SUBJECT ID = RR

BR PROFORMA REPORT BLIND REVIEW

Uterus

10

Absent

Present

Uterine anatomy

- 1. Conventional
- 2. Arcuate
- 3. Septate
 - a. Full septum
 - b. Subseptate
- 4. Bicornuate unicollis
- 5. Bicornuate bicollis
- 6. Didelphys
- 7. Other (free text enabled).

Uterine Lie (can be more than one selection)

- 1. Anteverted
- 2. Anteflexed
 - . Retroverted
- 4. Retroflexed
- 5. Axial
- 6. Others (please specify) (Free text enabled)

Uterine Size (body + cervix - 3 planes in mm)

1. (Free text). ()

Endometrial thickness (sag plane in mm to nearest mm)

1. (Free text)

Endometrial lesions

- 1. Not identified.
- 2. Present. Polyp.

2b-1: No. of polyps (free text)

2b-2: Size of each polyp. (free text)

Adenomyosis

1. No MRI supportive features

2. Supportive MRI features as described:

1. Submucosal cysts.

Abnormal junctional zone thickening and measurement

- i. Anterior (mm)
- i. Fundal (mm) 🔑
- iii. Posterior (mm)

Presence of an adenomyoma

/ No

Yes

Fibroids

No

Yes

163

2a: Number of fibroids:

2b: Largest fibroids (location and size mm all

fibroids >10mm and/or iimpact on the cavity) - (Free text)

2b: Submucosal fibroids

2b-0: No

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2b-1: Yes

2b-1-1: (description: free text)

Left ovary

2:

Absent (Branching logic - move to "Right ovary")

Present

Left ovary size (3 planes and volume)

1. NN x NN x NN mm 33 x 3 1 x 40

2. Volume (above x 0.52).

Left ovary follicle measurements and count

- 1. N follicles between 2 and 9 mm in diameter
 - a. (Free text)
- 2. N follicles > 9 mm
 - a. (Free text)

Dominant follicle
Y
9

V

b. N

Left ovary position

(1:

Lateral adnexa. Unremarkable.

High positioning in iliac fossa.

Tethered/ distorted appearances – (may be multiple options)

3a: Intimate relationship to the lateral uterus 3b Intimate relationship/ tethering to adjacent

bowel.

3c. Tethering to pelvic sidewall

3d:Tethering to the uterosacral ligament

SUBJECT ID = RR Other: (free text) 3e: Left ovarian endometrioma No 2: Yes Size: NN in millimetres (mm) 1a: T2 shading (intermediate/low homogeneous T2 signal). 1b-0: No Yes 1b-1:

T1 fat sat hyperintense 1c-0: Absent 1c-1: Present

Internal nodularity, septation or other 1d: complexity.

> 1d-1: No 1d-2: Yes

> > 1-d-2-1: (Free text)

Left ovarian lesions/cysts other than suspected endometriomas

Not classifiable 1:

1c:

2: Lesion features

> Unilocular cyst 2a:

Unilocular-solid cyst 2b:

Multilocular cyst 2c:

Multilocular-solid cyst

Solid 2e:

Vascularity (post gadolinium enhancement). 3:

> 3a: Present

Absent 3b:

Fat component (T1/T2 hyperintense. Low signal on fat suppression).

> 4a: Present.

4b: Absent.

Right ovary

1: Absent (Branching logic - move to "Adnexa")

2:

Present

Right ovary size (3 planes and volume)

1. NN x NN x NN mm 28

Volume (above x 0.52).

Right ovary follicle measurements and count

1. N follicles between 2 and 9 mm in diameter

a. (Free text) 7 25

2. N follicles > 9 mm

a. (Free text)

Dominant follicle

Right ovary position

Lateral adnexa. Unremarkable.

2: High positioning in iliac fossa.

Tethered/ distorted appearances - may be 3: multiple options.

3a: Intimate relationship to the lateral uterus

3b Intimate relationship/ tethering to

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adjacent bowel.

3c. Tethering to pelvic sidewall

3d: Tethering to the uterosacral ligament

Right ovarian endometrioma

No

2: Yes

> Size: NN in millimetres (mm) 2a:

2b: T2 shading (intermediate/low

homogeneous T2 signal).

2b-0: No

2b-1: Yes

T1 fat sat hyperintense 2c:

> Absent 2c-0:

2c-1: Present

2d: Internal nodularity, septation, complex.

> 2d-1: No

2d-2: Yes

Right ovarian lesions/cysts other than suspected endometriomas

1: Not classifiable

2: Lesion features

> Unifocular cyst 2a:

Unilocular-solid cyst 2b:

2€: Multilocular cyst

2d: Multilocular-solid cyst

2e: Solid

Vascularity (post gadolinium enhancement).

3a: Present SUBJECT ID = RR

3b: Absent

4 Fat component (T1/ T2 hyperintense. Low signal on fat suppression).

4a: Present.

4b: Absent.

Adnexa

1: Hydrosalpinx

1a:/ No

1b: Yes

2:

Hematosalpinx

No

2b: Yes

3: Other (free text).

2a:

Are both ovaries immediately approximated "kissing"?

1: / No

2: Yes

Urinary bladder nodule

Definition: Is there presence of a nodule in the bladder.

1: Absent

2:

Present

2a: Size: NN in millimetres (mm)

Uterovesical region

Definition: Assessment of whether there is a visible preserved fat plane +/- physiologic fluid +/- absent distortion between the anterior uterine serosa and bladder.

L: / Normal.

2: Abnormal.

2a: (free text if required)

Ureteric nodule(s)?

Absent

2: Present

2a: Location (free text + distance to ureteric

orifice/VUJ)

2b: Size (mm)

Pouch of Douglas obliteration

Definition: Assessment for abnormal loss of fat plane +/physiologic fluid and immediate approximation of
rectosigmoid and/or small bowel to the posterior uterine
sepesa, cervix +/- vaginal wall.

Discrete linear bands may be visible (\downarrow T1, \downarrow T2)

Negative

2: Partial

2a: Left

2b: Right

3: Complete

3a: Positive = obliteration.

3b: Positive = band adhesions.

Nodules present on the posterior vaginal fornix?

Definition: Thickening of superior 1/3 of posterior vaginal wall +/- nodularity. Nodules: ↓ T2 ↑T1 (if active haemorrhagic deposits)

No

2: Yes

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2a: Dimension of nodule to be measured in millimetres (mm).

2b1: Inactive.

2b2: Active

Vaginal forniceal elevation?

Definition: Upper level of fornix on sagittal view is superior to the angle of the uterine isthmus with stretching of vaginal wall, and/or acute angulation of the fornix.

No

2: Yes

2a: Left.

2b: Right

2c: Left and Right.

Rectovaginal nodules present?

Definition: Presence of deep infiltrating endometriosis in the anterior rectal wall and posterior vaginal fornix, located below the peritoneum of the Pouch of Douglas. Inactive/fibrotic disease characterised as \downarrow T1 \downarrow T2 signal.

Active disease as \uparrow T1, \uparrow to intermediate- T2 signal hemorphagic/ proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).

1: No

2: Yes

2a: Size (mm)

2b1: Inactive.

2b2: Active

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Uterosacral ligament nodules or thickening?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease nodules characterised as ↓ T1 ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).

No

Yes nodules 2:

2a:

Left

2a-1:

Size (mm)

2b:

Right 2b-1:

Size (mm)

2c1:

Inactive.

2c2:

Active

3:

Yes thickening.

3a:

Left.

3b:

Right Both.

3c:

Retrocervical nodule present?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as \$\sqrt{T1}\$ ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinacous content + glandular deposits).

No

2:

Yes

2a: Size (mm)

2b1:

Inactive.

2b2:

Active

Rectum and colon:

Is there bowel deep infiltrating endometriosis seen?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as \$\sqrt{T1}\$ ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinacous content + glandular deposits). "Mushroom cap sign" is specific to severe invasive bowel endometriosis and is characterized as a plaque with \downarrow T2 at its 'base' and ↑ T2 at its 'cap'.

2:

No

Yes

Distance from the anal verge 2a:

> Length (mm) 2a-1:

2b: Lesion type

> 2b-1: Isolated lesion

2b-2: Multiple lesions

Curved lesion 2b-3:

Straight lesion 2b-4:

Maximal depth layer of invasion each 2c: leasion (muscularis, submucosa,

mucosa).

Lesion 1: (free text) 2c-1:

Lesion 2 (free text) - delete if (2c-2:not relevant

(2c-3 etc.)

Is it stuck to any structures or free lying? 2c:

2d-1:

Vagina

2d-2:

Uterus

2d-3:

Uterosacral ligaments

2f1: 2f2:

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2d:

2e:

2f: "Mushroom cap" appearance: 2g1:

2d-4:

Ovary

Inactive.

Active.

Present.

Plaque thickness

2a: 1-5mm.

2b: 6-10mm.

2c: >11mm.

Activity

2g2: Absent.

Is there evidence of tethering of the bowel?

Yes, tethered to

2a:

Uterus

2b:

L. ovarv

2c:

R. ovary

2d:

L. uterosacral ligament nodule

2e:

R. uterosacral ligament nodule

2f:

L pelvic side wall.

2g:

R pelvic side wall.

2h:

Other.

Any other salient findings on the study:

a. (Free text).

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