SUBJECT ID = RR

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ENDOMETRIOSIS PELVIC MRI ASSESSMENT -

BR PROFORMA REPORT BLIND REVIEW

Uterus

1:

Absent



Present

Uterine anatomy

- 1. Conventional
- 2. Arcuate
- 3. Septate
 - a. Full septum
 - b. Subseptate
- 4. Bicornuate unicollis
- 5. Bicornuate bicollis
- 6. Didelphys
- 7. Other (free text enabled).

Utering Lie (can be more than one selection)

- 1. Anteverted
- 2. Anteflexed
- 3. Retroverted
- 4. Retroflexed
- 5. Axial
- 6. Others (please specify) (Free text enabled)

Uterine Size (body + cervix - 3 planes in mm)

1. (Free text).

69 x 48 x 37 mm

Endometrial thickness (sag plane in mm to nearest mm)

1. (Free text)



Endometrial lesions

1. Not identified.



2. Present. Polyp.

2b-1: No. of polyps (free text)

2b-2: Size of each polyp. (free text)

Adenomyosis

- 1. No MRI supportive features
- 2. Supportive MRI features as described:
 - 1. Submucosal cysts.
 - Abnormal junctional zone thickening and measurement
 - i. Anterior (mm)
 - ii. Fundal (mm)
 - ii. Posterior (mm)

Presence of an adenomyoma

1:

No

2.

Yes

Fibroids

1:

No

2.

1000000

2:

Yes

Number of fibroids:

2a: 2b:

Largest fibroids (location and size mm all

fibroids >10mm and/or iimpact on the cavity) - (Free text)

2b: Submucosal fibroids

2b-0:

No

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2b-1: Yes

2b-1-1: (description: free text)

Left ovary

1: Absent (Branching logic – move to "Right ovary")

2:

Present

Left ovary size (3 planes and volume)

1. NN x NN x NN mm 29 x 18 x 19 mm

2. Volume (above x 0.52).

5-200

Left ovary follicle measurements and count

1. N follicles between 2 and 9 mm in diameter

a. (Free text)

15

2. N follicles > 9 mm

a. (Free text)

0

3. Dominant follicle

a.

b. N.

Left ovary position

1: Lateral adnexa. Unremarkable.

2:

High positioning in iliac fossa.

Tethered/ distorted appearances – (may be multiple options)

3a: Intimate relationship to the lateral uterus

3b Intimate relationship/ tethering to adjacent

bowel.

3c. Tethering to pelvic sidewall

3d:Tethering to the uterosacral ligament

SUBJECT ID = RR Other: (free text) 3e: on fat Left ovarian endometrioma No 2: Yes Size: NN in millimetres (mm) 1a: T2 shading (intermediate/low 1b: Right homogeneous T2 signal). 1b-0: No Yes 1b-1: T1 fat sat hyperintense 1c: Right 1c-0: Absent 1c-1: Present Internal nodularity, septation or other 1d: complexity. Right 1d-1: No 1d-2: Yes 1-d-2-1: (Free text) Left ovarian lesions/cysts other than suspected endometriomas 1: Not classifiable 2: Lesion features Unilocular cyst 2a: Right Unilocular-solid cyst 2b: 2c: Multilocular cyst 2: Multilocular-solid cyst 2d: 3: 2e: Solid multiple options. Vascularity (post gadolinium enhancement). 3: 3a: Intimate relationship to the lateral uterus 3a: Present 3b Intimate relationship/ tethering to

					*	-	
		REVIEWER INITIALS					
	3b:	Absent		adjacent	nt bowel.		
	Fat co	mponent (T1/ T2 hyperintense. Low signal		3c. Teth	hering to pelvic sidewall		
it su	t suppression).			3d: Teth	hering to the uterosacral ligament		
	4a:	Present.					
	4b: Absent. Right of			varian endometrioma			
			1:	No			
t ov	ary		2:	Yes			
	Absent (Branching logic – move to "Adnexa")			2a:	Size: NN in millimetres (mm)		
)	Present			2b:	T2 shading (intermediate/low		
					homogeneous T2 signal).		
t ov		(3 planes and volume)			2b-0: No		
	1. N	IN x NN x NN mm 40 + 27 + 22	-mm		2b-1: Yes		
		olume (above x 0.52). 12 - 4 cc		2c:	T1 fat sat hyperintense		
					2c-0: Absent		
t ovary follicle measurements and count					2c-1: Present		
	1. N	I follicles between 2 and 9 mm in diameter		2d:	Internal nodularity, septation, complex.		
		a. (Free text)			2d-1: No		
	2. N	I follicles > 9 mm			2d-2: Yes		
		a. (Free text)	_				
				arian lesio	ions/cysts other than suspected		
		a. Y	endome	triomas			
		(b.)N.	1:	Not class	ssifiable		
			2:	Lesion fe	features		
t ovary position				2a:	Unilocular cyst		
	Lateral adnexa. Unremarkable.			2b:	Unilocular-solid cyst		
	High p	ositioning in iliac fossa.		2c:	Multilocular cyst		
	Tethe	red/ distorted appearances – may be		2d:	Multilocular-solid cyst		

2e:

3a:

3:

Solid

Present

Vascularity (post gadolinium enhancement).

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3b:

Absent

Fat component (T1/T2 hyperintense. Low signal on fat suppression).

4a:

Present.

4b:

Absent.

Adnexa

1: Hydrosalpinx

1a:

No

1b:

Yes

2: Hematosalpinx

2a:

(No

2b: Yes

3: Other (free text).

Are both ovaries immediately approximated "kissing"?

1:

No

Yes

Urinary bladder nodule

Definition: Is there presence of a nodule in the bladder.

1:

Absent

2: Present

2a:

Size: NN in millimetres (mm)

Uterovesical region

Definition: Assessment of whether there is a visible preserved fat plane +/- physiologic fluid +/- absent distortion between the anterior uterine serosa and bladder.

Normal.

2: Abnormal.

2a:

(free text if required)

Ureteric nodule(s)?

Absent

2: Present

2a:

Location (free text + distance to ureteric

orifice/VUJ)

2b:

Size (mm)

Pouch of Douglas obliteration

Definition: Assessment for abnormal loss of fat plane +/physiologic fluid and immediate approximation of rectosigmoid and/or small bowel to the posterior uterine serosa, cervix +/- vaginal wall.

Discrete linear bands may be visible (\downarrow T1, \downarrow T2)

1:

Negative

2: Partial

2a:

Left

2b: Right

3: Complete

3a:

Positive = obliteration.

3b:

No

Positive = band adhesions.

Nodules present on the posterior vaginal fornix?

Definition: Thickening of superior 1/3 of posterior vaginal wall +/- nodularity. Nodules: ↓ T2 ↑T1 (if active haemorrhagic deposits)

1:

Yes

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2a:

Dimension of nodule to be measured in

millimetres (mm).

2b1:

Inactive.

2b2:

Active

Vaginal forniceal elevation?

Definition: Upper level of fornix on sagittal view is superior to the angle of the uterine isthmus with stretching of vaginal wall, and/or acute angulation of the fornix.



No

2:

Yes

2a: Left.

2b: Right

2c: Left and Right.

Rectovaginal nodules present?

Definition: Presence of deep infiltrating endometriosis in the anterior rectal wall and posterior vaginal fornix, located below the peritoneum of the Pouch of Douglas. Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as ↓ T1 ↓ T2 signal. Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).

1:

No Yes

2:

2a: Size (mm)

2b1:

Inactive.

2b2:

Active

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Uterosacral ligament nodules or thickening?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease nodules characterised as \downarrow T1 \downarrow T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).



2: Yes nodules

> 2a: Left

> > 2a-1: Size (mm)

2b: Right

> 2b-1: Size (mm)

Inactive. 2c1:

2c2: Active

3: Yes thickening.

> 3a: Left.

3b: Right

3c: Both.

Retrocervical nodule present?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as \$\sqrt{T1}\$ ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinacous content + glandular deposits).



Yes

2a: Size (mm)

2b1: Inactive.

2b2: Active

Rectum and colon:

Is there bowel deep infiltrating endometriosis seen?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as \$\square\$ T1 ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinacous content + glandular deposits). "Mushroom cap sign" is specific to severe invasive bowel endometriosis and is characterized as a plaque with \downarrow T2 at its 'base' and ↑ T2 at its 'cap'.



No

Yes

Distance from the anal verge 2a:

> 2a-1: Length (mm)

2b: Lesion type

> 2b-1: Isolated lesion

Multiple lesions 2b-2:

2b-3: Curved lesion

2b-4: Straight lesion

Maximal depth layer of invasion each 2c:

leasion (muscularis, submucosa,

mucosa).

2c-1: Lesion 1: (free text)

(2c-2:Lesion 2 (free text) - delete if

not relevant

(2c-3 etc.)

2c: Is it stuck to any structures or free lying?

> 2d-1: Vagina

2d-2: Uterus

2d-3: Uterosacral ligaments

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2d-4: Ovary

2d: Plaque thickness

2a: 1-5mm.

2b: 6-10mm.

2c: >11mm.

2e: Activity

> 2f1: Inactive.

2f2: Active.

2f: "Mushroom cap" appearance:

> 2g1: Present.

2g2: Absent.

Is there evidence of tethering of the bowel?

No

Yes, tethered to

2a: Uterus

2b: L. ovary

2c: R. ovary

2d: L. uterosacral ligament nodule

R. uterosacral ligament nodule 2e:

2f: L pelvic side wall.

R pelvic side wall. 2g:

2h: Other.

Any other salient findings on the study:



2. Yes

(Free text).

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