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# ENDOMETRIOSIS PELVIC MRI ASSESSMENT >

# BR PROFORMA REPORT BLIND REVIEW

#### Uterus

1: Absent

Present >

### Uterine anatomy

1. Conventional



- 3. Septate
  - a. Full septum
  - b. Subseptate
- Bicornuate unicollis
- Bicornuate bicollis
- Didelphys
- 7. Other (free text enabled).

#### Uterine Lie (can be more than one selection)



- Retroverted
- Retroflexed
- 5. Axial
- Others (please specify) (Free text enabled)

Uterine Size (body + cervix - 3 planes in mm )

(Free text).

74 x 40 x 27 mm

### Endometrial thickness (sag plane in mm to nearest mm)

1. (Free text)



### **Endometrial lesions**

Not identified,

Present, Polyp.

2b-1: No. of polyps (free text)

2b-2: Size of each polyp. (free text)

## Adenomyosis

No MRI supportive features

- 2. Supportive MRI features as described:
  - 1. Submucosal cysts.
  - Abnormal junctional zone thickening and measurement
    - Anterior (mm)
    - Fundal (mm)
    - Posterior (mm)

### Presence of an adenomyoma

_	1:	No	
_	-		
	2:	Yes	

# Fibroids 1:

2: Yes

> 2a: Number of fibroids:

2b: Largest fibroids (location and size mm all

fibroids >10mm and/or iimpact on the cavity) - (Free text)

Submucosal fibroids 2b:

> 2b-0: No

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2b-1-1: (description: free text)

#### Left ovary

Absent (Branching logic - move to "Right ovary")

2: Present

# Left ovary size (3 planes and volume)

31x 9x 13 mm 1. NN x NN x NN mm

2. Volume (above x 0.52).

### Left ovary follicle measurements and count

1. N follicles between 2 and 9 mm in diameter

a. (Free text)



2. N follicles > 9 mm

a. (Free text)



Dominant follicle

# Left ovary position

1: Lateral adnexa. Unremarkable.

High positioning in Iliac fossa.

3: Tethered/ distorted appearances - (may be multiple options)

3a: Intimate relationship to the lateral uterus

3b Intimate relationship/ tethering to adjacent bowel.

3c. Tethering to pelvic sidewall

3d:Tethering to the uterosacral ligament

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3e:

Other: (free text)

# Left ovarian endometrioma

1: No

1a: Size: NN in millimetres (mm)

1b: T2 shading (intermediate/low

homogeneous T2 signal). 1b-0: No

1b-1: Yes

1c: T1 fat sat hyperintense

1c-0: Absent

1c-1: Present

1d: Internal nodularity, septation or other

complexity.

1d-1: No

1d-2: Yes

1-d-2-1: (Free text)

# Left ovarian lesions/cysts other than suspected endometriomas

1: Not classifiable
2: Lesion features

2a: Unilocular cyst

2b: Unilocular-solid cyst

2c: Multilocular cyst

2d: Multilocular-solid cyst

2e: Solid

3: Vascularity (post gadolinium enhancement).

3a: Present

3b: Absent

4 Fat component (T1/T2 hyperintense. Low signal on fat suppression).

4a: Present.

4b: Absent.

# Right ovarian endometrioma

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adjacent bowel.

1: NØ 2: Yes

1: Absent (Branching logic - move to "Adnexa")

2: Present

Right ovary

Right ovary size (3 planes and volume)

1. NN×NN×NNmm 23×16×11m-

2. Volume (above x 0.52).

2.1c s

Right ovary follicle measurements and count

1. N follicles between 2 and 9 mm in diameter

a. (Free text)

7

0

2. N follicles > 9 mm

a. (Free text)

Dominant follicle

a. Y b. N.

Right ovary position

1: Lateral adnexa. Unremarkable.

2: High positioning in iliac fossa.

3: Tethered/ distorted appearances – may be

multiple options.

3a: Intimate relationship to the lateral uterus

3b Intimate relationship/ tethering to

2a: Size: NN in millimetres (mm)

2b: T2 shading (intermediate/low

homogeneous T2 signal).

FV

2b-0: No

3c. Tethering to pelvic sidewall

3d: Tethering to the uterosacral ligament

2b-1: Yes

2c: T1 fat sat hyperintense

2c-0: Absent

2c-1: Present

2d: Internal nodularity, septation, complex.

2d-1: No

2d-2: Yes

# Right ovarian lesions/cysts other than suspected

# endometriomas

1: Not classifiable

2: Lesion features

2a: Unilocular cyst

2b: Unilocular-solid cyst

2c: Multilocular cyst

2d: Multilocular-solid cyst

2e: Solid

3: Vascularity (post gadolinium enhancement).

3a: Present

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3b:

Absent

4 Fat component (T1/ T2 hyperintense. Low signal on fat suppression).

4a: Present.

4b: Absent.

#### Adnexa

1: Hydrosalpinx

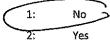


2: Hematosalpinx



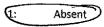
3: Other (free text).

Are both ovaries immediately approximated "kissing"?



#### Urinary bladder nodule

Definition: Is there presence of a nodule in the bladder.



2: Present

2a: Size: NN in millimetres (mm)

#### Uterovesical region

Definition: Assessment of whether there is a visible preserved fat plane +/- physiologic fluid +/- absent distortion between the anterior uterine serosa and bladder.

1: Normal.

2: Abnormal.

2a: (free text if required)

Ureteric nadule(s)?

1: Absent – 2: Present

2a: Location (free text + distance to ureteric

orifice/VUJ)

2b: Size (mm)

### Pouch of Douglas obliteration

Definition: Assessment for abnormal loss of fat plane +/physiologic fluid and immediate approximation of
rectosigmoid and/or small bowel to the posterior uterine
serosa, cervix +/- vaginal wall.

Discrete linear bands may be visible (\$\sqrt{T1}, \$\sqrt{T2}\$)



2a: Left

2b: Right

3: Complete

3a: Positive = obliteration.

3b: Positive = band adhesions.

### Nodules present on the posterior vaginal fornix?

Definition: Thickening of superior 1/3 of posterior vaginal wall +/- nodularity. Nodules:  $\downarrow$  T2  $\uparrow$ T1 (if active

haemorrhagic deposits)

1: No

2: Yes

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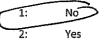
2a: Dimension of nodule to be measured in

millimetres (mm).

2b1: Inactive. 2b2: Active

#### Vaginal forniceal elevation?

Definition: Upper level of fornix on sagittal view is superior to the angle of the uterine isthmus with stretching of vaginal wall, and/or acute angulation of the fornix.



2a: Left.

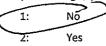
2b: Right

2c: Left and Right.

### Rectovaginal nodules present?

Definition: Presence of deep infiltrating endometriosis in the anterior rectal wall and posterior vaginal fornix, located below the peritoneum of the Pouch of Douglas. Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as  $\psi$  T1  $\psi$  T2 signal.

Active disease as  $\uparrow$ T1,  $\uparrow$  to intermediate-T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).



2a: Size (mm)

2b1: Inactive.

2b2: Active

## Uterosacral ligament nodules or thickening?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease nodules characterised as \$\sqrt{T1}\$ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).

NO 1:

2: Yes nodules

> 2a: Left

> > 2a-1: Size (mm)

2b: Right

> 2b-1: Size (mm)

2c1: Inactive.

2c2: Active

· 3: Yes thickening.

> 3a: Left.

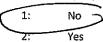
3b: Right

3c: Both.

#### Retrocervical nodule present?

Definition: Inactive/fibrotic disease characterised as J. T1 ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as 11, 1 to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinacous content + glandular deposits).



2a: Size (mm)

2b1: Inactive.

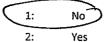
2b2: Active

### Rectum and colon:

# Is there bowel deep infiltrating endometriosis seen?

Definition: Inactive/fibrotic disease characterised as \$\square\$ T1 ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/proteinacous content + glandular deposits). "Mushroom cap sign" is specific to severe invasive bowel endometriosis and is characterized as a plaque with  $\downarrow$  T2 at its 'base' and 1 T2 at its 'cap'.



2a: Distance from the anal verge

> 2a-1: Length (mm)

2b: Lesion type

> Isolated lesion 2b-1:

2b-2: Multiple lesions

2b-3: Curved lesion

2b-4: Straight lesion

2c: Maximal depth layer of invasion each

leasion (muscularis, submucosa,

mucosa).

Lesion 1: (free text) 2c-1:

(2c-2: Lesion 2 (free text) - delete if

not relevant

(2c-3 etc.)

2c: Is it stuck to any structures or free lying?

> 2d-1: Vagina

2d-2: Uterus

2d-3: Uterosacral ligaments

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2d:

Ovary 2d-4: Plaque thickness FV

2a: 1-5mm.

2b: 6-10mm.

2c: >11mm.

2e: Activity

> 2f1: Inactive.

2f2: Active.

2f: "Mushroom cap" appearance:

> 2g1: Present.

2g2: Absent.

### Is there evidence of tethering of the bowel?

1. No

Yes, tethered to

2a: Uterus

2b: L. ovary

2c: R. ovary

2d: L. uterosacral ligament nodule

2e: R. uterosacral ligament nodule

2f: L pelvic side wall.

R pelvic side wall. 2g:

2h: Other.

### Any other salient findings on the study:



a. (Free text).

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