

COMPANIES WITH MORE THAN \$1B IN CASH HAVE  
SIGNIFICANTLY HIGHER RETURNS IN AVERAGE,  
COMPARED TO COMPANIES THAT HAVE LESS THAN \$1B BY  
THE END OF THE YEAR.

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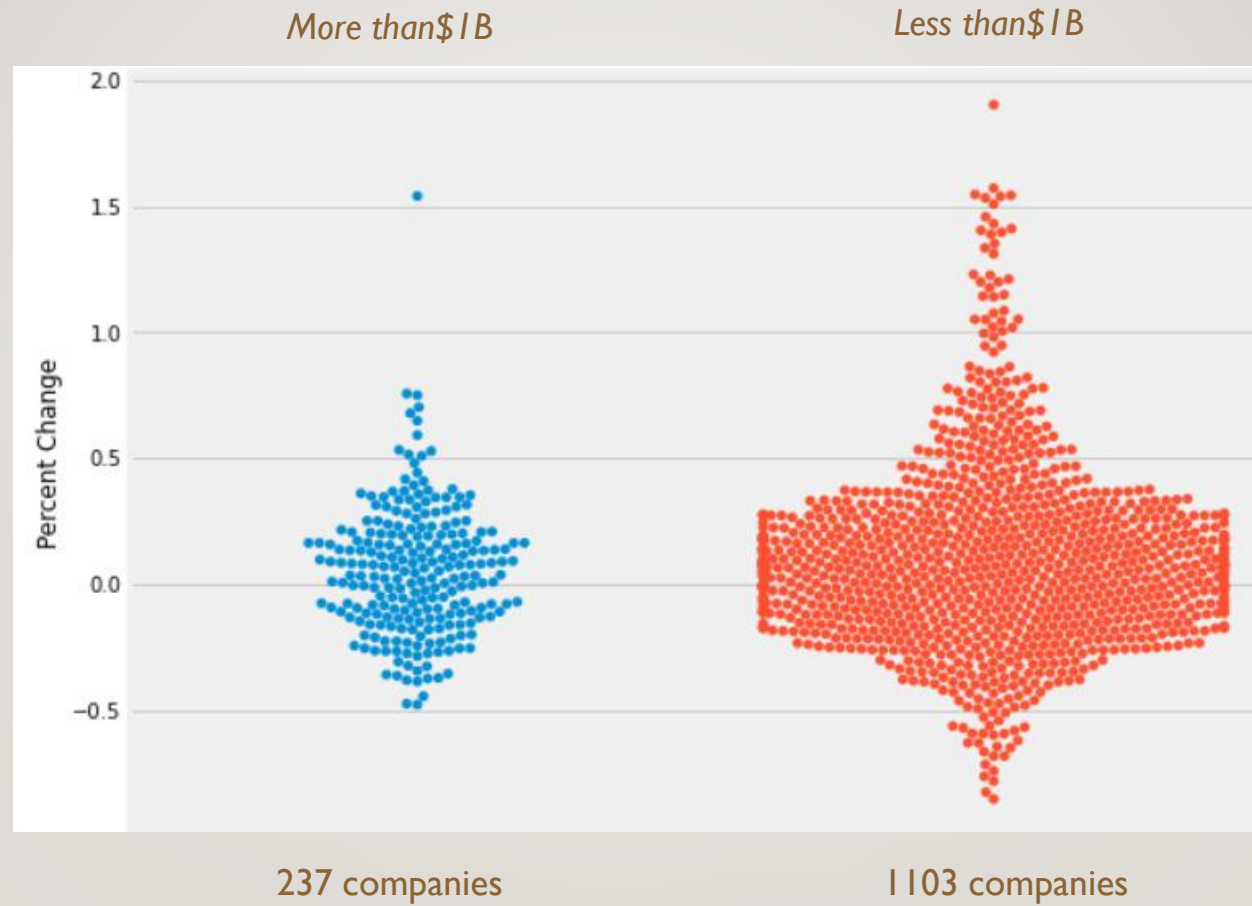
# AGENDA

- Introduction of the data.
- Is there a significant difference in returns?
- How much is the difference in returns?
- What's the use of the hypothesis?
- Conclusion.

# DATA

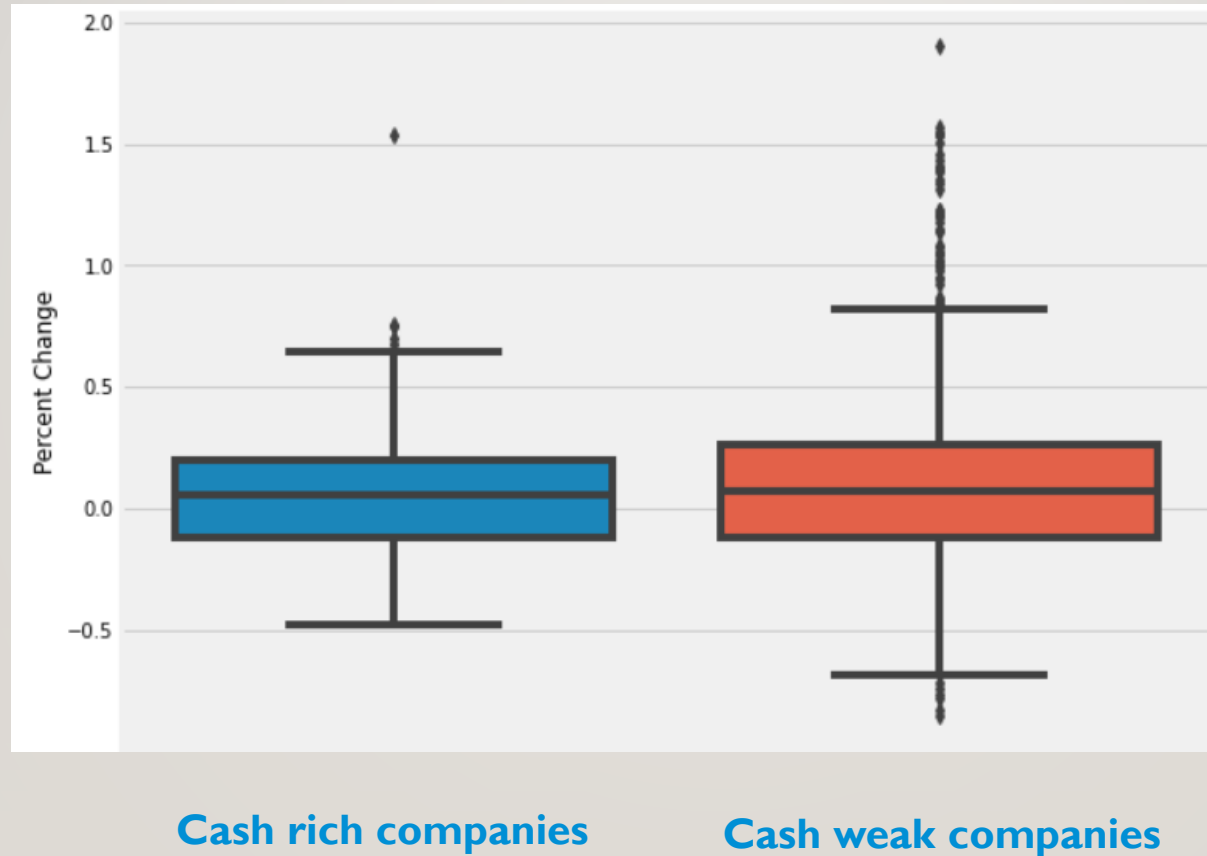
- 1340 companies return from the end of the Q1 2018 to the end of Q1 2019
- Data includes ticker name, price, cash/assets, calendar date.
- Raw data can be found here: [Quandl.com](https://www.quandl.com)

Is there a significant difference?



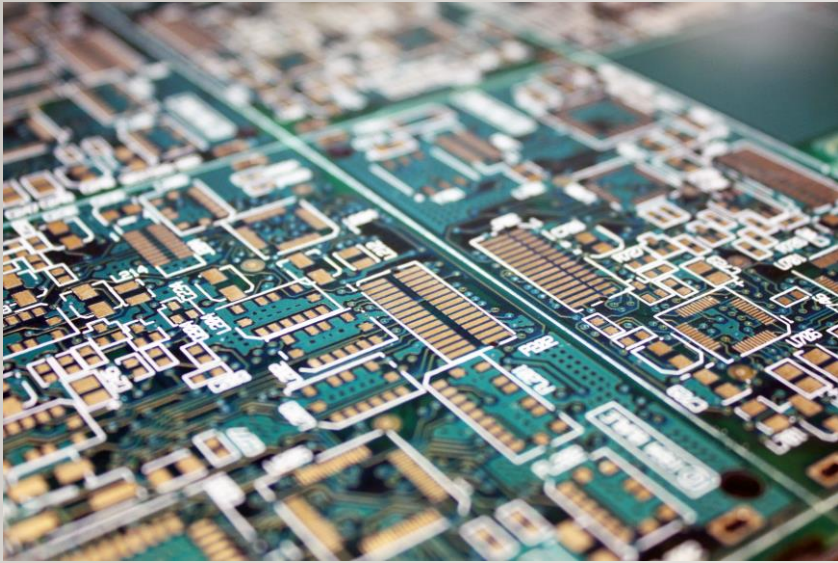
## By how much is the difference in returns?

There was a significant difference in returns between the 2 groups, this difference is showing that 'cash weak' performed 1% - 8% better than 'cash rich' as shown by a 95% confidence interval.





# WHAT'S THE USE OF THIS INFORMATION?



‘Cash rich’ AMD made > 150%

Great valuable, stable stock for long term hold



‘Cash weak’ GLUU made > 190%

This is a low risk / high reward stock

Cash weak GLUU performed better than cash rich AMD.

# Best performer from the cash rich companies: AMD made >150%



# BEST PERFORMER FROM THE CASH WEAK COMPANIES GLUU > 190%





# Conclusion

- **The null hypothesis was rejected:** companies with more than \$1B in cash have significantly higher returns in average, compared to companies that have less than \$1B by the end of the year.
- **The alternative hypothesis was accepted:** companies with less than \$1B in cash have significantly higher returns in average, compared to companies that have more than \$1B by the end of the year.

QUESTIONS?

THANK YOU!

