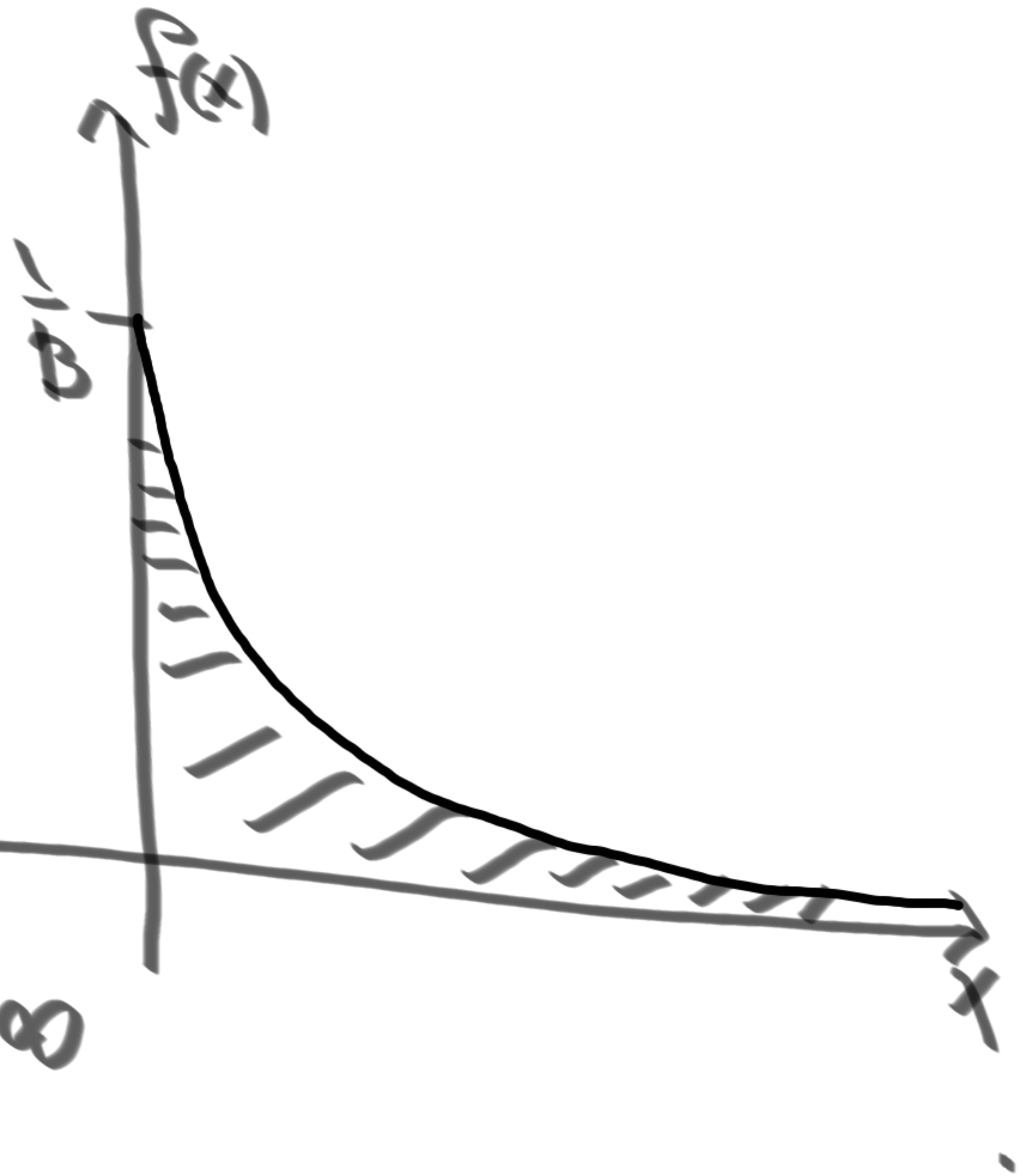


$$X \sim \text{Exp}(\beta)$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} f(x) dx = 1$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{\beta} e^{-x/\beta} dx = \left[ -e^{-x/\beta} \right]_0^{\infty} = 1 - 0 = 1.$$



$$X \sim \text{Exp}(\beta)$$

① mean of  $X \Rightarrow E(X) = \beta$

$$\Rightarrow E(X) = \int_0^{\infty} x f(x) dx = \int_0^{\infty} x \frac{1}{\beta} e^{-x/\beta} dx$$

$$\frac{1}{\beta} \int_0^{\infty} x e^{-x/\beta} dx = \beta \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x}{\beta} e^{-x/\beta} d\left(\frac{x}{\beta}\right) = \beta \int_0^{\infty} u e^{-u} du = \beta \int_0^{\infty} u^1 e^{-u} du = \beta \Gamma(2) = \beta$$

$$\boxed{\int_0^{\infty} u^2 e^{-u} du = \Gamma(3) = 2! = 2}$$

$$\Gamma(n) = (n-1)!$$

$$\Gamma(n) = (n-1) \Gamma(n-1)$$

$$\Gamma(k) = \sqrt{\pi}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \text{Var}(X) = \beta^2 \Rightarrow \text{Var}(X) = \underbrace{E(X^2)}_{2\beta^2} - \underbrace{(E(X))^2}_{\beta^2}$$

$$E(X^2) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 p(x) dx = \beta^2 \int_0^{\infty} \left(\frac{x}{\beta}\right)^2 e^{-x/\beta} \frac{dx}{\beta}$$

$$= \beta^2 \int (3) = 2\beta^2$$

$$\text{Var}(X) = \beta^2$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \boxed{\text{جن}} \\
 \sqrt{\phantom{x}} \\
 \boxed{\text{جن}} - 1 \\
 \sqrt{\phantom{x}} \\
 \boxed{\text{جن}}
 \end{array}
 = \sqrt{(2+1)}$$

CDF of  $(x)$ .

$X \sim \text{Exp}(B)$

$$F(x) = \begin{cases}$$

0

$x < 0$



mean

$\Rightarrow X \sim \text{Exp}(B)$

①  $E(X) = B$

②  $\text{Var}(X) = B^2$

③  $F(x)$

$$1 - e^{-x/B} \quad x > 0$$

## Example

let  $X$  be an  $\overset{\text{Exp}}{\text{Exp}}(0.2)$ , write the pdf

a)  $f(x) = 0.2 e^{-0.2x} \quad x > 0$

b)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{5} e^{-x/5} \quad x > 0$

c)  $f(x) = 5x(e^{-5x}) \quad x > 0$

d)  $f(x) = 5e \quad x > 0$



$$X \sim \text{Exp}(\beta)$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\beta} e^{-x/\beta} \quad x \geq 0$$

$$= \frac{1}{0.2} e^{-x/0.2} \quad x \geq 0$$

$$= 5 e^{-5x} \quad x \geq 0$$

find  $P(X > 1)$

$P(X < 2)$

$P(1 < X < 3)$ .

$$P(X > 1) = 1 - P(X \leq 1)$$

$$= 1 - F(1)$$

$$= 1 - (1 - e^{-s}) = e^{-s}$$

$X \sim \text{Exp}(s)$

$$f(x) = s e^{-sx}$$

$$F(x) = 1 - e^{-sx}$$



$$P(X < 2) = 1 - e^{-5(2)} = 1 - e^{-10}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(1 < X < 3) &= F(3) - F(1) \\
 &= \left(1 - e^{-15}\right) - \left(1 - e^{-5}\right) \\
 &= e^{-5} - e^{-15}.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{B} e^{-x/B} & x > 0 \\ 0 & \text{o.w.} \end{cases}$$

Construct CDF of  $x$ .

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ \int_0^x f(t) dt & x \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$F(x) = P(X \leq x)$$

$$\int_0^x \frac{1}{B} e^{-t/B} dt$$

$$= \left[ -e^{-t/B} \right]_0^x$$

$$= 1 - e^{-x/B}$$

$$= \left[ -e^{-t/B} \right]_x^0$$

