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ENDOMETRIOSIS PELVIC MRI ASSESSMENT -

BR PROFORMA REPORT BLIND REVIEW

Uterus

Absent

2: Present

Uterine anatomy

Conventional

Arcuate

Septate

Full septum

Subseptate

Bicornuate unicollis

Bicornuate bicollis

Didelphys

Other (free text enabled).

Uterine Lie (can be more than one selection)

Anteverted

Anteflexed

Retroverted

Retroflexed

Axial

Others (please specify) (Free text enabled)

Uterine Size (body + cervix - 3 planes in mm)

(Free text).

98 x 58 x 46 mm

Endometrial thickness (sag plane in mm to nearest mm)

(Free text)

Tmn

Endometrial lesions

Not identified,

2. Present. Polyp.

No. of polyps (free text) 2b-1:

Size of each polyp. (free text) 2b-2:

Adenomyosis

1. No MRI supportive features

2. Supportive MRI features as described:

Submucosal cysts.

2. Abnormal junctional zone thickening and measurement

Anterior (mm)

Fundal (mm)

Posterior (mm)

Presence of an adenomyoma

No

2: Yes

Fibroids

No Yes

2:

Number of fibroids: 2a:

2b: Largest fibroids (location and size mm all fibroids >10mm and/or iimpact on the cavity) - (Free text)

> Submucosal fibroids 2b:

> > 2b-0: No

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2b-1: Yes

2b-1-1: (description: free text)

Left ovary

2:

Absent (Branching logic - move to "Right ovary")

Present

Left ovary size (3 planes and volume)

1. NN x NN x NN mm 43 x 47 x 46 mm

2. Volume (above x 0.52).

Left ovary follicle measurements and count

1. N follicles between 2 and 9 mm in diameter

a. (Free text)

14

2. N follicles > 9 mm

a. (Free text)

3. Dominant follicle



N. b.

Left ovary position

1:

Lateral adnexa. Unremarkable.

2: High positioning in iliac fossa.

3: Tethered/ distorted appearances - (may be multiple options)

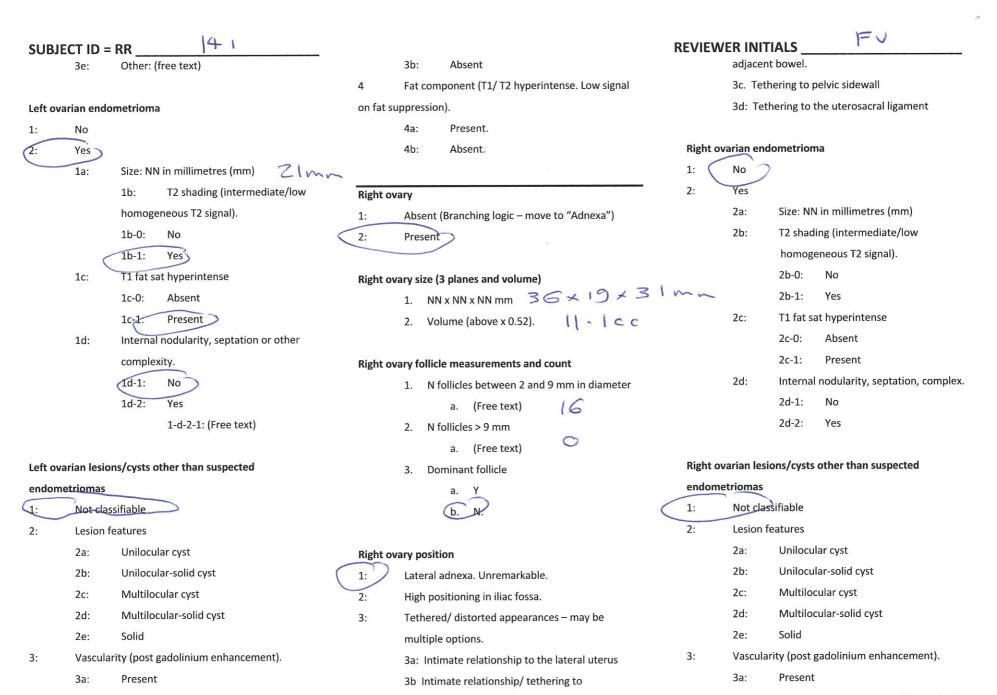
3a: Intimate relationship to the lateral uterus

3b Intimate relationship/tethering to adjacent

bowel.

3c. Tethering to pelvic sidewall

3d:Tethering to the uterosacral ligament



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3b:

Absent

Fat component (T1/T2 hyperintense. Low signal on fat suppression).

4a:

Present.

4b:

Absent.

Adnexa

1: Hydrosalpinx

1a:

1b:

Yes

2: Hematosalpinx

2a:

No

2b:

Yes Other (free text).

Are both ovaries immediately approximated "kissing"?

No 1:

3:

2: Yes

Urinary bladder nodule

Definition: Is there presence of a nodule in the bladder.

1:

Absent

2:

Present

2a:

Size: NN in millimetres (mm)

Uterovesical region

Definition: Assessment of whether there is a visible preserved fat plane +/- physiologic fluid +/- absent distortion between the anterior uterine serosa and bladder.

Normal.

2: Abnormal.

2a:

(free text if required)

Ureteric nodule(s)?

1: Absent

2: Present

> Location (free text + distance to ureteric 2a:

> > orifice/VUJ)

2b:

Size (mm)

Pouch of Douglas obliteration

Definition: Assessment for abnormal loss of fat plane +/physiologic fluid and immediate approximation of rectosigmoid and/or small bowel to the posterior uterine serosa, cervix +/- vaginal wall.

Discrete linear bands may be visible (\downarrow T1, \downarrow T2)

1: Negative

2: **Partial**

> 2a: Left

2b: Right

3: Complete

> Positive = obliteration. 3a:

3b: Positive = band adhesions.

Nodules present on the posterior vaginal fornix?

Definition: Thickening of superior 1/3 of posterior vaginal wall +/- nodularity. Nodules: ↓ T2 ↑T1 (if active haemorrhagic deposits) No

1:

2: Yes

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Dimension of nodule to be measured in 2a: millimetres (mm).

> 2b1: Inactive.

2b2: Active

Vaginal forniceal elevation?

Definition: Upper level of fornix on sagittal view is superior to the angle of the uterine isthmus with stretching of vaginal wall, and/or acute angulation of the fornix.

No

2: Yes

2a: Left.

2b: Right

2c: Left and Right.

Rectovaginal nodules present?

Definition: Presence of deep infiltrating endometriosis in the anterior rectal wall and posterior vaginal fornix, located below the peritoneum of the Pouch of Douglas. Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as $\sqrt{T1} \sqrt{T2}$ signal. Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).

1: No 2: Yes

2a: Size (mm)

2b1: Inactive.

2b2: Active

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Uterosacral ligament nodules or thickening?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease nodules characterised as ↓ T1 ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).



Yes nodules

2a: Left

> 2a-1: Size (mm)

2b: Right

> 2b-1: Size (mm)

2c1: Inactive.

Active 2c2:

3: Yes thickening.

> 3a: Left.

3b: Right

3c: Both.

Retrocervical nodule present?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as \$\square\$ T1 ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/proteinacous content + glandular deposits).



2a: Size (mm)

2b1: Inactive.

2b2: Active

Rectum and colon:

Is there bowel deep infiltrating endometriosis seen?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as \$\sqrt{T1}\$ ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinacous content + glandular deposits). "Mushroom cap sign" is specific to severe invasive bowel endometriosis and is characterized as a plaque with \downarrow T2 at its 'base' and ↑ T2 at its 'cap'.



2a: Distance from the anal verge

> 2a-1: Length (mm)

2b: Lesion type

> 2b-1: Isolated lesion

2b-2: Multiple lesions

Curved lesion 2b-3:

Straight lesion 2b-4:

Maximal depth layer of invasion each 2c: leasion (muscularis, submucosa,

mucosa).

Lesion 1: (free text) 2c-1:

Lesion 2 (free text) - delete if (2c-2:

not relevant

(2c-3 etc.)

Is it stuck to any structures or free lying? 2c:

> 2d-1: Vagina

> 2d-2: Uterus

2d-3: Uterosacral ligaments

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	2d-4:	Ovary			
2d:	Plaque thickness				
	2a: 1-5m	m.			
	2b: 6-10r	nm.			
	2c: >11m	m.			
2e:	Activity				
	2f1:	Inactive.			
	2f2:	Active.			
2f:	"Mushroom cap" appearance:				
	2g1:	Present.			

E. /

2g2:

Is there evidence of tethering of the bowel?				
1:		No	ad fesi-	
2:	(Yes, tethered to Francisco		
		2a:	Uterus to pelvic	
		2b:	L. ovary	
		2c:	R. ovary	
		2d:	L. uterosacral ligament nodule	
		2e:	R. uterosacral ligament nodule	
		2f:	L pelvic side wall.	
		2g:	R pelvic side wall.	
	1	2h:	Other.	
	1			

Absent.

Any other salient findings on the study: Past LSCS

1. No
2. Yes

a. (Free text). Suspected.

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