

AI LAB 4 – 9557-Gaurav Mishra – Batch B

Water Jug problem using BFS :

Code:

```
from collections import deque
```

```
class State:
```

```
    def __init__(self, jugs):
```

```
        self.jugs = jugs
```

```
    def __eq__(self, other):
```

```
        return self.jugs == other.jugs
```

```
    def __hash__(self):
```

```
        return hash(tuple(self.jugs))
```

```
def successors(state, jug_sizes):
```

```
    successors = []
```

```
    for i in range(len(state.jugs)):
```

```
        for j in range(len(state.jugs)):
```

```
            if i != j:
```

```
                pour_amount = min(state.jugs[i], jug_sizes[j] - state.jugs[j])
```

```
                if pour_amount > 0:
```

```
                    new_jugs = list(state.jugs)
```

```
                    new_jugs[i] -= pour_amount
```

```
        new_jugs[j] += pour_amount
        successors.append(State(tuple(new_jugs)))
    return successors
```

```
def bfs(initial_state, goal, jug_sizes):
    queue = deque([(initial_state, [])])
    visited = set()

    while queue:
        state, actions = queue.popleft()
        if state == goal:
            return actions
        if state not in visited:
            visited.add(state)
            for successor in successors(state, jug_sizes):
                queue.append((successor, actions + [successor]))

    return None
```

```
def main():
    jug_sizes = (5, 3) # Jug sizes (e.g., (5, 3) represents jugs of size 5 and 3)
    initial_state = State((0, 0)) # Initial state of the jugs
    goal_state = State((4, 0)) # Goal state to reach

    solution = bfs(initial_state, goal_state, jug_sizes)
    if solution:
```

```
    print("Solution:")
    for action in solution:
        print(action)
else:
    print("No solution found.")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

Missionaries and Cannibals :

Code:

```
from collections import deque
```

```
class State:
```

```
    def __init__(self, missionaries, cannibals, boat):
```

```
        self.missionaries = missionaries
```

```
        self.cannibals = cannibals
```

```
        self.boat = boat
```

```
    def __eq__(self, other):
```

```
        return self.missionaries == other.missionaries and self.cannibals ==
other.cannibals and self.boat == other.boat
```

```
    def __hash__(self):
```

```
        return hash((self.missionaries, self.cannibals, self.boat))
```

```

def successors(state):
    successors = []
    if state.boat == 'left':
        for m in range(3):
            for c in range(3):
                if 1 <= m + c <= 2:
                    new_state = State(state.missionaries - m, state.cannibals - c, 'right')
                    if 0 <= new_state.missionaries <= 3 and 0 <= new_state.cannibals <=
3 and (new_state.missionaries >= new_state.cannibals or
new_state.missionaries == 0) and ((3 - new_state.missionaries) >= (3 -
new_state.cannibals) or new_state.missionaries == 3):
                        successors.append(new_state)
            else:
                for m in range(3):
                    for c in range(3):
                        if 1 <= m + c <= 2:
                            new_state = State(state.missionaries + m, state.cannibals + c, 'left')
                            if 0 <= new_state.missionaries <= 3 and 0 <= new_state.cannibals <=
3 and (new_state.missionaries >= new_state.cannibals or
new_state.missionaries == 0) and ((3 - new_state.missionaries) >= (3 -
new_state.cannibals) or new_state.missionaries == 3):
                                successors.append(new_state)
                    return successors

```

```

def bfs(initial_state, goal_state):
    queue = deque([(initial_state, [])])
    visited = set()

```

```
while queue:
    state, actions = queue.popleft()
    if state == goal_state:
        return actions
    if state not in visited:
        visited.add(state)
        for successor in successors(state):
            queue.append((successor, actions + [successor]))

return None
```

```
def main():
    initial_state = State(3, 3, 'left') # Initial state of the missionaries and
    cannibals
    goal_state = State(0, 0, 'right') # Goal state to reach

    solution = bfs(initial_state, goal_state)
    if solution:
        print("Solution:")
        for action in solution:
            print(f"Move {action.missionaries} missionaries and {action.cannibals}
cannibals to the {action.boat}.")
    else:
        print("No solution found.")

if __name__ == "__main__":
```

main()

OUTPUT:

```
Move 3 missionaries and 1 cannibals to the right.
Move 3 missionaries and 2 cannibals to the left.
Move 3 missionaries and 0 cannibals to the right.
Move 3 missionaries and 1 cannibals to the left.
Move 1 missionaries and 1 cannibals to the right.
Move 2 missionaries and 2 cannibals to the left.
Move 0 missionaries and 2 cannibals to the right.
Move 0 missionaries and 2 cannibals to the left.
Move 0 missionaries and 3 cannibals to the left.
Move 0 missionaries and 1 cannibals to the right.
Move 0 missionaries and 2 cannibals to the left.
Move 0 missionaries and 0 cannibals to the right.
PS C:\Users\gaural\Desktop\Pracs\AI> []
```

POSTLAB:

AI Ganwan Mishra 9557 Roll No B Lab 4

1) The time complexity of Water Jug Problem depends on the algorithm used to solve it. Generally, when solving the Water Jug Problem using a brute force approach, the time complexity can be exponential in worst case. This is because the search space grows exponentially with the number of steps required to reach the goal state. Therefore, the time complexity can be expressed as $O(b^d)$ where b is branching factor and d is the depth of the search tree.

2) DFS is not usually used for solving the Water-Jug Problem because it does not guarantee finding the shortest path to the goal state. DFS explores the search space depth first meaning it explores one branch of the search tree as far as possible before backtracking. While DFS may find a solution for the Water Jug Problem, it may not find the optimal solution. Additionally, DFS may get stuck in infinite loops if the search space contains cycles. Therefore, BFS or A* are used for Water Jug Problem.