## **ENDOMETRIOSIS PELVIC MRI ASSESSMENT -**

## **BR PROFORMA REPORT BLIND REVIEW**

#### Uterus

1: Absent

2: Present

## **Uterine anatomy**

- 1. Conventional
- 2. Arcuate
- 3. Septate
  - a. Full septum
  - b. Subseptate
- 4. Bicornuate unicollis
- Bicornuate bicollis
- 6. Didelphys
- 7. Other (free text enabled).

# Uterine Lie (can be more than one selection)

- 1. Anteverted
- 2. Anteflexed
- Retroverted
- 4. Retroflexed
- 5. Axial
- 6. Others (please specify) (Free text enabled)

## Uterine Size (body + cervix - 3 planes in mm)

1. (Free text).

82 × 45 × 41

## Endometrial thickness (sag plane in mm to nearest mm)

(Free text)

bmm

## **Endometrial lesions**

- 1. Not identified.
- 2. Present. Polyp.

2b-1: No. of polyps (free text)

2b-2: Size of each polyp. (free text)

## Adenomyosis

- .. No MRI supportive features
- 2. Supportive MRI features as described:
  - 1. Submucosal cysts.
  - Abnormal junctional zone thickening and measurement
    - i. Anterior (mm)
    - ii. Fundal (mm)
    - iii. Posterior (mm)

## Presence of an adenomyoma

1:

No

2: Yes

## **Fibroids**

1: ( No

2: Yes

2a: Number of fibroids:

2b: Largest fibroids (location and size mm all

fibroids >10mm and/or iimpact on the cavity) – (Free text)

2b: Submucosal fibroids

2b-0: No

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2b-1: Yes

2b-1-1: (description: free text)

## Left ovary

- 1: Absent (Branching logic move to "Right ovary")
- 2: Present

## Left ovary size (3 planes and volume)

- 1. NN x NN x NN mm 46 x 42 x 35
- 2. Volume (above x 0.52). 35.4

## Left ovary follicle measurements and count

- 1. N follicles between 2 and 9 mm in diameter
  - a. (Free text)

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- 2. N follicles > 9 mm
  - a. (Free text)
  - d. (Tree text)
- Dominant follicle
- a. \
- b. (N.)

# Left ovary position

- 1: Lateral adnexa. Unremarkable.
- 2: High positioning in iliac fossa.
- Tethered/ distorted appearances (may be multiple options)
  - $\ensuremath{\mathtt{3a}}\xspace$  : Intimate relationship to the lateral uterus
  - 3b Intimate relationship/ tethering to adjacent bowel.
  - 3c. Tethering to pelvic sidewall
  - 3d:Tethering to the uterosacral ligament

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3e:

Other: (free text)

## Left ovarian endometrioma

1: No

2: Yes

1a:

Size: NN in millimetres (mm) 39

T2 shading (intermediate/low homogeneous T2 signal).

1b-0: No

1b-1:

1c: T1 fat sat hyperintense

> 1c-0: Absent

1c-1: Present

1d: Internal nodularity, septation or other complexity.

> 1d-1: No

1d-2: Yes

# Left ovarian lesions/cysts other than suspected

# endometriomas

1: Not classifiable

2: Lesion features

> 2a: Unilocular cyst

2b: Unilocular-solid cyst

2c: Multilocular cvst

2d: Multilocular-solid cyst

Solid 2e:

Vascularity (post gadolinium enhancement). 3:

> 3a: Present

3b: Absent

Fat component (T1/T2 hyperintense. Low signal on fat suppression).

> 4a: Present.

4b: Absent.

## Right ovary

Absent (Branching logic - move to "Adnexa") 1:

Present 2:

## Right ovary size (3 planes and volume)

1. NN x NN x NN mm

28 x 26 x 35

Volume (above x 0.52).

## Right ovary follicle measurements and count

1. N follicles between 2 and 9 mm in diameter

a. (Free text) t

2. N follicles > 9 mm

(Free text)

3. Dominant follicle

a. Y

€ N.

# Right ovary position

Lateral adnexa. Unremarkable. 1:

2: High positioning in iliac fossa.

3: Tethered/ distorted appearances - may be multiple options.

3a: Intimate relationship to the lateral uterus

3b Intimate relationship/ tethering to

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adjacent bowel.

3c. Tethering to pelvic sidewall

3d: Tethering to the uterosacral ligament

## Right ovarian endometrioma

1: No

2: Yes

Size: NN in millimetres (mm) 2a:

T2 shading (intermediate/low 2b:

homogeneous T2 signal).

2b-0: No

Yes 2b-1:

T1 fat sat hyperintense 2c:

> 2c-0: Absent

2c-1: Present

2d: Internal nodularity, septation, complex:

> 2d-1: No

2d-2: Yes

# Right ovarian lesions/cysts other than suspected endometriomas

1: Not classifiable

2: Lesion features

> Unilocular cyst 2a:

Unilocular-solid cvst 2b:

Multilocular cyst 2c:

2d: Multilocular-solid cyst

2e: Solid

3: Vascularity (post gadolinium enhancement).

> 3a: Present

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3b:

Absent

Fat component (T1/T2 hyperintense. Low signal on fat suppression).

4a:

Present.

4b:

Absent.

Adnexa

1: Hydrosalpinx

1a:

No

Yes

1b:

Hematosalpinx

No 2a:

2b: Yes

3: Other (free text).

Are both ovaries immediately approximated "kissing"?

1:

2:

No

2: Yes

Urinary bladder nodule

Definition: Is there presence of a nodule in the bladder.

1:

'Absent'

2:

Present

Size: NN in millimetres (mm)

Uterovesical region

2a:

Definition: Assessment of whether there is a visible preserved fat plane +/- physiologic fluid +/- absent distortion between the anterior uterine serosa and bladder.

1:

Normal.

2: Abnormal.

2a:

(free text if required)

Ureteric nodule(s)?

Absent 1:

2: Present

> 2a: Location (free text + distance to ureteric

> > orifice/VUJ)

2b:

Size (mm)

**Pouch of Douglas obliteration** 

Definition: Assessment for abnormal loss of fat plane +/physiologic fluid and immediate approximation of rectosigmoid and/or small bowel to the posterior uterine serosa, cervix +/- vaginal wall.

Discrete linear bands may be visible ( $\sqrt{T1}$ ,  $\sqrt{T2}$ )

1:

Negative

2: **Partial** 

> 2a: Left

2b: Right

3: Complete

> 3a: Positive = obliteration.

3b: Positive = band adhesions.

Nodules present on the posterior vaginal fornix?

Definition: Thickening of superior 1/3 of posterior vaginal wall +/- nodularity. Nodules: ↓ T2 ↑T1 (if active haemorrhagic deposits)

1:

No

2: Yes **REVIEWER INITIALS** 2a:

Dimension of nodule to be measured in

NI

millimetres (mm).

2b1: Inactive.

2b2: Active

Vaginal forniceal elevation?

Definition: Upper level of fornix on sagittal view is superior to the angle of the uterine isthmus with stretching of vaginal wall, and/or acute angulation of the fornix.

1: No.

2:

2a: Left.

Yes

2b: Right

2c: Left and Right.

Rectovaginal nodules present?

Definition: Presence of deep infiltrating endometriosis in the anterior rectal wall and posterior vaginal fornix, located below the peritoneum of the Pouch of Douglas. Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as  $\downarrow$  T1  $\downarrow$  T2 signal. Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).

Νo 1:

Yes

2:

2a: Size (mm)

2b1: Inactive.

2b2: Active

# Uterosacral ligament nodules or thickening?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease nodules characterised as  $\downarrow$  T1  $\downarrow$  T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).

No) 1:

2: Yes nodules

> 2a: Left

> > 2a-1: Size (mm)

2b: Right

> Size (mm) 2b-1:

2c1: Inactive.

Active

2c2: 3: Yes thickening.

> 3a: Left.

3b: Right

3c: Both.

## Retrocervical nodule present?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as  $\downarrow$  T1 ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinacous content + glandular deposits).

1: No 2: Ýes

> Size (mm) 2a:

2b1: Inactive.

2b2: Active

#### Rectum and colon:

## Is there bowel deep infiltrating endometriosis seen?

Definition: Inactive/fibrotic disease characterised as \$\sqrt{T1}\$

↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinacous content + glandular deposits). "Mushroom cap sign" is specific to severe invasive bowel endometriosis and is characterized as a plaque with  $\sqrt{T2}$  at its 'base' and 1 T2 at its 'cap'.

1:

2: Yes

> 2a: Distance from the anal verge

> > Length (mm) 2a-1:

Lesion type 2b:

> 2b-1: Isolated lesion

2b-2: Multiple lesions

2b-3: Curved lesion

2b-4: Straight lesion

Maximal depth layer of invasion each 2c:

leasion (muscularis, submucosa,

mucosa).

Lesion 1: (free text) 2c-1:

Lesion 2 (free text) - delete if (2c-2:

not relevant

(2c-3 etc.)

Is it stuck to any structures or free lying? 2c:

> 2a-1: Vagina

2d-2: Uterus

2d-3: Uterosacral ligaments **REVIEWER INITIALS** 

Ovarv 2d-4:

Plaque thickness 2d:

2a: 1-5mm.

2b: 6-10mm.

2c: >11mm.

Activity 2e:

> 2f1: Inactive.

2f2: Active.

2f: "Mushroom cap" appearance:

> Present. 2g1:

2g2: Absent.

# Is there evidence of tethering of the bowel?

1: No

2: Yes, tethered to

> 2a: Uterus

2b: L. ovary

2c: R. ovary

L. uterosacral ligament nodule 2d:

2e: R. uterosacral ligament nodule

2f: L pelvic side wall.

R pelvic side wall. 2g:

2h: Other.

# Any other salient findings on the study:

No

2. Yes

(Free text).

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