SUBJECT ID = RR

2

ENDOMETRIOSIS PELVIC MRI ASSESSMENT -

BR PROFORMA REPORT BLIND REVIEW

Uterus

1:

Absent

(2:)

Present

Uterine anatomy

- 1. Conventional
- (2.) Arcuate
- 3. Septate
 - a. Full septum
 - b. Subseptate
- 4. Bicornuate unicollis
- Bicornuate bicollis
- 6. Didelphys
- 7. Other (free text enabled).

Uterine Lie (can be more than one selection)

- 1. Anteverted
 - 2. Anteflexed
 - 3. Retroverted
- (4.) Retroflexed
- Axial
- 6. Others (please specify) (Free text enabled)

Uterine Size (body + cervix - 3 planes in mm)

1. (Free text).

85 x 72 x 55mm

Endometrial thickness (sag plane in mm to nearest mm)

1. (Free text)

Ilmm

Endometrial lesions

- 1. Not identified.
 - Present. Polyp.

2b-1:

No. of polyps (free text)

2b-2:

Size of each polyp. (free text)

Adenomyosis

- 1. No MRI supportive features
- 2. Supportive MRI features as described:
 - (1.)Submucosal cysts.
 - Abnormal junctional zone thickening and measurement

i. Anterior (mm)

1 (

Fundal (mm) 4

. Posterior (mm)

Presence of an adenomyoma

1:

No

2: Yes

Fibroids

1:

No

2:

Yes

2a: Number of fibroids:

2b: Largest fibroids (location and size mm all

fibroids >10mm and/or iimpact on the cavity) – (Free text)

2b: Submucosal fibroids

2b-0: No

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FI

2b-1: Yes

2b-1-1: (description: free text)

Left ovary

1: Absent (Branching logic – move to "Right ovary")

2: Present

Left ovary size (3 planes and volume)

1. NN x NN x NN mm 32 x 13 x 22 ~~~

2. Volume (above x 0.52). 4 - 8 C=

Left ovary follicle measurements and count

1. N follicles between 2 and 9 mm in diameter

a. (Free text)

5

2. N follicles > 9 mm

a. (Free text)

B. Dominant follicle

a. Y

(b.) N.

Left ovary position

1: Lateral adnexa. Unremarkable.

2: High positioning in iliac fossa.

3: Tethered/ distorted appearances – (may be multiple options)

3a: Intimate relationship to the lateral uterus

3b Intimate relationship/ tethering to adjacent

bowel.

3c. Tethering to pelvic sidewall

3d:Tethering to the uterosacral ligament

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	3e: Other: (free text)			3b: Absent				adjacent bowel. 3c. Tethering to pelvic sidewall						
				4 Fat component (T1/T2 hyperintense. Low signal										
Left ovarian endometrioma			on fat suppression).					3d: Tethering to the uterosacral ligament						
) _{No}				4a:	Present.								
2:	Yes			4b: Absent. Right				Right ov	ovarian endometrioma					
	1a: Size: NN in millimetres (mm)								1:	No				
		1b: T2 shading (intermediate/low	Right ov	ary				2:)	Yes				
		homogeneous T2 signal).		1: Absent (Branching logic – move to "Adnexa")					2a:	Size: NN i	n millimetres (mm)	2×3m		
		1b-0: No		(2:)	Present				2b:	T2 shadin	g (intermediate/low			
		1b-1: Yes									homogeneous T2 signal).			
	1c:	T1 fat sat hyperintense 1c-0: Absent		Right ovary size (3 planes and volume)						2b-0:	No			
				1. NN x NN x NN mm 34-x21 x 42mm					~~		2b-1:	Yes		
		1c-1: Present				lume (above x 0.52).	15-700	_		2c:	T1 fat sat	hyperintense		
	1d:	Internal nodularity, septation or other			13-16						2c-0:	Absent		
		complexity.		Right ovary follicle measurements and count						2c-1:	Present			
		1d-1: No		1. N follicles between 2 and 9 mm in diameter						2d:	2d: Internal nodularity, septation, complex.			
		1d-2: Yes				a. (Free text)	5				2d-1:)	No		
		1-d-2-1: (Fre	ee text)		2. N f	ollicles > 9 mm					2d-2:	Yes		
				a. (Free text) 1 - 15mm				_						
Left ovarian lesions/cysts other than suspected			3. Dominant follicle Right					Right ov	ovarian lesions/cysts other than suspected					
endometriomas				a. Y endo				endome	triomas					
(1·)	Not classifiable				b. N. 1:				1:)	Not classifiable				
2:	Lesion features				2:				2:	Lesion	features			
	2a: Unilocular cyst		Right ov	Right ovary position					2a:	: Unilocular cyst				
	2b:	: Unilocular-solid cyst		(1:	1: Lateral adnexa. Unremarkable. 2: High positioning in iliac fossa.					2b: Unilocular-solid cyst				
	2c:	c: Multilocular cyst		2:						2c:	Multilocular cyst			
	2d:	2d: Multilocular-solid cyst		3:					2d:	Multilocular-solid cyst				
	2e:	Solid				iltiple options.				2e:	Solid			
3:	Vascularity (post gadolinium enhancement).				3a: Intimate relationship to the lateral uterus 3b Intimate relationship/ tethering to				3:	Vascularity (post gadolinium enhancement).				
	3a: Present									3a:	Present			

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3b:

Absent

4 Fat component (T1/ T2 hyperintense. Low signal on fat suppression).

4a:

Present.

4b:

Absent.

Adnexa

1: Hydrosalpinx



No

1b:

Yes

2: Hematosalpinx

2a: 2b:

No

Yes

3: Other (free text).

Are both ovaries immediately approximated "kissing"?

1: No

2: Yes

Urinary bladder nodule

Definition: Is there presence of a nodule in the bladder.

(1:)

Absent

2: Present

2a: Size: NN in millimetres (mm)

Uterovesical region

Definition: Assessment of whether there is a visible preserved fat plane +/- physiologic fluid +/- absent distortion between the anterior uterine serosa and bladder.

l:) Normal.

2: Abnormal.

2a: (free text if required)

Ureteric nodule(s)?

(1:)

Absent

2: Present

2a:

Location (free text + distance to ureteric

orifice/ VUJ)

2b: Size (mm)

Pouch of Douglas obliteration

Definition: Assessment for abnormal loss of fat plane +/physiologic fluid and immediate approximation of
rectosigmoid and/or small bowel to the posterior uterine
serosa, cervix +/- vaginal wall.

Discrete linear bands may be visible ($\sqrt{T1}$, $\sqrt{T2}$)

1: Negative

2: Partial

2a:

Left

(2b;

Right

3: Complete

3a: Positive = obliteration.

3b: Positive = band adhesions.

Nodules present on the posterior vaginal fornix?

Definition: Thickening of superior 1/3 of posterior vaginal wall +/- nodularity. Nodules: ↓ T2 ↑T1 (if active _baemorrhagic deposits)

1:

No

: Yes

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2a: Dimension of nodule to be measured in

millimetres (mm).

2b1: Inactive.

2b2: Active

Vaginal forniceal elevation?

Definition: Upper level of fornix on sagittal view is superior to the angle of the uterine isthmus with stretching of vaginal wall, and/or acute angulation of the fornix.

(1:

No

2: Yes

2a: Left.

2b: Right

2c: Left and Right.

Rectovaginal nodules present?

Definition: Presence of deep infiltrating endometriosis in the anterior rectal wall and posterior vaginal fornix, located below the peritoneum of the Pouch of Douglas. Inactive/fibrotic disease characterised as \downarrow T1 \downarrow T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).

(1:)

No

Yes

2a: Size (mm)

2b1: Inactive.

2b2: Active

Uterosacral ligament nodules or thickening?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease nodules characterised as \downarrow T1 \downarrow T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).

No

Yes nodules

2a: Left

> 2a-1: Size (mm)

2b: Right

Size (mm)

2c1: Inactive.

Active

Left.

2b-1:

2c2: Yes thickening. 3:

3a:

3b: Right

3c: Both.

Retrocervical nodule present?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as \$\sqrt{T1}\$ ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/proteinacous content + glandular deposits).

No Yes

> Size (mm) 2a:

2b1: Inactive.

2b2: Active

Rectum and colon:

Is there bowel deep infiltrating endometriosis seen?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as \$\sqrt{T1}\$ ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinacous content + glandular deposits). "Mushroom cap sign" is specific to severe invasive bowel endometriosis and is characterized as a plaque with \downarrow T2 at its 'base' and 1 T2 at its 'cap'.

No

Yes

2a: Distance from the anal verge

> 2a-1: Length (mm)

2b: Lesion type

> Isolated lesion 2b-1:

Multiple lesions 2b-2:

2b-3: Curved lesion

2b-4: Straight lesion

Maximal depth layer of invasion each 2c:

leasion (muscularis, submucosa,

mucosa).

2c-1: Lesion 1: (free text)

(2c-2: Lesion 2 (free text) - delete if

not relevant

(2c-3 etc.)

2c: Is it stuck to any structures or free lying?

> Vagina 2d-1:

2d-2: Uterus

2d-3: Uterosacral ligaments **REVIEWER INITIALS**

FV

2d-4: Ovary

2d: Plaque thickness

2a: 1-5mm.

2b: 6-10mm.

2c: >11mm.

Activity 2e:

> 2f1: Inactive.

2f2: Active.

2f: "Mushroom cap" appearance:

> 2g1: Present.

2g2: Absent.

Is there evidence of tethering of the bowel?

No

Yes, tethered to

2a:

2b:

2c: R. ovarv

2d: L. uterosacral ligament nodule

R. uterosacral ligament nodule 2e:

2f: L pelvic side wall.

Uterus

L. ovary

R pelvic side wall. 2g:

2h: Other.

Any other salient findings on the study:



Yes

(Free text).

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