25 FV SUBJECT ID = RR **REVIEWER INITIALS ENDOMETRIOSIS PELVIC MRI ASSESSMENT -**Endometrial thickness (sag plane in mm to nearest mm) 2b-1: Yes (Free text) 2b-1-1: (description: free text) 7mm **BR PROFORMA REPORT BLIND REVIEW Endometrial lesions** Left ovary Uterus Not identified. Absent (Branching logic - move to "Right ovary") 1: Absent Present. Polyp. 2: Present Present No. of polyps (free text) 2b-1: 2b-2: Size of each polyp. (free text) Left ovary size (3 planes and volume) Uterine anatomy 1. NNXNNXNNmm 35x 16x 29m-1. Conventional 2. Volume (above x 0.52). 8 5 5 Adenomyosis Arcuate 1. No MRI supportive features 3. Septate Supportive MRI features as described: Left ovary follicle measurements and count Full septum 1. Submucosal cysts. 1. N follicles between 2 and 9 mm in diameter Subseptate Abnormal junctional zone thickening and a. (Free text) Bicornuate unicollis measurement 2. N follicles > 9 mm Bicornuate bicollis Anterior (mm) Didelphys a. (Free text) Dominant follicle Other (free text enabled). Fundal (mm) Posterior (mm) Presence of an adenomyoma N. Uterine Lie (can be more than one selection) No Anteverted Anteflexed 2: Yes Left ovary position Lateral adnexa. Unremarkable. Retroverted 2: High positioning in iliac fossa. Retroflexed **Fibroids** 3: Tethered/ distorted appearances - (may be 5. Axial 1: No multiple options)

Number of fibroids:

fibroids >10mm and/or iimpact on the cavity) - (Free text)/

Submucosal fibroids

2b-0:

Largest fibroids (location and size mm all

2:

Yes

2a:

2b:

2b:

Others (please specify) (Free text enabled)

Uterine Size (body + cervix - 3 planes in mm)

103 x 68 x 58 mm

1. (Free text).

10mm intransuro 1 posteri-lover segnet

bowel.

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3a: Intimate relationship to the lateral uterus

3b Intimate relationship/tethering to adjacent

3d:Tethering to the uterosacral ligament

3c. Tethering to pelvic sidewall

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3e:

Other: (free text)

Left ovarian endometrioma

1:

No

Yes

Size: NN in millimetres (mm) 1a:

> T2 shading (intermediate/low 1b:

homogeneous T2 signal).

1b-0: Νo

1b-1: Yes

1c: T1 fat sat hyperintense

> 1c-0: Absent

1c-1: Present

Internal nodularity, septation or other 1d:

complexity.

1d-1: No

1d-2: Yes

1-d-2-1: (Free text)

Left ovarian lesions/cysts other than suspected

endometriomas

Not classifiable

Lesion features

Unilocular cyst 2a:

2b: Unilocular-solid cyst

2c: Multilocular cvst

2d: Multilocular-solid cyst

Solid 2e:

Vascularity (post gadolinium enhancement). 3:

> 3a: Present

3b: Absent

Fat component (T1/T2 hyperintense. Low signal on fat suppression).

> 4a: Present.

4b: Absent.

Right ovary

2:

Absent (Branching logic - move to "Adnexa")

Present

Right ovary size (3 planes and volume)

1. NN x NN x NN mm 34x 22,33 m.

2. Volume (above x 0.52). 12-9 cc

Right ovary follicle measurements and count

1. N follicles between 2 and 9 mm in diameter

a. (Free text)

2. N follicles > 9 mm

a. (Free text)

1@11mn

3. Dominant follicle

20 mm

b. N.

Right ovary position

Lateral adnexa, Unremarkable, 1:

2:

High positioning in iliac fossa.

Tethered/ distorted appearances - may be multiple options.

3a: Intimate relationship to the lateral uterus

3b Intimate relationship/ tethering to

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adjacent bowel.

3c. Tethering to pelvic sidewall

3d: Tethering to the uterosacral ligament

Right ovarian endometrioma

No

Yes

2a: Size: NN in millimetres (mm)

2b: T2 shading (intermediate/low

homogeneous T2 signal).

2b-0: No

2b-1: Yes

2c: T1 fat sat hyperintense

> 2c-0: Absent

2c-1: Present

2d: Internal nodularity, septation, complex.

> 2d-1: No

2d-2: Yes

Right ovarian lesions/cysts other than suspected

endometriomas

Not classifiable

Lesion features

2a: Unilocular cyst

Unilocular-solid cyst 2b:

2c: Multilocular cyst

2d: Multilocular-solid cyst

2e: Solid

3: Vascularity (post gadolinium enhancement).

> 3a: Present

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3b:

Absent

Fat component (T1/T2 hyperintense, Low signal on fat suppression).

4a:

Present.

4b:

Absent.

Adnexa

1: Hydrosalpinx

1a:

1b:

Yes

2: Hematosalpinx

> 2a: No

2b:

Yes

3: Other (free text).

Are both ovaries immediately approximated "kissing"?

No

Yes

Urinary bladder nodule

Definition: Is there presence of a nodule in the bladder.

Absent

2: Present

2a:

Size: NN in millimetres (mm)

Uterovesical region

Definition: Assessment of whether there is a visible preserved fat plane +/- physiologic fluid +/- absent distortion between the anterior uterine serosa and bladder.

Normal.

2: Abnormal.

2a:

(free text if required)

Ureteric nodule(s)?

Absent

Present

2a:

Location (free text + distance to ureteric

orifice/VUJ)

2b:

Size (mm)

Pouch of Douglas obliteration

Definition: Assessment for abnormal loss of fat plane +/physiologic fluid and immediate approximation of rectosigmoid and/or small bowel to the posterior uterine serosa, cervix +/- vaginal wall.

Discrete linear bands may be visible ($\sqrt{T1}$, $\sqrt{T2}$)

3:

Negative

Partial 2a:

Left

2b: Right

Complete

3a:

Positive = obliteration.

3b:

Positive = band adhesions.

Nodules present on the posterior vaginal fornix?

Definition: Thickening of superior 1/3 of posterior vaginal wall +/- nodularity. Nodules: ↓ T2 ↑T1 (if active flaemorrhagic deposits)

1:

2: Yes

No

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2a: Dimension of nodule to be measured in millimetres (mm).

2b1:

Inactive.

2b2: Active

Vaginal forniceal elevation?

Definition: Upper level of fornix on sagittal view is superior to the angle of the uterine isthmus with stretching of vaginal wall, and/or acute angulation of the fornix.



No

2: Yes

2a: Left.

2b: Right

2c: Left and Right.

Rectovaginal nodules present?

Definition: Presence of deep infiltrating endometriosis in the anterior rectal wall and posterior vaginal fornix, located below the peritoneum of the Pouch of Douglas, Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as ↓ T1 ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).

No

Yes

2a: Size (mm)

2b1: Inactive.

2b2: Active

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Uterosacral ligament nodules or thickening?

Definition: Inactive/fibrotic disease nodules characterised as ↓ T1 ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).

No

Yes nodules

2a: Left

> Size (mm) 2a-1:

2b;

Right 2b-1:

Size (mm)

2c1: Inactive.

2c2: Active

Left.

3: Yes thickening.

3a:

3b: Right

3c. Both.

Retrocervical nodule present?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as \$\sqrt{T1}\$ ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1. ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinacous content + glandular deposits).

Nο

2:

Yes

Size (mm) 2a:

2b1: Inactive.

2b2: Active

Rectum and colon:

Is there bowel deep infiltrating endometriosis seen?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as \$\sqrt{T1}\$ ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal

(hemorrhagic/proteinacous content + glandular deposits). "Mushroom cap sign" is specific to severe invasive bowel endometriosis and is characterized as a plague with \downarrow T2 at its 'base' and 1 T2 at its 'cap'.



No

Yes

2a: Distance from the anal verge

> 2a-1: Length (mm)

2b: Lesion type

> 2b-1: Isolated lesion

2b-2: Multiple lesions

Curved lesion 2b-3:

Straight lesion

Maximal depth layer of invasion each 2c:

leasion (muscularis, submucosa,

mucosa).

2c-1: Lesion 1: (free text)

Lesion 2 (free text) - delete if (2c-2:

not relevant

(2c-3 etc.)

Is it stuck to any structures or free lying? 2c:

> 2d-1: Vagina

> 2d-2: Uterus

2d-3: Uterosacral ligaments

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2d-4: Ovary

2d: Plaque thickness

2a: 1-5mm.

2b: 6-10mm.

2c: >11mm.

2e: Activity

> 2f1: Inactive.

212: Active.

2f: "Mushroom cap" appearance:

> 2g1: Present.

2g2: Absent.

Is there evidence of tethering of the bowel?



No

Yes, tethered to

2a: Uterus

2b: L. ovary

2c: R. ovary

2d: L. uterosacral ligament nodule

2e: R. uterosacral ligament nodule

2f: L pelvic side wall.

2g: R pelvic side wall.

2h: Other.

Any other salient findings on the study:



a. (Free text).

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