ENDOMETRIOSIS PELVIC MIRI ASSESSMENT – BR PROFORMA REPORT BLIND REVIEW

Uterus

- (2) Absent
- Present

Uterine anatomy

- 1.) Conventional
- Arcuate
- Septate
- Full septum
- Subseptate
- Bicornuate bicollis

Bicornuate unicollis

- Didelphys
- Other (free text enabled).

Uterine Lie (can be more than one selection)

- Anteverted
- Anteflexed
- Retroverted
- Retroflexed
- Others (please specify) (Free text enabled)

Uterine Size (body + cervix – 3 planes in mm)

(Free text)

38 mm

Endometrial thickness (sag plane in mm to nearest mm)

(Free text)



Endometrial lesions

- 1. Not identified.
- Present. Polyp.
- No. of polyps (free text)
- Size of each polyp. (free text)

Adenomyosis

- No MRI supportive features
- Supportive MRI features as described:
- Submucosal cysts.
- Abnormal junctional zone thickening and
- measurement
- Anterior (mm)

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- Fundal (mm) WIT
- Posterior (mm)

Presence of an adenomyoma

Fibroids

No

- Yes
- 2a: Number of fibroids:
- Largest fibroids (location and size mm all
- fibroids >10mm and/or iimpact on the cavity) (Free text)
- Submucosal fibroids
- 2b-0:

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2b-1-1: (description: free text)

Left ovary

- Absent (Branching logic move to "Right ovary")

Left ovary size (3 planes and volume)

- MM × NN × NM mm 34×29+22~
- Volume (above x 0.52).
- 11.400

Left ovary follicle measurements and count

- N follicles between 2 and 9 mm in diameter
- (Free text)
- N follicles > 9 mm

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- (Free text)
- Dominant follicle

Left ovary position

- Lateral adnexa. Unremarkable
- High positioning in iliac fossa.
- Tethered/ distorted appearances (may be

multiple options)

3b Intimate relationship/ tethering to adjacent

3a2 Intimate relationship to the lateral uterus

- 3c) Tethering to pelvic sidewall
- 3d: Jethering to the uterosacral ligament

REVIEWER INITIALS FIO	adjacent bowel.	Fat component (T1/ T2 hyperintense. Low signal	(3d:) ethering to the uterosacral ligament		Right ovarian endometrioma	1: No		Absent (Branching logic – move to "Adnexa")	2b: T2 shading (intermediate/low	homogeneous T2 signal).	2b-0; No	4 x 30 x 22 mm (2b-1:) Yes	11.7 c c 2c: T1 fat sat hyperintense	2c-0: Absent	Right ovary follicle measurements and count	N follicles between 2 and 9 mm in diameter 2d: Internal nodularity, septation, complex.	S 24-1: No	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ランナッシャン Tongoon Tong	Right ovarian lesions/cysts other than suspected	endometriomas	(1:) Not classifiable	2: Lesion features	2a: Unilocular cyst	Lateral adnexa. Unremarkable.	2c: Multilocular cyst	Tethered/ distorted appearances – may be 2d: Multilocular-solid cyst	2e: Solid	3a. Intimate relationship to the lateral uterus 3: Vascularity (post gadolinium enhancement).	3h Intimata rajationchin/ tatharing to 3a: Present
SUBJECT ID = RR 15 0	3e: Other: (free text)		Left ovarian endometrioma	1: No	(2) Yes 10 mm, 10 mm	1a: Size: NN in millimetres (mm)	1b: T2 shading (intermediate/low	homogeneous T2 signal).		(ab-1:) Yes	1c: T1 fat sat hyperintense	1c-0: Absent	(1c-1.) Present	1d: Internal nodularity, septation or other	complexity.	14-D No	1d-2: Yes	1-d-2-1: (Free text)		Left ovarian lesions/cysts other than suspected	endometriomas	(1:) Not classifiable	2: Lesion features	2a: Unilocular cyst	2b: Unilocular-solid cyst	2c: Multilocular cyst	2d: Multilocular-solid cyst	2e: Solid	3: Vascularity (post gadolinium enhancement).	3a: Present

SUBJECT ID = RR

Absent

Fat component (T1/T2 hyperintense. Low signal

on fat suppression).

4a: Present.

4b:

Absent

Adnexa

Hydrosalpin

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Hematosalpin

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2a: (Z)

2b:

Other (free text)

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Are both ovaries immediately approximated "kissing"?

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Yes

Urinary bladder nodule

Definition: Is there presence of a nodule in the bladder.

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Absent

Present

;e2 Size: NN in millimetres (mm)

Uterovesical region

preserved fat plane +/- physiologic fluid +/- absent Definition: Assessment of whether there is a visible

distortion between the anterior uterine serosa and bladder.

Normal.

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Abnormal.

2a: (free text if required)

Ureteric nodule(s)?



Absent

Present

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2a: orifice/VUJ) Location (free text + distance to ureteric

26: Size (mm)

Pouch of Douglas obliteration

serosa, cervix +/- vaginal wall physiologic fluid and immediate approximation of rectosigmoid and/or small bowel to the posterior uterine Definition: Assessment for abnormal loss of fat plane +/-

Discrete linear bands may be visible (\downarrow T1, \downarrow T2)

Negative

Partial

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2a: Left

2b: Right

Complete

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3a:

Positive = obliteration.

Positive = band adhesions.

Nodules present on the posterior vaginal fornix?

heemorrhagic deposits) wall +/- nodularity. Nodules: ↓ T2 ↑T1 (if active Definition: Thickening of superior 1/3 of posterior vaginal

Yes

2.

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millimetres (mm). 2a: Dimension of nodule to be measured in

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2b1: Inactive

2b2: Active

Vaginal forniceal elevation?

vaginal wall, and/or acute angulation of the fornix. to the angle of the uterine isthmus with stretching of Definition: Upper level of fornix on sagittal view is superior No



2a: Left.

2b: Right

2c: Left and Right.

Rectovaginal nodules present?

fibrotic disease characterised as \downarrow T1 \downarrow T2 signal. below the peritoneum of the Pouch of Douglas. Inactive/ the anterior rectal wall and posterior vaginal fornix, located Definition: Presence of deep infiltrating endometriosis in



(hemorrhagic/ proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal

2a: Size (mm) Yes

2b1: Inactive.

Active



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