

## **ENDOMETRIOSIS PELVIC MRI ASSESSMENT –**

### **BR PROFORMA REPORT BLIND REVIEW**

#### Uterus

1:

Absent

2:

Present

### **Uterine anatomy**

Conventional

- 2. Arcuate
- 3. Septate
  - Full septum
  - b. Subseptate
- Bicornuate unicollis
- Bicornuate bicollis
- Didelphys 6.
- Other (free text enabled).

### Uterine Lie (can be more than one selection)

- Anteverted
- Anteflexed
- Retroverted
- Retroflexed
- Axial
- Others (please specify) (Free text enabled)

# Uterine Size (body + cervix - 3 planes in mm)

1. (Free text). 125+97 . 102

### Endometrial thickness (sag plane in mm to nearest mm)

1. (Free text)



#### **Endometrial lesions**

- Not identified.
- Present. Polyp.

No. of polyps (free text) 2b-1:

2b-2: Size of each polyp. (free text)

### Adenomyosis

- No MRI supportive features
- 2. Supportive MRI features as described:
  - 1. Submucosal cysts.
  - 2. Abnormal junctional zone thickening and measurement
    - Anterior (mm)
    - Fundal (mm)
    - iii. Posterior (mm)

### Presence of an adenomyoma

No

2: Yes

### **Fibroids**

1:

2:

No

Yes

Number of fibroids: 2a:

2b: Largest fibroids (location and size mm all

fibroids >10mm and/or iimpact on the cavity) - (Free text)

Submucosal fibroids 2b:

> 2b-0: No

# **REVIEWER INITIALS**



2b-1:

2b-1-1: (description: free text)

### Left ovary

1: Absent (Branching logic – move to "Right ovary")

2: Present 1

# Left ovary size (3 planes and volume)

1. NN x NN x NN mm 41 22 x 25

2. Volume (above x 0.52). 12 cc

# Left ovary follicle measurements and count

1. N follicles between 2 and 9 mm in diameter

a. (Free text)

2. N follicles > 9 mm

a. (Free text)

Dominant follicle

# Left ovary position

1: Lateral adnexa, Unremarkable,

2: High positioning in iliac fossa.

3: Tethered/ distorted appearances - (may be multiple options)

3c. Tethering to pelvic sidewall

3a: Intimate relationship to the lateral uterus 3b Intimate relationship/ tethering to adjacent

bowel.

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3d:Tethering to the uterosacral ligament

Other: (free text)

#### Left ovarian endometrioma

1:



2:

Yes

1a: Size: NN in millimetres (mm)

1b: T2 shading (intermediate/low homogeneous T2 signal).

1b-0: No

1b-1: Yes

1c: T1 fat sat hyperintense

1c-0: Absent

1c-1: Present

1d: Internal nodularity, septation or other complexity.

1d-1: No

1d-2: Yes

1-d-2-1: (Free text)

# Left ovarian lesions/cysts other than suspected endometriomas

- 1: Not classifiable
- 2: Lesion features

2a: Unilocular cyst

2b: Unilocular-solid cyst

2c: Multilocular cvst

2d: Multilocular-solid cyst

2e: Solid

3: Vascularity (post gadolinium enhancement).

3a: Present

3b: Absent

4 Fat component (T1/T2 hyperintense. Low signal on fat suppression).

4a: Present.

4b: Absent.

### Right ovary

1: Absent (Branching logic - move to "Adnexa")

2: Present

### Right ovary size (3 planes and volume)

1. NN x NN x NN mm 38 - 25 - 20

2. Volume (above x 0.52).

### Right ovary follicle measurements and count

1. N follicles between 2 and 9 mm in diameter

a. (Free text)



2. N follicles > 9 mm

a. (Free text)

3. Dominant follicle

a. Y

b. N.

# Right ovary position

1: Lateral adnexa. Unremarkable.

2: High positioning in iliac fossa.

Tethered/ distorted appearances – may be multiple options.

3a: Intimate relationship to the lateral uterus

3b Intimate relationship/ tethering to

# **REVIEWER INITIALS**

WYJ

adjacent bowel.

3c. Tethering to pelvic sidewall

3d: Tethering to the uterosacral ligament

### Right ovarian endometrioma

1: (No

2: Yes

2a: Size: NN in millimetres (mm)

2b: T2 shading (intermediate/low

homogeneous T2 signal).

2b-0: No

2b-1: Yes

2c: T1 fat sat hyperintense

2c-0: Absent

2c-1: Present

2d: Internal nodularity, septation, complex.

2d-1: No

2d-2: Yes

# Right ovarian lesions/cysts other than suspected endometriomas

1: Not classifiable

2: Lesion features

2a: Unilocular cyst

2b: Unilocular-solid cyst

2c: Multilocular cyst

2d: Multilocular-solid cyst

2e: Solid

3: Vascularity (post gadolinium enhancement).

3a: Present

SUBJECT ID = RR



3b:

Absent

Fat component (T1/T2 hyperintense, Low signal on fat suppression).

4a:

Present.

4b:

Absent.

#### Adnexa

1: Hydrosalpinx

1a:



1b:

Yes Hematosalpinx

2:

No

2a: 2b:

Yes

3:

Other (free text).

### Are both ovaries immediately approximated "kissing"?

1:

2:

# Urinary bladder nodule

No

Yes

Definition: Is there presence of a nodule in the bladder.

1:

Absent Present

2:

Size: NN in millimetres (mm)

# Uterovesical region

2a:

Definition: Assessment of whether there is a visible preserved fat plane +/- physiologic fluid +/- absent distortion between the anterior uterine serosa and bladder.

1:

Normal.

2: Abnormal.

2a:

(free text if required)

### Ureteric nodule(s)?

Absent 1:

2: Present

2a:

Location (free text + distance to ureteric

orifice/VUJ)

2b:

Size (mm)

### **Pouch of Douglas obliteration**

Definition: Assessment for abnormal loss of fat plane +/physiologic fluid and immediate approximation of rectosigmoid and/or small bowel to the posterior uterine serosa, cervix +/- vaginal wall.

Discrete linear bands may be visible ( $\sqrt{T1}$ ,  $\sqrt{T2}$ )

1:

Negative

2:

**Partial** 

Left

2a: 2b:

Right

3: Complete

3a:

Positive = obliteration.

3b:

Positive = band adhesions.

# Nodules present on the posterior vaginal fornix?

Definition: Thickening of superior 1/3 of posterior vaginal wall +/- nodularity. Nodules: ↓ T2 ↑T1 (if active haemorrhagic deposits)

1:

No Yes

2:

**REVIEWER INITIALS** 

2a: Dimension of nodule to be measured in millimetres (mm).

2b1:

Inactive.

2b2:

Active

### Vaginal forniceal elevation?

Definition: Upper level of fornix on sagittal view is superior to the angle of the uterine isthmus with stretching of vaginal wall, and/or acute angulation of the fornix.

1:

No.

2: Yes

2a: Left.

2b: Right

2c: Left and Right.

# Rectovaginal nodules present?

Definition: Presence of deep infiltrating endometriosis in the anterior rectal wall and posterior vaginal fornix, located below the peritoneum of the Pouch of Douglas. Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as  $\downarrow$  T1  $\downarrow$  T2 signal. Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).

1:

2:



2a: Size (mm)

2b1:

Inactive.

2b2: Active SUBJECT ID = RR

### Uterosacral ligament nodules or thickening?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease nodules characterised as  $\downarrow$  T1  $\downarrow$  T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).

1; (No

2: Yes nodules

2a: Left

2a-1: Size (mm)

2b: Right

2b-1: Size (mm)

2c1: Inactive.

2c2: Active

3: Yes thickening.

3a: Left.

3b: Right

3c: Both.

#### Retrocervical nodule present?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as  $\downarrow$  T1  $\downarrow$  T2 signal.

Active disease as  $\uparrow T1$ ,  $\uparrow to intermediate-T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinacous content + glandular deposits).$ 

1: No

2: Yes

2a: Size (mm)

2b1: Inactive.

2b2: Active

#### Rectum and colon:

# Is there bowel deep infiltrating endometriosis seen?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as  $\downarrow$  T1  $\downarrow$  T2 signal.

Active disease as  $\uparrow T1$ ,  $\uparrow to$  intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinacous content + glandular deposits). "Mushroom cap sign" is specific to severe invasive bowel endometriosis and is characterized as a plaque with  $\downarrow$  T2 at its 'base' and  $\uparrow T2$  at its 'cap'.

1: No

2: Yes

2a: Distance from the anal verge

2a-1: Length (mm)

2b: Lesion type

2b-1: Isolated lesion

2b-2: Multiple lesions

2b-3: Curved lesion

2b-4: Straight lesion

2c: Maximal depth layer of invasion each

leasion (muscularis, submucosa,

mucosa).

2c-1: Lesion 1: (free text)

(2c-2: Lesion 2 (free text) - delete if

not relevant

(2c-3 etc.)

2c: Is it stuck to any structures or free lying?

2d-1: Vagina

2d-2: Uterus

2d-3: Uterosacral ligaments

# **REVIEWER INITIALS**

2d-4: Ovary

2d: Plaque thickness

2a: 1-5mm.

2b: 6-10mm.

2c: >11mm.

2e: Activity

2f1: Inactive.

2f2: Active.

2f: "Mushroom cap" appearance:

2g1: Present.

2g2: Absent.

# Is there evidence of tethering of the bowel?

1: No

2: Yes, tethered to

2a: Uterus

2b: L. ovary

2c: R. ovarv

2d: L. uterosacral ligament nodule

2e: R. uterosacral ligament nodule

2f: L pelvic side wall.

2g: R pelvic side wall.

2h: Other.

# Any other salient findings on the study:

1. No

2. Yes

a. (Free text).

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