SUBJECT ID = RR

ENDOMETRIOSIS PELVIC MRI ASSESSMENT -

BR PROFORMA REPORT BLIND REVIEW

Uterus

1: Absent

2: Present

Uterine anatomy

- 1. Conventional
- Arcuate
- Septate
 - Full septum
 - Subseptate
- Bicornuate unicollis
- Bicornuate bicollis 5.
- 6. Didelphys
- Other (free text enabled).

Uterine Lie (can be more than one selection)

- Anteverted 1.
- Anteflexed 2.
- 3. Retroverted
- Retroflexed
- 5. Axial
- Others (please specify) (Free text enabled)

Uterine Size (body + cervix - 3 planes in mm)



Endometrial thickness (sag plane in mm to nearest mm)

1. (Free text)



Endometrial lesions

- Not identified.
- Present. Polyp.

No. of polyps (free text)

2b-2: Size of each polyp. (free text)

Adenomyosis

- 1. No MRI supportive features
- 2. Supportive MRI features as described:
 - 1. Submucosal cysts.
 - 2. Abnormal junctional zone thickening and measurement
 - Anterior (mm)
 - Fundal (mm)
 - Posterior (mm)

Presence of an adenomyoma

1:

No

Yes

2: Yes

Fibroids

1:

No

2:

Number of fibroids: 2a:

2b: Largest fibroids (location and size mm all

fibroids >10mm and/or iimpact on the cavity) - (Free text)

2b: Submucosal fibroids

> 2b-0: No

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2b-1:

2b-1-1: (description: free text)

Left ovary

- 1: Absent (Branching logic - move to "Right ovary")
- 2: Present

Left ovary size (3 planes and volume)

- 1. NN×NN×NN mm 63 × 53 × 60
- 2. Volume (above x 0.52).



Left ovary follicle measurements and count

- 1. N follicles between 2 and 9 mm in diameter
 - a. (Free text)

- 2. N follicles > 9 mm
 - a. (Free text)
- Dominant follicle

Left ovary position

- 1: Lateral adnexa. Unremarkable.
- 2: High positioning in iliac fossa.
- 3: Tethered/ distorted appearances – (may be multiple options)

3a: Intimate relationship to the lateral uterus

3b Intimate relationship/ tethering to adjacent bowel.

3c. Tethering to pelvic sidewall

3d:Tethering to the uterosacral ligament

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3e:	Other: (free text)		
Left ovarian end	dometrioma		
1: No			
2: Yes	,		
la:	Size: NN in millimetres (mm)		
	1b: T2 shading (intermediate/low		
	homogeneous T2 signal).		
	1b-0: No		
	1b-1: (Yes)		
1c:	T1 fat sat hyperintense		
	1c-0: Absent		
	1c-1: Present		
1 d:	Internal nodularity, septation or other		
	complexity.		
	1d-1: No		
	1d-2: Yes		
	1-d-2-1: (Free text)		
	1-d-2-1: (Free text)		
Left ovarian les	ions/cysts other than suspected		
endometriomas			
1: Not cl	assifiable		
2: Lesion	features		
2a:	Unilocular cyst		
2b:	Unilocular-solid cyst		
2c:	Multilocular cyst		

Multilocular-solid cyst

Vascularity (post gadolinium enhancement).

Solid

Present

2d:

2e:

3a:

3:

	on fat suppression).		
	4a: Present.		
4	4b: Absent.		
, [
low .	Right ovary		
	1: Absent (Branching logic – move to "Adnexa")		
	2: Present		
	Right ovary size (3 planes and volume)		
	1. NN x NN x NN mm 29 💡 40 😗 34		
er	 NN x NN x NN mm Volume (above x 0.52). 		
	Right ovary follicle measurements and count		
	1. N follicles between 2 and 9 mm in diameter		
	a. (Free text)		
~ ~ \	2. N follicles > 9 mm		
	a. (Free text)		
	3. Dominant follicle		
	a (Ŷ)		
	b. N.		
	Right ovary position		
	1: Lateral adnexa. Unremarkable.		
	2: High positioning in iliac fossa.		
	3: Tethered/ distorted appearances – may be		
	multiple options.		
	3a; Intimate relationship to the lateral uterus		
	3b Intimate relationship/ tethering to		

3b:

Absent

Fat component (T1/T2 hyperintense. Low signal

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	adjacer	nt bowel.	
	3c. Tet	hering to pelvic sidewall	
	3d: Tet	thering to the uterosacral ligament	
Right o	ovarian en	dometrioma	
1:	No		
2:	(Yes	3	
	2a:	Size: NN in millimetres (mm) $\{2,3,2\}$	
	2b:	T2 shading (intermediate/low	
		homogeneous T2 signal).	
		2b-0: No	
		2b-1: Yes	
	2c:	T1 fat sat hyperintense	
		2c-0: Absent	
		2c-1: Present	
	2d:	Internal nodularity, septation, complex.	
		2d-1: No	
		2d-2: Yes	
Right o	ovarian les	ions/cysts other than suspected	
endon	netriomas	A company of the comp	
1:	(Not cla	ssifiable	
2: Lesion features		features	
	2a:	Unilocular cyst	
	2b:	Unilocular-solid cyst	
	2c:	Multilocular cyst	
	2d:	Multilocular-solid cyst	
	2e:	Solid	
3:	Vascularity (post gadolinium enhancement).		
	3a:	Present	
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3b:

Absent

4 Fat component (T1/T2 hyperintense. Low signal on fat suppression).

4a:

Present.

4b:

Absent.

Adnexa

1: Hydrosalpinx

1a:



1b:

Yes

2:

Hematosalpinx
2a: No

2b:

Yes

3: Other (free text).

Are both ovaries immediately approximated "kissing"?

1; No

2:



Urinary bladder nodule

Definition: Is there presence of a nodule in the bladder.

1:

Absent

2:

Present

Size: NN in millimetres (mm)

Uterovesical region

2a:

Definition: Assessment of whether there is a visible preserved fat plane +/- physiologic fluid +/- absent distortion between the anterior uterine serosa and bladder.

1:

Normal.

2: Abnormal.

2a:

(free text if required)

Ureteric nodule(s)?

1:

2:

Absent

Present 2a:

Location (free text + distance to ureteric

orifice/VUJ)

2b:

Size (mm)

Pouch of Douglas obliteration

Definition: Assessment for abnormal loss of fat plane +/physiologic fluid and immediate approximation of
rectosigmoid and/or small bowel to the posterior uterine
serosa, cervix +/- vaginal wall.

Discrete linear bands may be visible (\downarrow T1, \downarrow T2)

1: Negative

Partial

2a: Left

2b: Right

3:

2:

Complete

3a: Positive = obliteration.

3b:

Positive = band adhesions.

Nodules present on the posterior vaginal fornix?

Definition: Thickening of superior 1/3 of posterior vaginal wall +/- nodularity. Nodules: ↓ T2 ↑T1 (if active haemorrhagic deposits)

1:

rrnagic No

2:

Yes

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2a: Dimension of nodule to be measured in millimetres (mm).

2b1:

Inactive.

2b2:

Active

Vaginal forniceal elevation?

Definition: Upper level of fornix on sagittal view is superior to the angle of the uterine isthmus with stretching of vaginal wall, and/or acute angulation of the fornix.

1:

2: Y

Yes

No .

2a: Left.

2b: Right

2c: Left and Right.

Rectovaginal nodules present?

Definition: Presence of deep infiltrating endometriosis in the anterior rectal wall and posterior vaginal fornix, located below the peritoneum of the Pouch of Douglas. Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as \downarrow T1 \downarrow T2 signal. Active disease as \uparrow T1, \uparrow to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).

1:

No Yes

2:

2a: Size (mm)

2b1:

Inactive.

2b2:

Active

Uterosacral ligament nodules or thickening?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease nodules characterised as ↓ T1 ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).

1:

2: Yes nodules

2a:

Left

Size (mm) 🦷 2a-1:

2b: Right

> Size (mm) 2b-1:

Inactive. 2c1:

Active 2c2:

3: Yes thickening. 3a: Left.

> 3b: Right

Both. 3c:

Retrocervical nodule present?

Definition: Inactive/fibrotic disease characterised as \$\sqrt{T1}\$ ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/proteinacous content + glandular deposits).

1: No

2: Yes

> 2a: Size (mm)

2b1: Inactive.

2b2: Active

Rectum and colon:

Is there bowel deep infiltrating endometriosis seen?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as \$\sqrt{T1}\$ ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/proteinacous content + glandular deposits). "Mushroom cap sign" is specific to severe invasive bowel endometriosis and is characterized as a plague with \downarrow T2 at its 'base' and 个 T2 at its 'cap'.

1: No

2:

2b:

Distance from the anal verge 2a:

> Length (mm) 2a-1:

Lesion type

2b-1: Isolated lesion

2b-2: Multiple lesions

2b-3: Curved lesion

2b-4: Straight lesion

Maximal depth layer of invasion each 2c:

leasion (muscularis, submucosa,

mucosa).

Lesion 1: (free text) 2c-1:

(2c-2: Lesion 2 (free text) - delete if

not relevant

(2c-3 etc.)

Is it stuck to any structures or free lying? 2c:

> 2d-1: Vagina

2d-2: Uterus

2d-3: Uterosacral ligaments

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2d-4: Ovarv

2d: Plaque thickness

2a: 1-5mm.

2b: 6-10mm.

2c: >11mm.

2e: Activity

> 2f1: Inactive.

2f2: Active.

2f: "Mushroom cap" appearance:

> 2g1: Present. 2g2: Absent.

Is there evidence of tethering of the bowel?

1: No

2: Yes, tethered to

> **€Uterus** 2a:

2b: L. ovary.

2c: "R. ovarv

L. uterosacral ligament nodule 2d:

2e: R. uterosacral ligament nodule

2f: L pelvic side wall.

2g: R pelvic side wall.

2h: Other.

Any other salient findings on the study:

1. No

2. Yes

(Free text).

CSCS SCOR

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