

```

# Importing libraries and Dataset
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
import seaborn as sns
import warnings
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
AQI_df= pd.read_csv('Datasets/AQI Dataset.csv')
AQI_df.sample(10)

```

	City	Datetime	PM2.5	PM10	NO	NO2
N0x \						
526783	Mumbai	2015-05-02 18:00:00	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
29.00						
407418	Jaipur	2018-07-29 03:00:00	37.78	125.08	8.72	20.62
29.34						
293150	Delhi	2020-06-22 03:00:00	48.31	90.54	4.64	16.67
14.20						
74207	Amritsar	2017-03-22 11:00:00	75.69	129.66	10.21	27.24
NaN						
335905	Gurugram	2020-04-26 16:00:00	50.64	73.66	2.55	7.72
5.30						
138833	Bengaluru	2019-02-05 05:00:00	35.30	65.40	4.20	18.83
15.99						
399734	Jaipur	2017-09-11 23:00:00	34.80	165.30	4.21	27.33
NaN						
480421	Lucknow	2015-07-18 00:00:00	24.47	NaN	3.72	9.73
4.22						
709178	Ahmedabad	2018-07-27	35.80	NaN	29.72	48.89
46.03						
206629	Chennai	2017-02-25 15:00:00	35.43	NaN	6.68	12.05
11.37						

	NH3	C0	S02	O3	Benzene	Toluene	Xylene	AQI	\
526783	NaN	0.00	NaN	NaN	0.00	0.00	0.00	NaN	
407418	7.23	0.36	8.55	10.73	0.30	1.07	NaN	112.0	
293150	36.33	0.81	10.95	27.25	1.52	10.69	0.27	97.0	
74207	12.73	0.00	0.86	13.87	NaN	NaN	NaN	86.0	
335905	24.93	0.48	6.60	68.23	5.96	1.36	2.15	128.0	
138833	15.48	0.47	4.22	66.08	0.35	0.85	NaN	76.0	
399734	17.09	0.24	8.30	47.87	0.00	0.36	NaN	113.0	
480421	NaN	5.43	3.18	29.47	0.04	0.06	NaN	134.0	
709178	NaN	29.72	19.94	NaN	5.77	26.88	0.65	458.0	
206629	NaN	0.35	4.52	28.20	0.46	0.00	NaN	65.0	

	AQI_Bucket
526783	NaN
407418	Moderate

```

293150 Satisfactory
74207 Satisfactory
335905 Moderate
138833 Satisfactory
399734 Moderate
480421 Moderate
709178 Severe
206629 Satisfactory

AQI_df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 737406 entries, 0 to 737405
Data columns (total 16 columns):
 #   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype  
--- 
 0   City        737406 non-null   object 
 1   Datetime    737406 non-null   object 
 2   PM2.5       587720 non-null   float64
 3   PM10        429529 non-null   float64
 4   NO          617192 non-null   float64
 5   NO2         616699 non-null   float64
 6   NOx         609997 non-null   float64
 7   NH3          454536 non-null   float64
 8   CO          648830 non-null   float64
 9   SO2         603179 non-null   float64
 10  O3          604176 non-null   float64
 11  Benzene     568137 non-null   float64
 12  Toluene     508758 non-null   float64
 13  Xylene      263468 non-null   float64
 14  AQI         603645 non-null   float64
 15  AQI_Bucket  603645 non-null   object 
dtypes: float64(13), object(3)
memory usage: 90.0+ MB

AQI_df.shape

(737406, 16)

#Checking null values
null_values=AQI_df.isnull().sum()
missing_percentage = (AQI_df.isnull().sum() / len(AQI_df)) * 100
print(null_values)
print(missing_percentage)

City          0
Datetime     0
PM2.5        149686
PM10         307877
NO           120214
NO2          120707

```

```

NOx           127409
NH3           282870
CO            88576
S02          134227
O3            133230
Benzene       169269
Toluene        228648
Xylene         473938
AQI           133761
AQI_Bucket    133761
dtype: int64
City          0.000000
Datetime      0.000000
PM2.5         20.298994
PM10          41.751355
NO             16.302281
N02            16.369137
NOx            17.277999
NH3            38.360144
CO             12.011836
S02            18.202591
O3             18.067388
Benzene        22.954655
Toluene        31.007071
Xylene         64.270971
AQI           18.139397
AQI_Bucket    18.139397
dtype: float64

```

Since Xylene column has almost 64% null values therefore we remove it from our dataset

```
AQI_df.drop(['Xylene'], axis=1, inplace=True)
```

```
AQI_df.head()
```

	City	Datetime	PM2.5	PM10	NO	N02	NOx
NH3	CO \						
0	Ahmedabad	2015-01-01 01:00:00	NaN	NaN	1.00	40.01	36.37
					1.00		
1	Ahmedabad	2015-01-01 02:00:00	NaN	NaN	0.02	27.75	19.73
					0.02		
2	Ahmedabad	2015-01-01 03:00:00	NaN	NaN	0.08	19.32	11.08
					0.08		
3	Ahmedabad	2015-01-01 04:00:00	NaN	NaN	0.30	16.45	9.20
					0.30		
4	Ahmedabad	2015-01-01 05:00:00	NaN	NaN	0.12	14.90	7.85
					0.12		
	S02	O3	Benzene	Toluene	AQI	AQI_Bucket	
0	122.07	NaN	0.0	0.0	NaN	NaN	

```
1 85.90      NaN      0.0      0.0  NaN      NaN
2 52.83      NaN      0.0      0.0  NaN      NaN
3 39.53  153.58      0.0      0.0  NaN      NaN
4 32.63      NaN      0.0      0.0  NaN      NaN
```

```
AQI_df.isnull().sum()
```

```
City          0
Datetime     0
PM2.5    149686
PM10     307877
NO        120214
NO2       120707
NOx       127409
NH3        282870
CO         88576
S02       134227
O3        133230
Benzene    169269
Toluene    228648
AQI       133761
AQI_Bucket 133761
dtype: int64
```

```
AQI_df.dropna(inplace=True)
```

```
AQI_df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Index: 239322 entries, 48220 to 737404
Data columns (total 15 columns):
 #   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype  
--- 
 0   City        239322 non-null   object 
 1   Datetime    239322 non-null   object 
 2   PM2.5      239322 non-null   float64
 3   PM10       239322 non-null   float64
 4   NO          239322 non-null   float64
 5   NO2         239322 non-null   float64
 6   NOx        239322 non-null   float64
 7   NH3         239322 non-null   float64
 8   CO          239322 non-null   float64
 9   S02        239322 non-null   float64
 10  O3          239322 non-null   float64
 11  Benzene    239322 non-null   float64
 12  Toluene    239322 non-null   float64
 13  AQI        239322 non-null   float64
 14  AQI_Bucket 239322 non-null   object 
dtypes: float64(12), object(3)
memory usage: 29.2+ MB
```

```

# Detecting numerical and categorical columns
numerical_cols = AQI_df.select_dtypes(include=['number']).columns
categorical_cols = AQI_df.select_dtypes(include=['object']).columns
print(numerical_cols)
print(categorical_cols)

Index(['PM2.5', 'PM10', 'NO', 'NO2', 'NOx', 'NH3', 'CO', 'S02', 'O3',
       'Benzene', 'Toluene', 'AQI'],
      dtype='object')
Index(['City', 'Datetime', 'AQI_Bucket'], dtype='object')

AQI_df.shape
(239322, 15)

AQI_df.isnull().sum()

City          0
Datetime      0
PM2.5         0
PM10          0
NO             0
NO2            0
NOx            0
NH3            0
CO             0
S02            0
O3             0
Benzene        0
Toluene        0
AQI            0
AQI_Bucket     0
dtype: int64

AQI_df.head()

      City        Datetime  PM2.5  PM10    NO   NO2   NOx
NH3 \
48220 Aizawl  2020-03-12 13:00:00    25.0  31.11  7.14  1.86  11.28
24.00
48221 Aizawl  2020-03-12 14:00:00    19.0  29.17  7.32  1.15  10.85
27.59
48222 Aizawl  2020-03-12 15:00:00    24.0  30.00  7.14  1.04  10.51
31.13
48223 Aizawl  2020-03-12 16:00:00    25.0  32.08  7.20  1.19  10.74
33.31
48224 Aizawl  2020-03-12 17:00:00    33.0  41.00  7.22  1.37  10.93
30.05

      CO    S02    O3  Benzene  Toluene    AQI  AQI_Bucket
48220  0.42  4.31  0.76      0.0      0.0  51.0  Satisfactory

```

48221	0.44	4.65	0.07	0.0	0.0	52.0	Satisfactory
48222	0.43	4.83	0.67	0.0	0.0	52.0	Satisfactory
48223	0.46	5.26	0.05	0.0	0.0	53.0	Satisfactory
48224	0.50	5.39	0.02	0.0	0.0	54.0	Satisfactory

```
AQI_df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Index: 239322 entries, 48220 to 737404
Data columns (total 15 columns):
 #   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype  
--- 
 0   City        239322 non-null   object 
 1   Datetime    239322 non-null   object 
 2   PM2.5       239322 non-null   float64
 3   PM10        239322 non-null   float64
 4   NO          239322 non-null   float64
 5   NO2         239322 non-null   float64
 6   NOx         239322 non-null   float64
 7   NH3         239322 non-null   float64
 8   CO          239322 non-null   float64
 9   S02         239322 non-null   float64
 10  O3          239322 non-null   float64
 11  Benzene     239322 non-null   float64
 12  Toluene     239322 non-null   float64
 13  AQI         239322 non-null   float64
 14  AQI_Bucket  239322 non-null   object 
dtypes: float64(12), object(3)
memory usage: 29.2+ MB
```

```
# Printing the mean and median values of all the numerical columns
mean_values=AQI_df[numerical_cols].mean()
median_values=AQI_df[numerical_cols].median()
print(mean_values)
print(median_values)
```

```
PM2.5      61.813510
PM10       125.092535
NO         18.531356
NO2        33.339782
NOx        36.262404
NH3         23.418141
CO          1.027775
S02        11.270571
O3          38.721834
Benzene     4.055001
Toluene     9.854879
AQI        143.422594
dtype: float64
PM2.5      44.12
```

```

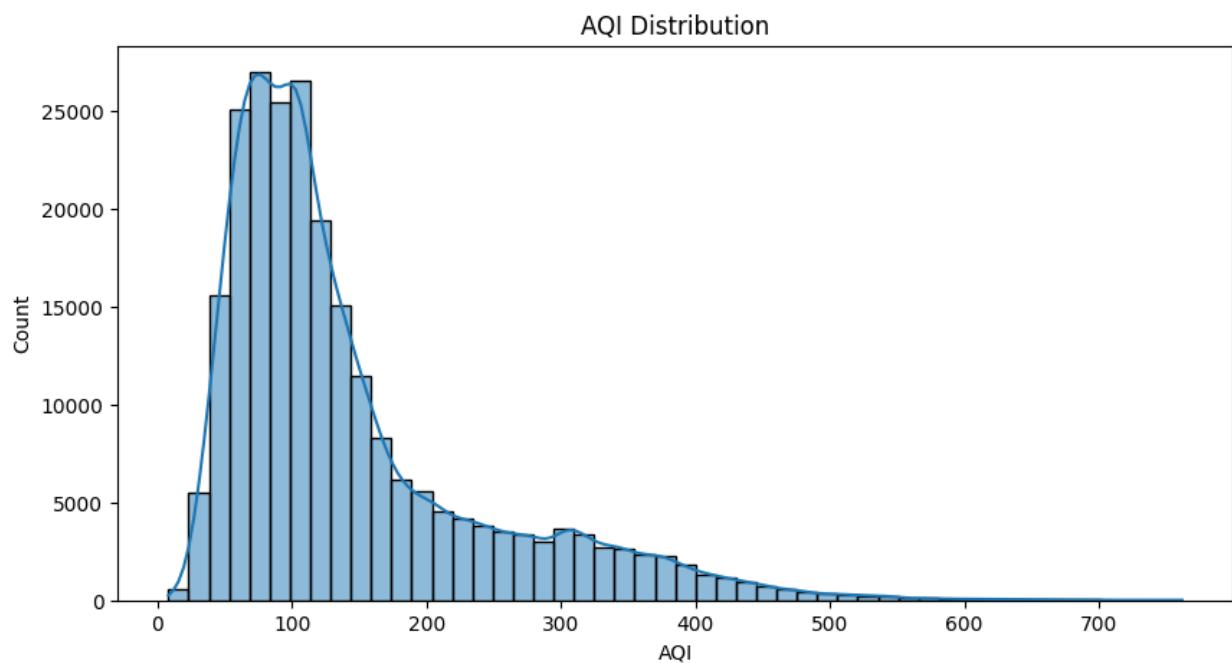
PM10      95.80
NO        7.98
NO2       26.88
NOx       24.49
NH3        18.05
CO         0.74
SO2        8.64
O3         31.05
Benzene     1.50
Toluene     4.33
AQI        110.00
dtype: float64

```

```

# Plot for frequency of AQI
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
sns.histplot(AQI_df['AQI'], bins=50, kde=True)
plt.title("AQI Distribution")
plt.show()

```



The above graph shows that:-

1. The highest frequency is for AQI values between 0 and 100, suggesting that most recorded air quality falls within Good to Satisfactory levels
2. The frequency sharply declines as AQI increases beyond 400, meaning that severe pollution events are rare but present
3. A few data points exceed 550+ AQI, which are extreme pollution levels (possibly due to industrial areas, wildfires, duststorms, etc.)

```
AQI_df.shape
```

```
(239322, 15)

# Check for any null values remaining
(AQI_df[numerical_cols]==0.0).sum()

PM2.5      0
PM10       0
NO          0
NO2         0
NOx        4365
NH3         0
CO          3900
SO2         0
O3          0
Benzene    13790
Toluene    11598
AQI         0
dtype: int64

#Since the distribution is skewed we will use median to replace the
#0.0 values of the dataset
AQI_df[numerical_cols] = AQI_df[numerical_cols].replace(0.0,
AQI_df[numerical_cols].median())

(AQI_df[numerical_cols]==0.0).sum()

PM2.5      0
PM10       0
NO          0
NO2         0
NOx         0
NH3         0
CO          0
SO2         0
O3          0
Benzene    0
Toluene    0
AQI         0
dtype: int64

AQI_df.head()

   City      Datetime  PM2.5  PM10    NO   NO2   NOx
NH3 \
48220 Aizawl 2020-03-12 13:00:00    25.0  31.11  7.14  1.86  11.28
24.00
48221 Aizawl 2020-03-12 14:00:00    19.0  29.17  7.32  1.15  10.85
27.59
48222 Aizawl 2020-03-12 15:00:00    24.0  30.00  7.14  1.04  10.51
31.13
48223 Aizawl 2020-03-12 16:00:00    25.0  32.08  7.20  1.19  10.74
```

```

33.31
48224 Aizawl 2020-03-12 17:00:00 33.0 41.00 7.22 1.37 10.93
30.05

      CO    S02     O3 Benzene Toluene   AQI   AQI_Bucket
48220 0.42  4.31  0.76     1.5    4.33  51.0 Satisfactory
48221 0.44  4.65  0.07     1.5    4.33  52.0 Satisfactory
48222 0.43  4.83  0.67     1.5    4.33  52.0 Satisfactory
48223 0.46  5.26  0.05     1.5    4.33  53.0 Satisfactory
48224 0.50  5.39  0.02     1.5    4.33  54.0 Satisfactory

```

AQI_df.info()

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Index: 239322 entries, 48220 to 737404
Data columns (total 15 columns):
 #   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype  
--- 
 0   City         239322 non-null   object 
 1   Datetime     239322 non-null   object 
 2   PM2.5        239322 non-null   float64
 3   PM10         239322 non-null   float64
 4   NO            239322 non-null   float64
 5   NO2           239322 non-null   float64
 6   NOx          239322 non-null   float64
 7   NH3           239322 non-null   float64
 8   CO            239322 non-null   float64
 9   S02           239322 non-null   float64
 10  O3            239322 non-null   float64
 11  Benzene       239322 non-null   float64
 12  Toluene       239322 non-null   float64
 13  AQI           239322 non-null   float64
 14  AQI_Bucket   239322 non-null   object 
dtypes: float64(12), object(3)
memory usage: 29.2+ MB

#Identifying unique AQI categories
aqi_buckets = AQI_df['AQI_Bucket'].unique()
print("Unique AQI Categories:", aqi_buckets)

Unique AQI Categories: ['Satisfactory' 'Good' 'Moderate' 'Poor' 'Very Poor' 'Severe']

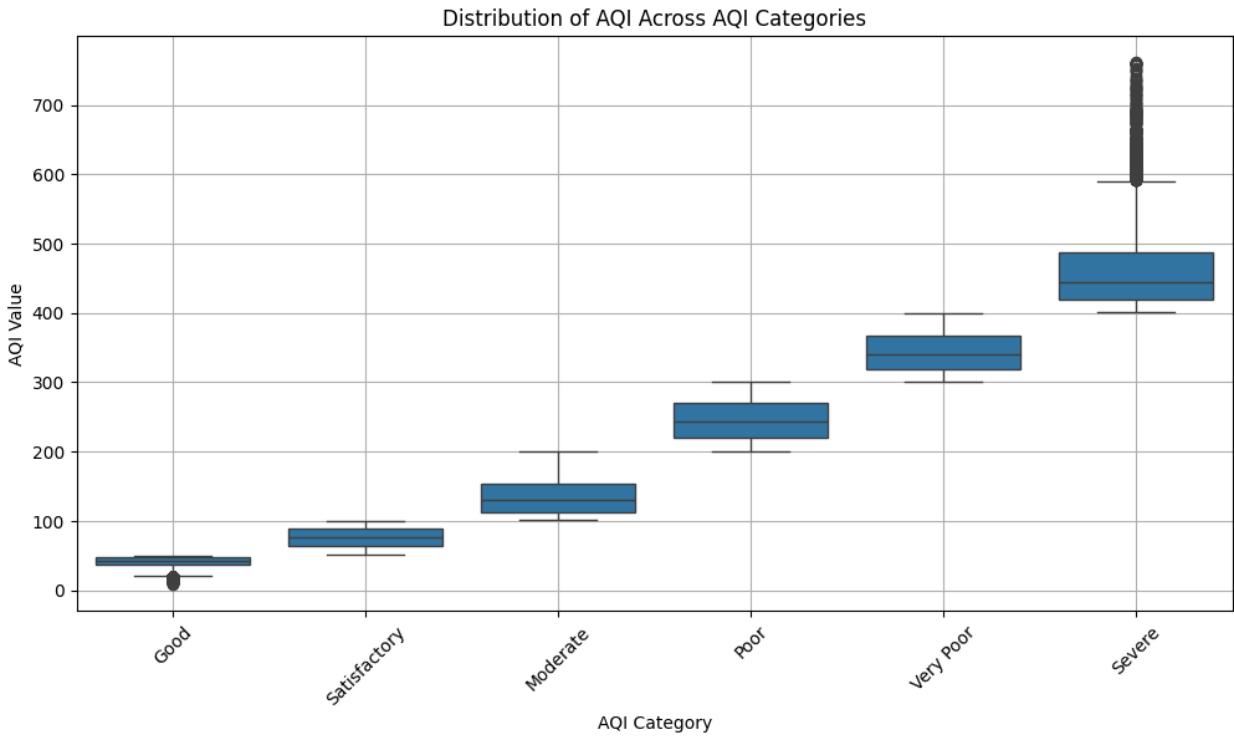
# Plot to show how AQI is distributed among diff AQI categories
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.boxplot(x='AQI_Bucket', y='AQI', data=AQI_df, order=['Good',
'Satisfactory', 'Moderate', 'Poor', 'Very Poor', 'Severe'])
plt.title("Distribution of AQI Across AQI Categories")
plt.xlabel("AQI Category")
plt.ylabel("AQI Value")

```

```

plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()

```



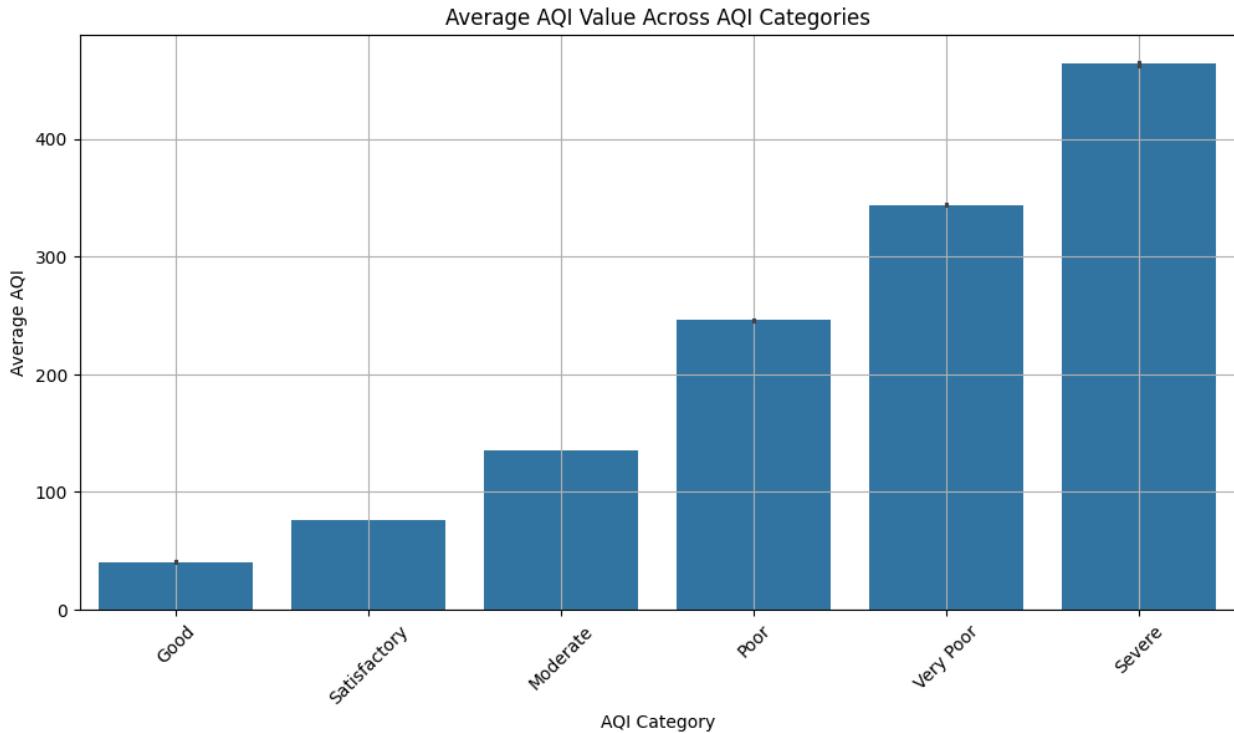
The above graph shows that:-

1. AQI lying in Severe pollution is highly variable ($500 < \text{AQI} < 700+$).
2. Box sizes increase with pollution severity, indicating higher variation in bad air quality.
3. Some unexpectedly high AQI values appear even in the Satisfactory and Moderate categories.

```

# Plot to show average AQI values in all the categories
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.barplot(x='AQI_Bucket', y='AQI', data=AQI_df, estimator=lambda x: x.mean(), order=['Good', 'Satisfactory', 'Moderate', 'Poor', 'Very Poor', 'Severe'])
plt.title("Average AQI Value Across AQI Categories")
plt.xlabel("AQI Category")
plt.ylabel("Average AQI")
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()

```



The above graph shows that:-

1. The transition from Good to Satisfactory to Moderate is more gradual.
2. The largest jumps occur in "Very Poor" and "Severe" categories.

```
# Finding the limits of AQI lying into AQI categories
aqi_limits = AQI_df.groupby('AQI_Bucket')['AQI'].agg(['min', 'max']).reset_index()
aqi_limits.columns = ['AQI_Bucket', 'Lower_Limit', 'Upper_Limit']
print(aqi_limits)

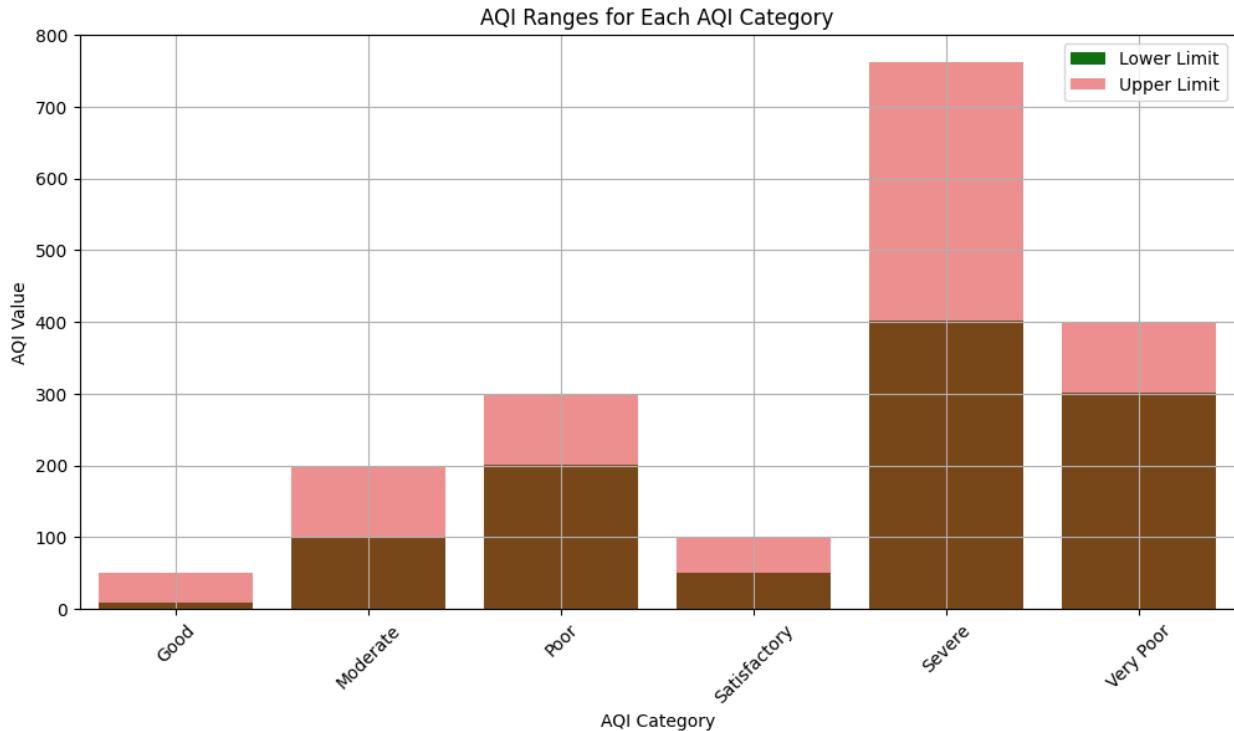
      AQI_Bucket  Lower_Limit  Upper_Limit
0        Good          8.0       50.0
1    Moderate        101.0      200.0
2      Poor         201.0      300.0
3  Satisfactory       51.0      100.0
4     Severe        401.0      762.0
5  Very Poor        301.0      400.0

# Plot to show upper limit and lower limit for each AQI category
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.barplot(x='AQI_Bucket', y='Lower_Limit', data=aqi_limits,
            color='green', label="Lower Limit")
sns.barplot(x='AQI_Bucket', y='Upper_Limit', data=aqi_limits,
            color='red', alpha=0.5, label="Upper Limit")
plt.title("AQI Ranges for Each AQI Category")
plt.xlabel("AQI Category")
plt.ylabel("AQI Value")
```

```

plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()

```



The above graph shows that:-

1. The Severe category has a massive spread, with AQI going far beyond 500. This suggests some extreme pollution events or highly polluted cities.
2. Lower & Upper Limits Vary for Each Category
3. Lower limits (brown) are consistent with AQI guidelines.
4. Upper limits (pink) are much higher in "Severe" due to outliers.
5. Most categories have stable AQI ranges, but the "Severe" category is highly volatile.

```

AQI_df['AQI_Bucket'].isnull().sum()

np.int64(0)

AQI_df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Index: 239322 entries, 48220 to 737404
Data columns (total 15 columns):
 #   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype  
--- 
 0   City        239322 non-null   object 
 1   Datetime    239322 non-null   object 

```

```
2    PM2.5        239322 non-null   float64
3    PM10         239322 non-null   float64
4     NO          239322 non-null   float64
5    NO2          239322 non-null   float64
6    NOx          239322 non-null   float64
7    NH3          239322 non-null   float64
8     CO          239322 non-null   float64
9    S02          239322 non-null   float64
10    O3          239322 non-null   float64
11  Benzene       239322 non-null   float64
12  Toluene       239322 non-null   float64
13    AQI         239322 non-null   float64
14  AQI_Bucket   239322 non-null   object
dtypes: float64(12), object(3)
memory usage: 29.2+ MB
```

```
AQI_df.shape
```

```
(239322, 15)
```

```
AQI_df.isnull().sum()
```

```
City          0
Datetime      0
PM2.5         0
PM10          0
NO            0
NO2           0
NOx           0
NH3           0
CO            0
S02           0
O3            0
Benzene        0
Toluene        0
AQI           0
AQI_Bucket    0
dtype: int64
```

```
AQI_df.head()
```

	City	Datetime	PM2.5	PM10	NO	NO2	NOx
NH3 \							
48220	Aizawl	2020-03-12 13:00:00	25.0	31.11	7.14	1.86	11.28
24.00							
48221	Aizawl	2020-03-12 14:00:00	19.0	29.17	7.32	1.15	10.85
27.59							
48222	Aizawl	2020-03-12 15:00:00	24.0	30.00	7.14	1.04	10.51
31.13							
48223	Aizawl	2020-03-12 16:00:00	25.0	32.08	7.20	1.19	10.74
33.31							

```
48224 Aizawl 2020-03-12 17:00:00 33.0 41.00 7.22 1.37 10.93
30.05
```

	C0	S02	O3	Benzene	Toluene	AQI	AQI_Bucket
48220	0.42	4.31	0.76	1.5	4.33	51.0	Satisfactory
48221	0.44	4.65	0.07	1.5	4.33	52.0	Satisfactory
48222	0.43	4.83	0.67	1.5	4.33	52.0	Satisfactory
48223	0.46	5.26	0.05	1.5	4.33	53.0	Satisfactory
48224	0.50	5.39	0.02	1.5	4.33	54.0	Satisfactory

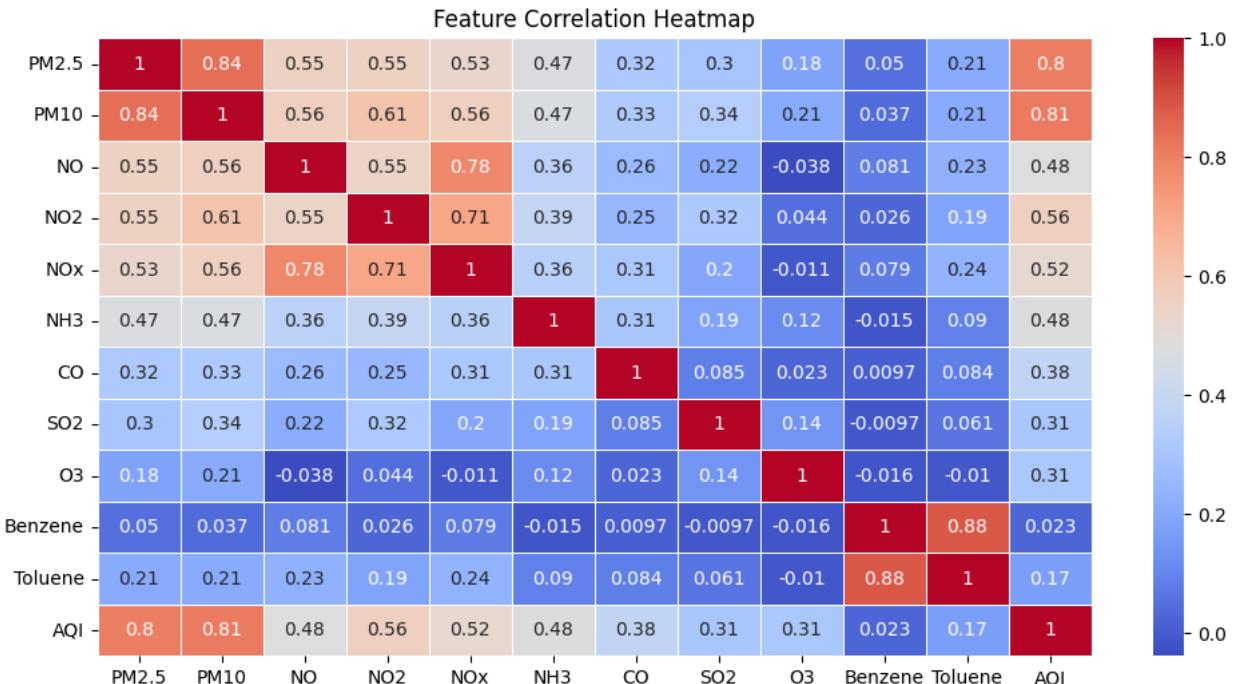
```
AQI_df.describe()
```

	PM2.5	PM10	NO	N02	\
count	239322.000000	239322.000000	239322.000000	239322.000000	
mean	61.813510	125.092535	18.531356	33.339782	
std	62.803755	103.770181	33.829649	25.601033	
min	0.010000	0.010000	0.010000	0.010000	
25%	25.550000	58.000000	3.800000	15.340000	
50%	44.120000	95.800000	7.980000	26.880000	
75%	72.980000	153.190000	16.770000	43.930000	
max	999.990000	1000.000000	498.970000	380.020000	

	NOx	NH3	C0	S02	\
count	239322.000000	239322.000000	239322.000000	239322.000000	
mean	36.709078	23.418141	1.039834	11.270571	
std	40.002762	18.960396	1.464409	10.426656	
min	0.010000	0.010000	0.010000	0.010000	
25%	14.780000	11.140000	0.500000	5.530000	
50%	24.490000	18.050000	0.740000	8.640000	
75%	41.900000	30.600000	1.090000	13.330000	
max	493.400000	485.820000	47.420000	199.930000	

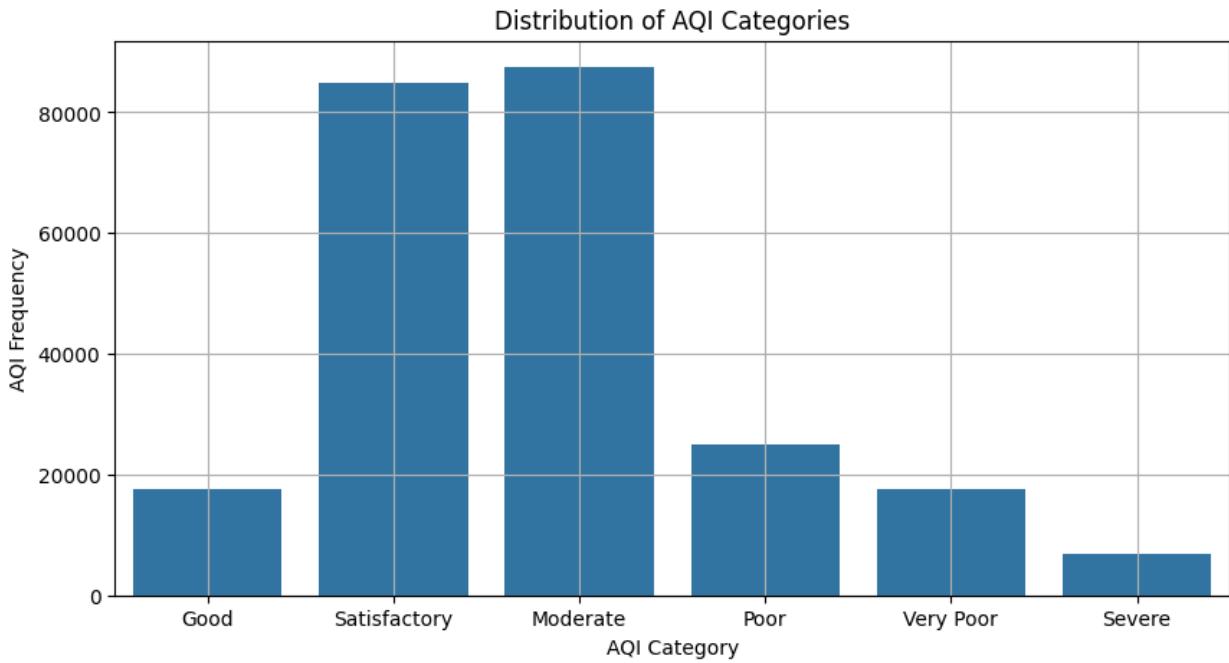
	O3	Benzene	Toluene	AQI
count	239322.000000	239322.000000	239322.000000	239322.000000
mean	38.721834	4.141433	10.064720	143.422594
std	29.183399	21.101855	23.906228	99.630428
min	0.010000	0.010000	0.010000	8.000000
25%	17.810000	0.630000	1.820000	76.000000
50%	31.050000	1.500000	4.330000	110.000000
75%	52.430000	3.630000	10.910000	173.000000
max	497.620000	498.070000	498.070000	762.000000

```
# Plot of show the correlation between the pollutants and AQI
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
numerical_columns = AQI_df.select_dtypes(include=['number'])
correlation=numerical_columns.corr()
sns.heatmap(correlation, annot=True, cmap='coolwarm', linewidths=0.5)
plt.title("Feature Correlation Heatmap")
plt.show()
```

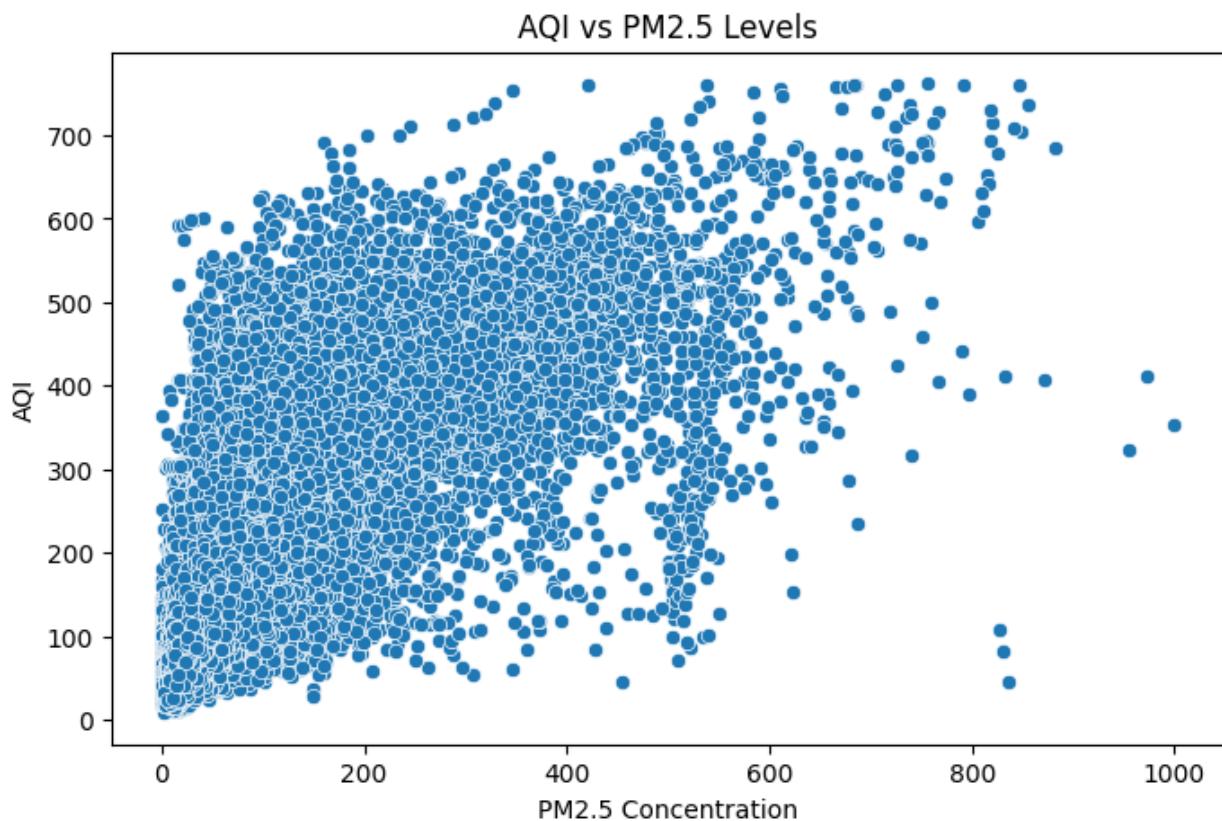


1. PM10 and PM2.5 Has the Highest Correlation with AQI (0.80). Indicates that PM10 and PM2.5 is a major contributor to AQI levels inceraseing pollution.
2. NO2 also Strongly Correlates with AQI (0.56).
3. NH3 and NOx Show Moderate Correlation with AQI (~0.48-0.52). NH3 (Ammonia) and NOx (Nitrogen Oxides) have a moderate impact on air quality.
4. Toluene and Benzene Are Highly Correlated (0.68) same for NOx and NO (0.78)
5. Other Pollutants Show Lower Correlation with AQI. Like toluene (0.17), SO₂ (0.31), and Benzene (0.023)

```
# Frequencies of AQI in diff AQI categories
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
sns.countplot(x='AQI_Bucket', data=AQI_df, order=['Good', 'Satisfactory', 'Moderate', 'Poor', 'Very Poor', 'Severe'])
plt.title("Distribution of AQI Categories")
plt.xlabel("AQI Category")
plt.ylabel("AQI Frequency")
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```

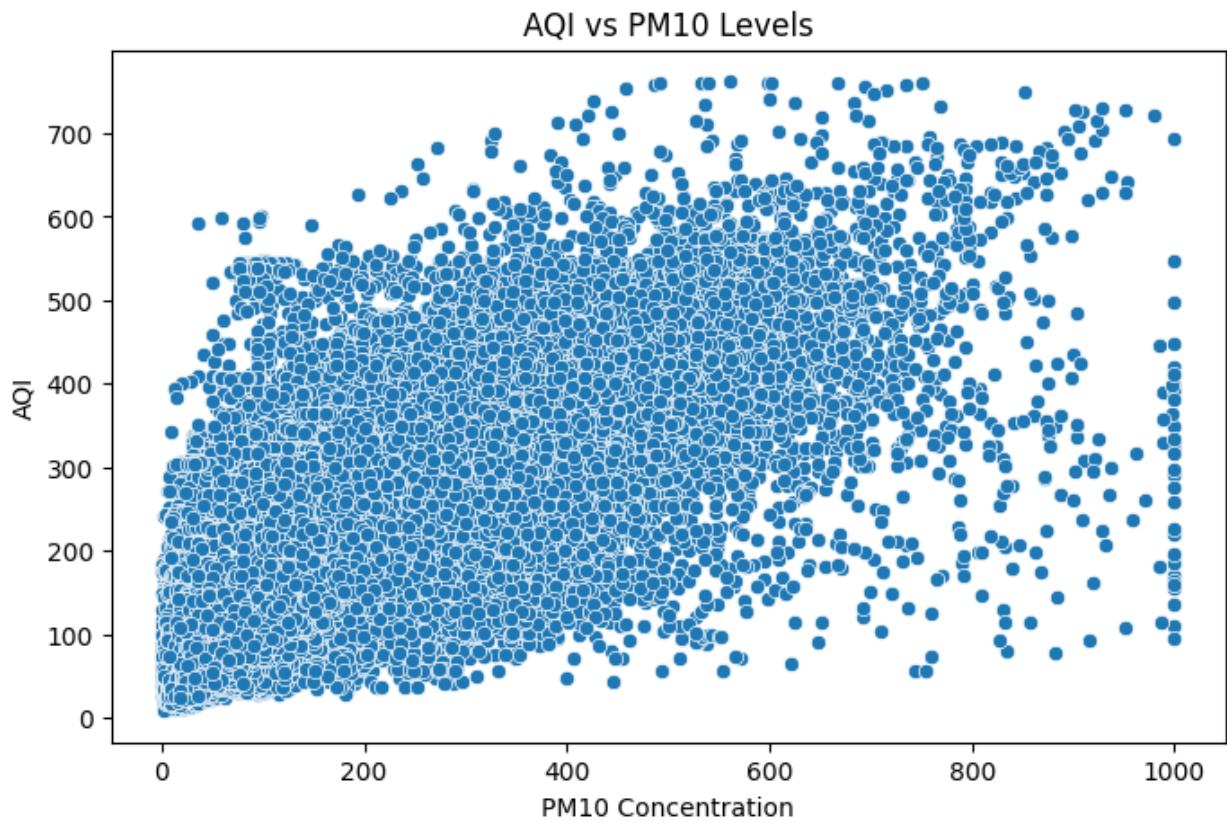


```
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
sns.scatterplot(x='PM2.5', y='AQI', data=AQI_df)
plt.title("AQI vs PM2.5 Levels")
plt.xlabel("PM2.5 Concentration")
plt.ylabel("AQI")
plt.show()
```

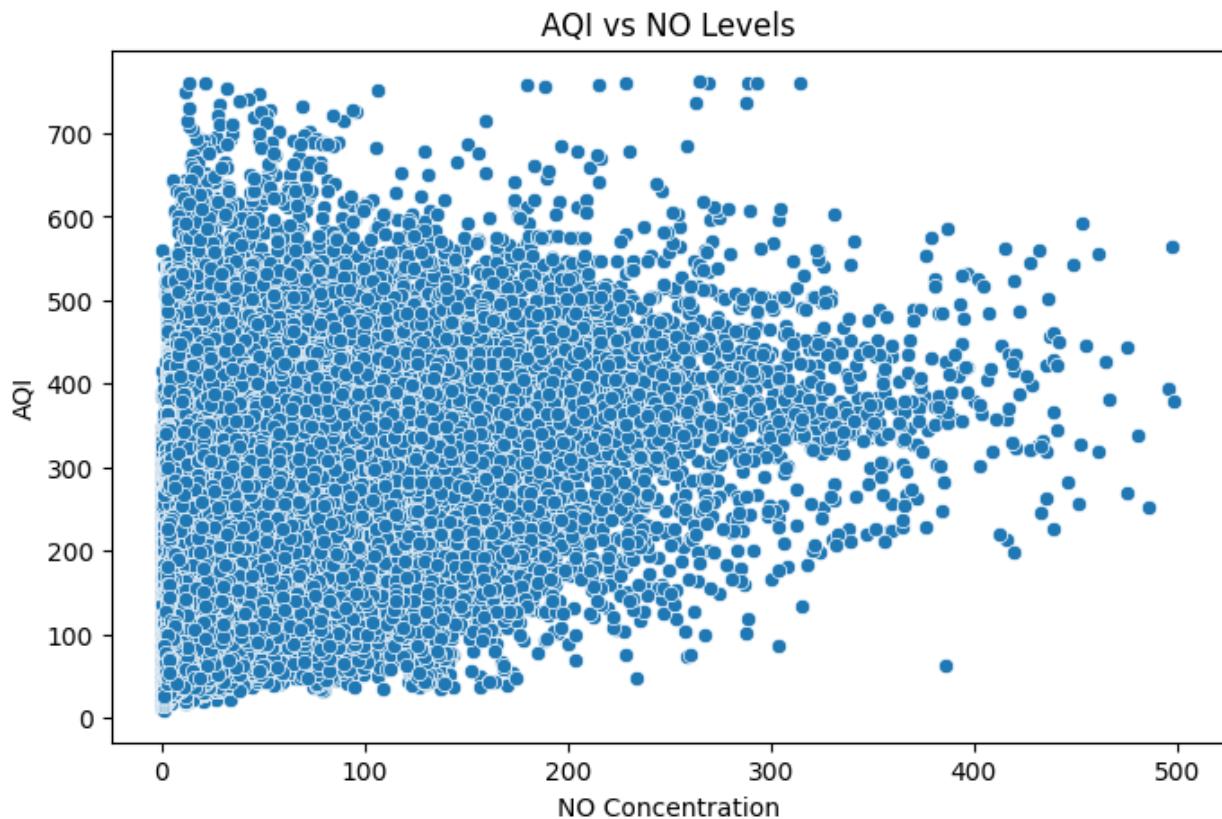


1. AQI increases significantly as PM2.5 concentration rises up to $\sim 200 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$. Indicates that PM2.5 is a major contributor to AQI levels in this range.
2. After $200 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$, AQI does not increase proportionally with PM2.5. This suggests a saturation effect, where other pollutants (like CO, NO₂) also play a role.
3. A few points show extreme AQI values (> 700), despite lower PM2.5 concentrations.

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
sns.scatterplot(x='PM10', y='AQI', data=AQI_df)
plt.title("AQI vs PM10 Levels")
plt.xlabel("PM10 Concentration")
plt.ylabel("AQI")
plt.show()
```

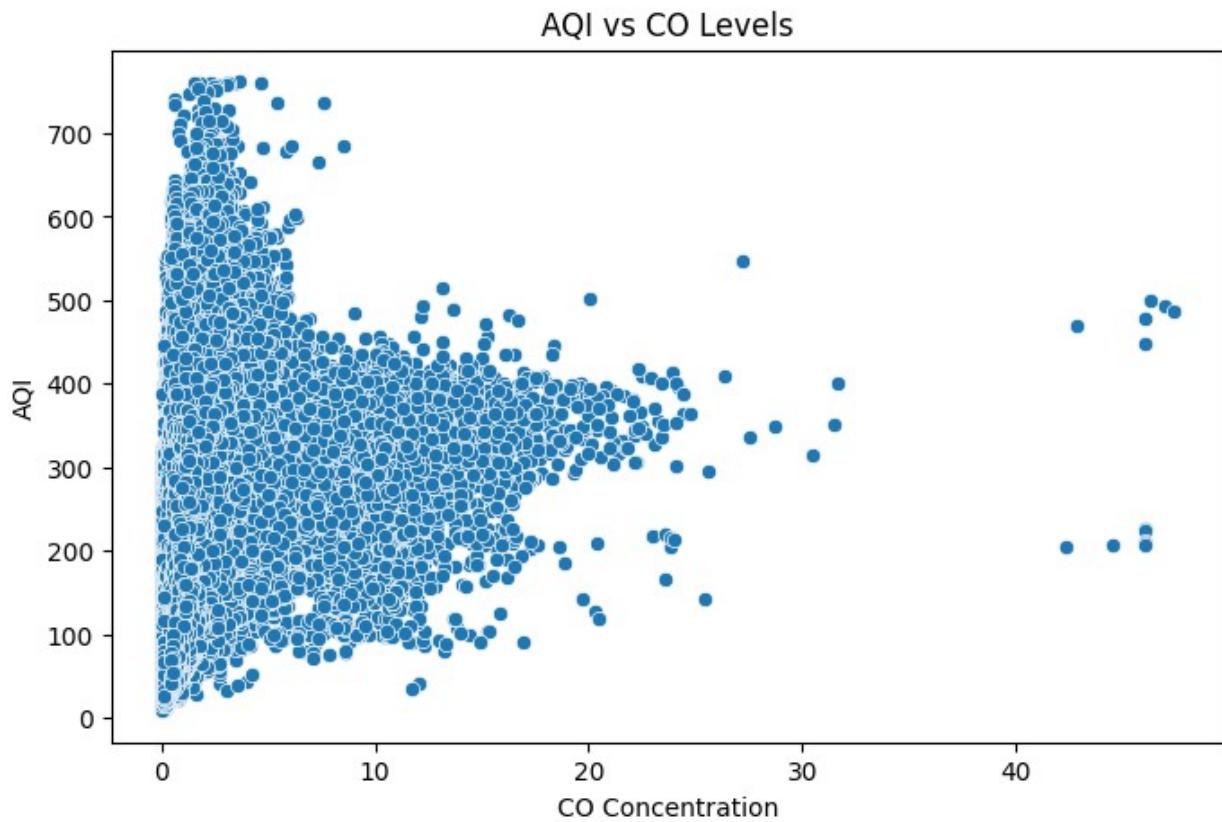


```
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
sns.scatterplot(x='NO', y='AQI', data=AQI_df)
plt.title("AQI vs NO Levels")
plt.xlabel("NO Concentration")
plt.ylabel("AQI")
plt.show()
```

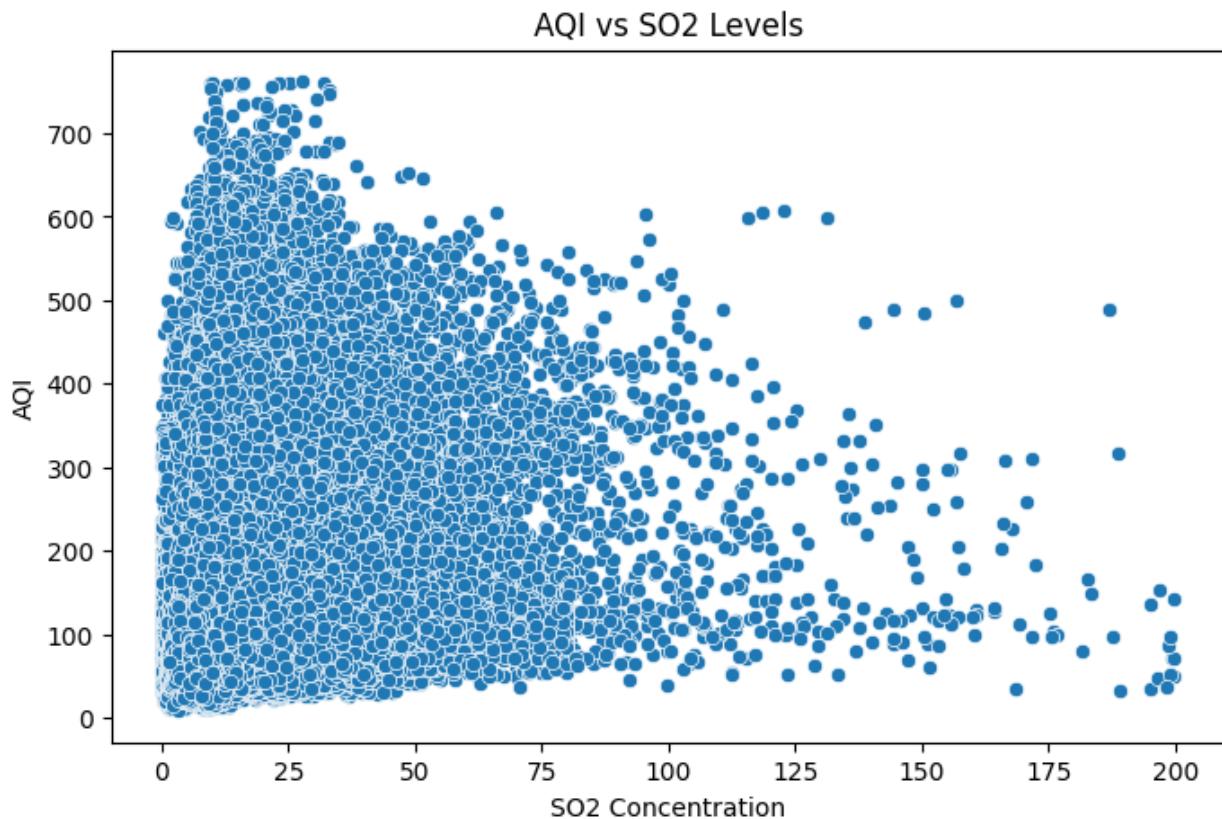


1. As NO concentration increases AQI also tends to decrease, but the pattern is not strictly linear. Suggests that NO contributes to air pollution moderately.

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
sns.scatterplot(x='CO', y='AQI', data=AQI_df)
plt.title("AQI vs CO Levels")
plt.xlabel("CO Concentration")
plt.ylabel("AQI")
plt.show()
```



```
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
sns.scatterplot(x='SO2', y='AQI', data=AQI_df)
plt.title("AQI vs SO2 Levels")
plt.xlabel("SO2 Concentration")
plt.ylabel("AQI")
plt.show()
```



1. The plot shows a widely spread distribution with no strong upward trend. Indicates that SO₂ does not have a significant direct impact on AQI.
2. This indicates that SO₂ levels are generally lower compared to other pollutants in the dataset.

```
# Converting datetime column from object datatype to datetime64 datatype
AQI_df['Datetime'] = pd.to_datetime(AQI_df['Datetime'],
errors='coerce')
```

```
# Printing datatype of all the columns
print(AQI_df.dtypes)
```

City	object
Datetime	datetime64[ns]
PM2.5	float64
PM10	float64
NO	float64
NO2	float64
NOx	float64
NH3	float64
C0	float64
S02	float64
O3	float64
Benzene	float64

```

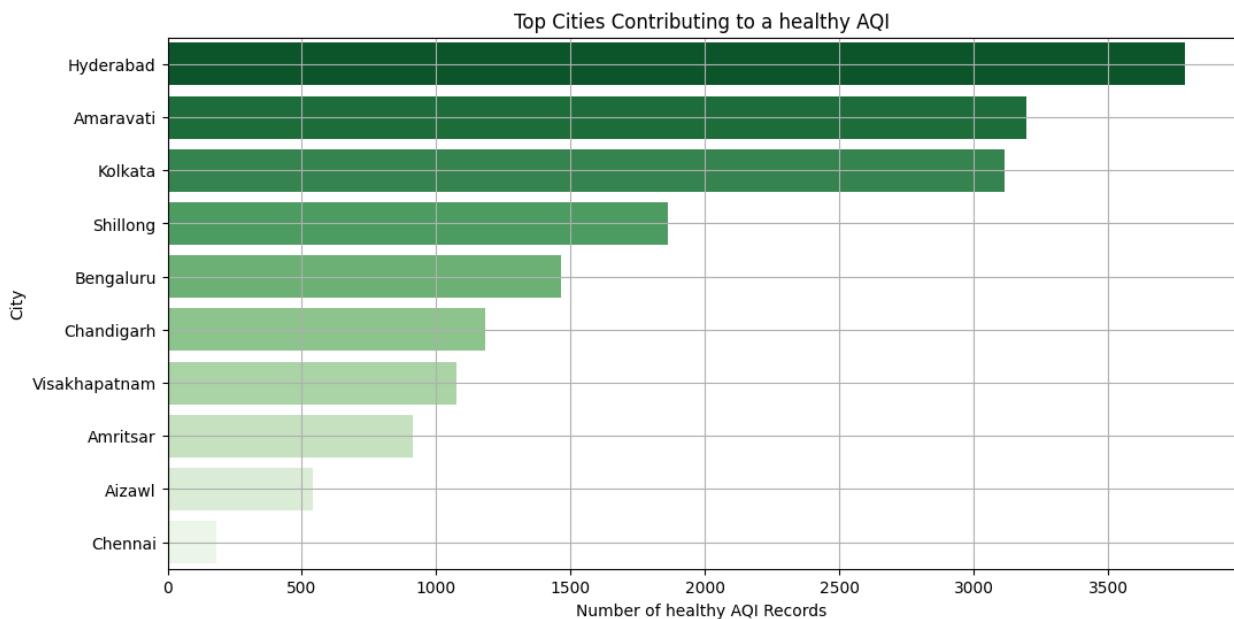
Toluene           float64
AQI              float64
AQI_Bucket       object
dtype: object

# Determining the cities present in the dataset
Cities = AQI_df['City'].unique()
print("Unique Cities:- ", Cities)

Unique Cities:- ['Aizawl' 'Amaravati' 'Amritsar' 'Bengaluru'
'Chandigarh' 'Chennai'
'Coimbatore' 'Delhi' 'Gurugram' 'Hyderabad' 'Jaipur' 'Kolkata'
'Patna'
'Shillong' 'Talcher' 'Visakhapatnam']

# Plot to show cities have a healthy AQI
managable_aqi_cities = AQI_df[AQI_df['AQI_Bucket'] == 'Good']
city_counts = managable_aqi_cities['City'].value_counts().head(10)
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.barplot(x=city_counts.values, y=city_counts.index,
palette="Greens_r")
plt.title("Top Cities Contributing to a healthy AQI")
plt.xlabel("Number of healthy AQI Records")
plt.ylabel("City")
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()

```



```

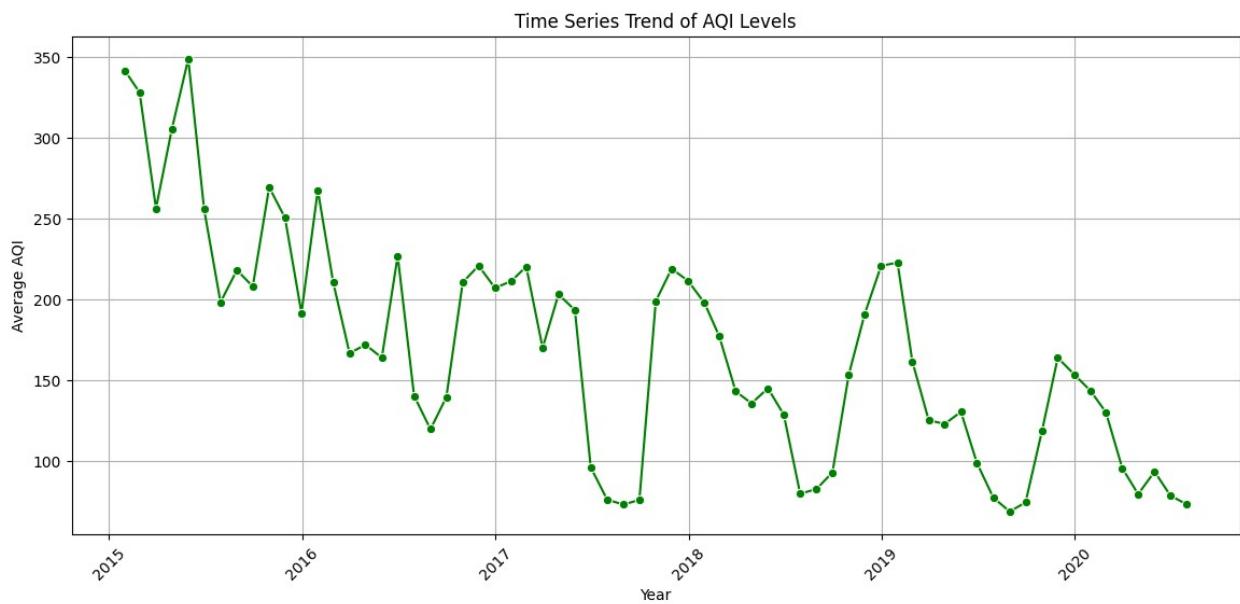
AQI_df.set_index('Datetime', inplace=True)
monthly_aqi_trend = AQI_df['AQI'].resample('M').mean()
plt.figure(figsize=(14, 6))

```

```

sns.lineplot(x=monthly_aqi_trend.index, y=monthly_aqi_trend.values,
marker="o", color='green')
plt.title("Time Series Trend of AQI Levels")
plt.xlabel("Year")
plt.ylabel("Average AQI")
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()

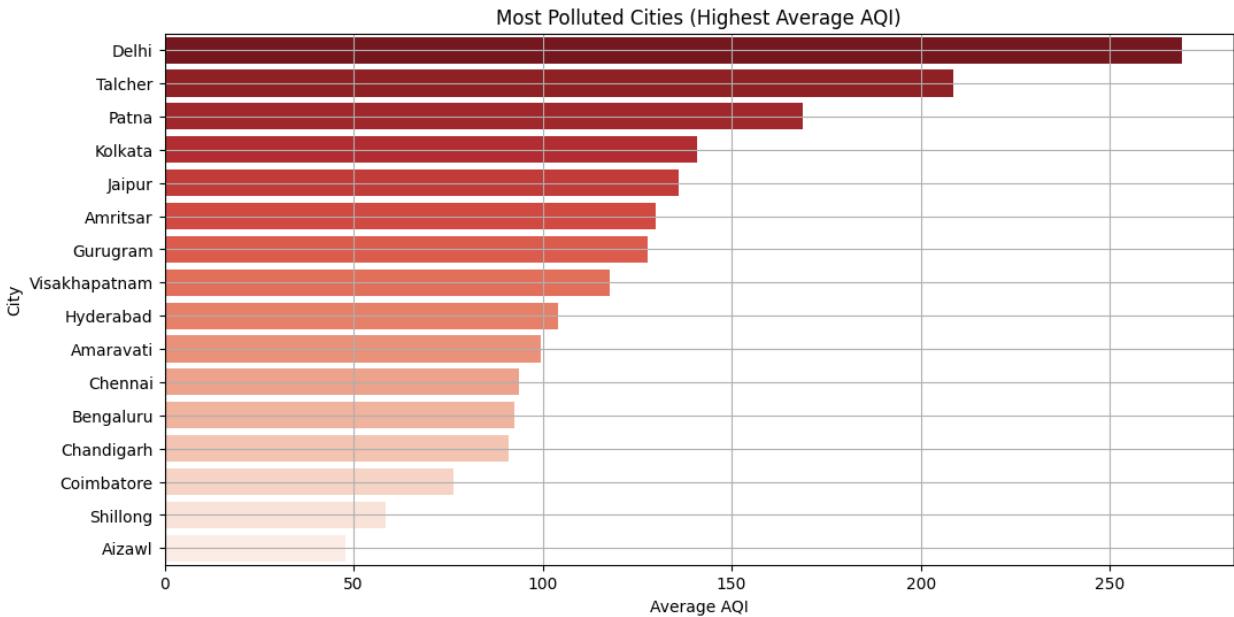
```



```

city_aqi = AQI_df.groupby('City')[['AQI']].mean().sort_values(ascending=False).head(26)
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.barplot(x=city_aqi.values, y=city_aqi.index, palette="Reds_r")
plt.title("Most Polluted Cities (Highest Average AQI)")
plt.xlabel("Average AQI")
plt.ylabel("City")
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()

```



AQI_df.head(15)

CO \ Datetime	City	PM2.5	PM10	NO	N02	NOx	NH3
2020-03-12 13:00:00	Aizawl	25.0	31.11	7.14	1.86	11.28	24.00
0.42							
2020-03-12 14:00:00	Aizawl	19.0	29.17	7.32	1.15	10.85	27.59
0.44							
2020-03-12 15:00:00	Aizawl	24.0	30.00	7.14	1.04	10.51	31.13
0.43							
2020-03-12 16:00:00	Aizawl	25.0	32.08	7.20	1.19	10.74	33.31
0.46							
2020-03-12 17:00:00	Aizawl	33.0	41.00	7.22	1.37	10.93	30.05
0.50							
2020-03-13 04:00:00	Aizawl	39.0	42.78	7.06	0.04	9.07	20.85
0.51							
2020-03-13 05:00:00	Aizawl	41.0	42.00	7.02	0.02	8.96	19.35
0.51							
2020-03-13 12:00:00	Aizawl	26.0	34.00	7.25	1.37	10.96	31.94
0.53							
2020-03-13 13:00:00	Aizawl	32.0	46.00	7.07	1.30	10.64	33.39
0.51							
2020-03-13 14:00:00	Aizawl	22.0	31.11	7.28	1.17	10.81	32.70
0.47							
2020-03-13 15:00:00	Aizawl	27.0	38.00	7.32	1.46	11.13	35.07
0.49							
2020-03-13 20:00:00	Aizawl	67.0	75.00	7.11	1.92	11.28	37.99
0.76							
2020-03-13 21:00:00	Aizawl	52.0	59.30	7.12	1.41	10.82	33.64

```

0.70
2020-03-13 22:00:00 Aizawl 39.0 50.00 6.90 1.21 10.34 31.83
0.61
2020-03-14 01:00:00 Aizawl 33.0 41.00 6.97 0.73 10.01 24.98
0.47

          S02    O3 Benzene Toluene AQI   AQI_Bucket
Datetime
2020-03-12 13:00:00 4.31 0.76      1.5     4.33 51.0 Satisfactory
2020-03-12 14:00:00 4.65 0.07      1.5     4.33 52.0 Satisfactory
2020-03-12 15:00:00 4.83 0.67      1.5     4.33 52.0 Satisfactory
2020-03-12 16:00:00 5.26 0.05      1.5     4.33 53.0 Satisfactory
2020-03-12 17:00:00 5.39 0.02      1.5     4.33 54.0 Satisfactory
2020-03-13 04:00:00 3.73 0.02      1.5     4.33 56.0 Satisfactory
2020-03-13 05:00:00 3.39 0.02      1.5     4.33 57.0 Satisfactory
2020-03-13 12:00:00 4.52 0.47      1.5     4.33 61.0 Satisfactory
2020-03-13 13:00:00 5.02 0.45      1.5     4.33 61.0 Satisfactory
2020-03-13 14:00:00 5.12 0.18      1.5     4.33 61.0 Satisfactory
2020-03-13 15:00:00 5.22 0.16      1.5     4.33 62.0 Satisfactory
2020-03-13 20:00:00 5.27 0.10      1.5     4.33 64.0 Satisfactory
2020-03-13 21:00:00 4.92 0.07      1.5     4.33 65.0 Satisfactory
2020-03-13 22:00:00 4.56 0.11      1.5     4.33 64.0 Satisfactory
2020-03-14 01:00:00 4.00 0.44      1.5     4.33 64.0 Satisfactory

AQI_df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
DatetimeIndex: 239322 entries, 2020-03-12 13:00:00 to NaT
Data columns (total 14 columns):
 #   Column       Non-Null Count  Dtype  
--- 
 0   City         239322 non-null   object 
 1   PM2.5        239322 non-null   float64
 2   PM10         239322 non-null   float64
 3   NO           239322 non-null   float64

```

```
4    N02          239322 non-null  float64
5    NOx          239322 non-null  float64
6    NH3          239322 non-null  float64
7    CO           239322 non-null  float64
8    S02          239322 non-null  float64
9    O3           239322 non-null  float64
10   Benzene      239322 non-null  float64
11   Toluene      239322 non-null  float64
12   AQI          239322 non-null  float64
13   AQI_Bucket   239322 non-null  object
dtypes: float64(12), object(2)
memory usage: 27.4+ MB
```

```
AQI_df.shape
```

```
(239322, 14)
```

```
#Saving the updated dataset into final.csv
AQI_df.to_csv('final.csv',index=True)
```