

# The Dark Side of the ForSSH

A landscape of OpenSSH backdoors



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# Part I

## Introduction



# SSH



# OpenSSH suite

Suite of secure networking utilities based on SSH protocol.

Coming by default in a large number of operating systems

Utilities:

- SCP, secure copy of files between two different hosts
- SFTP, secure file transfer program
- SSH, secure shell client
- SSHD, ssh server daemon
- keys utilities (SSH-ADD, SSH-AGENT, SSH-KEYGEN, SSH-KEYSCAN)



# The attackers



# Operation Windigo



## Part II

# Common features of OpenSSH backdoors



# Strings and code obfuscation





# Credential stealing



# Exfiltration methods

Once credentials are stealed, attackers need to exfiltrate them:

## Exfiltration by local file

Easy method: credentials are stored inside a file in the server, hidden in filesystem (e.g.: .SO in /USR/BIN or .H in /USR/LOCAL/INCLUDE).  
Problem: attackers needs to have a way back into the system.

## Exfiltration by C&C server

Complex method: send credentials over the network instead of local file.  
Problem: network communications are logged.  
Some backdoor encrypt communication with a symmetric key.

## Exfiltration by email

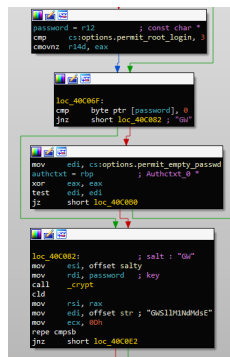
In some rare cases credentials are sent by email.  
Problem: hardcode email address in the binary.



# Backdoor mode

Permanent Method to connect back to the compromised machine,  
with the following features:

- **Hardcoded password,**
- **Configuration and log, TODO**
- **Environment variables, TODO**
- **Hooked functions, TODO**



Backdoor password verification



## Part III

# Backdoors families



# OpenSSH backdoor galaxy



# Chandrila



# Bonadan



# Kessel





# Kamino



# Part IV

## Honeypot



# Definition and goals



# Honeypot structure and strategy



# Observed interaction: Mimban



# Observed interaction: Borleias



# Part V

## Compromission



# Linux server market share





# Operation Windigo summary



# Operation Windigo damage



# Part VI

## Mitigation



# Preventing compromise of SSH servers



# Correct OpenSSH configuration



# Check logs



# Analyze network traffic



# Detect compromised SSH tools





# Conclusion



# References

