SUBJECT ID = RR

ENDOMETRIOSIS PELVIC MRI ASSESSMENT -**BR PROFORMA REPORT BLIND REVIEW**

Uterus

Absent

Present

Uterine anatomy

Conventional

- Arcuate
- Septate
 - Full septum
 - b. Subseptate
- Bicornuate unicollis
- Bicornuate bicollis
- **Didelphys**
- Other (free text enabled).

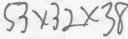
Uterine Lie (can be more than one selection)

Anteverted

Anteflexed Retroverted

- Retroflexed
- 5. Axial
- Others (please specify) (Free text enabled)

Uterine Size (body + cervix - 3 planes in mm)



Endometrial thickness (sag plane in mm to nearest mm)

1. (Free text)

Endometrial lesions

Not identified.

Present. Polyp.

2b-1: No. of polyps (free text)

Size of each polyp. (free text) 2b-2:

Adenomyosis

No MRI supportive features

Supportive MRI features as described:

Submucosal cysts.

Abnormal junctional zone thickening and measurement

Anterior (mm)

Fundal (mm)

Posterior (mm)

Presence of an adenomyoma

No

2: Yes

Eibroids

1: No

Yes

Number of fibroids: 2a:

2b: Largest fibroids (location and size mm all

fibroids >10mm and/or iimpact on the cavity) - (Free text)

Submucosal fibroids 2b:

> 2b-0: No

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Yes

2b-1-1: (description: free text)

Left ovary

Absent (Branching logic - move to "Right ovary")

Present 2:

Left ovary size (3 planes and volume)

Volume (above x 0.52).

Left ovary follicle measurements and count

1. N follicles between 2 and 9 mm in diameter

(Free text)

N follicles > 9 mm

(Free text)

Dominant follicle

a.

Left ovary position

Lateral adnexa. Unremarkable.

High positioning in iliac fossa.

Tethered/ distorted appearances - (may be 3:

multiple options)

3a: Intimate relationship to the lateral uterus

3b Intimate relationship/ tethering to adjacent

bowel.

3c. Tethering to pelvic sidewall

3d:Tethering to the uterosacral ligament

SUBJECT ID = RR 3e: Other: (free text) Left ovarian endometrioma No 2: Yes Size: NN in millimetres (mm) 1a: T2 shading (intermediate/low 1b: homogeneous T2 signal). No 1b-0: Yes 1b-1: T1 fat sat hyperintense 1c: Absent 1c-0: 1c-1: Present Internal nodularity, septation or other 1d: complexity. 1d-1: No 1d-2: Yes 1-d-2-1: (Free text) Left ovarian lesions/cysts other than suspected endometriomas Not classifiable 1: 2: Lesion features

2a: Unilocular cyst

2b: Unilocular-solid cyst

2c: Multilocular cyst

2d: Multilocular-solid cyst

2e: Solid

3: Vascularity (post gadolinium enhancement).

3a: Present

3b: Absent

4 Fat component (T1/ T2 hyperintense. Low signal on fat suppression).

4a: Present.

4b: Absent.

Right ovary

1: Absent (Branching logic – move to "Adnexa")

2: Present

Right ovary size (3 planes and volume)

1. NN x NN x NN mm

2. Volume (above x 0.52)

above x 0.52)2 -8

Right ovary follicle measurements and count

1. N follicles between 2 and 9 mm in diameter

a. (Free text)

2. N follicles > 9 mm

a. (Free text)

3. Dominant follicle

a. Y b. N.

Right ovary position

1: Lateral adnexa. Unremarkable.

2: High positioning in iliac fossa.

Tethered/ distorted appearances – may be multiple options.

3a. Intimate relationship to the lateral uterus

3b Intimate relationship/ tethering to

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adjacent bowel.

3c. Tethering to pelvic sidewall

3d: Tethering to the uterosacral ligament

Right ovarian endometrioma

1:/ No

2: Yes

2a: Size: NN in millimetres (mm)

2b: T2 shading (intermediate/low

homogeneous T2 signal).

2b-0: No

2b-1: Yes

2c: T1 fat sat hyperintense

2c-0: Absent

2c-1: Present

2d: Internal nodularity, septation, complex.

2d-1: No

2d-2: Yes

Right ovarian lesions/cysts other than suspected

endometriomas

1: Not classifiable

2: Lesion features

2a: Unilocular cyst

2b: Unilocular-solid cyst

2c: Multilocular cyst

2d: Multilocular-solid cyst

2e: Solid

: Vascularity (post gadolinium enhancement).

3a: Present

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3b:

Absent

Fat component (T1/T2 hyperintense. Low signal on fat suppression).

4a:

Present.

4b:

Absent.

Adnexa

Hydrosalpinx

1a:

No

Yes

No

1b:

Hematosalpinx

2a:

Yes 2b:

3:

Other (free text).

Are both ovaries immediately approximated "kissing"?

No

2: Yes

Urinary bladder nodule

Definition: Is there presence of a nodule in the bladder.

Absent

2:

Present

2a:

Size: NN in millimetres (mm)

Uterovesical region

Definition: Assessment of whether there is a visible preserved fat plane +/- physiologic fluid +/- absent distortion between the anterior uterine serosa and bladder.

Normal.

Abnormal.

(free text if required)

Ureteric nodule(s)?

Absent

Present

Location (free text + distance to ureteric

orifice/VUJ)

2b:

2a:

Size (mm)

Pouch of Douglas obliteration

Definition: Assessment for abnormal loss of fat plane +/physiologic fluid and immediate approximation of rectosigmoid and/or small bowel to the posterior uterine serosa, cervix +/- vaginal wall.

Discrete linear bands may be visible (\downarrow T1, \downarrow T2)

2:

3:

Negative

Partial

Left

2b:

Right

Complete

3a:

Positive = obliteration.

3b:

No

Positive = band adhesions.

Nodules present on the posterior vaginal fornix?

Definition: Thickening of superior 1/3 of posterior vaginal wall +/- nodularity. Nodules: ↓ T2 ↑T1 (if active haemorrhagic deposits)

Yes

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Dimension of nodule to be measured in 2a: millimetres (mm).

> 2b1: Inactive.

2b2: Active

Vaginal forniceal elevation?

Definition: Upper level of fornix on sagittal view is superior to the angle of the uterine isthmus with stretching of vaginal wall, and/or acute angulation of the fornix.

1:

No

Yes

2a: Left.

2b: Right

2c: Left and Right.

Rectovaginal nodules present?

Definition: Presence of deep infiltrating endometriosis in the anterior rectal wall and posterior vaginal fornix, located below the peritoneum of the Pouch of Douglas. Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as ↓ T1 ↓ T2 signal. Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal

(hemorrhagic/ proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).

1:

No

Yes

Size (mm)

21/1:

Inactive.

2b2:

Active

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Uterosacral ligament nodules or thickening?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease nodules characterised as \downarrow T1 \downarrow T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).

1: No

Yes nodules 2:

> Left 2a:

> > 2a-1: Size (mm)

2b: Right

> Size (mm) 2b-1:

2c1: Inactive.

2c2: Active

Yes thickening.

Left.

Right

Both.

Retrocervical nodule present?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as ↓ T1 ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal themorrhagic/ proteinacous content + glandular deposits).

No Yes

> Size (mm) 2a:

2b1: Inactive.

2b2: Active Rectum and colon:

Is there bowel deep infiltrating endometriosis seen?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as \downarrow T1 ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinacous content + glandular deposits). "Mushroom cap sign" is specific to severe invasive bowel endometriosis and is characterized as a plaque with \downarrow T2 at its 'base' and ↑ T2 at its 'cap'.

No

Yes

2a: Distance from the anal verge

> 2a-1: Length (mm)

2b: Lesion type

> 2b-1: Isolated lesion

2b-2: Multiple lesions

2b-3: Curved lesion

2b-4: Straight lesion

2c: Maximal depth layer of invasion each

leasion (muscularis, submucosa,

mucosa).

Lesion 1: (free text) 2c-1:

(2c-2:Lesion 2 (free text) - delete if

not relevant

(2c-3 etc.)

Is it stuck to any structures or free lying? 2c:

> 2d-1: Vagina

> 2d-2: Uterus

2d-3: Uterosacral ligaments **REVIEWER INITIALS**

2d-4: Ovary

2d: Plaque thickness

2a: 1-5mm.

2b: 6-10mm.

2c: >11mm.

2e: Activity

> 2f1: Inactive.

2f2: Active.

2f: "Mushroom cap" appearance:

> 2g1: Present.

2g2: Absent.

Is there evidence of tethering of the bowel?

No

Yes, tethered to

Uterus

L. ovary

R. ovarv

L. uterosacral ligament nodule

2e: R. uterosacral ligament nodule

2f: L pelvic side wall.

R pelvic side wall. 2g:

Other. 2h:

Any other salient findings on the study:

No

2. Yes

(Free text).

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