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ENDOMETRIOSIS PELVIC MRI ASSESSMENT –

BR PROFORMA REPORT BLIND REVIEW

Uterus

1:

Absent

Present

Uterine anatomy

Conventional

- 2. Arcuate
- Septate
 - Full septum
 - Subseptate
- Bicornuate unicollis
- Bicornuate bicollis
- Didelphys
- Other (free text enabled).

Uterine Lie (can be more than one selection)

Anteverted Anteflexed

- Retroverted
- Retroflexed
- Axial
- Others (please specify) (Free text enabled)

Uterine Size (body + cervix - 3 planes in mm)

1. (Free text).

Endometrial thickness (sag plane in mm to nearest mm)

(Free text)



Endometrial lesions

Not identified.

Present. Polyp.

No. of polyps (free text) 2b-1:

Size of each polyp. (free text) 2b-2:

Adenomyosis

No MRI supportive features

Supportive MRI features as described:

Submucosal cysts.

Abnormal junctional zone thickening and measurement

Anterior (mm)

Fundal (mm)

Posterior (mm)

Presence of an adenomyoma

No

Yes

Fibroids

No

Yes 2a:

Number of fibroids:

Largest fibroids (location and size mm all 2b:

fibroids >10mm and/or impact on the cavity) - (Free/text)

Submucosal fibroids 2b:

2b-0:

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2b-1:

2b-1-1: (description: free text)

Left ovary

Absent (Branching logic - move to "Right ovary")

Present

Left ovary size (3 planes and volume)

1. NN x NN x NN mm

2. Volume (above x 0.52).

Left ovary follicle measurements and count

1. N follicles between 2 and 9 mm in diameter

a. (Free text)

2. N follicles > 9 mm

a. (Free text)

Dominant follicle

Left ovary position

Lateral adnexa. Unremarkable.

2: High positioning in iliac fossa.

3: Tethered/ distorted appearances – (may be

multiple options)

3a: Intimate relationship to the lateral uterus

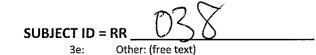
3b Intimate relationship/ tethering to adjacent

bowel.

3c. Tethering to pelvic sidewall

3d:Tethering to the uterosacral ligament

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Left\ovarian endometrioma

1: No

2: Yes

1a: Size: NN in millimetres (mm)

1b: T2 shading (intermediate/low

homogeneous T2 signal).

1b-0: No

1b-1: Yes

1c: T1 fat sat hyperintense

1c-0: Absent

Present

1d: Internal nodularity, septation or other

complexity.

1c-1:

1d-1: No

1d-2: Yes

1-d-2-1: (Free text)

Left ovarian lesions/cysts other than suspected

endometriomas

1: Not classifiable

2: Lesion features

2a: Unilocular cyst,

2b: Unilocular-solid cyst

2c: Multilocular cyst

2d: Multilocular-solid cyst

2e: Solid

3: Vasçularity (post gadolinium enhancement).

a: Present

3b: Absent

4 Fat component (T1/T2 hyperintense. Low signal on fat suppression).

4a: Present.

4b: Absent.

Right ovary

2:

Absent (Branching logic -- move to "Adnexa")

Present

Right ovary size (3 planes and volume)

1. NN x NN x NN mm

2. Volume (above x 0.52).

Right ovary follicle measurements and count

1. N follicles between 2 and 9 mm in diameter

a. (Free text)

2. N follicles > 9 mm

a. (Free text)

3. Dominant follicle



Right ovary position

`1: ` Lateral adnexa. Unremarkable.

High positioning in iliac fossa.

3: Tethered/ distorted appearances – may be multiple options.

3a: Intimate relationship to the lateral uterus

3b Intimate relationship/ tethering to

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adjacent bowel.

3c. Tethering to pelvic sidewall

3d: Tethering to the uterosacral ligament

Right ovarian endometrioma

1:

No

Yes

2a: Size: NN in millimetres (mm)

2b: T2 shading (intermediate/low

homogeneous T2 signal).

2b-0: No

2b-1: Yes

2c: T1 fat sat hyperintense

2c-0: Absent

2c-1: Present

2d: Internal nodularity, septation, complex.

2d-1: No

2d-2: Yes

Right ovarian lesions/cysts other than suspected

endometriomas

1: Not classifiable

2: Lesion features

2a: Unilocular cyst

2b: Unilocular-solid cyst

2c: / Multilocular cyst

2e: Multilocular-solid cyst

2e: Solid

3: / Vascularity (post gadolinium enhancement).

3a: Present

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3b: Absent

4 Fat component (T1/ T2 hyperintense. Low signal on fat suppression).

4a: Present.4b: Absent.

Adnexa

1: Hydrosalpinx

No No

Yes osalpinx

2: Hematosalpinx

2b: Yes

3: Other (free text).

Are both ovaries immediately approximated "kissing"?

1: No 2: Yes

Urinary bladder nodule

Defigition: Is there presence of a nodule in the bladder.

Absent

Present

2:

2a: Size: NN in millimetres (mm)

Uterovesical region

Definition: Assessment of whether there is a visible preserved fat plane +/- physiologic fluid +/- absent distortion between the anterior uterine serosa and bladder.

1: Normal.

2: Abnormal.

2a: (free text if required)

Ureteric nodule(s)?

1: Absent

Present

2a: Location (free text + distance to ureteric

orifice/VUJ)

2b: Size (mm)

Pouch of Douglas obliteration

Definition: Assessment for abnormal loss of fat plane +/physiologic fluid and immediate approximation of
rectosigmoid and/or small bowel to the posterior uterine

erosa, cervix +/- vaginal wall.

Discrete linear bands may be visible (\downarrow T1, \downarrow T2)

1: / Negative

Partial

2a: Left

2b: Right

3: Complete

3a: Positive = obliteration.

3b: Positive = band adhesions.

Nodules present on the posterior vaginal fornix?

Definition: Thickening of superior 1/3 of posterior vaginal wall √- nodularity. Nodules: ↓ T2 ↑T1 (if active haemorrhagic deposits)

1: / No

Yes

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2a: Dimension of nodule to be measured in millimetres (mm).

2b1: Inactive.

2b2: Active

Vaginal forniceal elevation?

Definition: Upper level of fornix on sagittal view is superior to the angle of the uterine isthmus with stretching of vaginal wall, and/or acute angulation of the fornix.

:/ No

2: Yes

2a: Left.

2b: Right

2c: Left and Right.

Rectovaginal nodules present?

Definition: Presence of deep infiltrating endometriosis in the anterior rectal wall and posterior vaginal fornix, located below the peritoneum of the Pouch of Douglas. Inactive/fibrotic disease characterised as \downarrow T1 \downarrow T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).

1: No

2: Yes

2a: Size (mm)

2b1: Inactive.

2b2: Active



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Uterosacral ligament nodules or thickening?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease nodules characterised as $\sqrt{11}$ $\sqrt{12}$ signal.

Active disease as $\uparrow T1$, \uparrow to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).

- 1: / No
- 2: Yes nodules
 - 2a: Left
 - 2a-1: Size (mm)
 - 2b: Right
 - 2b-1: Size (mm)
 - 2c1: Inactive.
 - 2c2: Active
- 3: Yes thickening.
 - 3a: Left.
 - 3b: Right
 - 3c: Both.

Retrocervical nodule present?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as \downarrow T1 \downarrow T2 signal.

Active disease as 171, 1 to intermediate- T2 signal

- (herhorrhagic/ proteinacous content + glandular deposits).
- 1: No
- 2: Yes
 - 2a: Size (mm)
 - 2b1: Inactive.
 - 2b2: Active

Rectum and colon:

Is there bowel deep infiltrating endometriosis seen?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as \downarrow T1 \downarrow T2 signal.

Active disease as \uparrow T1, \uparrow to intermediate-T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinacous content + glandular deposits). "Mushroom cap sign" is specific to severe invasive bowel endometriosis and is characterized as a plaque with \downarrow T2 at its 'base' and \uparrow T2 at its 'cap'.

- 1:/
- No
- 2: Yes
 - 2a: Distance from the anal verge
 - 2a-1: Length (mm)
 - 2b: Lesion type
 - 2b-1: Isolated lesion
 - 2b-2: Multiple lesions
 - 2b-3: Curved lesion
 - 2b-4: Straight lesion
 - 2c: Maximal depth layer of invasion each
 - leasion (muscularis, submucosa,
 - mucosa).
 - 2c-1: Lesion 1: (free text)
 - (2c-2: Lesion 2 (free text) delete if
 - not relevant
 - (2c-3 etc.)
 - 2c: Is it stuck to any structures or free lying?
 - 2d-1: Vagina
 - 2d-2: Uterus
 - 2d-3: Uterosacral ligaments

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- 2d-4: Ovary
- 2d: Plaque thickness
 - 2a: 1-5mm.
 - 2b: 6-10mm.
 - 2c: >11mm.
- 2e: Activity
 - 2f1: Inactive.
 - 2f2: Active.
- 2f: "Mushroom cap" appearance:
 - 2g1: Present.
 - 2g2: Absent.

Is there evidence of tethering of the bowel?

- .: / No
- 2: Yes, tethered to
 - 2a: Uterus
 - 2b: L. ovary
 - 2c: R. ovary
 - 2d: L. uterosacral ligament nodule
 - 2e: R. uterosacral ligament nodule
 - 2f: L pelvic side wall.
 - 2g: R pelvic side wall.
 - 2h: Other.

Any other salient findings on the study:

- 1. /No
- . Yes
- a. (Free text).

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