SUBJECT ID = RR

ENDOMETRIOSIS PELVIC MRI ASSESSMENT –

BR PROFORMA REPORT BLIND REVIEW

Uterus

Absent

2: Present

Uterine anatomy

- /Conventional
- Arcuate
- 3. Septate
 - Full septum a.
 - Subseptate
- Bicornuate unicollis
- Bicornuate bicollis
- 6. Didelphys
- Other (free text enabled).

Uterine Lie (can be more than one selection)

Anteverted

- Anteflexed
- Retroverted
- Retroflexed
- Axial 5.
- Others (please specify) (Free text enabled)

Uterine Size (body + cervix - 3 planes in mm)

Endometrial thickness (sag plane in mm to nearest mm)

1. (Free text)



Endometrial lesions

- Not identified.
- Present. Polyp.

No. of polyps (free text) 2b-1:

2b-2: Size of each polyp. (free text)

Adenomyosis

No MRI supportive features

- 2. Supportive MRI features as described:
 - 1. Submucosal cysts.
 - Abnormal junctional zone thickening and measurement
 - Anterior (mm)
 - Fundal (mm)
 - Posterior (mm)

Presence of an adenomyoma

No

2: Yes

Fibroids

No

Yes

2a: Number of fibroids:

2b: Largest fibroids (location and size mm all

fibroids >10mm and/or iimpact on the cavity) - (Free text)

Submucosal fibroids 2b:

> 2b-0: No

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2b-1-1: (description: free text)

Left ovary

2:

Absent (Branching logic - move to "Right ovary")

Present

Left ovary size (3 planes and volume)

1. NN x NN x NN mm (2x34x d)
2. Volume (above x 0.52). 15-6 ml.

Left ovary follicle measurements and count

- 1. N follicles between 2 and 9 mm in diameter
 - a. (Free text)
- 2. N follicles > 9 mm
 - a. (Free text)

Dominant follicle

b.

Left ovary position

1:

Lateral adnexa. Unremarkable.

High positioning in iliac fossa. 2:

3: Tethered/ distorted appearances - (may be multiple options)

3a: Intimate relationship to the lateral uterus

3b Intimate relationship/ tethering to adjacent

bowel.

3c. Tethering to pelvic sidewall

3d:Tethering to the uterosacral ligament

SUBJECT ID = RR 3e: Other: (free text)

Left ovarian endometrioma No

Yes

1a:

Size: NN in millimetres (mm)

1b: T2 shading (intermediate/low

homogeneous T2 signal). 1b-0: No

1b-1: Yes

T1 fat sat hyperintense 1c:

> 1c-0: Absent

1c-1: Present

1d: Internal nodularity, septation or other complexity.

> 1d-1: No

1d-2: Yes

1-d-2-1: (Free text)

Left ovarian lesions/cysts other than suspected endometriomas

Not classifiable 1:

2: Lesion features

3:

2a: Unilocular cvst

Unifocular-solid cyst 2b:

/Multilocular cyst 2¢:

2d: Multilocular-solid cyst

Solid

Vascularity (post gadolinium enhancement).

3a: Present 3b: Absent

Fat component (T1/T2 hyperintense. Low signal on fat suppression).

> Present. 4a:

4b: Absent.

Right ovary

Absent (Branching logic -- move to "Adnexa")

Present

Right ovary size (3 planes and volume)

1. NN x NN x NN mm 33 x 22 x 2 5 2. Volume (above x 0.52).

Right ovary follicle measurements and count

1. N follicles between 2 and 9 mm in diameter

a. (Free text)

2. N follicles > 9 mm



3. Dominant follicle



Right ovary position

Lateral adnexa. Unremarkable.

High positioning in Iliac fossa.

3: Tethered/ distorted appearances - may be multiple options.

3a: Intimate relationship to the lateral uterus

3b Intimate relationship/ tethering to

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adjacent bowel.

3c. Tethering to pelvic sidewall

3d: Tethering to the uterosacral ligament

Right ovarian endometrioma

No

Yes

2a: Size: NN in millimetres (mm)

T2 shading (intermediate/low 2b:

homogeneous T2 signal).

2b-0: Νo

2b-1: Yes

T1 fat sat hyperintense 2c:

> 2c-0: Absent

2c-1: Present

2d: Internal nodularity, septation, complex.

> 2d-1: No

2d-2: Yes

Right ovarian lesions/cysts other than suspected endometriomas

Not classifiable 1:

2: Lesion features

> 2a: Unilocular cyst

2b: Unilocular-solid cyst

Multilocular cyst 2c:

Multilocular-solid cyst 2d:

Solid 2e:

3: Vascularity (post gadolinium enhancement).

> Present 3a:



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3b: Absent

4 Fat component (T1/T2 hyperintense. Low signal on fat suppression).

4a: Present.

4b: Absent.

Adnexa

1: Hydrosalpinx

1a. No

lb: Yes

2: Hematosalpinx

2b: Yes

3: Other (free text).

Are both ovaries immediately approximated "kissing"?

No

2: Yes

Urinary bladder nodule

Definition: Is there presence of a nodule in the bladder.

1: Absent

Present

2a: Size: NN in millimetres (mm)

Uterovesical region

Definition: Assessment of whether there is a visible preserved fat plane +/- physiologic fluid +/- absent distortion between the anterior uterine serosa and bladder.

/ Normal.

2: Abnormal.

2a: (free text if required)

Ureteric nodule(s)?

1: / Absent

: Present

2a: Location (free text + distance to ureteric

orifice/ VUJ)

2b: Size (mm)

Pouch of Douglas obliteration

Definition: Assessment for abnormal loss of fat plane +/physiologic fluid and immediate approximation of
rectosigmoid and/or small bowel to the posterior uterine
serosa, cervix +/- vaginal wall.

Discrete linear bands may be visible ($\sqrt{T1}$, $\sqrt{T2}$)

1: Negative

2: Partial

2a: Left

2b: Right

3: Complete

3a: Positive = obliteration.

3b: Positive = band adhesions.

Nodules present on the posterior vaginal fornix?

Definition: Thickening of superior 1/3 of posterior vaginal wall y/- nodularity. Nodules: ↓ T2 ↑T1 (if active haemorrhagic deposits)

No

2: Yes

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2a: Dimension of nodule to be measured in millimetres (mm).

2b1: Inactive.

2b2: Active

Vaginal forniceal elevation?

Definition: Upper level of fornix on sagittal view is superior to the angle of the uterine isthmus with stretching of

vaginal wall, and/or acute angulation of the fornix.

l:/ No

Yes

2a: Left.

2b: Right

2c: Left and Right.

Rectovaginal nodules present?

Definition: Presence of deep infiltrating endometriosis in the anterior rectal wall and posterior vaginal fornix, located below the peritoneum of the Pouch of Douglas. Inactive/fibrotic disease characterised as ψ T1 ψ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal

(hemorrhagic/ proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).

1: No

Yes

2a: Size (mm)

2b1: Inactive.

2b2: Active

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Uterosacral ligament nodules or thickening?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease nodules characterised as \downarrow T1 \downarrow T2 signal.

Active disease as \uparrow T1, \uparrow to intermediate. T2 signal (herhorrhagic/ proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).

No

Yes nodules

2a: Left

> 2a-1: Size (mm)

2b: Right

> 2b-1: Size (mm)

2c1: Inactive.

2c2: Active

3: Yes thickening.

3a:

Left.

3b: Right

Both. 3c.

Retrocervical nodule present?

Definition: Inactive/fibrotic disease characterised as \$\sqrt{T1}\$ ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinacous content + glandular deposits).

No

Yes

2a: Size (mm)

2b1: Inactive.

2b2: Active

Rectum and colon:

Is there bowel deep infiltrating endometriosis seen?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as \downarrow T1 ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinacous content + glandular deposits). "Mushroom cap sign" is specific to severe invasive bowel endometriosis and is characterized as a plaque with \$\sqrt{T2}\$ at jts_'base' and 个 T2 at its 'cap'.

No

Yes

2a: Distance from the anal verge

> 2a-1: Length (mm)

Lesion type 2b:

> Isolated lesion 2b-1:

2b-2: Multiple lesions

2b-3: Curved lesion

2b-4: Straight lesion

Maximal depth layer of invasion each 2c:

leasion (muscularis, submucosa,

mucosa).

2c-1: Lesion 1: (free text)

Lesion 2 (free text) - delete if (2c-2:

not relevant

(2c-3 etc.)

Is it stuck to any structures or free lying? 2c:

> 2d-1: Vagina

2d-2. Uterus

Uterosacral ligaments 2d-3:

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2d-4: Ovary

2d: Plaque thickness

2a: 1-5mm.

2b: 6-10mm.

2c: >11mm.

2e: Activity

> 2f1: Inactive.

2f2: Active.

2f: "Mushroom cap" appearance:

> 2g1: Present.

2g2: Absent.

Is there evidence of tethering of the bowel?

Yes, tethered to

2a: Uterus

2b: L. ovary

R. ovary 2c:

L. uterosacral ligament nodule 2d:

2e: R. uterosacral ligament nodule

2f: L pelvic side wall.

R pelvic side wall. 2g:

2h: Other.

Any other salient findings on the study: Νo

2. Yes

(Free text).

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