

Measuring Clustering Quality: External Methods

- \Box Given the ground truth T, Q(C, T) is the quality measure for a clustering C
- \square Q(C, T) is good if it satisfies the following four essential criteria

Cluster homogeneity

■ The purer, the better

Cluster completeness

Assign objects belonging to the same category in the ground truth to the same cluster

Rag bag better than alien

Putting a heterogeneous object into a pure cluster should be penalized more than putting it into a rag bag (i.e., "miscellaneous" or "other" category)

Small cluster preservation

Splitting a small category into pieces is more harmful than splitting a large category into pieces

Commonly Used External Measures

- Matching-based measures
- (To be covered)
- Purity, maximum matching, F-measure
- Entropy-Based Measures
 - Conditional entropy
- (To be covered)
- Normalized mutual information (NMI)
- (To be covered)

- Variation of information
- Pairwise measures
- (To be covered)
- Four possibilities: True positive (TP), FN, FP, TN
- Jaccard coefficient, Rand statistic, Fowlkes-Mallow measure
- Correlation measures
 - Discretized Huber static, normalized discretized Huber static

