a genomic element of interest or FALSE if it is safe- or non-targeting) and the string intended_target_name (the name of the genomic element targeted by the guide).

```
input_minimal['guide'].var.iloc[[0, 1, 20, 21, 30, 31]]
```

```
##
                        targeting intended target name
                                        ENSG00000012660
## ATGTAGAAGGAGACACCGGG
                             TRUE
## GCGCAGAGGCGGATGTAGAG
                              TRUE
                                        ENSG00000012660
## ACACCCTCATTAGAACCCAG
                              TRUE
                                        candidate enh 1
## TTAAGAGCCTCGGTTCCCCT
                             TRUE
                                        candidate enh 1
## GACCTCCTGTGATCAGGTGG
                            FALSE
                                          non-targeting
## ATTGGTATCCGTATAAGCAG
                            FALSE
                                          non-targeting
```

Note that the targeting column is a string rather than a Boolean due to type compatibility issues involving R, Python, and HDF5. It can be cast to a Boolean if desired.

Finally, the guide modality must contain uns fields called moi (low or high) and capture_method ("CROP-seq" or "direct capture"):

```
input_minimal['guide'].uns['capture_method'][0]
```

```
## 'CROP-seq'
input_minimal['guide'].uns['moi'][0]
## 'high'
```

1.3 Global .uns

The input MuData object is also required to have a global .uns field named pairs_to_test, which is a data frame containing the pairs of elements (specified via intended_target_name) and genes (specified via gene_id) for which the inference is to be performed.

```
pd.DataFrame(input_minimal.uns['pairs_to_test'])
```

```
gene_id intended_target_name
## 0
        ENSG00000187109
                              ENSG00000187109
                              ENSG00000114850
## 1
        ENSG00000114850
## 2
        ENSG00000134851
                              ENSG00000134851
        ENSG00000163866
                              ENSG00000163866
## 3
## 4
        ENSG00000181610
                              ENSG00000181610
## ..
## 105
        ENSG00000106789
                              candidate_enh_2
## 106
        ENSG00000125482
                              candidate_enh_3
## 107
        ENSG00000095380
                              candidate_enh_2
## 108
        ENSG00000158941
                              candidate_enh_1
##
   109
        ENSG00000167123
                              candidate_enh_3
##
## [110 rows x 2 columns]
```

2 Optional input fields

Next we consider optional fields that can be included in the input MuData object.

```
mudata_input_fp = "data/inference/gasperini_inference_input.h5mu"
input_optional = md.read_h5mu(mudata_input_fp)
input_optional
```

```
## MuData object with n_obs × n_vars = 9704 × 167
##
             'prep_batch', 'within_batch_chip', 'within_chip_lane'
##
             'pairs_to_test'
     uns:
##
     2 modalities
##
       gene:
                 9704 x 112
##
                 'num_expressed_genes', 'total_gene_umis'
         obs:
##
                 'symbol', 'gene_chr', 'gene_start', 'gene_end'
         var:
##
       guide:
                 'num_expressed_guides', 'total_guide_umis'
##
         obs:
##
                 'targeting', 'intended_target_name', 'intended_target_chr', 'intended_target_start', 'i
         var:
##
         uns:
                 'capture_method', 'moi'
##
                     'guide_assignment'
         layers:
```

2.1 gene modality

The MuData object may include cellwise covariates for the gene modality in .mod['gene].obs, such as number of genes with nonzero UMI counts (num_expressed_genes) and total RNA UMIs (total_gene_umis):

input_optional['gene'].obs

```
total_gene_umis
                                      num_expressed_genes
## GCTTGAATCGAATGCT-1_1B_1_SI-GA-F2
                                                                       280.0
                                                        41
## AGCTTGATCGAGAGCA-1_1A_2_SI-GA-E3
                                                        35
                                                                       192.0
## CCCAATCTCCTCAATT-1_1B_1_SI-GA-F2
                                                        41
                                                                       781.0
## CGCGGTACACTGTCGG-1_1A_2_SI-GA-E3
                                                        37
                                                                       189.0
## GGACGTCTCATGTCTT-1_1B_8_SI-GA-F9
                                                        32
                                                                       262.0
## ...
                                                                         . . .
## CGCTATCTCTATCGCC-1_2A_4_SI-GA-G5
                                                        23
                                                                       203.0
## TCACAAGCAGCCTTGG-1_2A_6_SI-GA-G7
                                                        30
                                                                       173.0
## GCTGCAGGTGAAGGCT-1_2B_6_SI-GA-H7
                                                        37
                                                                       428.0
## GGATTACCATGTTGAC-1_2A_4_SI-GA-G5
                                                                       658.0
                                                        47
                                                        23
## GTGCTTCTCGGATGTT-1_2A_1_SI-GA-G2
                                                                       166.0
##
## [9704 rows x 2 columns]
```

The MuData object may include per-gene metadata in .mod['gene'].var, such as the HGNC gene symbol (symbol), the gene chromosome (chr), start (gene_start), and end (gene_end) coordinates:

```
input_optional['gene'].var
```

##		symbol	gene_chr	gene_start	gene_end	
##	ENSG00000008853	RHOBTB2	chr8	22844930.0	22844931.0	
##	ENSG00000104679	R3HCC1	chr8	23145421.0	23145422.0	
##	ENSG00000104689	TNFRSF10A	chr8	23082573.0	23082574.0	
##	ENSG00000120889	TNFRSF10B	chr8	22926533.0	22926534.0	
##	ENSG00000120896	SORBS3	chr8	22409208.0	22409209.0	
##						
##	ENSG00000114850	SSR3	chr3	156271913.0	156271914.0	
##	ENSG00000072274	TFRC	chr3	195808960.0	195808961.0	
##	ENSG00000134851	TMEM165	chr4	56262124.0	56262125.0	
##	ENSG00000198899			NaN	NaN	
##	ENSG00000228253			NaN	NaN	
##						
##	[112 rows x 4 columns]					

2.2 guide modality

The MuData object may include cellwise covariates for the guide modality in .mod['guide'].obs, such as number of guides with nonzero UMI counts (num_expressed_guides) and total guide UMIs (total_guide_umis):

```
input_optional['guide'].obs
```

##		<pre>num_expressed_guides</pre>	total_guide_umis
##	GCTTGAATCGAATGCT-1_1B_1_SI-GA-F2	1	9.0
##	AGCTTGATCGAGAGCA-1_1A_2_SI-GA-E3	1	18.0
##	CCCAATCTCCTCAATT-1_1B_1_SI-GA-F2	1	24.0
##	CGCGGTACACTGTCGG-1_1A_2_SI-GA-E3	1	26.0
##	GGACGTCTCATGTCTT-1_1B_8_SI-GA-F9	1	12.0
##			
##	CGCTATCTCTATCGCC-1_2A_4_SI-GA-G5	1	5.0
##	TCACAAGCAGCCTTGG-1_2A_6_SI-GA-G7	1	39.0
##	GCTGCAGGTGAAGGCT-1_2B_6_SI-GA-H7	1	21.0
##	GGATTACCATGTTGAC-1_2A_4_SI-GA-G5	1	73.0
##	GTGCTTCTCGGATGTT-1_2A_1_SI-GA-G2	1	12.0

```
##
## [9704 rows x 2 columns]
```

The MuData object may include per-guide metadata in .mod['guide'].var in addition to the required targeting and intended_target_name fields, such as the chromosome (intended_target_chr), start (intended_target_start), and end (intended_target_end) of the targeted element:

```
input_optional['guide'].var.iloc[[0, 1, 20, 21, 30, 31]]
```

```
##
                         targeting intended target name intended target chr
                                         ENSG00000012660
## ATGTAGAAGGAGACACCGGG
                              TRUE
## GCGCAGAGGCGGATGTAGAG
                              TRUE
                                         ENSG00000012660
                                                                          chr6
                                                                         chr8
## ACACCCTCATTAGAACCCAG
                              TRUE
                                         candidate enh 1
## TTAAGAGCCTCGGTTCCCCT
                              TRUE
                                         candidate_enh_1
                                                                         chr8
## GACCTCCTGTGATCAGGTGG
                             FALSE
                                           non-targeting
## ATTGGTATCCGTATAAGCAG
                             FALSE
                                           non-targeting
##
##
                          intended_target_start
                                                  intended_target_end
## ATGTAGAAGGAGACACCGGG
                                     53213723.0
                                                            53213738.0
## GCGCAGAGGCGGATGTAGAG
                                     53213738.0
                                                            53213754.0
## ACACCCTCATTAGAACCCAG
                                      23366136.0
                                                            23366564.0
## TTAAGAGCCTCGGTTCCCCT
                                      23366564.0
                                                            23366992.0
## GACCTCCTGTGATCAGGTGG
                                            -9.0
                                                                  -9.0
## ATTGGTATCCGTATAAGCAG
                                                                  -9.0
                                            -9.0
```

2.3 Global .obs

Optionally, the MuData input object can contain a global obs field containing cell-level information that is not specific to modality, such as batch information. Here is what it looks like for the Gasperini data:

```
input_optional.obs[['prep_batch', 'within_batch_chip', 'within_chip_lane']]
```

```
##
                                       prep_batch
                                                      within_batch_chip
## GCTTGAATCGAATGCT-1 1B 1 SI-GA-F2
                                     prep batch 1
                                                   within batch chip B
## AGCTTGATCGAGAGCA-1_1A_2_SI-GA-E3
                                     prep_batch_1
                                                   within_batch_chip_A
## CCCAATCTCCTCAATT-1_1B_1_SI-GA-F2
                                     prep_batch_1
                                                   within_batch_chip_B
## CGCGGTACACTGTCGG-1_1A_2_SI-GA-E3
                                     prep_batch_1
                                                   within_batch_chip_A
## GGACGTCTCATGTCTT-1_1B_8_SI-GA-F9
                                                   within_batch_chip_B
                                     prep_batch_1
##
## CGCTATCTCTATCGCC-1_2A_4_SI-GA-G5
                                     prep_batch_2
                                                   within_batch_chip_A
## TCACAAGCAGCCTTGG-1_2A_6_SI-GA-G7
                                     prep_batch_2
                                                   within_batch_chip_A
## GCTGCAGGTGAAGGCT-1_2B_6_SI-GA-H7
                                     prep_batch_2
                                                    within_batch_chip_B
## GGATTACCATGTTGAC-1_2A_4_SI-GA-G5
                                     prep_batch_2
                                                   within_batch_chip_A
  GTGCTTCTCGGATGTT-1 2A 1 SI-GA-G2
                                     prep_batch_2 within_batch_chip_A
##
##
                                       within_chip_lane
## GCTTGAATCGAATGCT-1_1B_1_SI-GA-F2
                                     within_chip_lane_1
## AGCTTGATCGAGAGCA-1_1A_2_SI-GA-E3
                                     within_chip_lane_2
## CCCAATCTCCTCAATT-1_1B_1_SI-GA-F2
                                     within_chip_lane_1
## CGCGGTACACTGTCGG-1_1A_2_SI-GA-E3
                                     within_chip_lane_2
## GGACGTCTCATGTCTT-1 1B 8 SI-GA-F9
                                     within chip lane 8
## CGCTATCTCTATCGCC-1_2A_4_SI-GA-G5
                                     within_chip_lane_4
## TCACAAGCAGCCTTGG-1_2A_6_SI-GA-G7
                                     within_chip_lane_6
## GCTGCAGGTGAAGGCT-1_2B_6_SI-GA-H7
                                     within_chip_lane_6
## GGATTACCATGTTGAC-1_2A_4_SI-GA-G5
                                     within_chip_lane_4
```

```
## GTGCTTCTCGGATGTT-1_2A_1_SI-GA-G2 within_chip_lane_1
##
## [9704 rows x 3 columns]
```

2.3.1 Pairs to test

Optionally, .uns['pairs_to_test'] can have a third column: pair_type:

```
pd.DataFrame(input_optional.uns['pairs_to_test'])
```

```
##
                gene_id intended_target_name
                                                       pair_type
## 0
        ENSG00000187109
                              ENSG00000187109
                                               positive_control
## 1
        ENSG00000114850
                              ENSG00000114850
                                               positive_control
        ENSG00000134851
## 2
                              ENSG00000134851
                                               positive control
## 3
        ENSG00000163866
                              ENSG00000163866
                                               positive_control
## 4
        ENSG00000181610
                              ENSG00000181610
                                               positive_control
## ..
## 105
        ENSG00000106789
                              candidate_enh_2
                                                       discovery
## 106
        ENSG00000125482
                              candidate enh 3
                                                       discovery
## 107
        ENSG00000095380
                              candidate_enh_2
                                                       discovery
## 108
        ENSG00000158941
                              candidate_enh_1
                                                       discovery
##
  109
        ENSG00000167123
                              candidate_enh_3
                                                       discovery
##
## [110 rows x 3 columns]
```

This optional column classifies pairs based on whether they are intended to be positive controls (an association is known to exist), negative controls (an association is known not to exist), or discovery pairs (pairs where it is unknown whether an association exists). This information need not be used by the inference module, but it is useful for downstream analysis.

3 Output fields

0

ENSG00000187109

The output should be the same MuData object as the input, with the addition of a test_results field to the global .uns:

```
mudata_output_fp = "data/inference/gasperini_inference_output.h5mu"
output_optional = md.read_h5mu(mudata_output_fp)
output_optional
```

```
## MuData object with n obs x n vars = 9704 x 167
             'prep_batch', 'within_batch_chip', 'within_chip_lane'
##
##
             'pairs_to_test', 'test_results'
     2 modalities
##
##
       gene:
                9704 x 112
                'num_expressed_genes', 'total_gene_umis'
##
         obs:
                 'symbol', 'gene_chr', 'gene_start', 'gene_end'
##
         var:
##
                9704 x 55
       guide:
                'num_expressed_guides', 'total_guide_umis'
##
         obs:
                 'targeting', 'intended_target_name', 'intended_target_chr', 'intended_target_start', 'i
##
         var:
##
                 'capture_method', 'moi'
         uns:
                     'guide_assignment'
##
         layers:
pd.DataFrame(output_optional.uns['test_results'])
##
                gene_id intended_target_name
                                                 log2_fc
                                                                p_value
```

ENSG00000187109 -0.774367 3.217223e-85

```
## 1
        ENSG00000114850
                             ENSG00000114850 -1.849572 2.414163e-79
       ENSG00000134851
## 2
                             ENSG00000134851 -0.893860 4.309833e-50
## 3
                                                         4.704066e-49
       ENSG00000163866
                             ENSG00000163866 -1.223700
## 4
        ENSG00000181610
                             ENSG00000181610 -1.314285
                                                         3.766690e-42
##
                                          . . .
                                                    . . .
## 105
       ENSG00000106789
                             candidate_enh_2 0.079632 6.660000e-01
## 106
       ENSG00000125482
                              candidate enh 3 0.144014
                                                         8.900000e-01
                              candidate_enh_2 -0.165492
## 107
       ENSG00000095380
                                                         3.400000e-02
## 108
       ENSG00000158941
                              candidate_enh_1 0.117617
                                                         7.980000e-01
  109
       ENSG00000167123
                             candidate_enh_3 -0.482057
                                                         8.800000e-02
##
##
##
               pair_type
## 0
        positive_control
## 1
       positive_control
## 2
       positive_control
## 3
        positive_control
## 4
        positive_control
##
## 105
               discovery
## 106
               discovery
## 107
               discovery
## 108
               discovery
## 109
               discovery
##
## [110 rows x 5 columns]
```

This is a data frame containing the same columns as the pairs_to_test data frame, plus at least one column containing a measure of the association for each pair. These columns can be p_value, log2_fc, posterior_probability, or any other measure of association.