# Homework 3

# Pattern Mining and Social Network Analysis

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### Parameters in association rules

There are parameters controlling the number of rules to be generated.

For A => B:

### Support

Support is an indication of how frequently the itemset appears in the dataset.

$$Support = \frac{\text{Number of transaction with both A and B}}{\text{Total Number of transaction}} = P(A \cap B)$$

### Confidence

Confidence is an indication of how often the rule has been found to be true.

$$Confidence = \frac{\text{Number of transaction with both A and B}}{\text{Total Number of transaction with A}} = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(A)}$$

#### Lift

Lift is the factor by which, the co-occurrence of A and B exceeds the expected probability of A and B co-occurring, had they been independent. So, higher the lift, higher the chance of A and B occurring together.

$$Lift = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(A) * P(B)}$$

### Apriori algorithm

#### Definition

Apriori searches for frequent itemset browsing the lattice of itemsets in breadth.

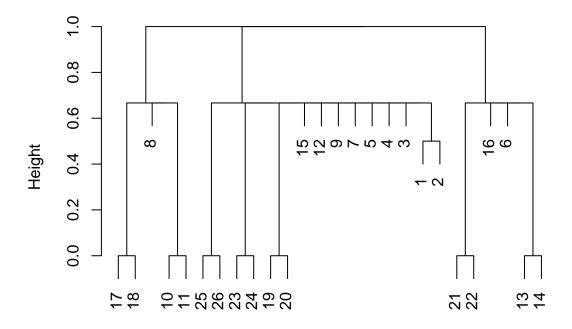
The database is scanned at each level of lattice. Additionally, Apriori uses a pruning technique based on the properties of the itemsets, which are: If an itemset is frequent, all its sub-sets are frequent and not need to be considered.

#### Example on Groceries data

```
##
##
  [1] {citrus fruit,
##
        semi-finished bread,
##
        margarine,
        ready soups}
   [2] {tropical fruit,
##
##
        yogurt,
        coffee}
##
## [3] {whole milk}
   [4] {pip fruit,
##
##
        yogurt,
##
        cream cheese,
        meat spreads}
##
##
   [5] {other vegetables,
##
        whole milk,
##
        condensed milk,
        long life bakery product}
##
   [6] {whole milk,
##
##
        butter,
##
        yogurt,
##
        rice,
        abrasive cleaner}
On R
## Apriori
##
## Parameter specification:
    confidence minval smax arem aval original Support maxtime support minlen
           0.2
                  0.1
                          1 none FALSE
                                                  TRUE
##
    maxlen target ext
##
        10 rules TRUE
##
## Algorithmic control:
##
    filter tree heap memopt load sort verbose
##
       0.1 TRUE TRUE FALSE TRUE
                                          TRUE
##
## Absolute minimum support count: 295
## set item appearances ...[0 item(s)] done [0.00s].
## set transactions ...[169 item(s), 9835 transaction(s)] done [0.01s].
## sorting and recoding items ... [44 item(s)] done [0.00s].
## creating transaction tree ... done [0.00s].
## checking subsets of size 1 2 3 done [0.00s].
```

```
## writing ... [26 rule(s)] done [0.00s].
## creating S4 object ... done [0.00s].
## set of 26 rules
##
                            rhs
                                              support
                                                         confidence coverage
## [1] {whipped/sour cream} => {whole milk}
                                              0.03223183 0.4496454 0.07168277
## [2] {root vegetables}
                          => {whole milk}
                                              0.04890696 0.4486940 0.10899847
## [3] {root vegetables}
                          => {other vegetables} 0.04738180 0.4347015 0.10899847
## [4] {tropical fruit}
                          => {whole milk}
                                              0.04229792 0.4031008 0.10493137
                                              0.05602440 0.4016035 0.13950178
## [5] {yogurt}
                          => {whole milk}
##
      lift
               count
## [1] 1.759754 317
## [2] 1.756031 481
## [3] 2.246605 466
## [4] 1.577595 416
## [5] 1.571735 551
   [1] 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 1 3 3 1 2 2 1 2 4 4 1 1 5 5 1 1 1 1
```

# **Cluster Dendrogram**



d hclust (\*, "complete")

## Using Frequent itemset to find rules

### Concept

TO DO

### Example on personal data

We cal also use the ruleInduction method to find closed frequent itemset.

ruleInduction has as attribute a method function.

Closed Frequent itemsets:

An itemset X is a closed frequent itemset in set S if X is both closed and frequent in S.

Eclat algorithm:

Mine frequent itemsets

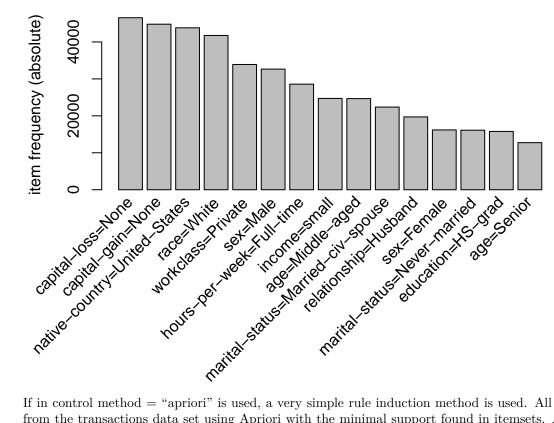
This algorithm uses simple intersection operations for equivalence class clustering along with bottom-up lattice traversal.

#### On R

```
##
       items
                                             transactionID
##
   [1] {age=Middle-aged,
        workclass=State-gov,
##
##
        education=Bachelors,
##
        marital-status=Never-married,
##
        occupation=Adm-clerical,
##
        relationship=Not-in-family,
##
        race=White,
##
        sex=Male,
        capital-gain=Low,
##
##
        capital-loss=None,
        hours-per-week=Full-time,
##
##
        native-country=United-States,
        income=small}
##
   [2] {age=Senior,
##
##
        workclass=Self-emp-not-inc,
##
        education=Bachelors,
##
        marital-status=Married-civ-spouse,
        occupation=Exec-managerial,
##
##
        relationship=Husband,
        race=White,
##
##
        sex=Male,
##
        capital-gain=None,
##
        capital-loss=None,
##
        hours-per-week=Part-time,
##
        native-country=United-States,
##
        income=small}
                                                          2
##
   [3] {age=Middle-aged,
##
        workclass=Private,
##
        education=HS-grad,
##
        marital-status=Divorced,
        occupation=Handlers-cleaners,
##
##
        relationship=Not-in-family,
```

```
##
        race=White,
##
        sex=Male,
##
        capital-gain=None,
##
        capital-loss=None,
##
        hours-per-week=Full-time,
##
        native-country=United-States,
##
        income=small}
                                                         3
##
   [4] {age=Senior,
##
        workclass=Private,
##
        education=11th,
##
        marital-status=Married-civ-spouse,
##
        occupation=Handlers-cleaners,
        relationship=Husband,
##
##
        race=Black,
##
        sex=Male,
##
        capital-gain=None,
##
        capital-loss=None,
##
        hours-per-week=Full-time,
##
        native-country=United-States,
##
        income=small}
                                                         4
##
   [5] {age=Middle-aged,
##
        workclass=Private,
##
        education=Bachelors,
##
        marital-status=Married-civ-spouse,
##
        occupation=Prof-specialty,
##
        relationship=Wife,
##
        race=Black,
        sex=Female,
##
##
        capital-gain=None,
##
        capital-loss=None,
##
        hours-per-week=Full-time,
##
        native-country=Cuba,
                                                         5
##
        income=small}
## Eclat
##
## parameter specification:
   tidLists support minlen maxlen
                                                target ext
       FALSE
                                100 frequent itemsets TRUE
##
                0.01
                          1
##
## algorithmic control:
##
    sparse sort verbose
##
             -2
                   TRUE
##
## Absolute minimum support count: 488
##
## create itemset ...
## set transactions ...[115 item(s), 48842 transaction(s)] done [0.06s].
## sorting and recoding items ... [67 item(s)] done [0.01s].
## creating bit matrix ... [67 row(s), 48842 column(s)] done [0.01s].
## writing ... [80228 set(s)] done [0.30s].
## Creating S4 object ... done [0.02s].
```

## **Item Frequency**



If in control method = "apriori" is used, a very simple rule induction method is used. All rules are mined from the transactions data set using Apriori with the minimal support found in itemsets. And in a second step all rules which do not stem from one of the itemsets are removed. This procedure will be in many cases very slow (e.g., for itemsets with many elements or very low support).

```
##
       lhs
                                                rhs
                                                                        support confidence
                                                                                                lift
##
   [1] {marital-status=Married-civ-spouse,
##
        sex=Female,
##
        capital-gain=None,
##
        native-country=United-States,
##
        income=large}
                                             => {relationship=Wife} 0.01095369 0.9870849 20.68263
##
   [2] {marital-status=Married-civ-spouse,
##
        race=White,
        sex=Female,
##
##
        capital-gain=None,
##
        income=large}
                                             => {relationship=Wife} 0.01076942 0.9868668 20.67806
##
   [3] {marital-status=Married-civ-spouse,
        race=White,
##
##
        sex=Female,
##
        native-country=United-States,
                                             => {relationship=Wife} 0.01238688 0.9837398 20.61254
##
        income=large}
##
   [4] {marital-status=Married-civ-spouse,
##
        race=White,
##
        sex=Female,
##
        capital-loss=None,
##
        native-country=United-States,
##
        income=large}
                                             => {relationship=Wife} 0.01113796 0.9837251 20.61223
   [5] {marital-status=Married-civ-spouse,
```

```
##
        capital-gain=None,
##
        income=large}
                                             => {relationship=Wife} 0.01220261 0.9834983 20.60748
If in control method = "ptree" is used, the transactions are counted into a prefix tree and then the rules are
selectively generated using the counts in the tree. This is usually faster than the above approach.
##
                                                rhs
                                                                        support confidence
                                                                                                lift itemse
  [1] {marital-status=Married-civ-spouse,
##
##
        sex=Female,
##
        capital-gain=None,
##
        native-country=United-States,
                                             => {relationship=Wife} 0.01095369 0.9870849 20.68263
                                                                                                         559
##
        income=large}
   [2] {marital-status=Married-civ-spouse,
##
##
        race=White,
##
        sex=Female,
##
        capital-gain=None,
                                             => {relationship=Wife} 0.01076942 0.9868668 20.67806
##
        income=large}
                                                                                                         558
   [3] {marital-status=Married-civ-spouse,
##
##
        race=White,
##
        sex=Female,
##
        native-country=United-States,
        income=large}
                                             => {relationship=Wife} 0.01238688 0.9837398 20.61254
                                                                                                         558
##
   [4] {marital-status=Married-civ-spouse,
##
##
        race=White.
##
        sex=Female,
##
        capital-loss=None,
##
        native-country=United-States,
                                             => {relationship=Wife} 0.01113796  0.9837251  20.61223
                                                                                                         558
##
        income=large}
##
   [5] {marital-status=Married-civ-spouse,
##
        sex=Female,
##
        capital-gain=None,
##
        income=large}
                                             => {relationship=Wife} 0.01220261 0.9834983 20.60748
                                                                                                         559
NOW THE BIG QUESTION ???
How to win money?
## Eclat
##
## parameter specification:
##
   tidLists support minlen maxlen
                                                target ext
##
       FALSE
                0.01
                           1
                                200 frequent itemsets TRUE
##
## algorithmic control:
##
    sparse sort verbose
##
         7
             -2
                   TRUE
##
## Absolute minimum support count: 488
##
## create itemset ...
## set transactions ...[115 item(s), 48842 transaction(s)] done [0.06s].
## sorting and recoding items ... [67 item(s)] done [0.01s].
## creating bit matrix ... [67 row(s), 48842 column(s)] done [0.01s].
## writing ... [80228 set(s)] done [0.27s].
## Creating S4 object ... done [0.03s].
```

##

sex=Female,

```
## set of 14 rules
##
        lhs
                                           rhs
                                                                   support confidence
                                                                                           lift
   [1]
        {capital-loss=None,
##
         hours-per-week=Over-time,
                                        => {capital-gain=High} 0.01148602 0.1817887 5.253802
##
         income=large}
##
  [2]
        {race=White,
##
         capital-loss=None,
##
         hours-per-week=Over-time,
##
         income=large}
                                        => {capital-gain=High} 0.01052373 0.1779778 5.143665
##
  [3]
        {capital-loss=None,
##
         hours-per-week=Over-time,
##
         native-country=United-States,
##
                                        => {capital-gain=High} 0.01046231 0.1779248 5.142132
         income=large}
        {hours-per-week=Over-time,
                                        => {capital-gain=High} 0.01148602 0.1625145 4.696765
##
         income=large}
##
   [5]
        {capital-loss=None,
                                        => {capital-gain=High} 0.02319725 0.1602999 4.632763
##
         income=large}
##
  [6]
        {capital-loss=None,
##
         native-country=United-States,
##
         income=large}
                                        => {capital-gain=High} 0.02119078 0.1600680 4.626061
##
  [7]
        {hours-per-week=Over-time,
##
         native-country=United-States,
##
         income=large}
                                        => {capital-gain=High} 0.01046231 0.1594881 4.609302
##
  [8]
        {race=White,
##
         hours-per-week=Over-time,
         income=large}
##
                                        => {capital-gain=High} 0.01052373 0.1591824 4.600466
## [9]
        {race=White,
##
         capital-loss=None,
##
         native-country=United-States,
##
         income=large}
                                        => {capital-gain=High} 0.01951190 0.1578860 4.562999
##
   [10] {race=White,
##
         capital-loss=None,
                                        => {capital-gain=High} 0.02069940
##
         income=large}
                                                                            0.1576977 4.557557
  [11] {sex=Male,
##
         capital-loss=None.
##
                                        => {capital-gain=High} 0.01887720 0.1539232 4.448472
##
         income=large}
##
  [12] {sex=Male,
##
         capital-loss=None,
##
         native-country=United-States,
                                        => {capital-gain=High} 0.01719831 0.1529776 4.421143
##
         income=large}
  [13] {race=White,
##
##
         sex=Male.
##
         capital-loss=None,
##
         income=large}
                                        => {capital-gain=High} 0.01705499 0.1520906 4.395507
##
  [14] {race=White,
##
         sex=Male,
##
         capital-loss=None,
##
         native-country=United-States,
                                        => {capital-gain=High} 0.01605176  0.1518203  4.387696
##
         income=large}
```

## Frequent pattern-based cluster analysis

### Clustering with Apriori algorithm as dissimilarity measure

#### Concept

TO DO

#### Example on tennis data

```
On R
```

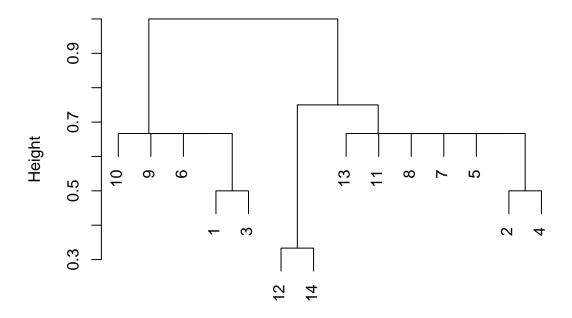
```
##
       items
                     transactionID
## [1] {Result=0,
##
        ACE.1=Low,
##
        UFE. 1=Low,
##
        ACE.2=Low,
        UFE.2=Low}
                                 1
##
  [2] {Result=0,
        ACE.1=None,
##
##
        UFE.1=Low,
##
        ACE.2=High,
                                 2
##
        UFE.2=Low}
##
  [3] {Result=1,
##
        ACE. 1=Low,
##
        UFE.1=Low,
##
        ACE.2=Low,
##
        UFE.2=High}
                                 3
## [4] {Result=1,
        ACE.1=High,
##
##
        UFE.1=High,
##
        ACE.2=None,
##
        UFE.2=High}
##
   [5] {Result=0,
        ACE. 1=Low,
##
##
        UFE.1=High,
##
        ACE.2=High,
        UFE.2=High}
The associations rules for Player-1 winning:
## Apriori
##
## Parameter specification:
   confidence minval smax arem aval original Support maxtime support minlen
##
           0.3
                  0.1
                          1 none FALSE
                                                   TRUE
                                                                    0.15
##
    maxlen target ext
##
        10 rules TRUE
##
## Algorithmic control:
##
   filter tree heap memopt load sort verbose
##
       0.1 TRUE TRUE FALSE TRUE
                                           TRUE
## Absolute minimum support count: 17
## set item appearances ...[1 item(s)] done [0.00s].
## set transactions ...[12 item(s), 118 transaction(s)] done [0.00s].
```

```
## sorting and recoding items ... [11 item(s)] done [0.00s].
## creating transaction tree ... done [0.00s].
## checking subsets of size 1 2 3 4 done [0.00s].
## writing ... [13 rule(s)] done [0.00s].
## creating S4 object ... done [0.00s].
## set of 13 rules
##
       lhs
                                 rhs
                                             support
                                                       confidence coverage
## [1] {ACE.1=High,UFE.1=Low} => {Result=1} 0.1525424 0.8181818 0.1864407
## [2] {ACE.1=High}
                              => {Result=1} 0.2881356 0.6938776
                                                                 0.4152542
## [3] {ACE.1=High,UFE.2=Low} => {Result=1} 0.1694915 0.6451613
                                                                  0.2627119
## [4] {ACE.2=Low}
                              => {Result=1} 0.2457627 0.6170213
                                                                  0.3983051
                              => {Result=1} 0.3220339 0.6129032 0.5254237
## [5] {UFE.1=Low}
##
       lift
## [1] 1.532468 18
## [2] 1.299644 34
## [3] 1.208397 20
## [4] 1.155691 29
## [5] 1.147977 38
The associations rules for Player-1 loosing:
## Apriori
##
## Parameter specification:
   confidence minval smax arem aval originalSupport maxtime support minlen
           0.3
                  0.1
                         1 none FALSE
                                                  TRUE
                                                             5
                                                                  0.15
##
   maxlen target ext
##
        10 rules TRUE
##
## Algorithmic control:
##
   filter tree heap memopt load sort verbose
##
       0.1 TRUE TRUE FALSE TRUE
                                     2
                                          TRUE
##
## Absolute minimum support count: 17
## set item appearances ...[1 item(s)] done [0.00s].
## set transactions ...[12 item(s), 118 transaction(s)] done [0.00s].
## sorting and recoding items ... [11 item(s)] done [0.00s].
## creating transaction tree ... done [0.00s].
## checking subsets of size 1 2 3 4 done [0.00s].
## writing ... [10 rule(s)] done [0.00s].
## creating S4 object ... done [0.00s].
## set of 10 rules
       lhs
                                  rhs
                                              support
                                                        confidence coverage
                               => {Result=0} 0.2372881 0.6086957
## [1] {ACE.2=High}
                                                                   0.3898305
## [2] {UFE.1=High}
                               => {Result=0} 0.2627119 0.5535714
                                                                   0.4745763
## [3] {ACE.1=Low}
                               => {Result=0} 0.2372881 0.5283019
## [4] {UFE.2=Low}
                               => {Result=0} 0.2796610 0.5238095
                                                                   0.5338983
## [5] {UFE.1=High,UFE.2=High} => {Result=0} 0.1525424 0.4864865 0.3135593
##
       lift
                count
## [1] 1.305929 28
## [2] 1.187662 31
## [3] 1.133448 28
```

```
## [4] 1.123810 33
## [5] 1.043735 18
All the rules with Result as association:
## Apriori
##
## Parameter specification:
   confidence minval smax arem aval originalSupport maxtime support minlen
##
           0.4
                  0.1
                         1 none FALSE
                                                  TRUE
##
   maxlen target ext
##
        10 rules TRUE
##
## Algorithmic control:
  filter tree heap memopt load sort verbose
       0.1 TRUE TRUE FALSE TRUE
##
                                         TRUE
##
## Absolute minimum support count: 23
##
## set item appearances ...[2 item(s)] done [0.00s].
## set transactions ...[12 item(s), 118 transaction(s)] done [0.00s].
## sorting and recoding items ... [11 item(s)] done [0.00s].
## creating transaction tree ... done [0.00s].
## checking subsets of size 1 2 3 done [0.00s].
## writing ... [14 rule(s)] done [0.00s].
## creating S4 object ... done [0.00s].
## set of 14 rules
                       rhs
                                  support
                                             confidence coverage lift
## [1] {ACE.2=High} => {Result=0} 0.2372881 0.6086957 0.3898305 1.305929 28
## [2] {ACE.1=High} => {Result=1} 0.2881356 0.6938776 0.4152542 1.299644 34
## [3] {UFE.1=High} => {Result=0} 0.2627119 0.5535714 0.4745763 1.187662 31
## [4] {ACE.2=Low} => {Result=1} 0.2457627 0.6170213 0.3983051 1.155691 29
## [5] {UFE.1=Low} => {Result=1} 0.3220339 0.6129032 0.5254237 1.147977 38
Cluster the results:
##
        lhs
                                                       confidence coverage
                                             support
## [1]
       {}
                              => {Result=0} 0.4661017 0.4661017
## [2]
                              => {Result=1} 0.5338983 0.5338983
       {}
                                                                  1.0000000
## [3]
        {ACE.2=High}
                              => {Result=0} 0.2372881 0.6086957
                                                                  0.3898305
## [4]
                              => {Result=1} 0.2457627 0.6170213
       {ACE.2=Low}
                                                                  0.3983051
                              => {Result=1} 0.2881356 0.6938776
## [5]
       {ACE.1=High}
                                                                  0.4152542
## [6]
        {ACE.1=Low}
                              => {Result=0} 0.2372881 0.5283019
                                                                  0.4491525
## [7]
        {ACE.1=Low}
                              => {Result=1} 0.2118644 0.4716981
                                                                  0.4491525
## [8]
        {UFE.2=High}
                              => {Result=1} 0.2796610 0.6000000
                                                                  0.4661017
## [9]
        {UFE.1=High}
                              => {Result=0} 0.2627119 0.5535714
                                                                  0.4745763
                              => {Result=0} 0.2796610 0.5238095
## [10] {UFE.2=Low}
                                                                  0.5338983
## [11] {UFE.1=High}
                              => {Result=1} 0.2118644 0.4464286
                                                                  0.4745763
## [12] {UFE.1=Low}
                              => {Result=1} 0.3220339 0.6129032
                                                                  0.5254237
## [13] {UFE.2=Low}
                              => {Result=1} 0.2542373 0.4761905
                                                                  0.5338983
## [14] {UFE.1=Low,UFE.2=Low} => {Result=1} 0.2033898 0.5454545
##
        lift
                  count
## [1]
       1.0000000 55
## [2]
       1.0000000 63
## [3] 1.3059289 28
```

```
## [4]
        1.1556906 29
##
   [5]
        1.2996437 34
        1.1334477 28
   [6]
  [7]
        0.8834981 25
##
        1.1238095 33
##
   [8]
##
   [9]
        1.1876623 31
## [10] 1.1238095 33
## [11] 0.8361678 25
   [12] 1.1479775 38
  [13] 0.8919123 30
  [14] 1.0216450 24
    [1] 1 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2
```

# **Cluster Dendrogram**



d hclust (\*, "complete")

This clustering regroups Player-1 winner together very well.

# The CLIQUE algorithm

## The ENCLUS algorithm

ENtropy-based CLUStering

### Frequent pattern-based classification

#### Classification based on Association

#### CBA Algorithm

TO DO definition

#### From classification to associations rules

```
rhs
                                          support confidence coverage lift count size coveredTransactions
## [1] {ACE.1=[3.5, Inf],
##
        ACE.2 = [-Inf, 1.5),
                                                        0.917
                                                                  0.136 1.61
        UFE.2=[8.5, Inf]} => {Result=1}
                                            0.125
                                                                                 11
                                                                                       4
                                                                                                            12
## [2] {ACE.1=[3.5, Inf],
        ACE.2=[-Inf,1.5)\} => \{Result=1\}
                                            0.159
                                                        0.875
                                                                  0.182 1.54
                                                                                 14
                                                                                       3
                                                                                                            4
##
## [3] {ACE.1=[3.5, Inf],
        UFE.2=[8.5, Inf]} => {Result=1}
                                                                  0.284 1.34
                                                                                       3
##
                                            0.216
                                                        0.760
                                                                                 19
                                                                                                            13
## [4] {UFE.1=[7.5, Inf],
##
        ACE.2 = [-Inf, 1.5),
##
        UFE.2=[8.5, Inf]} => {Result=1}
                                            0.227
                                                        0.690
                                                                  0.330 1.21
                                                                                 20
                                                                                       4
                                                                                                            18
## [5] {}
                           => {Result=0}
                                                        0.432
                                                                     NA 1.00
                                                                                                           41
                                            0.432
                                                                                 88
                                                                                       1
##
                         true
## classifier.prediction
##
                        0 14
                           3
##
```

#### From associations rules to classification

```
## Mining CARs...
## Apriori
##
## Parameter specification:
   confidence minval smax arem aval originalSupport maxtime support minlen
##
           0.6
                  0.1
                         1 none FALSE
                                                 TRUE
                                                                   0.1
##
   maxlen target ext
##
         5 rules TRUE
##
## Algorithmic control:
   filter tree heap memopt load sort verbose
##
##
       0.1 TRUE TRUE FALSE TRUE
                                         TRUE
##
## Absolute minimum support count: 8
##
## set item appearances ...[12 item(s)] done [0.00s].
## set transactions ...[12 item(s), 88 transaction(s)] done [0.00s].
## sorting and recoding items ... [12 item(s)] done [0.00s].
## creating transaction tree ... done [0.00s].
## checking subsets of size 1 2 3 4 done [0.00s].
## writing ... [23 rule(s)] done [0.00s].
## creating S4 object ... done [0.00s].
##
## Pruning CARs...
## CARs left: 8
```

```
## ## classifier.prediction 0 1 ## 0 11 3 ## 1 6 10
```

Classification based on Multiple Association Rules Classification based on Predictive Association Rules

# Evaluation

Compare the algorithms