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# **CHAMELEON: Graph Partitioning on the KNN Graph of the Data**

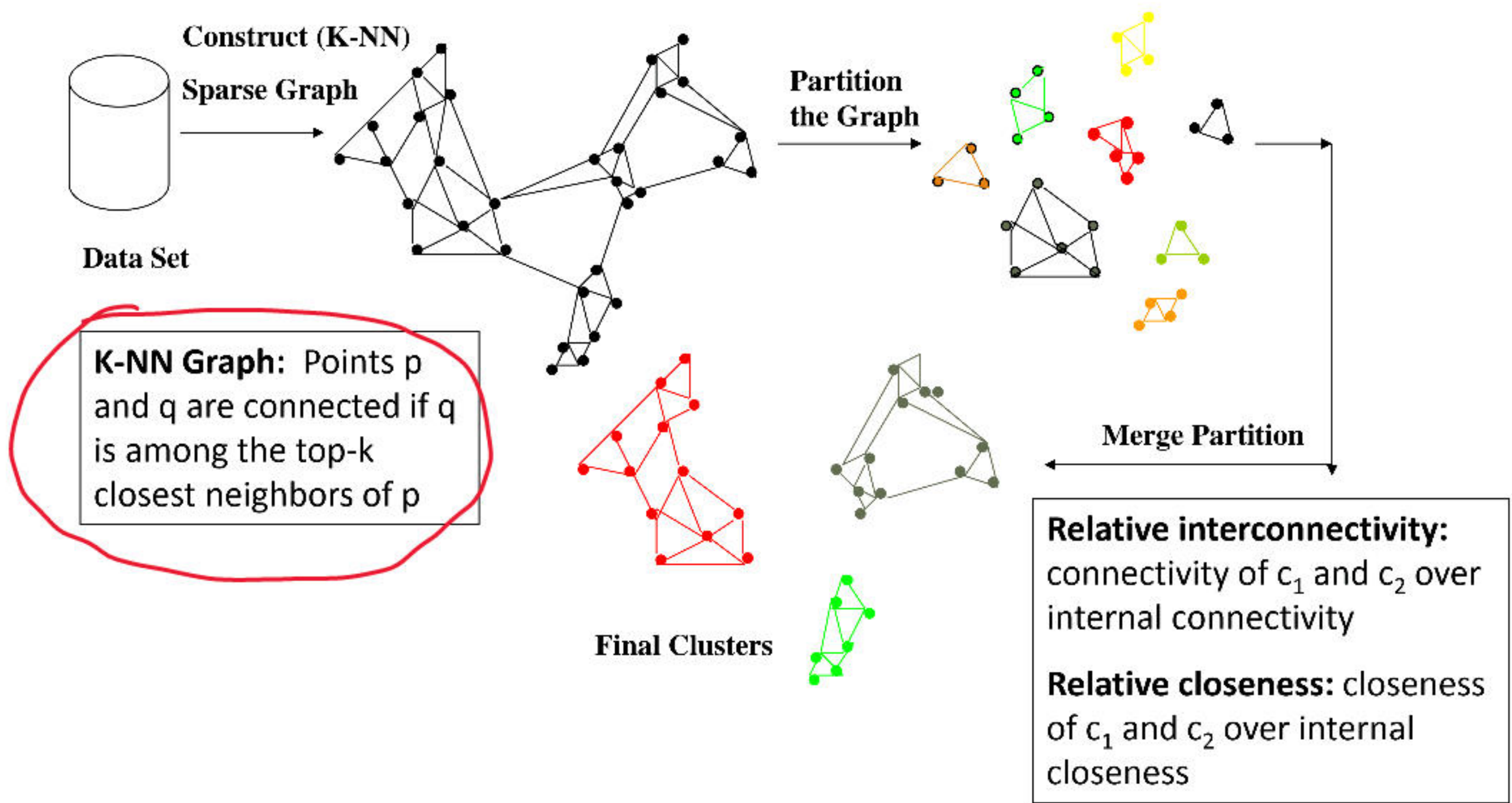


# CHAMELEON: Hierarchical Clustering Using Dynamic Modeling

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- ❑ CHAMELEON: A graph partitioning approach (G. Karypis, E. H. Han, and V. Kumar, 1999)
- ❑ Measures the similarity based on a dynamic model
  - ❑ Two clusters are merged only if the *interconnectivity* and *closeness (proximity)* between two clusters are high *relative to* the internal interconnectivity of the clusters and closeness of items within the clusters
- ❑ A graph-based, two-phase algorithm
  1. Use a graph-partitioning algorithm: Cluster objects into a large number of relatively small sub-clusters
  2. Use an agglomerative hierarchical clustering algorithm: Find the genuine clusters by repeatedly combining these sub-clusters

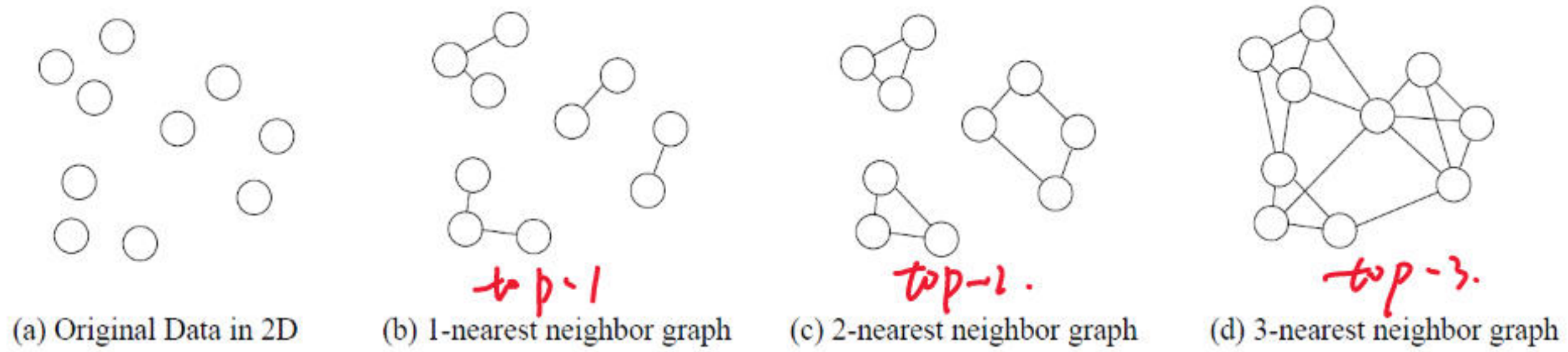
# Overall Framework of CHAMELEON





# KNN Graphs and Interconnectivity

- K-nearest neighbor (KNN) graphs from an original data in 2D:



- $EC_{\{C_i, C_j\}}$ : The absolute interconnectivity between  $C_i$  and  $C_j$ :

□ The sum of the weight of the edges that connect vertices in  $C_i$  to vertices in  $C_j$

- Internal interconnectivity of a cluster  $C_i$ : The size of its min-cut bisector  $EC_{C_i}$  (i.e., the weighted sum of edges that partition the graph into two roughly equal parts)

- Relative Interconnectivity (RI):

$$RI(C_i, C_j) = \frac{|EC_{\{C_i, C_j\}}|}{\frac{|EC_{C_i}| + |EC_{C_j}|}{2}}$$

# Relative Closeness & Merge of Sub-Clusters

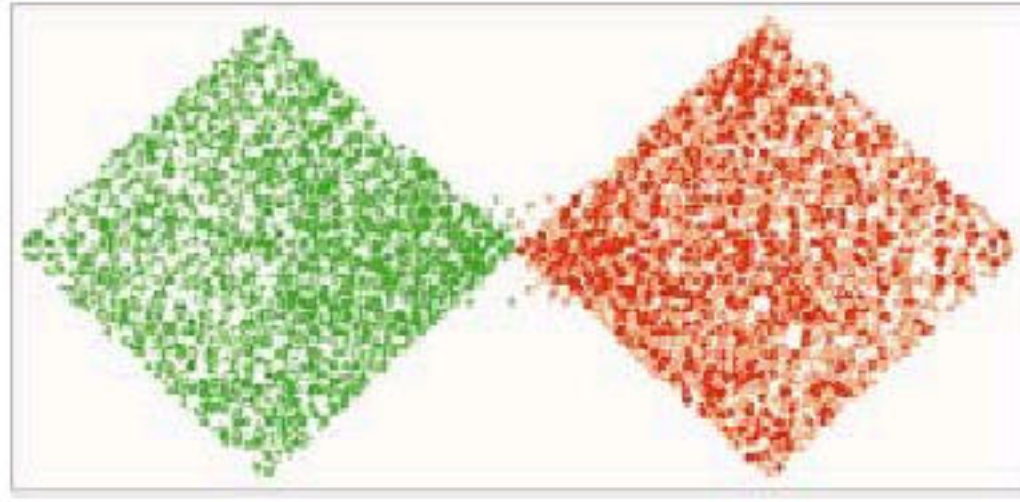
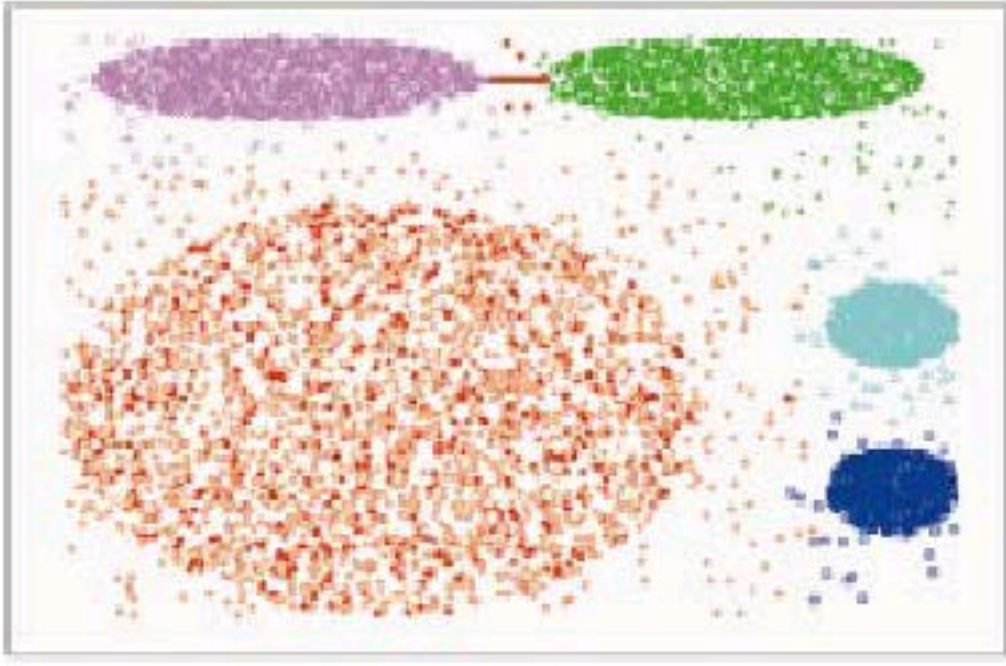
- **Relative closeness** between a pair of clusters  $C_i$  and  $C_j$ : The absolute closeness between  $C_i$  and  $C_j$  normalized w.r.t. the internal closeness of the two clusters  $C_i$  and  $C_j$

$$RC(C_i, C_j) = \frac{\bar{S}_{EC\{C_i, C_j\}}}{\frac{|C_i|}{|C_i|+|C_j|} \bar{S}_{EC_{C_i}} + \frac{|C_j|}{|C_i|+|C_j|} \bar{S}_{EC_{C_j}}}$$

- where  $\bar{S}_{EC_{C_i}}$  and  $\bar{S}_{EC_{C_j}}$  are the average weights of the edges that belong to the min-cut bisector of clusters  $C_i$  and  $C_j$ , respectively, and  $\bar{S}_{EC\{C_i, C_j\}}$  is the average weight of the edges that connect vertices in  $C_i$  to vertices in  $C_j$
- **Merge Sub-Clusters:**
  - Merges only those pairs of clusters whose RI and RC are both above some user-specified thresholds
  - Merge those maximizing the function that combines RI and RC



# CHAMELEON: Clustering Complex Objects



CHAMELEON is capable to generate quality clusters at clustering complex objects

