SUBJECT ID = RR \_\_\_ 23

# **ENDOMETRIOSIS PELVIC MRI ASSESSMENT -BR PROFORMA REPORT BLIND REVIEW**

#### Uterus

Absent

Present

#### **Uterine anatomy**

- Conventional
- Arcuate
- 3. Septate
  - Full septum
  - b. Subseptate
- Bicornuate unicollis
- Bicornuate bicollis
- Didelphys
- Other (free text enabled).

# Left unicornucte

# Uterine Lie (can be more than one selection)

Anteverted



- Retroverted
- Retroflexed
- Axial
- Others (please specify) (Free text enabled)

## Uterine Size (body + cervix - 3 planes in mm)

1. (Free text).

76 x 41 x 31 mm

#### Endometrial thickness (sag plane in mm to nearest mm)

1. (Free text)



#### **Endometrial lesions**



Not identified.

2. Present. Polyp.

No. of polyps (free text) 2b-1:

Size of each polyp. (free text) 2b-2:

#### Adenomyosis



No MRI supportive features

2. Supportive MRI features as described:

1. Submucosal cysts.

Abnormal junctional zone thickening and measurement

Anterior (mm)

Fundal (mm)

Posterior (mm)

#### Presence of an adenomyoma

1: No

2: Yes

## **Fibroids**

1:

No

Yes

Number of fibroids: 2a:

2b: Largest fibroids (location and size mm all

fibroids >10mm and/or iimpact on the cavity) - (Free text)

Submucosal fibroids 2b:

> 2b-0: No

## REVIEWER INITIALS

2b-1: Yes

2b-1-1: (description: free text)

#### Left ovary

Absent (Branching logic - move to "Right ovary") 1:

2:

Present

## Left ovary size (3 planes and volume)

1. NN x NN x NN mm 24x 31x 20 mm

2. Volume (above x 0.52).

7-800

#### Left ovary follicle measurements and count

1. N follicles between 2 and 9 mm in diameter

a. (Free text)



2. N follicles > 9 mm

a. (Free text)

1 at 15mm

3. Dominant follicle

b. N.

# Left ovary position

1: Lateral adnexa. Unremarkable.

2: High positioning in iliac fossa.

Tethered/ distorted appearances - (may be 3:

multiple options)

3a: Intimate relationship to the lateral uterus

3b Intimate relationship/tethering to adjacent

bowel.

3c. Tethering to pelvic sidewall

3d:Tethering to the uterosacral ligament

REVIEWER INITIALS SUBJECT ID = RR Other: (free text) 3b: Absent adjacent bowel. 3e: Fat component (T1/T2 hyperintense. Low signal 3c. Tethering to pelvic sidewall 3d: Tethering to the uterosacral ligament on fat suppression). Left ovarian endometrioma 4a: Present. No Right ovarian endometrioma 4b: Absent. 2: Yes No Size: NN in millimetres (mm) 1a: 2: Yes T2 shading (intermediate/low Right ovary 2a: Size: NN in millimetres (mm) homogeneous T2 signal). Absent (Branching logic - move to "Adnexa") 1: 2b: T2 shading (intermediate/low 1b-0: No 2: Present homogeneous T2 signal). 1b-1: Yes 2b-0: No T1 fat sat hyperintense Right ovary size (3 planes and volume) 1c: 1. NN x NN x NN mm 32 x 17 x 21 mm 2b-1: Yes 1c-0: Absent 2. Volume (above x 0.52). 6 - 0 < 0 2c: T1 fat sat hyperintense 1c-1: Present Internal nodularity, septation or other 2c-0: Absent 1d: 2c-1: Present complexity. Right ovary follicle measurements and count Internal nodularity, septation, complex. 2d: 1d-1: No 1. N follicles between 2 and 9 mm in diameter 16 2d-1: No 1d-2: Yes a. (Free text) 1-d-2-1: (Free text) 2d-2: Yes 2. N follicles > 9 mm a. (Free text) Right ovarian lesions/cysts other than suspected Left ovarian lesions/cysts other than suspected 3. Dominant follicle endometriomas endometriomas a. Y Not classifiable 1: Not classifiable 2: Lesion features 2: Lesion features Unilocular cyst Unilocular cyst 2a: 2a: Right ovary position Unilocular-solid cyst 2b: Unilocular-solid cyst 2b: 1: Lateral adnexa. Unremarkable. Multilocular cyst 2c: 2c: Multilocular cyst 2: High positioning in iliac fossa. 2d: Multilocular-solid cyst 2d: Multilocular-solid cyst 3: Tethered/ distorted appearances - may be

multiple options.

3a: Intimate relationship to the lateral uterus

3b Intimate relationship/ tethering to

Solid

Present

Vascularity (post gadolinium enhancement).

2e:

3a:

3:

2e:

3a:

3:

Solid

Present

Vascularity (post gadolinium enhancement).

#### SUBJECT ID = RR

3b:

Absent

4 Fat component (T1/ T2 hyperintense. Low signal on fat suppression).

4a:

Present.

4b:

Absent.

#### Adnexa

1: Hydrosalpinx

1a:



1b:

Yes

2:

Hematosalpinx
2a: No

2b:

Yes

3: Other (free text).

## Are both ovaries immediately approximated "kissing"?

1:



2:

Ye

## Urinary bladder nodule

Definition: Is there presence of a nodule in the bladder.

1:

Absent

2: Present

Size: NN in millimetres (mm)

## Uterovesical region

2a:

Definition: Assessment of whether there is a visible preserved fat plane +/- physiologic fluid +/- absent distortion between the anterior uterine serosa and bladder.

Normal.

2:

Abnormal.

2a:

(free text if required)

1055 of Forplore left side

## Ureteric nodule(s)?

(1:)

Absent

2: Present

2a:

Location (free text + distance to ureteric

orifice/VUJ)

2b:

Size (mm)

#### Pouch of Douglas obliteration

Definition: Assessment for abnormal loss of fat plane +/physiologic fluid and immediate approximation of
rectosigmoid and/or small bowel to the posterior uterine
serosa, cervix +/- vaginal wall.

Discrete linear bands may be visible ( $\downarrow$  T1,  $\downarrow$  T2)

1:

Negative

2:

Partial

2a:

Left

Right

2b: Rig

3:

Complete

3a:

Positive = obliteration.

3b:

Positive = band adhesions.

# Nodules present on the posterior vaginal fornix?

Definition: Thickening of superior 1/3 of posterior vaginal wall +/- nodularity. Nodules: ↓ T2 ↑T1 (if active haemorrhagic deposits)

1:

2:

Yes

No

## REVIEWER INITIALS

2a:

Dimension of nodule to be measured in

millimetres (mm).

2b1:

Inactive.

2b2:

Active

## Vaginal forniceal elevation?

Definition: Upper level of fornix on sagittal view is superior to the angle of the uterine isthmus with stretching of vaginal wall, and/or acute angulation of the fornix.

1:

No

2: Yes

2a: Left.

2b: Right

2c: Left and Right.

## Rectovaginal nodules present?

Definition: Presence of deep infiltrating endometriosis in the anterior rectal wall and posterior vaginal fornix, located below the peritoneum of the Pouch of Douglas. Inactive/fibrotic disease characterised as  $\downarrow$  T1  $\downarrow$  T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).

1:

2:

Yes 2a:

No

2b1: Inactive.

Size (mm)

2b2:

Active

## SUBJECT ID = RR



#### Uterosacral ligament nodules or thickening?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease nodules characterised as ↓ T1 ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinaceous content + glandular deposits).

1: No

Yes nodules 2:

> 2a: Left

> > 2a-1: Size (mm)

2b: Right

> 2b-1: Size (mm)

2c1: Inactive.

2c2: Active

3: Yes thickening.

> Left. 3a:

3b: Right

3c: Both.

#### Retrocervical nodule present?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as \$\square\$ T1 ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/ proteinacous content + glandular deposits).

No

Yes

2a: Size (mm)

2b1: Inactive.

2b2: Active

#### Rectum and colon:

#### Is there bowel deep infiltrating endometriosis seen?

Definition: Inactive/ fibrotic disease characterised as ↓ T1 ↓ T2 signal.

Active disease as ↑T1, ↑ to intermediate- T2 signal (hemorrhagic/proteinacous content + glandular deposits). "Mushroom cap sign" is specific to severe invasive bowel endometriosis and is characterized as a plague with  $\downarrow$  T2 at its 'base' and ↑ T2 at its 'cap'.

No

Yes

Distance from the anal verge 2a:

> 2a-1: Length (mm)

2b: Lesion type

> Isolated lesion 2b-1:

Multiple lesions 2b-2:

2b-3: Curved lesion

2b-4: Straight lesion

Maximal depth layer of invasion each 2c:

leasion (muscularis, submucosa,

mucosa).

2c-1: Lesion 1: (free text)

(2c-2: Lesion 2 (free text) - delete if

not relevant

(2c-3 etc.)

Is it stuck to any structures or free lying? 2c:

> 2d-1: Vagina

> 2d-2: Uterus

2d-3: Uterosacral ligaments

DEVA	EVALED	INITIALS	•
KEVI	EVVER	INITIALS	•

2d-4: Ovary

2d: Plaque thickness

2a: 1-5mm.

2b: 6-10mm.

2c: >11mm.

Activity 2e:

> 2f1: Inactive.

2f2: Active.

2f: "Mushroom cap" appearance:

> 2g1: Present.

2g2: Absent.

## Is there evidence of tethering of the bowel?

No

Yes, tethered to

Uterus 2a:

2b: L. ovary

2c: R. ovary

2d: L. uterosacral ligament nodule

R. uterosacral ligament nodule 2e:

2f: L pelvic side wall.

2g: R pelvic side wall.

2h: Other.

Any other salient findings on the study:

25) right uterire how with a. (Free text). out functioning.

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Page 4 of 4