SUBJECT ID = RR

### **ENDOMETRIOSIS PELVIC MRI ASSESSMENT -**

### **BR PROFORMA REPORT BLIND REVIEW**

#### Uterus

1:

Absent

2:

Present

### Uterine anatomy

Conventional

- Arcuate
- 3. Septate
  - a. Full septum
  - b. Subseptate
- Bicornuate unicollis
- Bicornuate bicollis
- Didelphys
- Other (free text enabled).

#### Uterine Lie (can be more than one selection)

- Anteverted
- Anteflexed
- Retroverted
- Retroflexed
- Axial
- Others (please specify) (Free text enabled)

#### Uterine Size (body + cervix - 3 planes in mm )

1. (Free text). 19 +53 × 67





### Endometrial thickness (sag plane in mm to nearest mm)

(Free text)



### **Endometrial lesions**

Not identified.

2. Present. Polyp.

2b-1:

No. of polyps (free text)

2b-2:

Size of each polyp. (free text)

#### Adenomyosis

1. No MRI supportive features



Supportive MRI features as described:

Submucosal cysts.

Abnormal junctional zone thickening and wygowychium

Anterior (mm)

measurement

ii. Fundal (mm)

iii. Posterior (mm)

#### Presence of an adenomyoma

1:

No

2:

Yes

No

### Fibroids

1:

2: Yes

2a:

Number of fibroids:

2b: Largest fibroids (location and size mm all fibroids >10mm and/or iimpact on the cavity) - (Free text)

No

2b: Submucosal fibroids 2b-0:

Substrasal

14 mm anterior

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Yes 2b-1:

2b-1-1: (description: free text)

### Left ovary

1:

Absent (Branching logic - move to "Right ovary")

2:

Present

### Left ovary size (3 planes and volume)



2. Volume (above x 0.52).



# Left ovary follicle measurements and count

1. N follicles between 2 and 9 mm in diameter

a. (Free text)



2. N follicles > 9 mm

a. (Free text)

3. Dominant follicle



b. N.

# Left ovary position

1: Lateral adnexa. Unremarkable.

2: High positioning in iliac fossa.

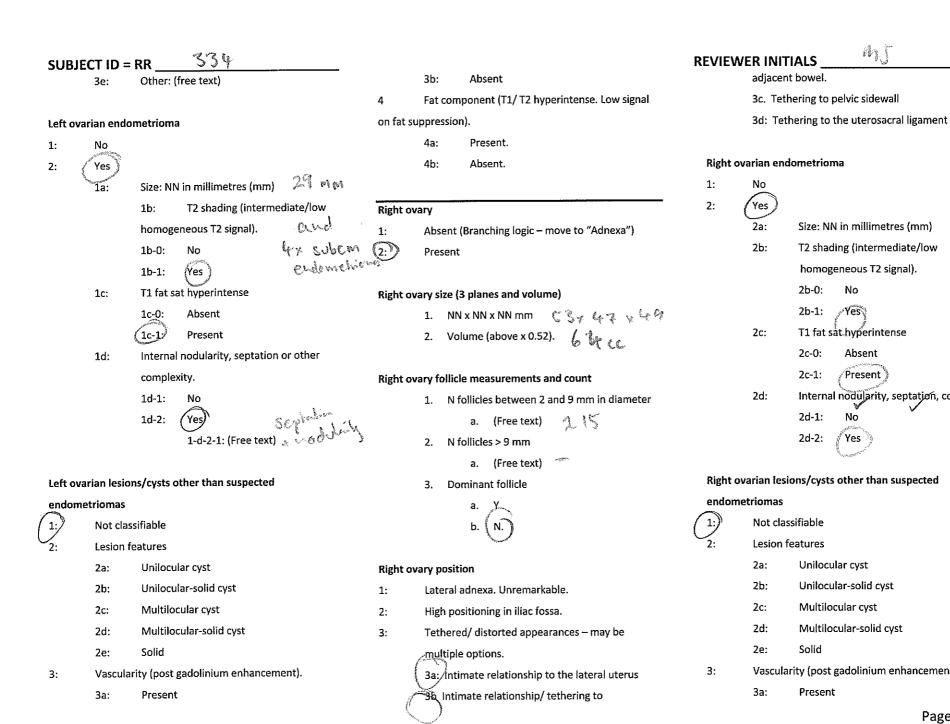
3: Tethered/ distorted appearances – (may be multiple options)

3a: Intimate relationship to the lateral uterus

3b Intimate relationship/ tethering to adjacent bowel.

3c. Tethering to pelvic sidewall

3d:Tethering to the uterosacral ligament



A.

Size: NN in millimetres (mm)

T2 shading (intermediate/low

homogeneous T2 signal).

Νo

⊮Yes∜

T1 fat sat hyperintense

No

Yes

Absent

Present

Internal nodularity, septation, complex.

2b-0:

2b-1:

2c-0:

2c-1:

2d-1:

2d-2:

Solid

Present

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3b:

Absent

4 Fat component (T1/ T2 hyperintense. Low signal on fat suppression).

4a:

Present.

4b:

Absent.

#### Adnexa

2:

1: Hydrosalpinx

1a:



1b:

Hematosalpinx

2a;



2b:

Yes

3: Other (free text).

### Are both ovaries immediately approximated "kissing"?

1:



#### Urinary bladder nodule

Definition: Is there presence of a nodule in the bladder.

1: Absent

2: Present

2a: Size: NN in millimetres (mm)

### **Uterovesical region**

Definition: Assessment of whether there is a visible preserved fat plane +/- physiologic fluid +/- absent distortion between the anterior uterine serosa and bladder.

1: Normal.

2: Abnormal.

2a:

(free text if required)

### Ureteric nodule(s)?



Absent

Present

2a: Locati

Location (free text + distance to ureteric

orifice/ VUJ)

2b:

Size (mm)

### **Pouch of Douglas obliteration**

Definition: Assessment for abnormal loss of fat plane +/physiologic fluid and immediate approximation of
rectosigmoid and/or small bowel to the posterior uterine
serosa, cervix +/- vaginal wall.

Discrete linear bands may be visible ( $\downarrow$  T1,  $\downarrow$  T2)

1: Negative

2: Partial

2a: Left

2b: Right

3:

Complete 3a: F

Positive = obliteration.

3b:

Positive = band adhesions.

### Nodules present on the posterior vaginal fornix?

Definition: Thickening of superior 1/3 of posterior vaginal wall +/- nodularity. Nodules: ↓ T2 ↑T1 (if active haemorrhagic deposits)

´ 1: )

No

Yes

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2a: Dimension of nodule to be measured in millimetres (mm).

2b1: Ir

Inactive.

2b2: Active

#### Vaginal forniceal elevation?

Definition: Upper level of fornix on sagittal view is superior to the angle of the uterine isthmus with stretching of vaginal wall, and/or acute angulation of the fornix.

1:

No Yes

4:

2a: Left.

2b: Right

2c: Left and Right.

### Rectovaginal nodules present?

Definition: Presence of deep infiltrating endometriosis in the anterior rectal wall and posterior vaginal fornix, located below the peritoneum of the Pouch of Douglas. Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as  $\psi$  T1  $\psi$  T2 signal. Active disease as  $\uparrow$ T1,  $\uparrow$  to intermediate- T2 signal

(hemorrhagic/proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).

1: No

2: Yes

2a: Size (mm)

2b1: Inactive.

2b2: Active

# Uterosacral ligament nodules or thickening?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease nodules characterised as ↓ T1 ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).

No 1:

2: Yes nodules

> 2a: Left

> > 2a-1: Size (mm)

2b: Right

> 2b-1: Size (mm)

2c1: Inactive.

Active 2c2:

Yes thickening. 3:

> 3a: Left.

3b: Right

3c: Both.

#### Retrocervical nodule present?

Definition: Inactive/fibrotic disease characterised as \$\sqrt{T1}\$ ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinacous content + glandular deposits).

1: No

2: Yes

> 2a: Size (mm)

2b1: Inactive.

2b2: Active

#### Rectum and colon:

#### Is there bowel deep infiltrating endometriosis seen?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as  $\downarrow$  T1 ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal

(hemorrhagic/ proteinacous content + glandular deposits). "Mushroom cap sign" is specific to severe invasive bowel endometriosis and is characterized as a plague with  $\downarrow$  T2 at its 'base' and 个 T2 at its 'cap'.

1: No

2: Yes

2a: Distance from the anal verge

Length (mm)

2b: Lesion type

> 2b-1: Isolated lesion

Multiple lesions 2b-2:

∕2b-3;∕ Curved lesion Straight lesion

Maximal depth layer of invasion each

leasion (muscularis, submucosa,

mucosa).

2b-4:

Lesion 1: (free text) 2c-1:

Lesion 2 (free text) - delete if (2c-2:

submuras-

not relevant

(2c-3 etc.)

2c: Is it stuck to any structures or free lying?

> 2d-1: Vagina

2d-2: Uterus

**Uterosacral ligaments** 2d-3:

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2d-4: Ovary

Plaque thickness 2d:

2a: 1-5mm.

2b: 6-10mm.

′2c: >11mm.

2e: Activity

> 2f1: Inactive.

/2f2:) Active.

2f: "Mushroom cap" appearance:

2g1: Present. Absent.

## Is there evidence of tethering of the bowel?

1: No

2: Yes, tethered to

> 2a: Úterus

2b: L. ovary 2c: R. ovary

2d: L. uterosacral ligament nodule

2e: R. uterosacral ligament nodule

2f: L pelvic side wall.

2g: R pelvic side wall.

2h: Other.

# Any other salient findings on the study:

1. .No.

2. Yes

a. (Free text).

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