

③

$$\sum F_{\text{eje } y} = \sin 60 R_y - mg = 0$$

$$\sum F_{\text{eje } x} = \cos 60 R_x - T = 0$$

$$\sum \text{torque} \rightarrow \tau_{R_y} + \tau_{R_x} + \tau_T + \tau_{mg}$$

• torque $R_y = 0$

torque $R_x = 0$

torque Tensión = $T \cdot 2 \cdot \sin(60)$

torque Peso = $8 \cdot 10 \cdot 1,50 \sin(30)$
 $= 40 \text{ Nm}$

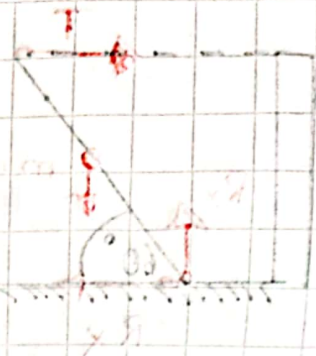
④ $\sum \text{Torque} \rightarrow 40 = T \cdot 2 \cdot \sin(60)$
 $T = 23,0940$

La Tensión es **23,1 [N]**

- $\sin 60 \cdot R_y = m g$

$$R_y \cdot \sin 60 = 80$$

$$R_y = 92,3 \text{ [N]}$$



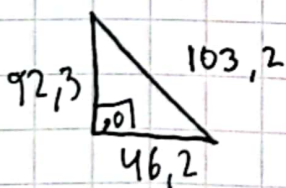
- $R_x \cdot \cos(60) = T$

$$R_x \cdot \cos(60) = 23,1$$

$$R_x = 46,2 \text{ [N]}$$

$$||R|| = \sqrt{(92,3)^2 + (46,2)^2}$$

$$||R|| = 103,2 \text{ [N]}$$



$$\sin(\theta) = \frac{46,2}{103,2}$$

$$\frac{\sin(90)}{103,2} = \frac{\sin(x)}{92,3}$$

$$\theta = 63,4$$

- $||R|| = 103,2$ con un angulo de $63,4^\circ$

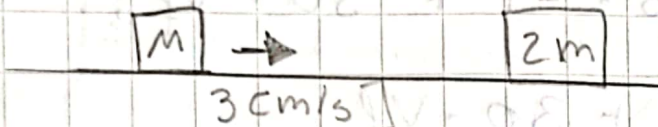
Control 5

Angelo Agostinelli
Par 19

②

a

Antes del Choque

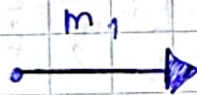


Despues



Vectores :

Antes :



Despues :



E_c

$$P_{\text{inicial}} : m_1 \cdot v_1 + m_2 \cdot v_2$$

$$P_{\text{final}} : m_1 \cdot v_{f1} + m_2 \cdot v_{2f}$$

$$\text{Energia } K : \frac{1}{2} m_1 v^2 = \frac{1}{2} m_{1f} v_{1f}^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_{2f} v_{2f}^2$$

$$P_{\text{inicial}} = P_{\text{final}}$$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad m_1 \cdot v_1 + m_2 \cdot v_2 = m_1 \cdot v_{1f} + m_2 \cdot v_{2f}$$

$$15 \cdot 3 + 30 \cdot 0 = 15 \cdot (-1) + 30 \cdot v_{f2}$$

$$45 = -15 + 30 \cdot v_f$$

$$60 = 30 v_{f2}$$

$$\boxed{2 \left[\frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} \right] = v_{f2}}$$

La velocidad de 2m es 2 [m/s]

$$\textcircled{c} \quad \frac{1}{2} m_1 v^2 = \frac{1}{2} m_1 v_f^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 v_f^2$$

$$1/2 \cdot 15 (+3)^2 = 1/2 \cdot 15 \cdot (-1)^2 + 1/2 \cdot 30 \cdot 2^2$$

$$67,5 = 7,5 + 60$$

$$67,5 \text{ [J]} = 67,5 \text{ [J]}$$

La Variación de energía cinética es 0 [J]