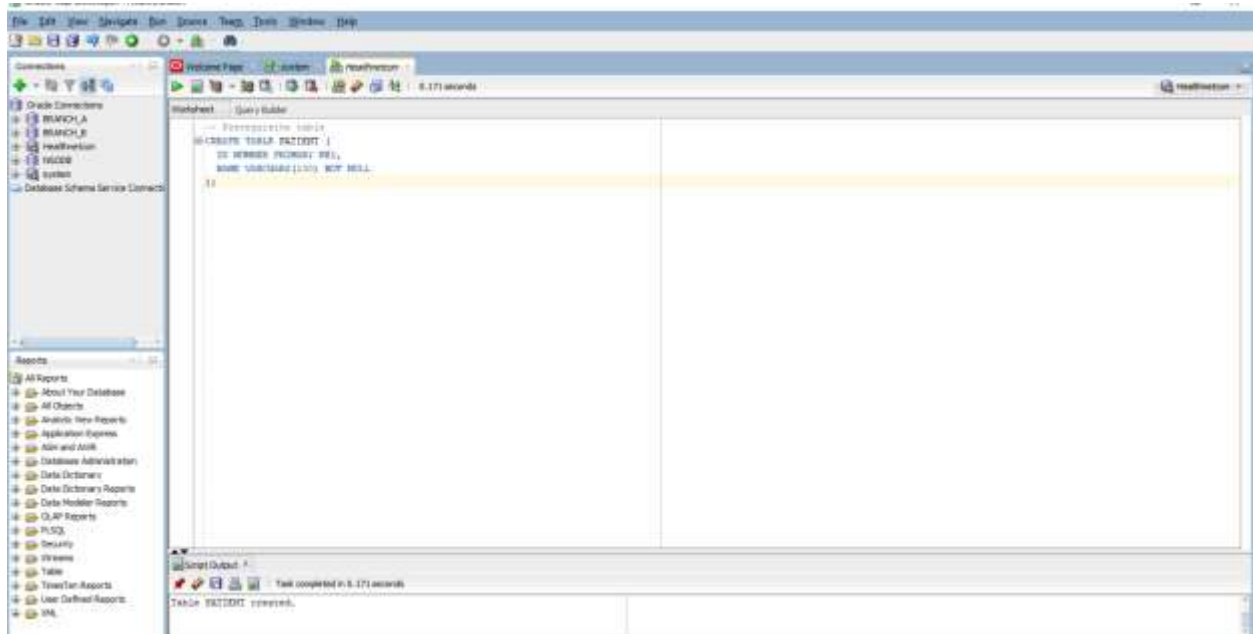


1.

-- Prerequisite table

```
CREATE TABLE PATIENT (  
  
    ID NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,  
  
    NAME VARCHAR2(100) NOT NULL  
  
);
```



-- Corrected PATIENT_MED table

```
CREATE TABLE PATIENT_MED (  
  
    PATIENT_MED_ID NUMBER PRIMARY KEY, -- unique id  
  
    PATIENT_ID NUMBER NOT NULL REFERENCES PATIENT(ID), -- must reference an existing patient  
  
    MED_NAME VARCHAR2(80) NOT NULL, -- mandatory field  
  
    DOSE_MG NUMBER(6,2) CHECK (DOSE_MG >= 0), -- non-negative dose
```

```

START_DT DATE,

END_DT DATE,

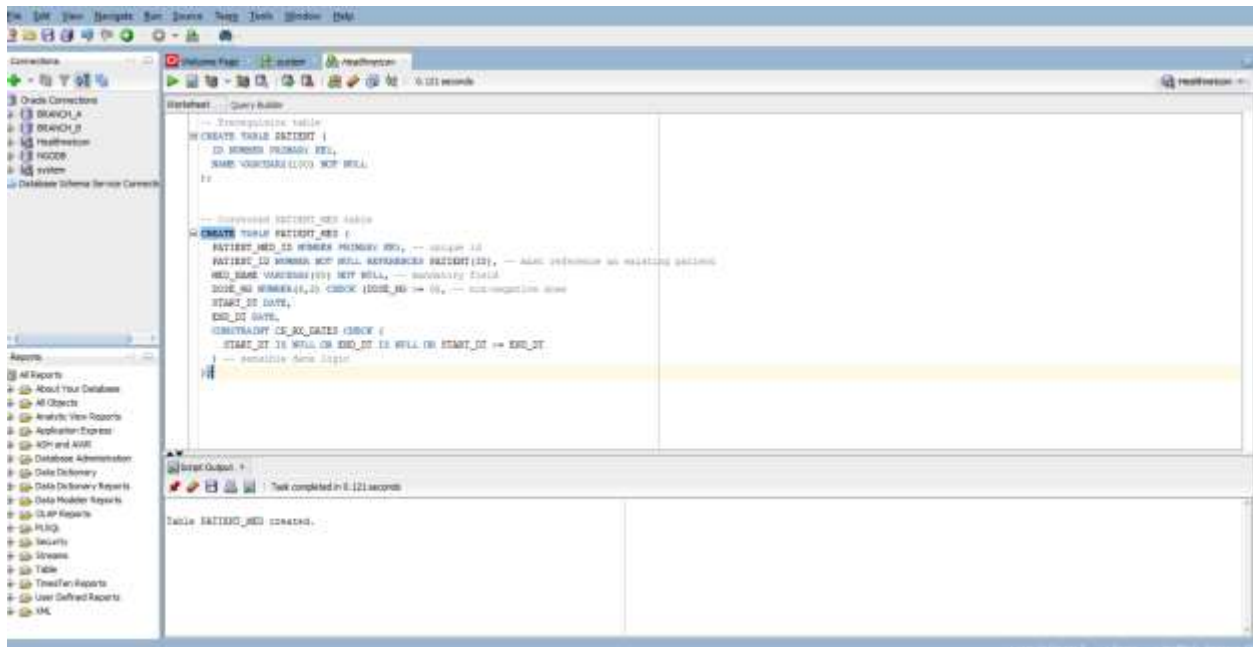
CONSTRAINT CK_RX_DATES CHECK (

    START_DT IS NULL OR END_DT IS NULL OR START_DT <= END_DT

) -- sensible date logic

);

```

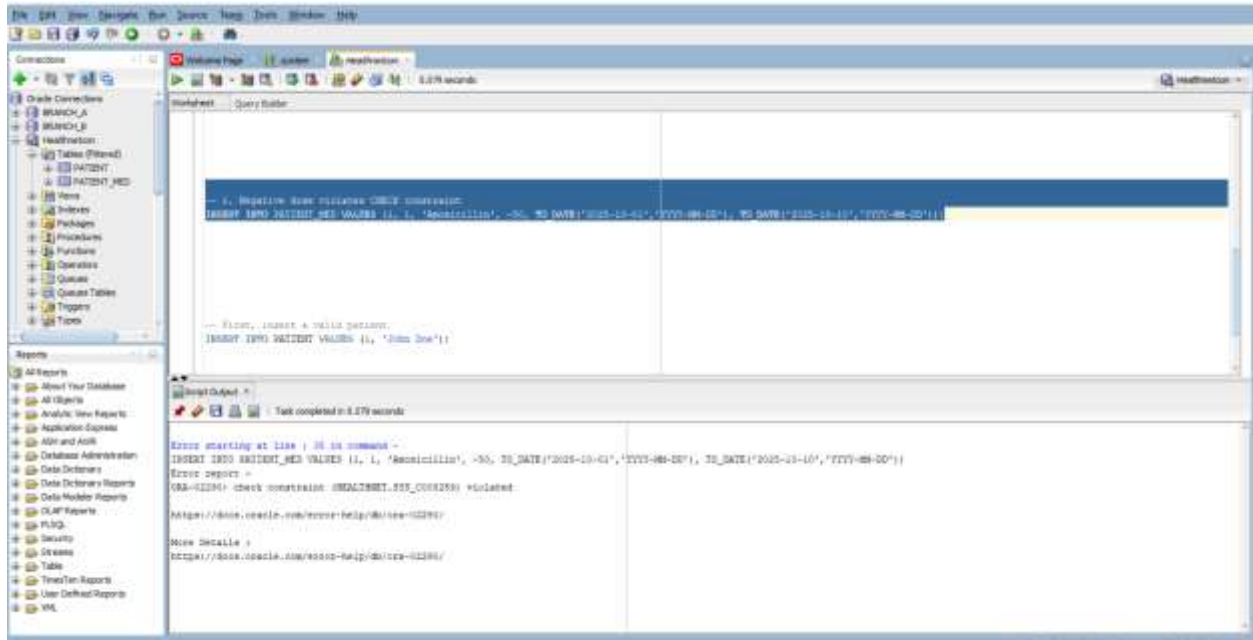


-- 1. Negative dose violates CHECK constraint

```

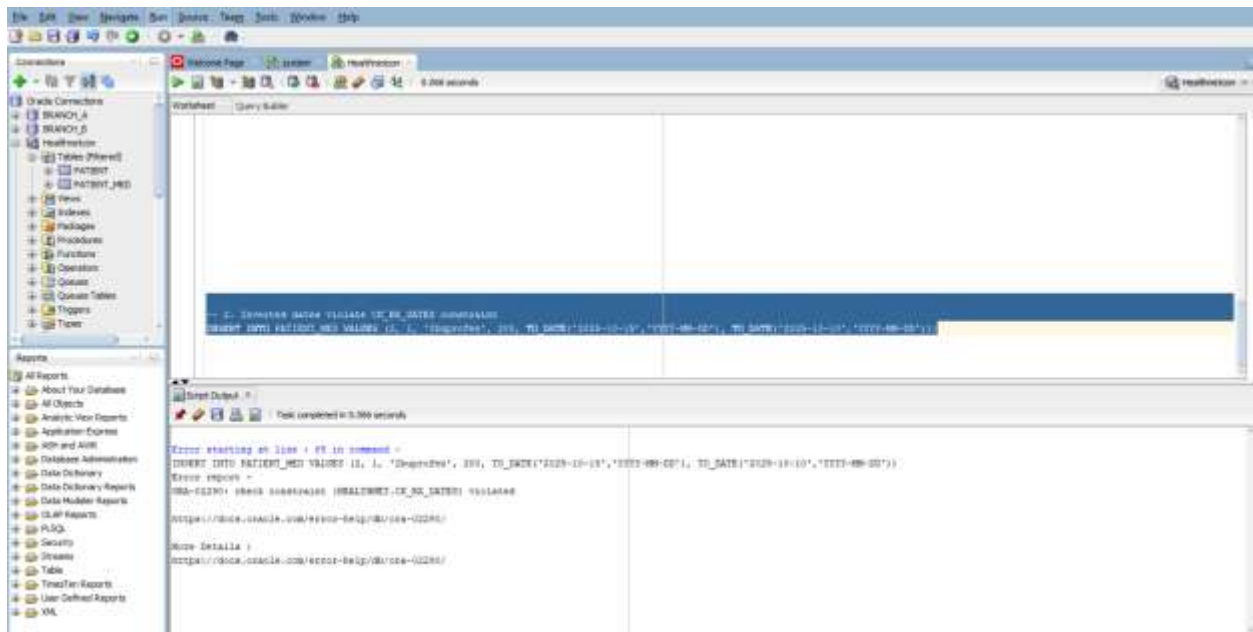
INSERT INTO PATIENT_MED VALUES (1, 1, 'Amoxicillin', -50, TO_DATE('2025-10-01','YYYY-MM-DD'),
TO_DATE('2025-10-10','YYYY-MM-DD'));

```



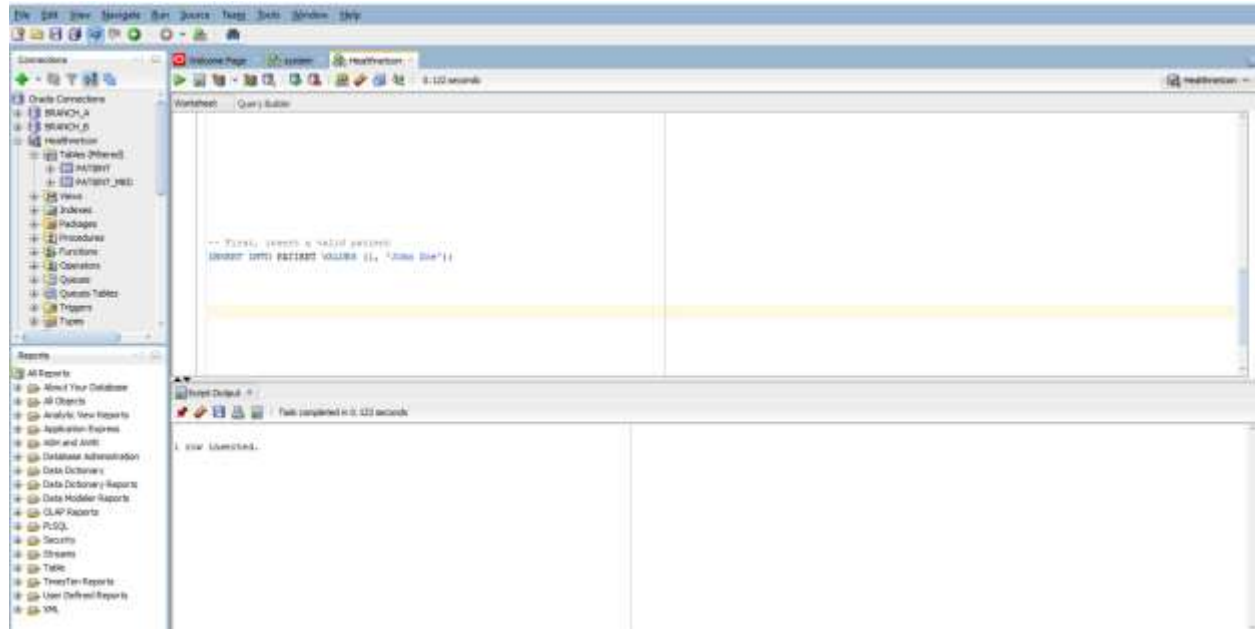
-- 2. Inverted dates violate CK_RX_DATES constraint

INSERT INTO PATIENT_MED VALUES (2, 1, 'Ibuprofen', 200, TO_DATE('2025-10-15', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), TO_DATE('2025-10-10', 'YYYY-MM-DD'));



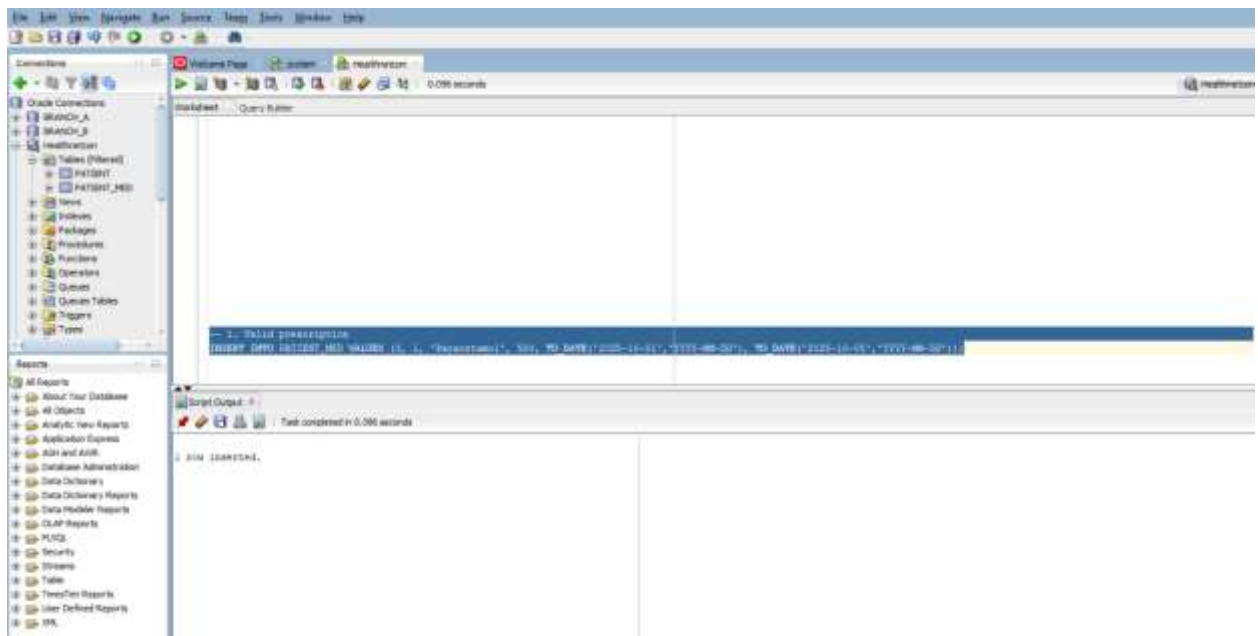
-- First, insert a valid patient

```
INSERT INTO PATIENT VALUES (1, 'John Doe');
```



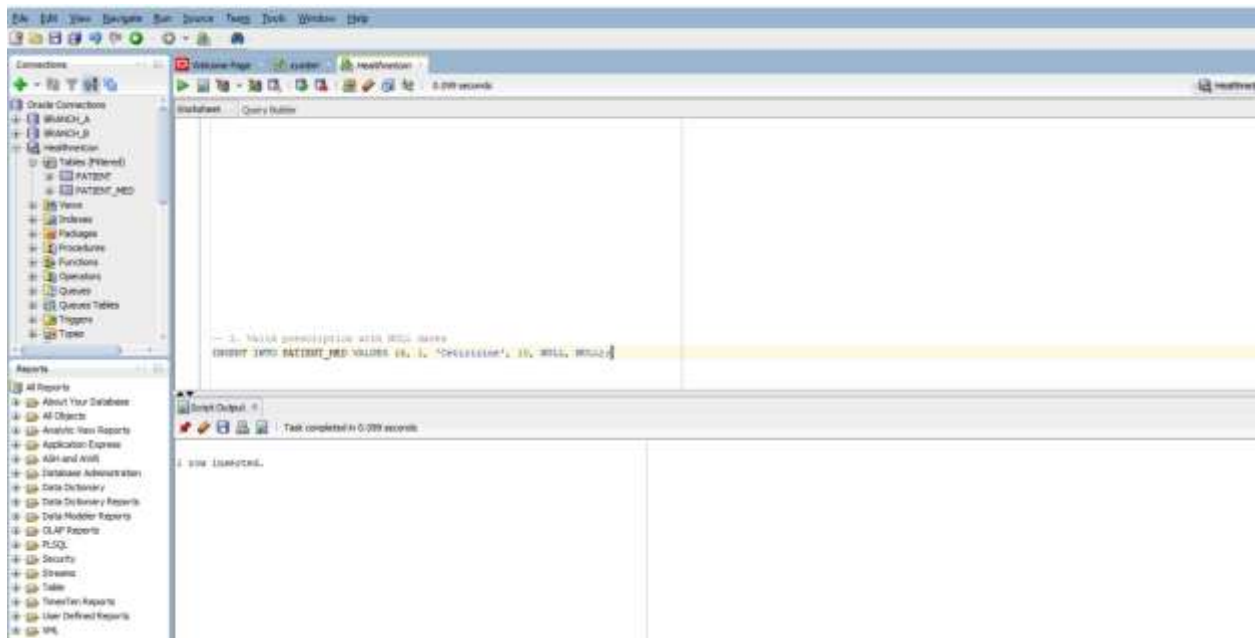
-- 1. Valid prescription

```
INSERT INTO PATIENT_MED VALUES (3, 1, 'Paracetamol', 500, TO_DATE('2025-10-01','YYYY-MM-DD'),
TO_DATE('2025-10-05','YYYY-MM-DD'));
```

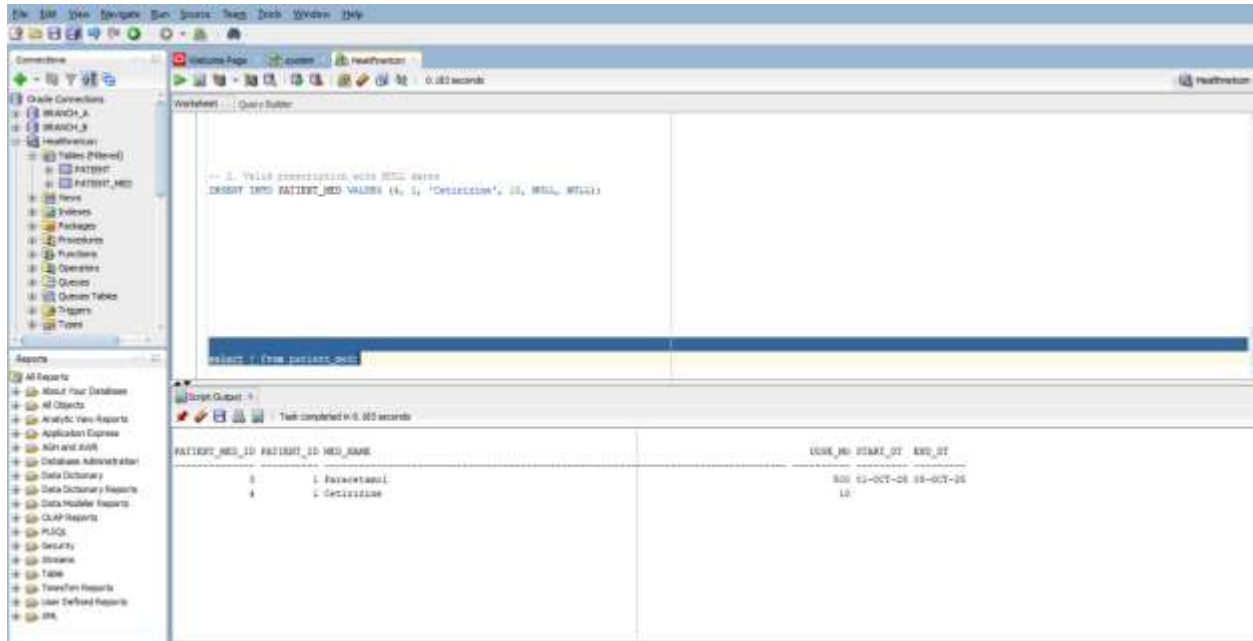


-- 2. Valid prescription with NULL dates

INSERT INTO PATIENT_MED VALUES (4, 1, 'Cetirizine', 10, NULL, NULL);



select * from patient_med;



Error Type	Buggy Code	Correction	Explanation
Missing commas	No commas between column definitions	Added commas between each column definition	SQL requires commas to separate columns in a CREATE TABLE statement
Missing NOT NULL	MED_NAME VARCHAR2 (80)	MED_NAME VARCHAR2 (80) NOT NULL	Ensures MED_NAME is mandatory
Malformed CHECK clause	DOSE_MG NUMBER (6, 2) CHECK DOSE_MG >= 0	DOSE_MG NUMBER (6, 2) CHECK (DOSE_MG >= 0)	CHECK constraints must be enclosed in parentheses
Invalid date logic	CHECK (START_DT <= END_DT WHEN BOTH NOT NULL)	CHECK (START_DT IS NULL OR END_DT IS NULL OR START_DT <= END_DT)	SQL doesn't support "WHEN BOTH NOT NULL"; use logical OR to allow NULLs
Missing NOT NULL on FK	PATIENT_ID NUMBER REFERENCES PATIENT (ID)	PATIENT_ID NUMBER NOT NULL REFERENCES PATIENT (ID)	Ensures foreign key is mandatory

Error Type	Buggy Code	Correction	Explanation
------------	------------	------------	-------------

2. -- Main bill table

```
CREATE TABLE BILL (  

  ID NUMBER PRIMARY  

  KEY,  

  TOTAL NUMBER(12,2)  

);
```

-- Items linked to bills

```
CREATE TABLE  

BILL_ITEM (  

  BILL_ID NUMBER,  

  AMOUNT NUMBER(12,2),  

  UPDATED_AT DATE,  

  CONSTRAINT  

FK_BILL_ITEM_BILL  

FOREIGN KEY (BILL_ID)  

REFERENCES BILL(ID)  

);
```

-- Audit log for changes

```
CREATE TABLE  

BILL_AUDIT (  

  BILL_ID NUMBER,  

  OLD_TOTAL  

NUMBER(12,2),  

  NEW_TOTAL  

NUMBER(12,2),  

  CHANGED_AT DATE  

);
```

Correct Compound Trigger: TRG_BILL_TOTAL_CMP: it updates BILL.TOTAL once per statement and logs changes into BILL_AUDIT, avoiding mutating-table errors and redundant updates.

```

CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER TRG_BILL_TOTAL_STMT
AFTER INSERT OR UPDATE OR DELETE ON BILL_ITEM
DECLARE
    TYPE bill_id_table IS TABLE OF BILL_ITEM.BILL_ID%TYPE INDEX BY PLS_INTEGER;
    v_bill_ids bill_id_table;
    v_index PLS_INTEGER := 0;
BEGIN
    -- Collect affected BILL_IDs
    FOR r IN (
        SELECT DISTINCT BILL_ID FROM BILL_ITEM
        WHERE BILL_ID IS NOT NULL
    ) LOOP
        v_index := v_index + 1;
        v_bill_ids(v_index) := r.BILL_ID;
    END LOOP;

    -- Recompute totals and insert audit rows
    FOR i IN 1 .. v_index LOOP
        DECLARE
            v_old_total BILL.TOTAL%TYPE;
            v_new_total BILL.TOTAL%TYPE;
        BEGIN
            SELECT TOTAL INTO v_old_total FROM BILL WHERE ID = v_bill_ids(i);
            SELECT NVL(SUM(AMOUNT), 0) INTO v_new_total FROM BILL_ITEM WHERE BILL_ID = v_bill_ids(i);
        END;
    END LOOP;

```



```
UPDATE BILL SET TOTAL = v_new_total WHERE ID = v_bill_ids(i);
```

```
INSERT INTO BILL_AUDIT (BILL_ID, OLD_TOTAL, NEW_TOTAL, CHANGED_AT)
```

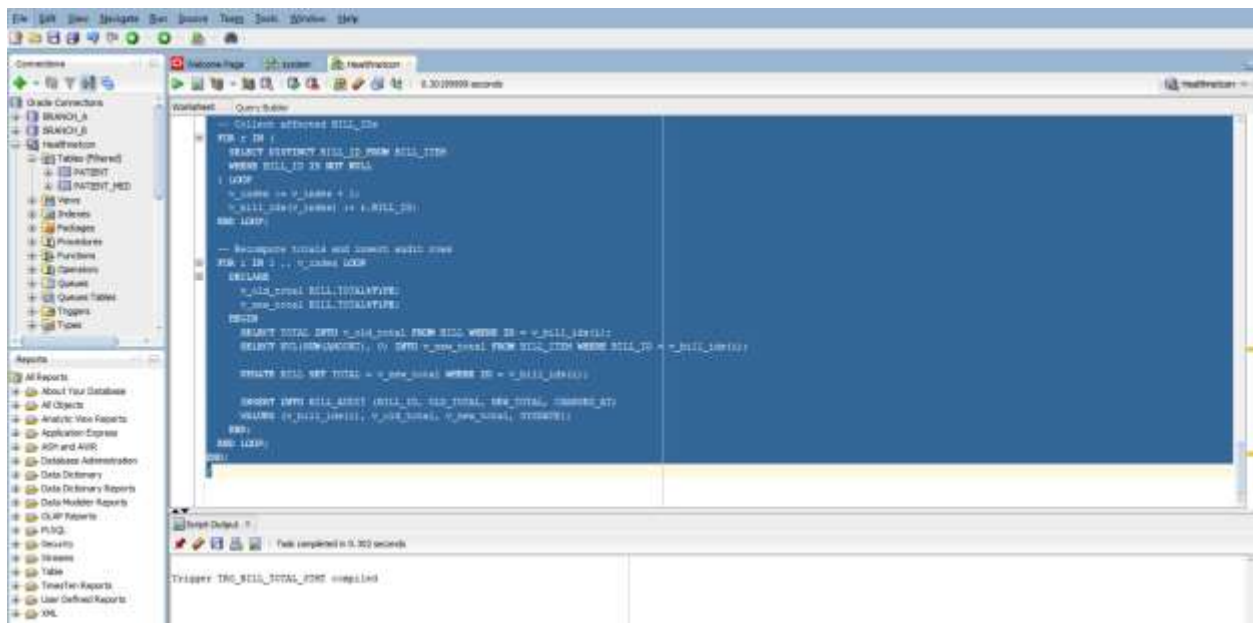
```
VALUES (v_bill_ids(i), v_old_total, v_new_total, SYSDATE);
```

```
END;
```

```
END LOOP;
```

```
END;
```

```
/
```

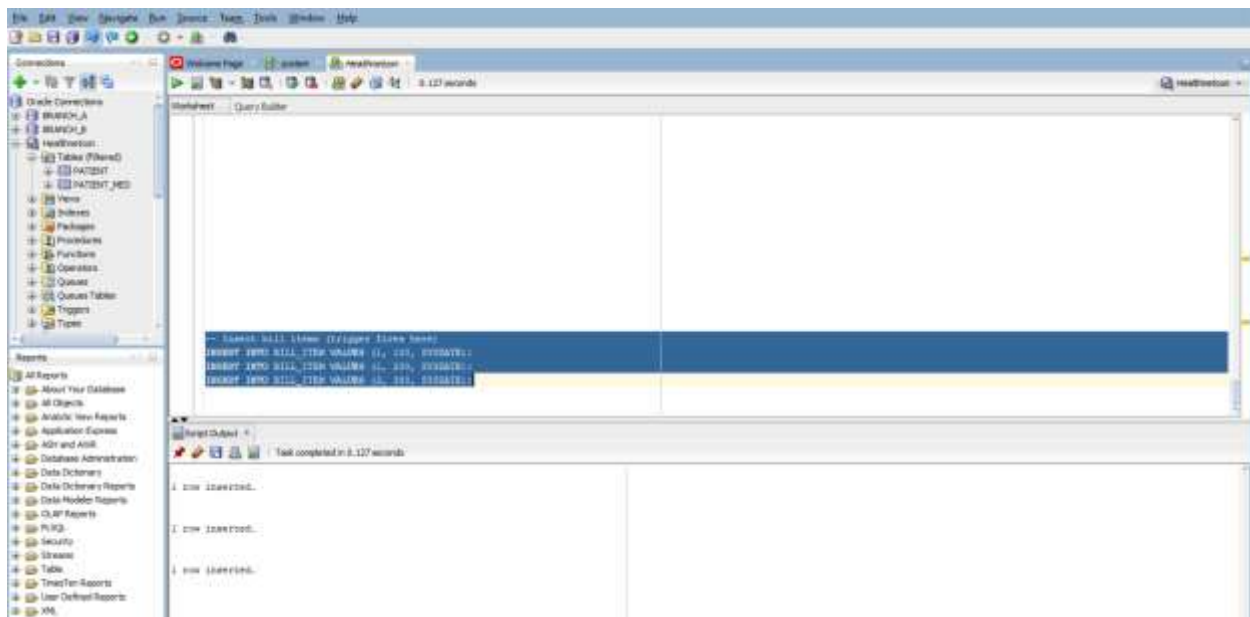


```
-- Insert bill items (trigger fires here)
```

```
INSERT INTO BILL_ITEM VALUES (1, 100, SYSDATE);
```

```
INSERT INTO BILL_ITEM VALUES (1, 200, SYSDATE);
```

```
INSERT INTO BILL_ITEM VALUES (2, 300, SYSDATE);
```

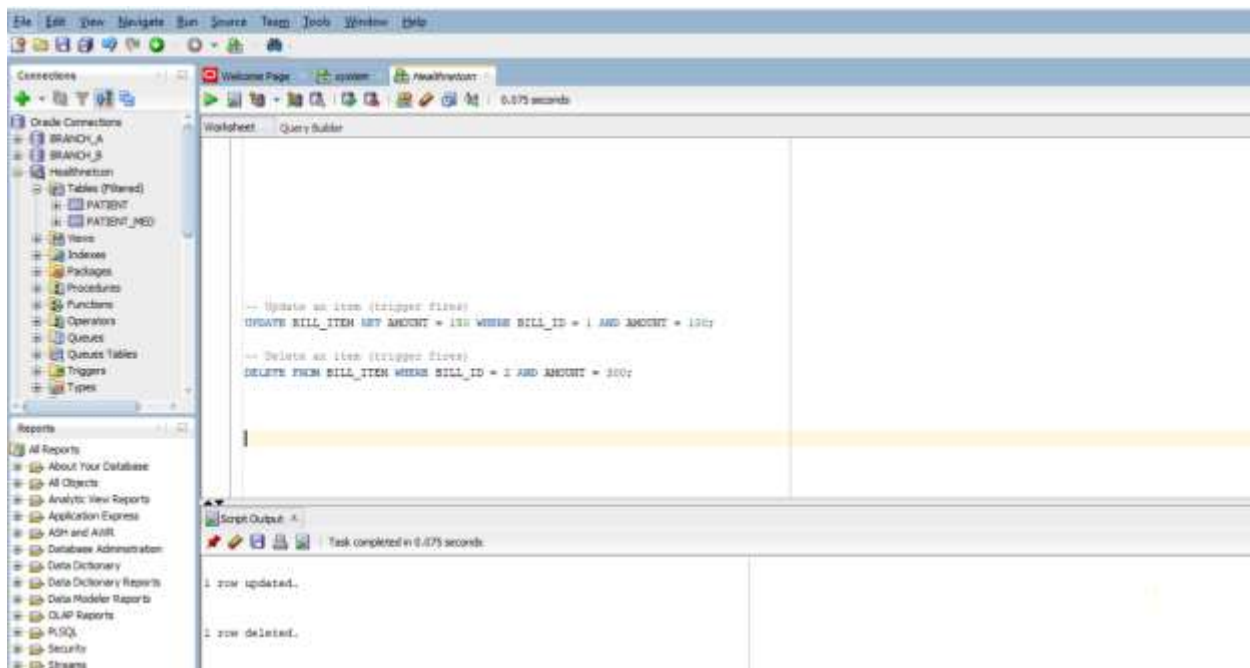


-- Update an item (trigger fires)

UPDATE BILL_ITEM SET AMOUNT = 150 WHERE BILL_ID = 1 AND AMOUNT = 100;

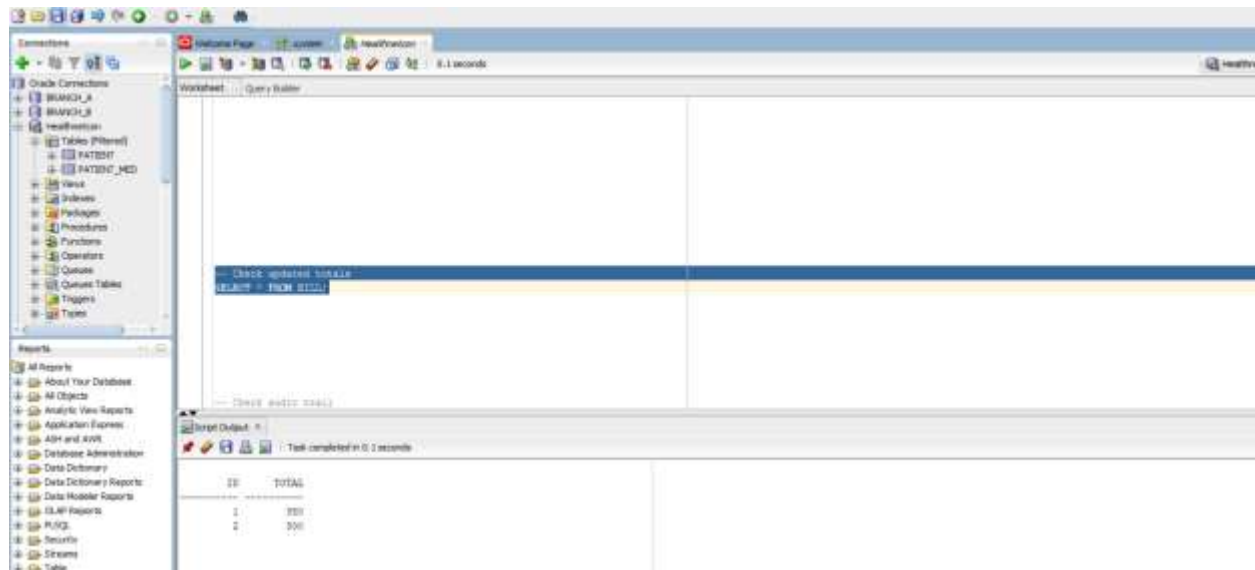
-- Delete an item (trigger fires)

DELETE FROM BILL_ITEM WHERE BILL_ID = 2 AND AMOUNT = 300;



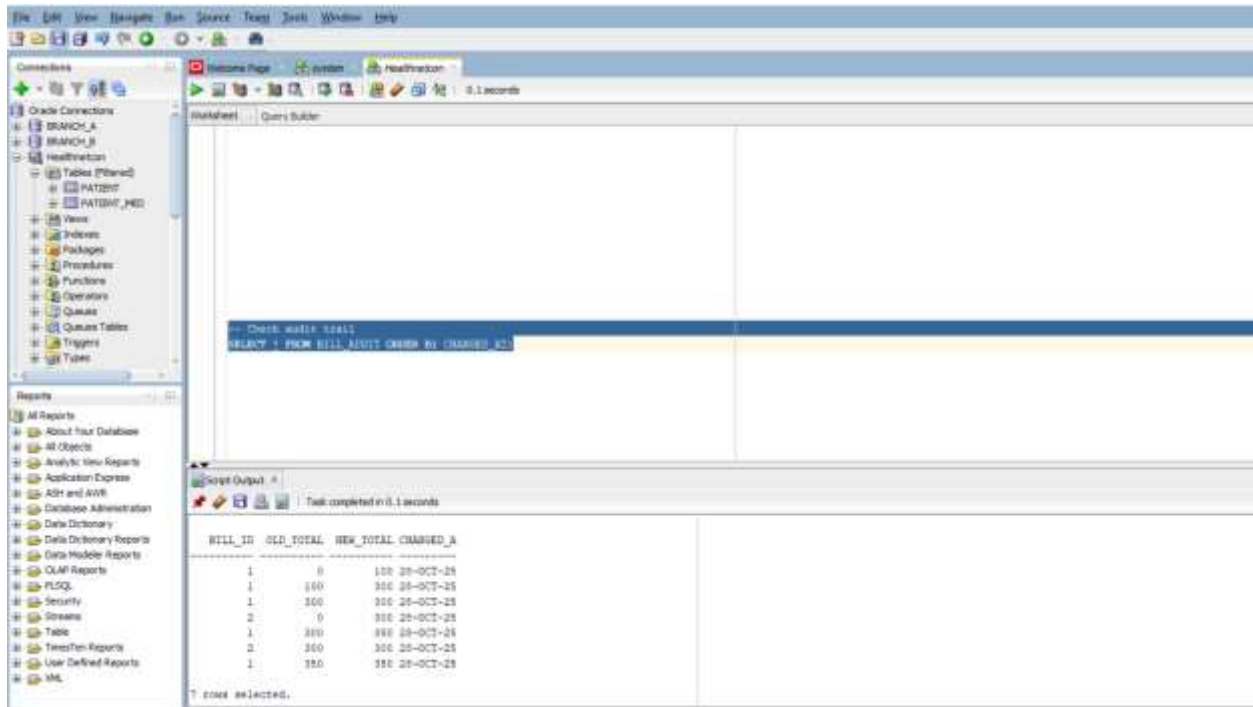
-- Check updated totals

```
SELECT * FROM BILL;
```



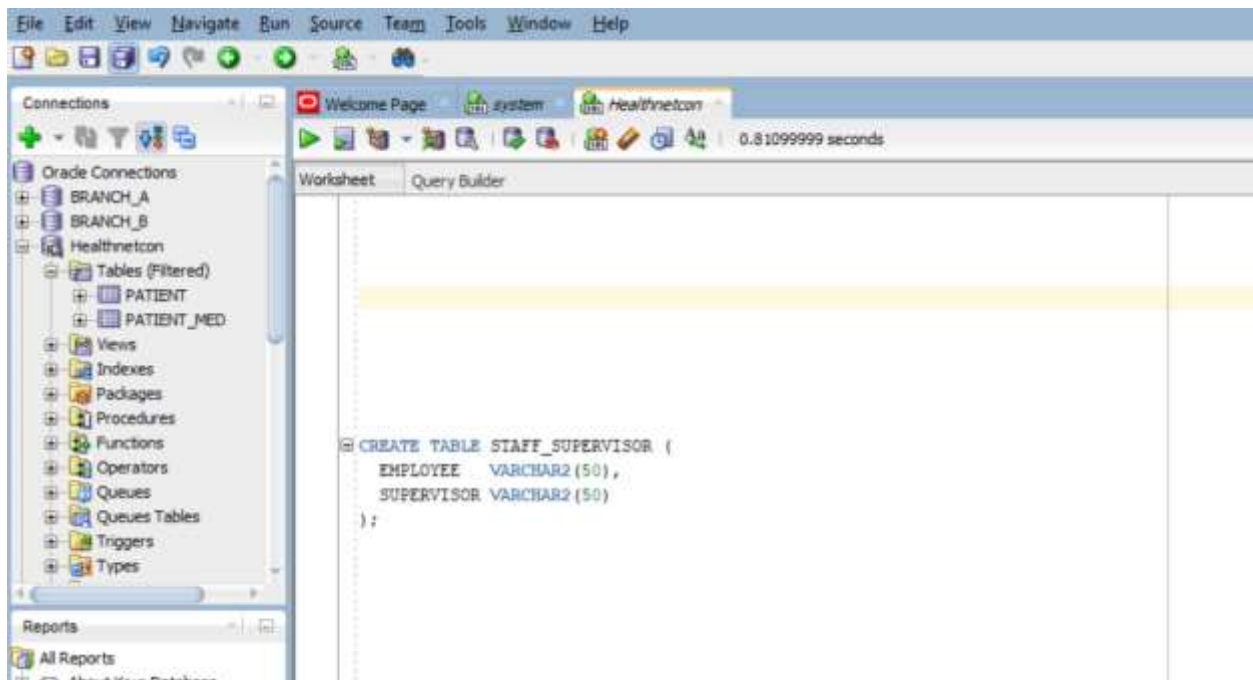
-- Check audit trail

```
SELECT * FROM BILL_AUDIT ORDER BY CHANGED_AT;
```

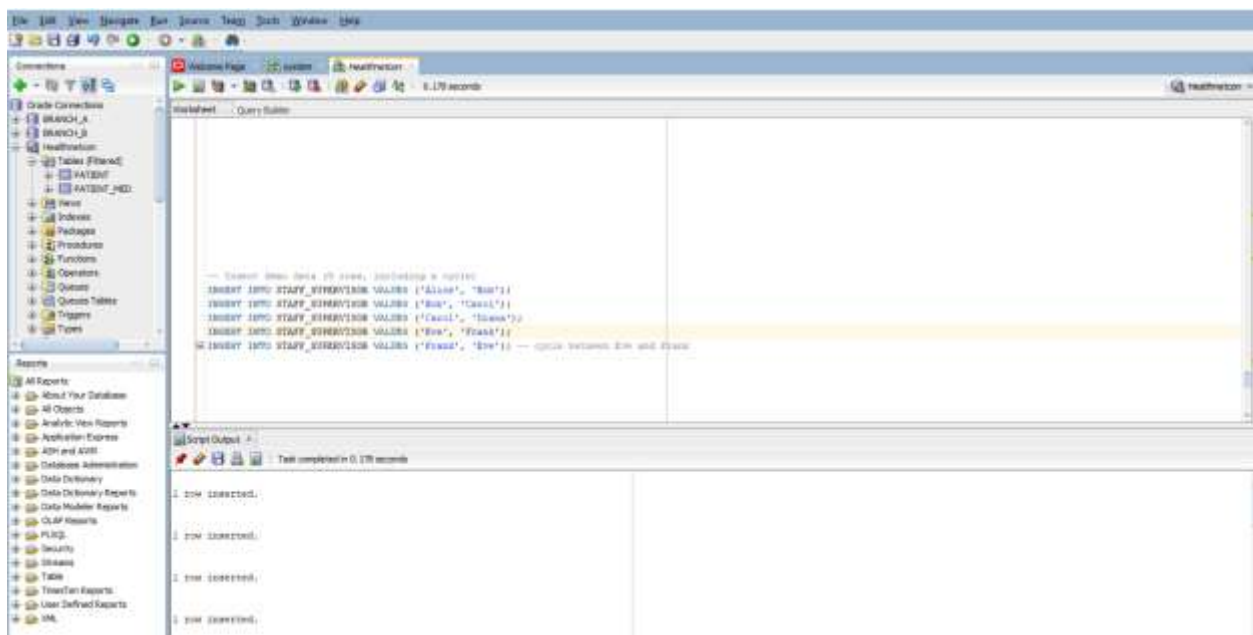


- BILL.TOTAL for ID 1 should reflect the sum of its items (e.g., $150 + 200 = 350$).
- BILL.TOTAL for ID 2 should be 0 after deletion.
- BILL_AUDIT should show old and new totals for each change.

3.



Inserting rows



-- Corrected recursive query

```

WITH SUPERS (EMP, SUP, HOPS, PATH) AS (

  -- Anchor: start with direct supervision, hop count = 1

  SELECT EMPLOYEE, SUPERVISOR, 1, EMPLOYEE || '>' || SUPERVISOR

  FROM STAFF_SUPERVISOR

  UNION ALL

  -- Recursive: climb up the supervision chain

  SELECT S.EMPLOYEE, T.SUP, T.HOPS + 1, T.PATH || '>' || T.SUP

  FROM STAFF_SUPERVISOR S

  JOIN SUPERS T ON S.SUPERVISOR = T.EMP

  WHERE INSTR(T.PATH, T.SUP) = 0 -- cycle guard

)

-- Final selection: top supervisor per employee

SELECT EMP, SUP AS TOP_SUPERVISOR, HOPS

FROM (

  SELECT EMP, SUP, HOPS,

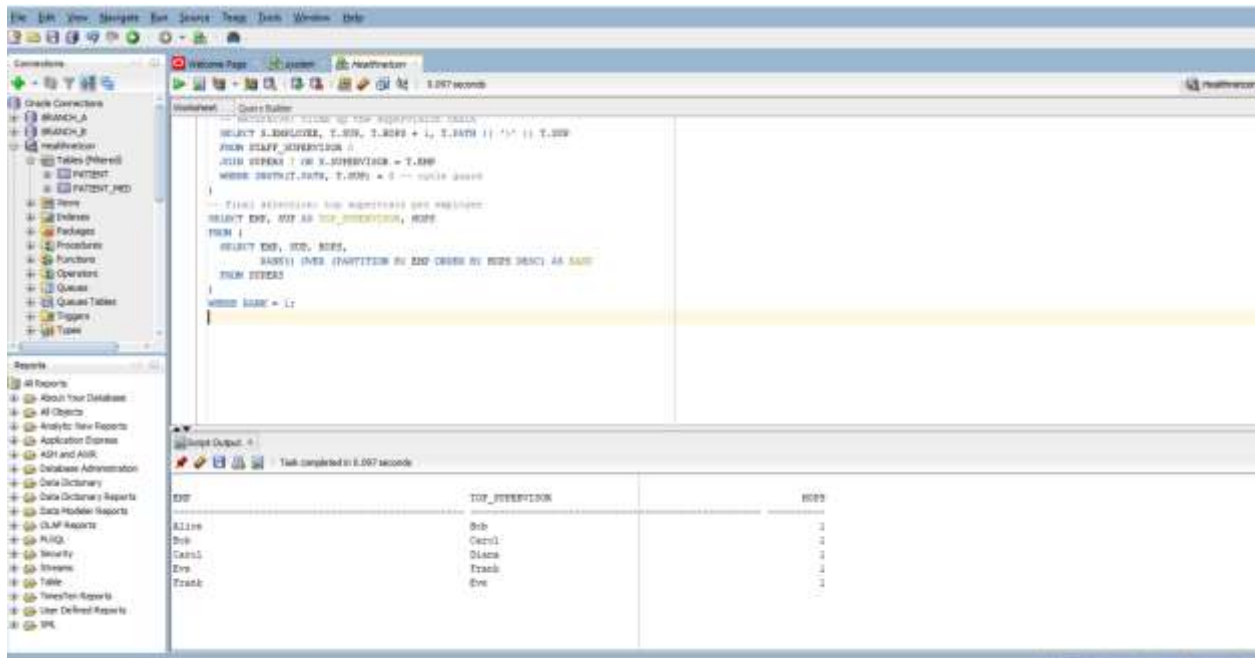
         RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY EMP ORDER BY HOPS DESC) AS RANK

  FROM SUPERS

)

WHERE RANK = 1;

```



Bug	Fix
Anchor hop count was 0	Set to 1 to reflect first supervision step
Join direction was reversed	Corrected to climb up: S.SUPERVISOR = T.EMP
Cycle guard was naive	Improved with INSTR(PATH, T.SUP) = 0
Scalar subquery with MAX(HOPS or the number of steps it takes to reach an employee's top supervisor by following the chain of supervision)	Replaced with RANK() analytic function for clarity and correctness

Diana

└ Carol

└ Bob

└ Alice

Eve ↔ Frank (cycle)

4.

```

CREATE TABLE TRIPLE (

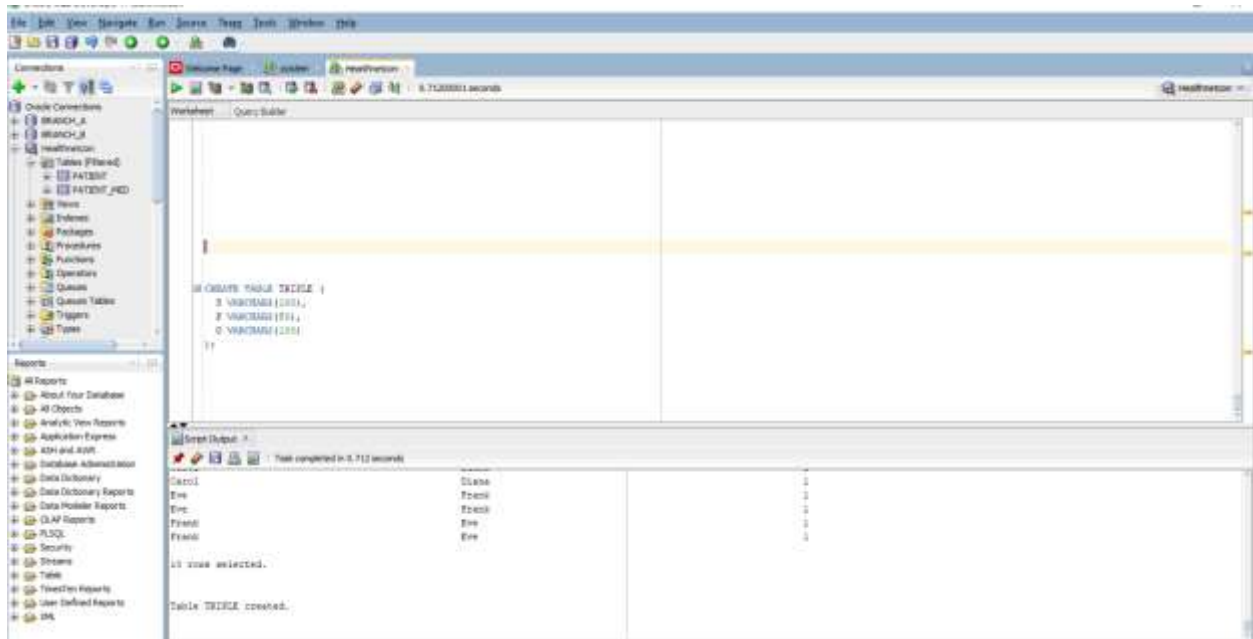
S VARCHAR2(100),

P VARCHAR2(50),

O VARCHAR2(100)

);

```



-- Patient diagnoses

```

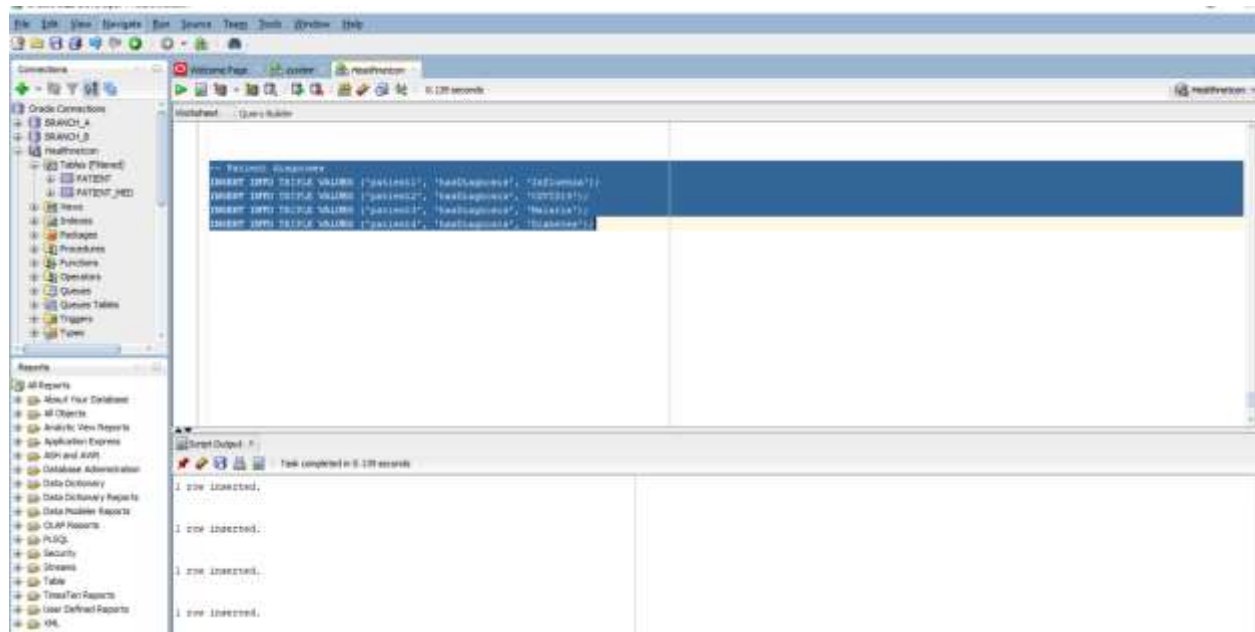
INSERT INTO TRIPLE VALUES ('patient1', 'hasDiagnosis', 'Influenza');

INSERT INTO TRIPLE VALUES ('patient2', 'hasDiagnosis', 'COVID19');

INSERT INTO TRIPLE VALUES ('patient3', 'hasDiagnosis', 'Malaria');

INSERT INTO TRIPLE VALUES ('patient4', 'hasDiagnosis', 'Diabetes');

```

-- Taxonomy edges

```
INSERT INTO TRIPLE VALUES ('Influenza', 'isA', 'ViralInfection');
```

```
INSERT INTO TRIPLE VALUES ('COVID19', 'isA', 'ViralInfection');
```

```
INSERT INTO TRIPLE VALUES ('Malaria', 'isA', 'ParasiticInfection');
```

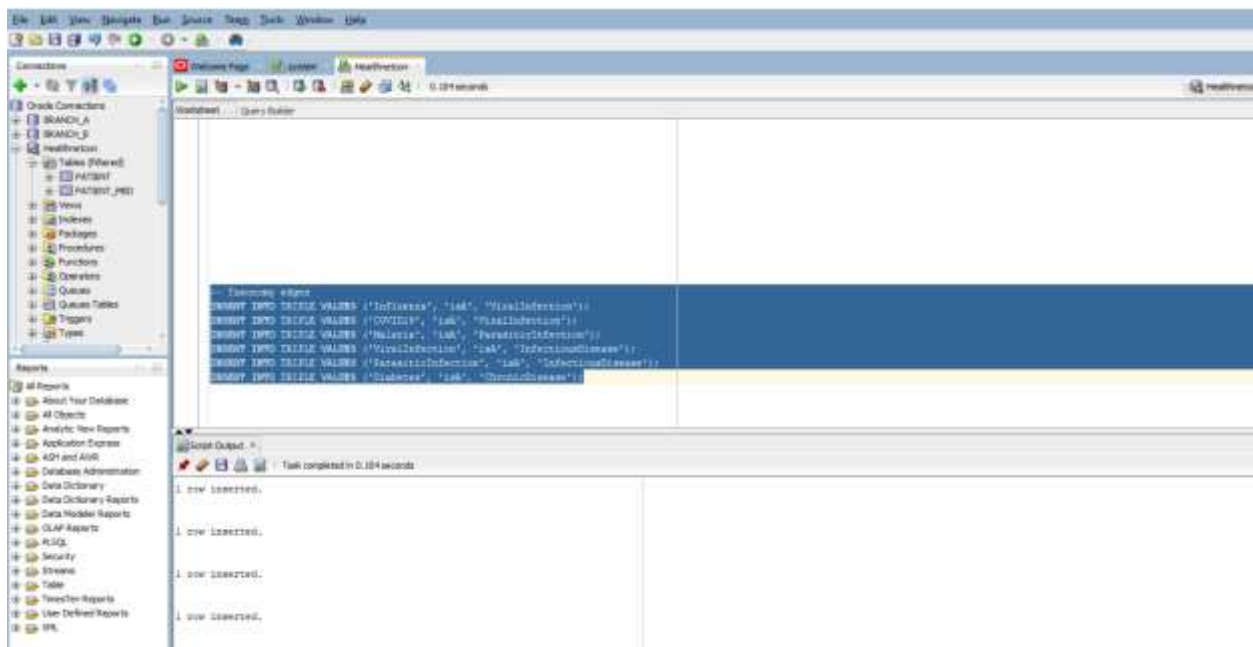
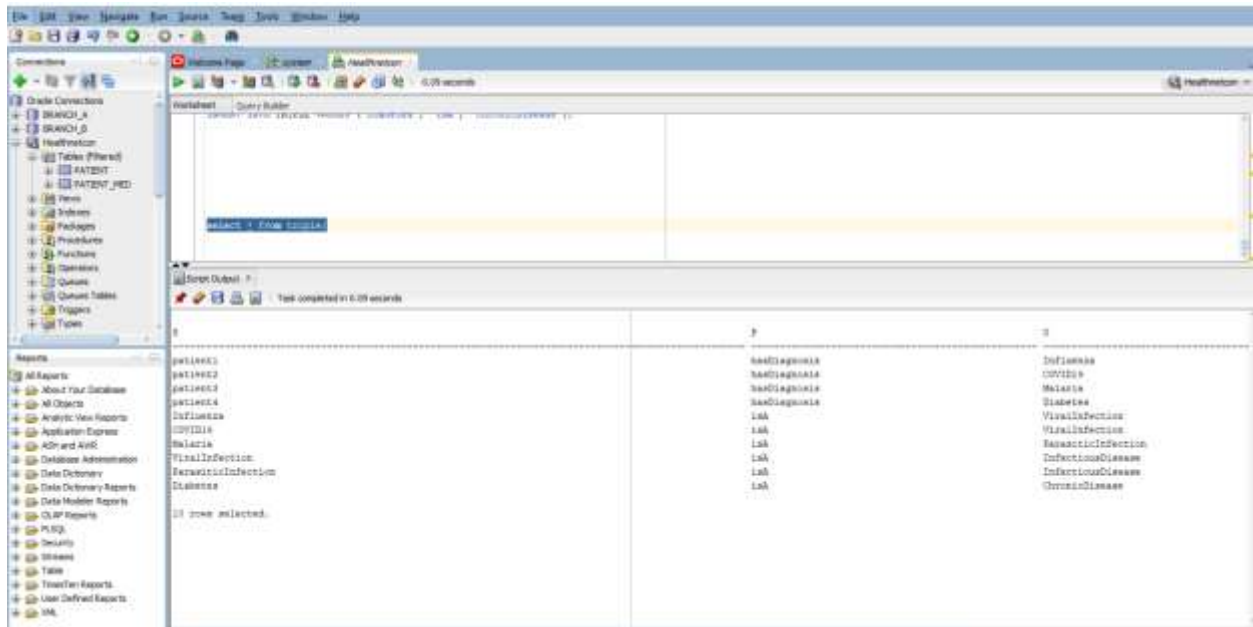
```
INSERT INTO TRIPLE VALUES ('ViralInfection', 'isA', 'InfectiousDisease');
```

```
INSERT INTO TRIPLE VALUES ('ParasiticInfection', 'isA', 'InfectiousDisease');
```

```
INSERT INTO TRIPLE VALUES ('Diabetes', 'isA', 'ChronicDisease');
```

Check inserted rows;

```
select * from triple;
```



WITH ISA(ANCESTOR, CHILD) AS (

-- Anchor: direct isA relationships

SELECT O, S FROM TRIPLE WHERE P = 'isA'

UNION ALL

-- Recursive: climb up the taxonomy

```
SELECT I.ANCESTOR, T.S
```

```
FROM TRIPLE T
```

```
JOIN ISA I ON T.P = 'isA' AND T.O = I.CHILD
```

```
),
```

```
INFECTIOUS_PATIENTS AS (
```

```
SELECT DISTINCT T.S
```

```
FROM TRIPLE T
```

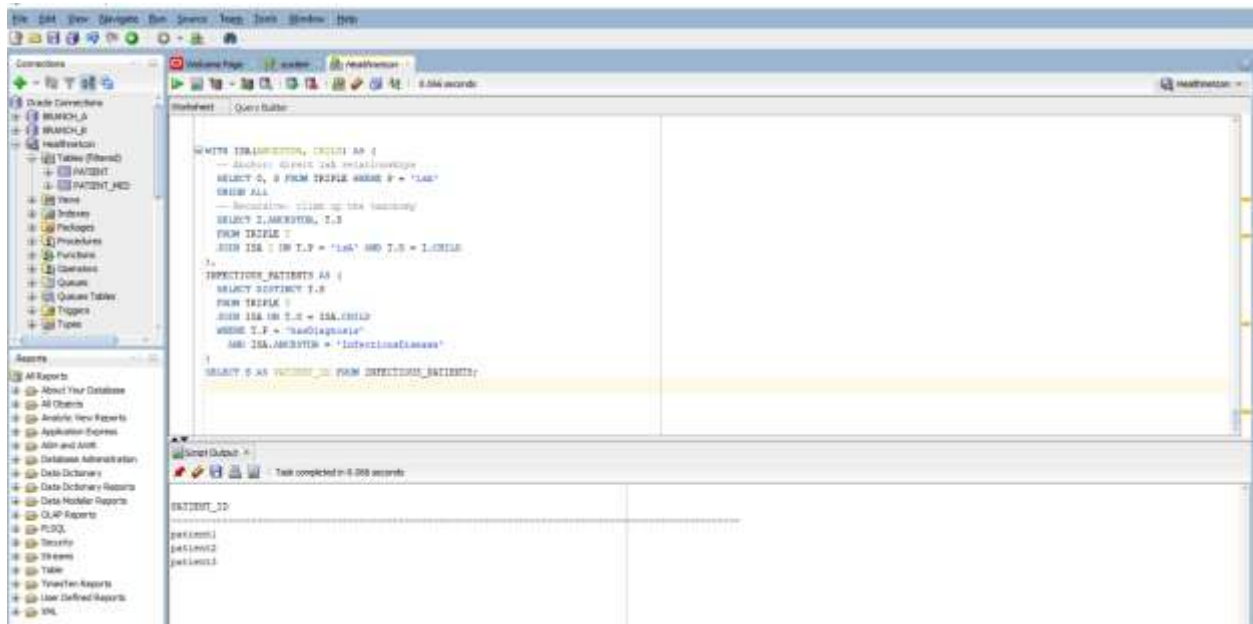
```
JOIN ISA ON T.O = ISA.CHILD
```

```
WHERE T.P = 'hasDiagnosis'
```

```
AND ISA.ANCESTOR = 'InfectiousDisease'
```

```
)
```

```
SELECT S AS PATIENT_ID FROM INFECTIOUS_PATIENTS;
```



- Represent facts in a flexible, searchable format

- Link concepts together (like diseases to categories)
- Enable reasoning and inference (e.g., if Influenza is an InfectiousDisease, then patient1 has an InfectiousDisease)

5.

-- Create clinic table with spatial geometry

```
CREATE TABLE CLINIC (  
    ID NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,  
    NAME VARCHAR2(100),  
    GEOM SDO_GEOMETRY  
);
```

```
INSERT INTO USER_SDO_GEOM_METADATA  
    (TABLE_NAME, COLUMN_NAME, DIMINFO, SRID)  
VALUES (  
    'CLINIC',  
    'GEOM',  
    SDO_DIM_ARRAY(  
        SDO_DIM_ELEMENT('Longitude', 30.0, 31.0, 0.005),
```

```

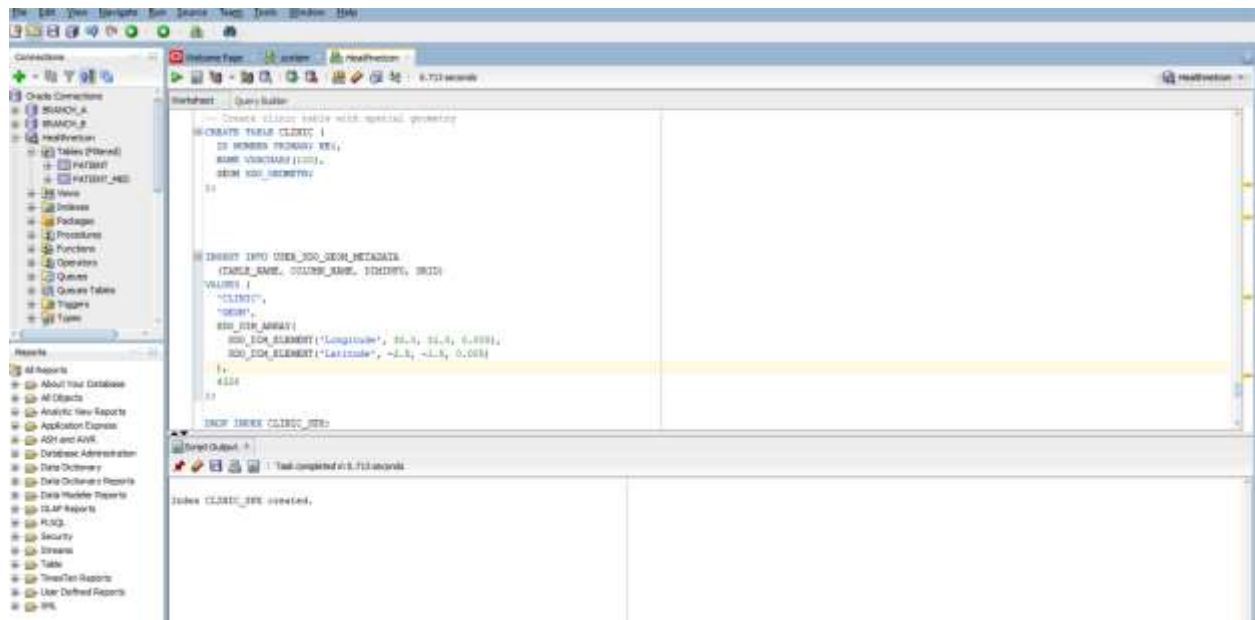
SDO_DIM_ELEMENT('Latitude', -2.5, -1.5, 0.005)

),

4326

);

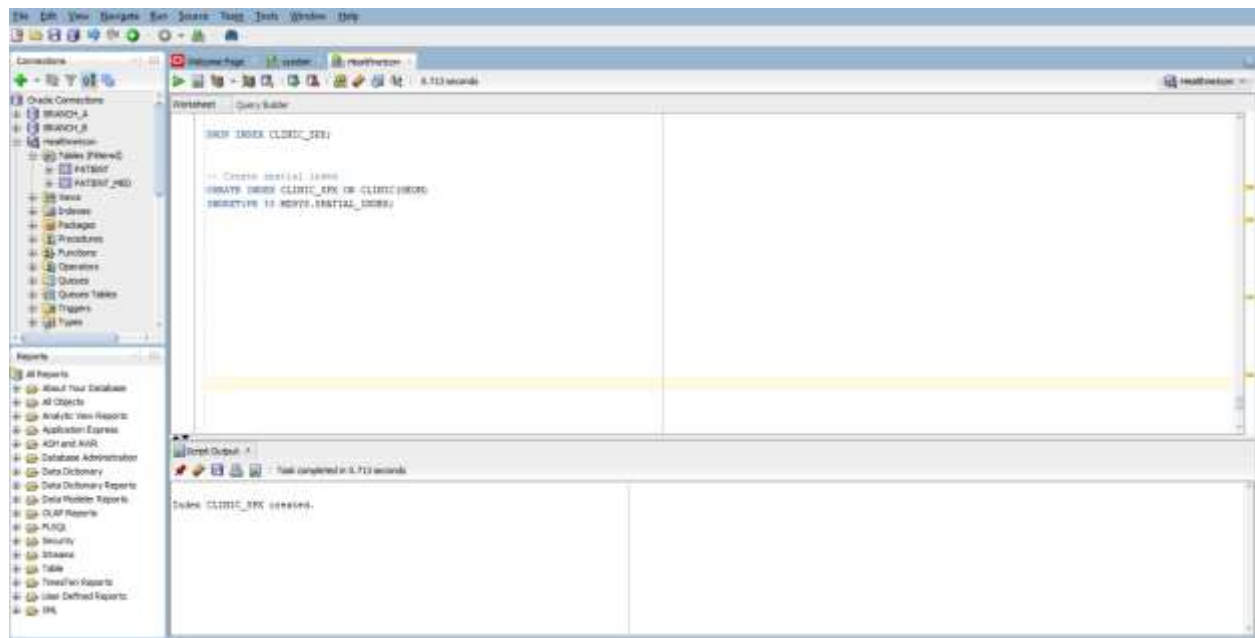
```



-- Create spatial index

```
CREATE INDEX CLINIC_SPX ON CLINIC(GEOM)
```

```
INDEXTYPE IS MDSYS.SPATIAL_INDEX;
```



-- Ambulance is at (30.0600, -1.9570)

INSERT INTO CLINIC VALUES (

1, 'Kigali Central Clinic',

SDO_GEOMETRY(2001, 4326, SDO_POINT_TYPE(30.0610, -1.9575, NULL), NULL, NULL)

);

INSERT INTO CLINIC VALUES (

2, 'Nyamirambo Health Center',

SDO_GEOMETRY(2001, 4326, SDO_POINT_TYPE(30.0595, -1.9560, NULL), NULL, NULL)

);

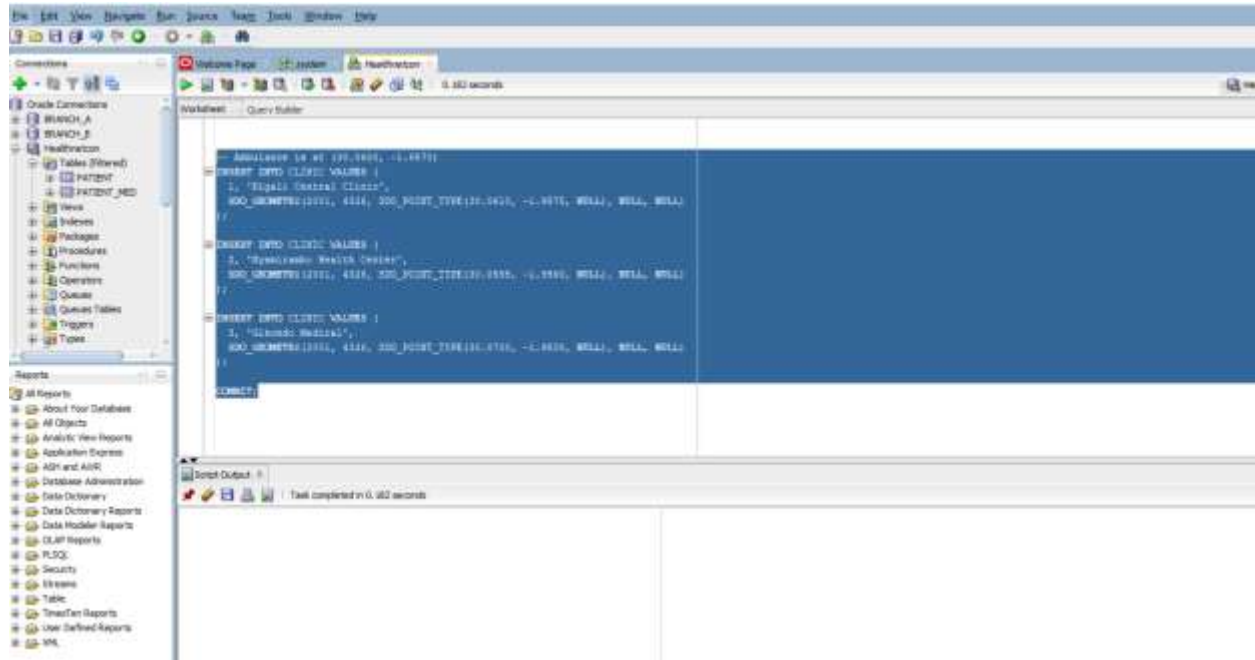
INSERT INTO CLINIC VALUES (

3, 'Gikondo Medical',

SDO_GEOMETRY(2001, 4326, SDO_POINT_TYPE(30.0700, -1.9500, NULL), NULL, NULL)

);

COMMIT;



SELECT C.ID, C.NAME

FROM CLINIC C

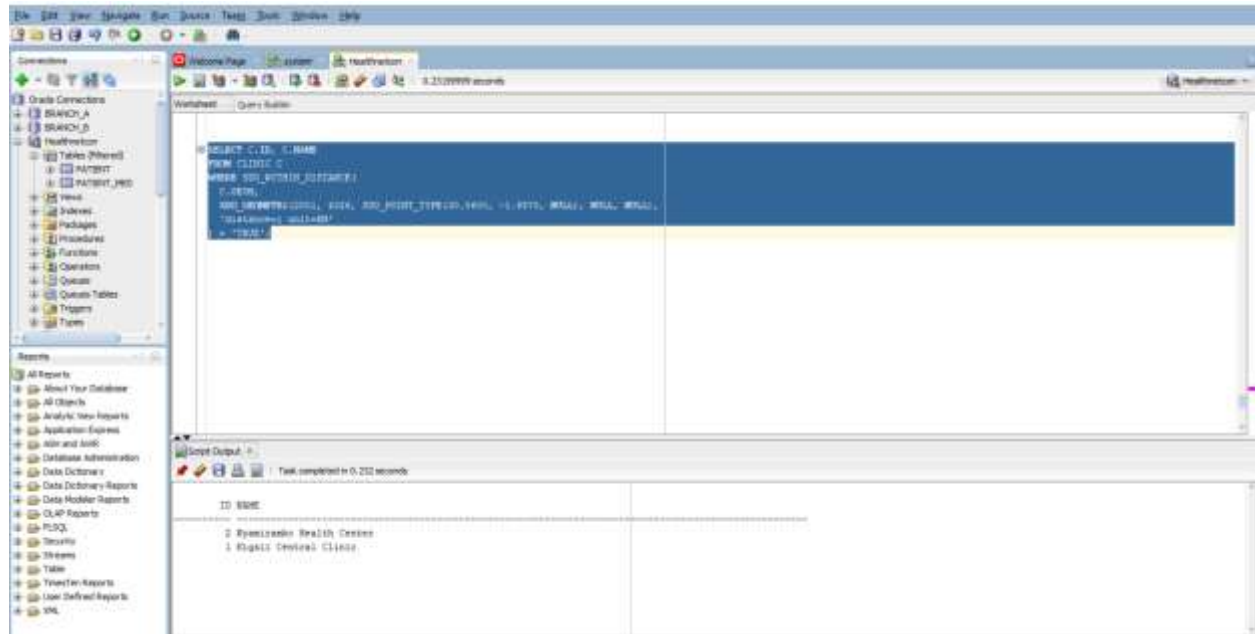
WHERE SDO_WITHIN_DISTANCE(

C.GEOM,

SDO_GEOMETRY(2001, 4326, SDO_POINT_TYPE(30.0600, -1.9570, NULL), NULL, NULL),

'distance=1 unit=KM'

) = 'TRUE';



```
SELECT C.ID, C.NAME,
       SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(
         C.GEOM,
         SDO_GEOMETRY(2001, 4326, SDO_POINT_TYPE(30.0600, -1.9570, NULL), NULL, NULL),
         0.005,
         'unit=KM'
       ) AS KM
FROM CLINIC C
ORDER BY KM
FETCH FIRST 3 ROWS ONLY;
```


File Edit View Navigate Run Source Tools Windows Help

Database Page | Query | New/Refresh | 0.061 seconds

Worksheet | Query Editor

```

SELECT C.FIL, C.NAME,
       SOC_CODE, SOC_INSTANCE,
       C.CODE,
       SOC_ORIENTN_CODE, KSA, SOC_PTYPE_CODE, -1, -1, WLL, WLL, WLL,
       0.001,
       '2011-01-01'
FROM CLINIC C
WHERE SOC_CODE = 'KSA'
ORDER BY SOC_CODE

```

Script Output | Task completed in 0.061 seconds

ID	NAME	SOC
2	Ryashirabo Health Center	.123779552
1	Rigali Central Clinic	.124235283
3	Ricardo Medical	.1.9993289

Connections

- Oracle Connections
 - BRANCH_A
 - BRANCH_B
 - Healthcare
 - Takes (Filtered)
 - PATIENT
 - PATIENT_MED
 - Views
 - Indexes
 - Package
 - Procedure
 - Function
 - Operator
 - Queue
 - Queue Tables
 - Trigger
 - Table

Reports

- All Reports
 - About Your Database
 - All Objects
 - Analytic View Reports
 - Application Express
 - AGI and AGI
 - Database Administration
 - Data Dictionary
 - Data Dictionary Reports
 - Data Modeler Reports
 - OLAP Reports
 - PLSQL
 - Security
 - Schema
 - Table
 - Time/Time Reports
 - User Defined Reports
 - XML