SUBJECT ID = RR

## **ENDOMETRIOSIS PELVIC MRI ASSESSMENT -**

#### **BR PROFORMA REPORT BLIND REVIEW**

#### Uterus

1:

Absent



Present

# **Uterine anatomy**

Conventional

- Arcuate
- Septate
  - Full septum
  - Subseptate
- Bicornuate unicollis
- Bicornuate bicollis
- Didelphys
- Other (free text enabled).

# Uterine Lie (can be more than one selection)

- Anteverted
- Anteflexed
- 3. Retroverted
- 4. Retroflexed
- 5. Axial
- Others (please specify) (Free text enabled)

# Uterine Size (body + cervix - 3 planes in mm)

1. (Free text).

69 x 48 x 42 mm

#### Endometrial thickness (sag plane in mm to nearest mm)

(Free text)

5mm

#### **Endometrial lesions**

Not identified.

2. Present. Polyp.

2b-1:

No. of polyps (free text)

2b-2:

Size of each polyp. (free text)

## Adenomyosis



No MRI supportive features

- 2. Supportive MRI features as described:
  - Submucosal cysts.
  - 2. Abnormal junctional zone thickening and measurement
    - Anterior (mm)
    - ii. Fundal (mm)
    - iii. Posterior (mm)

# Presence of an adenomyoma



No

Yes

#### **Fibroids**

1:

No Yes

2a:

Number of fibroids:

2b:

Largest fibroids (location and size mm all

fibroids >10mm and/or iimpact on the cavity) - (Free text)

Submucosal fibroids 2b:

2b-0:

No

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2b-1:

2b-1-1: (description: free text)

## Left ovary

1: Absent (Branching logic - move to "Right ovary")

2:

Present

# Left ovary size (3 planes and volume)

1. NN x NN x NN mm 37 x 45 x 40 mm

2. Volume (above x 0.52).

34.860

# Left ovary follicle measurements and count

1. N follicles between 2 and 9 mm in diameter

a. (Free text)

2. N follicles > 9 mm

(Free text)

Dominant follicle

# Left ovary position

1: Lateral adnexa. Unremarkable.

High positioning in iliac fossa.

3:) Tethered/ distorted appearances – (may be multiple options)

3a: Intimate relationship to the lateral uterus

3b Intimate relationship/ tethering to adjacent bowel.

3c. Tethering to pelvic sidewall

3d:Tethering to the uterosacral ligament

SUBJECT ID = RR Other: (free text) 3e: Left ovarian endometrioma 1: No 2: Yes Size: NN in millimetres (mm) 1a: T2 shading (intermediate/low homogeneous T2 signal). 1b-0: No (1b-1:) Yes 1c: T1 fat sat hyperintense 1c-0: Absent (1c-1) Present 1d: Internal nodularity, septation or other complexity. 1d-1: No Yes 1-d-2-1: (Free text) thin septation. Left ovarian lesions/cysts other than suspected endometriomas Not classifiable 2: Lesion features

2a: Unilocular cyst

2b: Unilocular-solid cyst

2c: Multilocular cyst

2d: Multilocular-solid cyst

2e: Solid

3: Vascularity (post gadolinium enhancement).

3a: Present

3b: Absent

4 Fat component (T1/T2 hyperintense. Low signal on fat suppression).

4a: 4b: Present.

Absent.

Right ovary

1: Absent (Branching logic - move to "Adnexa")

(2:)

Present

Right ovary size (3 planes and volume)

1. NN x NN x NN mm 35 + 27 x 36 mc

2. Volume (above x 0.52).

17.8cc

# Right ovary follicle measurements and count

1. N follicles between 2 and 9 mm in diameter

. (Free text)

4

2. N follicles > 9 mm

. (Free text)

Lero

3. Dominant follicle

a. Y b. N.

Right ovary position

1:)

Lateral adnexa. Unremarkable.

High positioning in iliac fossa.

Tethered/ distorted appearances – may be

multiple options.

3a: Intimate relationship to the lateral uterus

3b Intimate relationship/ tethering to

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adjacent bowel.

3c. Tethering to pelvic sidewall

3d: Tethering to the uterosacral ligament

Right ovarian endometrioma

(2:)

No Yes

2c:

2a: Size

Size: NN in millimetres (mm)

24-

2b: T2 shading (intermediate/low homogeneous T2 signal).

2b-0: No

2b-1: Yes

11 fat sat hyperintense

2c-0: Absent

2c-1: Present

2d: Internal nodularity, septation, complex.

2d-1: N

2d-2: Yes

Right ovarian lesions/cysts other than suspected

endometriomas

1: Not classifiable

2: Lesion features

2a: Unilocular cyst

2b: Unilocular-solid cyst

2c: Multilocular cyst

2d: Multilocular-solid cyst

2e: Solid

Vascularity (post gadolinium enhancement).

3a: Present

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3b:

Fat component (T1/T2 hyperintense. Low signal on fat suppression).

Present.

Absent



Absent.

Adnexa

1: Hydrosalpinx

1a:



1b:

Yes

2a:

2:



2b: Yes

Hematosalpinx

3: Other (free text).

Are both ovaries immediately approximated "kissing"?

Yes

Urinary bladder nodule

No

Definition: Is there presence of a nodule in the bladder.

Absent

Present

2a:

Size: NN in millimetres (mm)

Uterovesical region

Definition: Assessment of whether there is a visible preserved fat plane +/- physiologic flu d +/- absent distortion between the anterior uterine serosa and bladder.

Normal. 1:

2:

Abnormal.

2a: (free text if required)

tellering Ureteric nodule(s)?

Absent

2: Present

2a:

Location (free text + distance to ureteric

orifice/VUJ)

2b:

Size (mm)

**Pouch of Douglas obliteration** 

Definition: Assessment for abnormal loss of fat plane +/physiologic fluid and immediate approximation of rectosigmoid and/or small bowel to the posterior uterine serosa, cervix +/- vaginal wall.

Discrete linear bands may be visible ( $\sqrt{T1}$ ,  $\sqrt{T2}$ )

1: 2: Negative Partial



Left



2b: Right

3: Complete

3a:

Positive = obliteration.

3b:

Positive = band adhesions.

Nodules present on the posterior vaginal fornix?

Definition: Thickening of superior 1/3 of posterior vaginal wall +/- nodularity. Nodules: ↓ T2 ↑T1 (if active haemorrhagic deposits)

No 1:

2:

Yes

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Dimension of nodule to be measured in 2a:

millimetres (mm).

2b1:

Inactive.

2b2: Active

Vaginal forniceal elevation?

Definition: Upper level of fornix on sagittal view is superior to the angle of the uterine isthmus with stretching of vaginal wall, and/or acute angulation of the fornix.

2:

No

Yes

2a: Left.

2b: Right

2c: Left and Right.

Rectovaginal nodules present?

Definition: Presence of deep infiltrating endometriosis in the anterior rectal wall and posterior vaginal fornix, located below the peritoneum of the Pouch of Douglas. Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as  $\sqrt{T1} \sqrt{T2}$  signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal

(semorrhagic/ proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).

2: Yes

No

Size (mm) 2a:

2b1: Inactive.

2b2: Active SUBJECT ID = RR

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## Uterosacral ligament nodules or thickening?

Definition: Inactive/fibrotic disease nodules characterised as  $\downarrow$  T1  $\downarrow$  T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).



No

2: Yes nodules

> 2a: Left

> > 2a-1: Size (mm)

2b: Right

> 2b-1: Size (mm)

2c1: Inactive.

Active 2c2:

Yes thickening. 3:

> 3a: Left.

3b: Right

3c: Both.

#### Retrocervical nodule present?

Definition: Inactive/fibrotic disease characterised as  $\sqrt{11}$ ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as 个T1, 个 to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinacous content + glandular deposits).

No

Yes

2a: Size (mm)

2b1: Inactive.

Active 2b2:

#### Rectum and colon:

## Is there bowel deep infiltrating endometriosis seen?

Definition: Inactive/fibrotic disease characterised as \$\sqrt{T1}\$ ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinacous content + glandular deposits). "Mushroom cap sign" is specific to severe invasive bowel endometriosis and is characterized as a plaque with  $\downarrow$  T2 at its 'base' and 个 T2 at its 'cap'.



No

Yes

2a: Distance from the anal verge

> Length (mm) 2a-1:

2b: Lesion type

> 2b-1: Isolated lesion

2b-2: Multiple lesions

2b-3: Curved lesion

Straight lesion 2b-4:

Maximal depth layer of invasion each 2c:

leasion (muscularis, submucosa,

mucosa).

Lesion 1: (free text) 2c-1:

Lesion 2 (free text) - delete if (2c-2:

not relevant

(2c-3 etc.)

2c: Is it stuck to any structures or free lying?

> 2d-1: Vagina

> 2d-2: Uterus

Uterosacral ligaments 2d-3:

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FU

2d-4: Ovary

2d: Plaque thickness

2a: 1-5mm.

2b: 6-10mm.

2c: >11mm.

2e: Activity

> 2f1: Inactive.

2f2: Active.

2f: "Mushroom cap" appearance:

> 2g1: Present.

Absent. 2g2:

# Is there evidence of tethering of the bowel?



No

Yes, tethered to

2a: Uterus

L. ovary

R. ovary

2d: L. uterosacral ligament nodule

R. uterosacral ligament nodule 2e:

2f: L pelvic side wall.

2g: R pelvic side wall.

2h: Other.

Any other salient findings on the study:

1. No focal scerning a dhest.

2. Yes an ever seg obdo wall

2. The lated to past LSCS

Scan/ Photo/ Emaii: kate.cook@bensonradiology.com.au

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