

Sniffing/Spoofing Lab 1

Internet Security

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Task 1.1: Sniffing Packets

```
pkt = sniff(iface='br-f2c47f86e10c', filter='icmp', prn=print_pkt)
[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ ifconfig
br-f2c47f86e10c: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
    inet 10.9.0.1 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 10.9.0.255
    inet6 fe80::42:45ff:fe4f:fd17 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
    ether 02:42:45:4f:fd:17 txqueuelen 0 (Ethernet)
    RX packets 83 bytes 6580 (6.5 KB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 130 bytes 13391 (13.3 KB)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0

docker0: flags=4099<UP,BROADCAST,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
    inet 172.17.0.1 netmask 255.255.0.0 broadcast 172.17.255.255
    ether 02:42:16:65:bc:c5 txqueuelen 0 (Ethernet)
    RX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0

enp0s3: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
    inet 10.0.2.5 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 10.0.2.255
    inet6 fe80::60d8:e07b:7327:c96a prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
    ether 08:00:27:14:4f:5f txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
    RX packets 401141 bytes 589351647 (589.3 MB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 54149 bytes 6030496 (6.0 MB)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

We find the interface name by using the ifconfig command.

Task 1.1 A:

```
[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ cat sniffer.py
#!/usr/bin/env python3

from scapy.all import *

def print_pkt(pkt):
    pkt.show()

pkt = sniff(iface='br-f2c47f86e10c', filter='icmp', prn=print_pkt)
[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$
```

The code is as follows with the interface name given and filter set to icmp.

```
seed@VM: ~/.../Labsetup
16\x17\x18\x19\x1a\x1b\x1c\x1d\x1e\x1f !"#$%&\'()*+,-./01234567'
^C[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ sudo python3 ./sniffer.py
###[ Ethernet ]###
  dst      = 02:42:0a:09:00:05
  src      = 02:42:45:4f:fd:17
  type     = IPv4
###[ IP ]###
  version  = 4
  ihl      = 5
  tos      = 0x0
  len      = 84
  id       = 8536
  flags    = DF
  frag     = 0
  ttl      = 64
  proto    = icmp
  checksum = 0x53a
  src      = 10.9.0.1
  dst      = 10.9.0.5
  \options \
###[ ICMP ]###
  type     = echo-request
  code     = 0
  checksum = 0xc663
  id       = 0xf
  seq      = 0x1
###[ Raw ]###
  load     = '\xe1\x03b\x00\x00\x00\x00\x822\x0c\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x10\x11\x12\x13\x14\x15\x16\x17\x18\x19\x1a\x1b\x1c\x1d\x1e\x1f !"#$%&\'()*+,-./01234567'
###[ Ethernet ]###
  dst      = 02:42:45:4f:fd:17
  src      = 02:42:0a:09:00:05
  type     = IPv4
###[ IP ]###
```

We execute the Scapy code that captures the ICMP packets and displays it. This we do using root privileges first.

```
root@VM:/home/seed/Desktop/Labsetup# ping 10.9.0.5 -c2
PING 10.9.0.5 (10.9.0.5) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.9.0.5: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.053 ms
64 bytes from 10.9.0.5: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.131 ms

--- 10.9.0.5 ping statistics ---
2 packets transmitted, 2 received, 0% packet loss, time 1018ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.053/0.092/0.131/0.039 ms
root@VM:/home/seed/Desktop/Labsetup#
```

Using a separate terminal, we use the ping command to generate ICMP packets which displays the content of the packet such as Ethernet headers, IP headers, ICMP headers, payload, etc.

Now we try to run the same code without the root privileges:

```

^C[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ python3 ./sniffer.py
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "./sniffer.py", line 8, in <module>
    pkt = sniff(iface='br-f2c47f86e10c', filter='icmp', prn=print_pkt)
  File "/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/scapy/sendrecv.py", line 1036, in sniff
    sniffer._run(*args, **kwargs)
  File "/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/scapy/sendrecv.py", line 906, in _run
    sniff_sockets[L2socket(type=ETH_P_ALL, iface=iface,
  File "/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/scapy/arch/linux.py", line 398, in __init__
    self.ins = socket.socket(socket.AF_PACKET, socket.SOCK_RAW, socket.htons(type)) # noqa: E501
  File "/usr/lib/python3.8/socket.py", line 231, in __init__
    socket.socket.__init__(self, family, type, proto, fileno)
PermissionError: [Errno 1] Operation not permitted
[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$

```

We can see that it shows an error as this operation is not permitted as sniff function calls for raw socket initialization. This enables the promiscuous mode which requires root privilege which isn't there. Thus, the error message is displayed.

Task 1.1 B:

Capture only ICMP packets:

```

[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ cat sniffer.py
#!/usr/bin/env python3

from scapy.all import *

def print_pkt(pkt):
    pkt.show()

pkt = sniff(filter='icmp', prn=print_pkt)
[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$

```

The following code shows Scapy code for ICMP filter only.

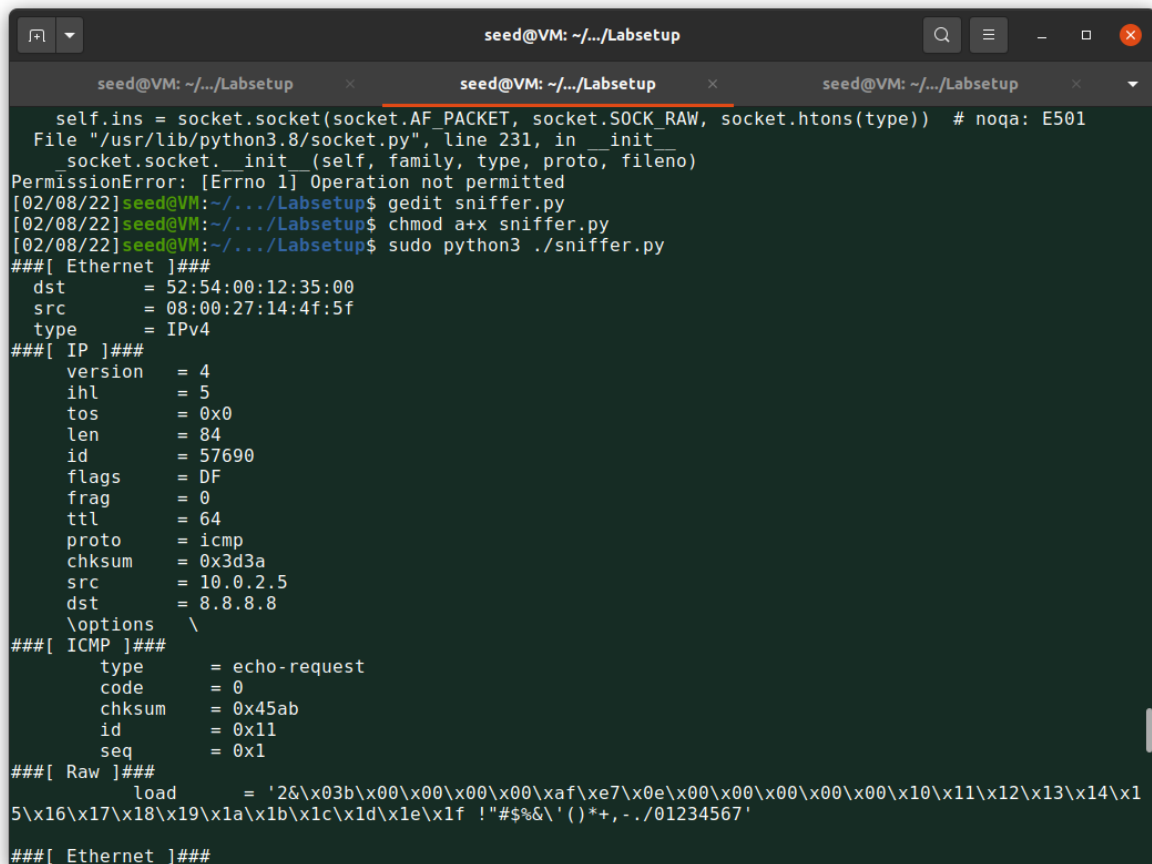
We run the above code and we ping from another terminal using the address 8.8.8.8.

```

[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ ping 8.8.8.8
PING 8.8.8.8 (8.8.8.8) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=1 ttl=57 time=32.3 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=2 ttl=57 time=23.4 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=3 ttl=57 time=24.5 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=4 ttl=57 time=24.3 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=5 ttl=57 time=26.3 ms
^C
--- 8.8.8.8 ping statistics ---
5 packets transmitted, 5 received, 0% packet loss, time 4021ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 23.361/26.154/32.316/3.225 ms
[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$

```

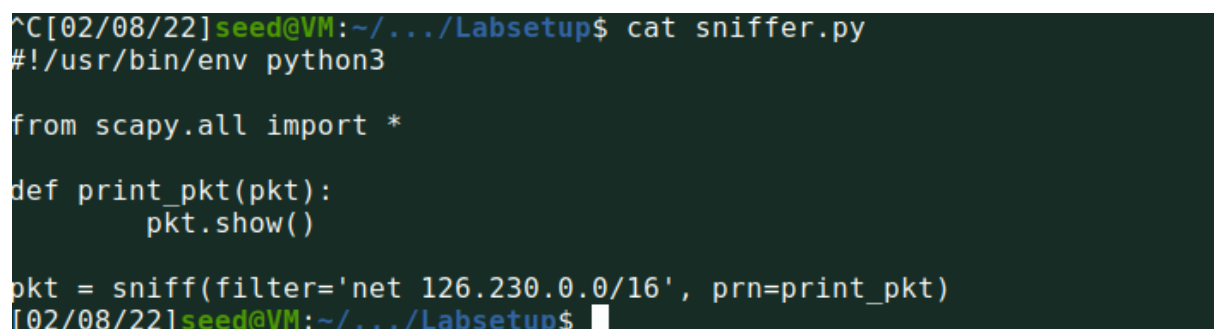
We can see that our program sniffs the packets when we run the program on the network and displays various information with the packets.



```
seed@VM: ~/.../Labsetup
self.ins = socket.socket(socket.AF_PACKET, socket.SOCK_RAW, socket.htons(type)) # noqa: E501
File "/usr/lib/python3.8/socket.py", line 231, in __init__
    _socket.socket.__init__(self, family, type, proto, fileno)
PermissionError: [Errno 1] Operation not permitted
[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ gedit sniffer.py
[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ chmod a+x sniffer.py
[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ sudo python3 ./sniffer.py
###[ Ethernet ]###
  dst      = 52:54:00:12:35:00
  src      = 08:00:27:14:4f:5f
  type     = IPv4
###[ IP ]###
  version  = 4
  ihl      = 5
  tos      = 0x0
  len      = 84
  id       = 57690
  flags    = DF
  frag     = 0
  ttl      = 64
  proto    = icmp
  checksum = 0x3d3a
  src      = 10.0.2.5
  dst      = 8.8.8.8
  \options \
###[ ICMP ]###
  type     = echo-request
  code     = 0
  checksum = 0x45ab
  id       = 0x11
  seq      = 0x1
###[ Raw ]###
  load     = '\x03b\x00\x00\x00\xaf\xe7\x0e\x00\x00\x00\x10\x11\x12\x13\x14\x15\x16\x17\x18\x19\x1a\x1b\x1c\x1d\x1e\x1f !"#%&\'()*+,-./01234567'
###[ Ethernet ]###
```

Capture any TCP packet that comes from a particular IP and with a destination port number 23:

Capture packets comes from or to go to a particular subnet. You can pick any subnet, such as 128.230.0.0/16; you should not pick the subnet that your VM is attached to:



```
^C[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ cat sniffer.py
#!/usr/bin/env python3

from scapy.all import *

def print_pkt(pkt):
    pkt.show()

pkt = sniff(filter='net 126.230.0.0/16', prn=print_pkt)
[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$
```

The following code shows the Scapy code for the expected filter given.

```

[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ gedit sniffer.py
[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ sudo python3 ./sniffer.py
###[ Ethernet ]###
  dst      = 52:54:00:12:35:00
  src      = 08:00:27:14:4f:5f
  type     = IPv4
###[ IP ]###
  version  = 4
  ihl      = 5
  tos      = 0x0
  len      = 84
  id       = 5981
  flags    = DF
  frag     = 0
  ttl      = 64
  proto    = icmp
  chksum   = 0x9861
  src      = 10.0.2.5
  dst      = 126.230.0.0
  \options \
###[ ICMP ]###
  type     = echo-request
  code     = 0
  chksum   = 0x42b4
  id       = 0x19
  seq      = 0x1
###[ Raw ]###
  load     = '\x96-\x03b\x00\x00\x00Y\xcf\x03\x00\x00\x00\x00\x10\x11\x12\x13\x14\x15\x16\x17\x18\x19\x1a\x1b\x1c\x1d\x1e\x1f !"#%&\'()*+,-./01234567'
###[ Ethernet ]###
  dst      = 52:54:00:12:35:00

```

```

[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ ping 126.230.0.0
PING 126.230.0.0 (126.230.0.0) 56(84) bytes of data.
^C
--- 126.230.0.0 ping statistics ---
6 packets transmitted, 0 received, 100% packet loss, time 5097ms

```

When we run the program and ping through the subnet, we can see that it is only capturing through that filtered subnet.

Task 1.2: Spoofing ICMP Packets

```

[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ cat sniffer.py
#!/usr/bin/env python3
from scapy.all import*

a = IP()
a.dst = '10.9.0.5'
b = ICMP()
p = a/b
p.show()
send(p)
[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$

```

Given above is the following code with the necessary changes in the destination IP address.

```
[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ sudo python3 ./sniffer.py
###[ IP ]###
  version    = 4
  ihl        = None
  tos        = 0x0
  len        = None
  id         = 1
  flags      =
  frag       = 0
  ttl        = 64
  proto      = icmp
  chksum     = None
  src        = 10.9.0.1
  dst        = 10.9.0.5
  \options   \
###[ ICMP ]###
  type       = echo-request
  code       = 0
  chksum     = None
  id         = 0x0
  seq        = 0x0

.
Sent 1 packets.
[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$
```

We can see that the packet was sent successfully. We can confirm this using Wireshark application.

315	2022-02-08 22:0...	10.9.0.1	10.9.0.5	ICMP	44 Echo (ping) request
316	2022-02-08 22:0...	10.9.0.1	10.9.0.5	ICMP	44 Echo (ping) request
317	2022-02-08 22:0...	10.9.0.5	10.9.0.1	ICMP	44 Echo (ping) reply
318	2022-02-08 22:0...	10.9.0.5	10.9.0.1	ICMP	44 Echo (ping) reply

This validates that we can spoof any IP address.

Task 1.3 Traceroute:

```
[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ cat sniffer.py
#!/usr/bin/env python3
from scapy.all import*

a = IP()
a.dst = '1.2.3.4'
a.ttl = 3
b = ICMP()
send(a/b)
[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$
```

33	2022-02-08 22:1...	10.0.2.5	1.2.3.4	ICMP	44 Echo (p
34	2022-02-08 22:1...	142.254.213.125	10.0.2.5	ICMP	72 Time-to

When we send a packet with time-to-live field set to 3 as shown, it will drop the packets if it exceeds the ttl and give the IP address of first router and continues so we can reach our destination.

This is done to avoid overuse of the network and drop unwanted data.

Task 1.4: Sniffing and-then Spoofing:

Code:

```
[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ cat sniffer.py
#!/usr/bin/env python3
from scapy.all import*

def spoof_pkt(pkt):
    if ICMP in pkt and pkt[ICMP].type==8:
        print("Original Packet.....")
        print("Source IP: ", pkt[IP].src)
        print("Destination IP: ", pkt[IP].dst)

        ip = IP(src = pkt[IP].dst, dst = pkt[IP].src, ihl = pkt[IP].ihl)
        ip.ttl = 99
        icmp = ICMP(type=0, id=pkt[ICMP].id, seq=pkt[ICMP].seq)

        if pkt.haslayer(Raw):
            data = pkt[Raw].load
            newpkt = ip/icmp/data
        else:
            newpkt = ip/icmp

        print("Spoofed Packet.....")
        print("Source IP: ", newpkt[IP].src)
        print("Destination IP: ", newpkt[IP].dst)

        send(newpkt, verbose=0)

sniff(filter='icmp',prn=spoof_pkt)
[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$
```

```
[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ ping 1.2.3.4 -c2
PING 1.2.3.4 (1.2.3.4) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 1.2.3.4: icmp_seq=1 ttl=99 time=21.7 ms
64 bytes from 1.2.3.4: icmp_seq=2 ttl=99 time=21.0 ms

--- 1.2.3.4 ping statistics ---
2 packets transmitted, 2 received, 0% packet loss, time 1000ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 21.022/21.383/21.745/0.361 ms
```

We write the code and ping 1.2.3.4. and run the sniffing and spoofing program where ICMP echo request is sent.


```
[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ sudo python3 ./sniffer.py
Original Packet.....
Source IP: 10.0.2.5
Destination IP: 1.2.3.4
Spoofed Packet.....
Source IP: 1.2.3.4
Destination IP: 10.0.2.5
Original Packet.....
Source IP: 10.0.2.5
Destination IP: 1.2.3.4
Spoofed Packet.....
Source IP: 1.2.3.4
Destination IP: 10.0.2.5
```

We can see the output here.

Now we send the ping using 8.8.8.8 an existing host on the Internet:

```
[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ ping 8.8.8.8 -c2
PING 8.8.8.8 (8.8.8.8) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=1 ttl=99 time=26.8 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=1 ttl=57 time=48.6 ms (DUP!)
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=2 ttl=99 time=23.4 ms

--- 8.8.8.8 ping statistics ---
2 packets transmitted, 2 received, +1 duplicates, 0% packet loss, time 1002ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 23.419/32.957/48.620/11.162 ms
[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$
```

```
^C[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ sudo python3 ./sniffer.py
Original Packet.....
Source IP: 10.0.2.5
Destination IP: 8.8.8.8
Spoofed Packet.....
Source IP: 8.8.8.8
Destination IP: 10.0.2.5
Original Packet.....
Source IP: 10.0.2.5
Destination IP: 8.8.8.8
Spoofed Packet.....
Source IP: 8.8.8.8
Destination IP: 10.0.2.5
^C[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$
```

We can see that the response to the ping is sent as the output.

However when we try to run the program using ping a non-existing host on the LAN, the packets are unable to reach as the destination host is unreachable.

```
[02/08/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ ping 10.9.0.99 -c2
PING 10.9.0.99 (10.9.0.99) 56(84) bytes of data.
From 10.9.0.1 icmp_seq=1 Destination Host Unreachable
From 10.9.0.1 icmp_seq=2 Destination Host Unreachable

--- 10.9.0.99 ping statistics ---
2 packets transmitted, 0 received, +2 errors, 100% packet loss, time 1025ms
pipe 2
```