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Cyclesheet-3

15. Write a program to provide a solution for reader- writer problem / producer consumer using semaphore.

CODE

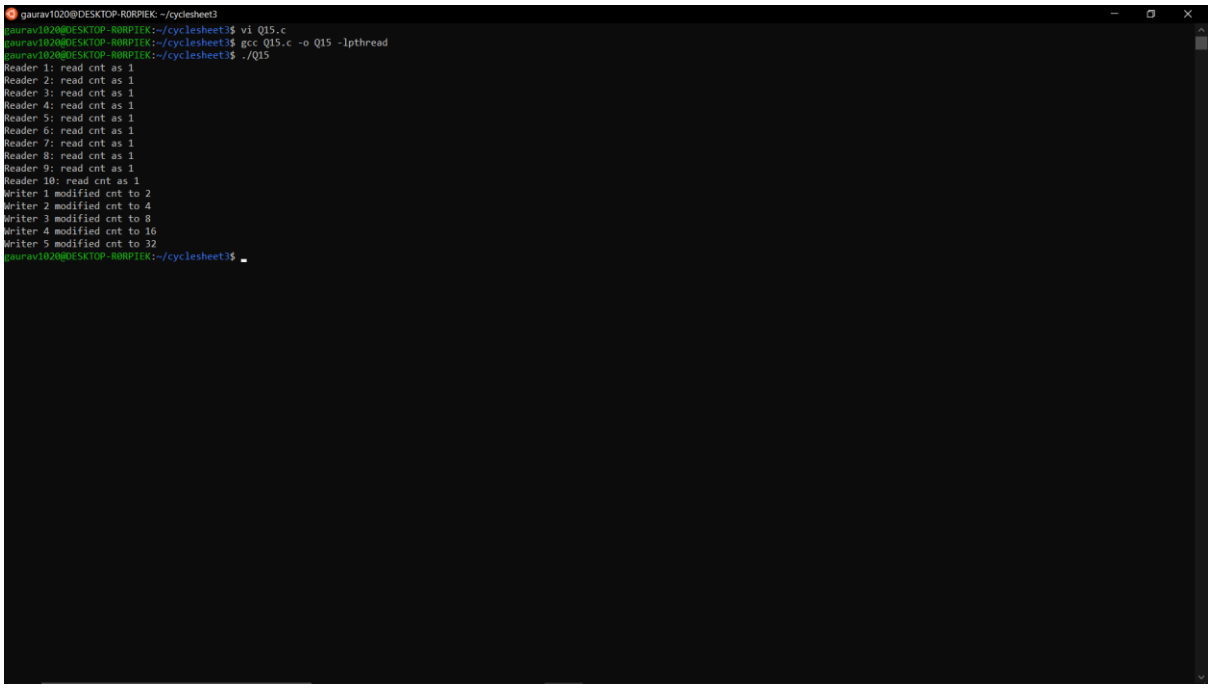
```
#include <pthread.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
#include <stdio.h>
sem_t wrt;
pthread_mutex_t mutex;
int cnt = 1;
int numreader = 0;
void *writer(void *wno)
{
        sem_wait(&wrt);
         cnt = cnt*2;
          printf("Writer %d modified cnt to %d\n",(*((int *)wno)),cnt);
           sem_post(&wrt);
}
void *reader(void *rno)
{
        pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);
         numreader++;
          if(numreader == 1)
          {

                sem_wait(&wrt);
                 }
```

```
        pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);
        printf("Reader %d: read cnt as %d\n",*((int *)rno),cnt);
        pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);
        numreader--;
        if(numreader == 0)
            {
                sem_post(&wrt);
                }
        pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);
}
int main()
{
    pthread_t read[10],write[5];
    pthread_mutex_init(&mutex, NULL);
    sem_init(&wrt,0,1);
    int a[10] = {1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10};
    for(int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
        {
            pthread_create(&read[i], NULL, (void *)reader, (void *)&a[i]);
            }
    for(int i = 0; i < 5; i++)
        {
            pthread_create(&write[i], NULL, (void *)writer, (void *)&a[i]);
            }
    for(int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
        {
            pthread_join(read[i], NULL);
            }
    for(int i = 0; i < 5; i++)
        {
            pthread_join(write[i], NULL);
```

```
                }
        pthread_mutex_destroy(&mutex);
         sem_destroy(&wrt);
          return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
gaurav1020@DESKTOP-R0RPIEK: ~/cyclesheet3
        sem_wait(&wrt);
         cnt = cnt*2;
          printf("Writer %d modified cnt to %d\n",(*((int *)wno)),cnt);
           sem_post(&wrt);
}
void *reader(void *rno)
{
        pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);
         numreader++;
          if(numreader == 1)
          {
                  sem_wait(&wrt);
                  }
           pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);
            printf("Reader %d: read cnt as %d\n",*((int *)rno),cnt);
             pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);
              numreader--;
               if(numreader == 0)
                       {
                               sem_post(&wrt);
                                }
                pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);
}
int main()
{
        pthread_t read[10],write[5];
         pthread_mutex_init(&mutex, NULL);
          sem_init(&wrt,0,1);
           int a[10] = {1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10};
            for(int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
                    {
                            pthread_create(&read[i], NULL, (void *)reader, (void *)&a[i]);
                             }
              for(int i = 0; i < 5; i++)
                       {
                               pthread_create(&write[i], NULL, (void *)writer, (void *)&a[i]);
                                }
               for(int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
                       {
                               pthread_join(read[i], NULL);
                                }
                for(int i = 0; i < 5; i++)
                        {
                                pthread_join(write[i], NULL);
                                 }
                 pthread_mutex_destroy(&mutex);
                  sem_destroy(&wrt);
                   return 0;
}
                                                                    60,0-1        Bot
```



```
gaurav1020@DESKTOP-R0RPIEK: ~/cyclesheet3
gaurav1020@DESKTOP-R0RPIEK:~/cyclesheet3$ vi Q15.c
gaurav1020@DESKTOP-R0RPIEK:~/cyclesheet3$ gcc Q15.c -o Q15 -lpthread
gaurav1020@DESKTOP-R0RPIEK:~/cyclesheet3$ ./Q15
Reader 1: read cnt as 1
Reader 2: read cnt as 1
Reader 3: read cnt as 1
Reader 4: read cnt as 1
Reader 5: read cnt as 1
Reader 6: read cnt as 1
Reader 7: read cnt as 1
Reader 8: read cnt as 1
Reader 9: read cnt as 1
Reader 10: read cnt as 1
Writer 1 modified cnt to 2
Writer 2 modified cnt to 4
Writer 3 modified cnt to 8
Writer 4 modified cnt to 16
Writer 5 modified cnt to 32
gaurav1020@DESKTOP-R0RPIEK:~/cyclesheet3$
```

16. Implement a solution for the classical synchronization problem: Dining Philosophers.

CODE

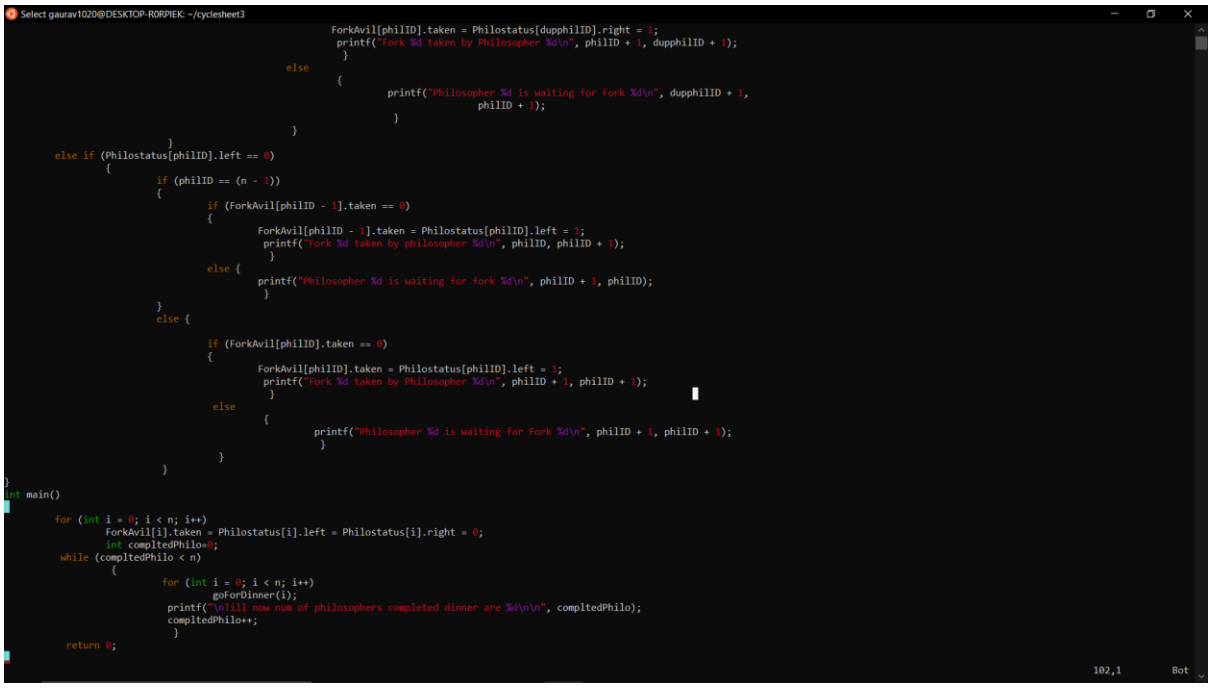
```
#include<stdio.h>
#define n 5
int compltedPhilo = 0, i;
struct fork
{
	int taken;
}
ForkAvil[n];
struct philosp
{
	int left;
	 int right;
}
Philostatus[n];
void goForDinner(int philID)
{
	if (Philostatus[philID].left == 10 && Philostatus[philID].right == 10)
		printf("Philosopher %d completed his dinner\n", philID + 1);
	else if (Philostatus[philID].left == 1 && Philostatus[philID].right == 1)
		{
			printf("Philosopher %d completed his dinner\n", philID + 1);
			 Philostatus[philID].left = Philostatus[philID].right = 10;
			 int otherFork = philID - 1;
			  if (otherFork == -1)
				otherFork = (n - 1);
			  ForkAvil[philID].taken = ForkAvil[otherFork].taken = 0;
			   printf("Philosopher %d released fork %d and fork %d\n", philID + 1, philID + 1,
otherFork + 1);
			   compltedPhilo++;
```

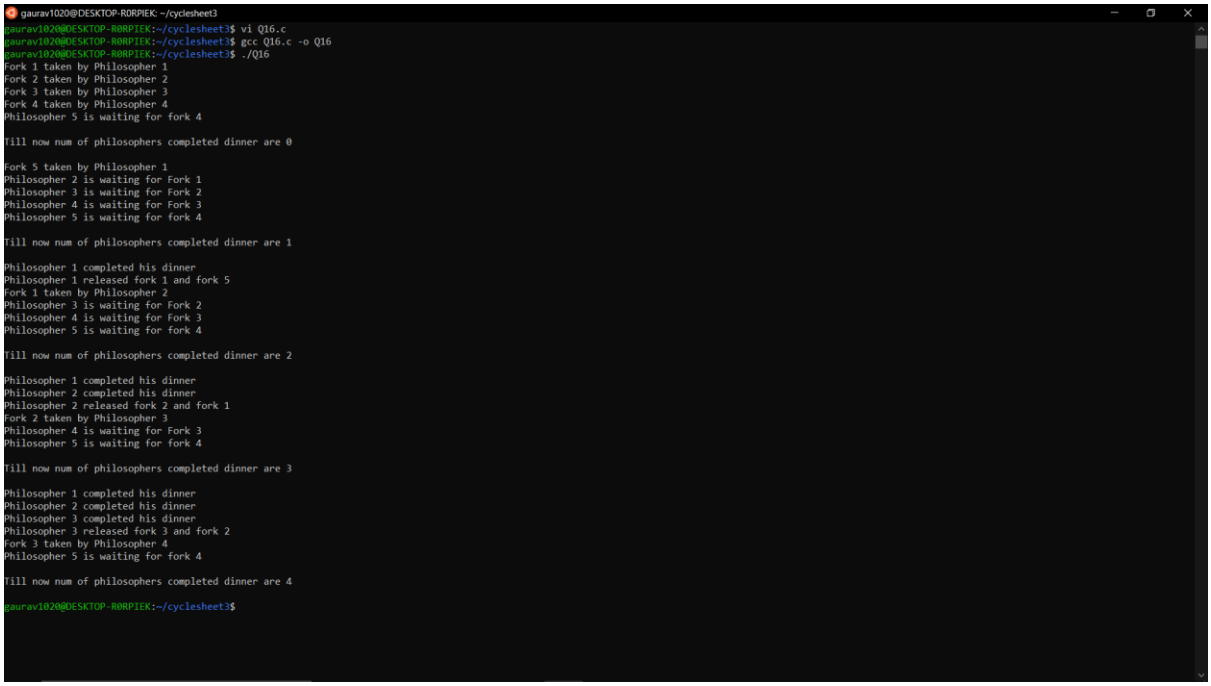
```
                }
        else if (Philostatus[philID].left == 1 && Philostatus[philID].right == 0)
                {
                        if (philID == (n - 1))
                        {
                                if (ForkAvil[philID].taken == 0)
                                {
                                        ForkAvil[philID].taken = Philostatus[philID].right = 1;
                                         printf("Fork %d taken by philosopher %d\n", philID + 1, philID + 1);
                                         }
                                 else
                                        {
                                                printf("Philosopher %d is waiting for fork %d\n", philID+1, philID + 1);
                                                }
                                 }
                        else
                                {
                                        int dupphilID = philID;
                                         philID -= 1;
                                          if (philID == -1)
                                                philID = (n - 1);
                                           if (ForkAvil[philID].taken == 0)
                                           {
                                                 ForkAvil[philID].taken = Philostatus[dupphilID].right = 1;
                                                printf("Fork %d taken by Philosopher %d\n", philID + 1, dupphilID + 1);
                                                  }
                                            else
                                                  {
                                                        printf("Philosopher %d is waiting for Fork %d\n", dupphilID +
1,
                                                                                philID + 1);
```

```
                                        }
                                    }
                                }
else if (Philostatus[philID].left == 0)
            {
                if (philID == (n - 1))
                {
                    if (ForkAvil[philID - 1].taken == 0)
                    {
                        ForkAvil[philID - 1].taken = Philostatus[philID].left = 1;
                         printf("Fork %d taken by philosopher %d\n", philID, philID + 1);
                         }
                    else {
                        printf("Philosopher %d is waiting for fork %d\n", philID + 1, philID);
                         }
                }
                else {

                    if (ForkAvil[philID].taken == 0)
                    {
                        ForkAvil[philID].taken = Philostatus[philID].left = 1;
                         printf("Fork %d taken by Philosopher %d\n", philID + 1, philID + 1);
                         }
                     else
                         {
                             printf("Philosopher %d is waiting for Fork %d\n", philID + 1, philID +
1);
                              }
                     }
                }
}
```

```
int main()
{
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                ForkAvil[i].taken = Philostatus[i].left = Philostatus[i].right = 0;
                int compltedPhilo=0;
         while (compltedPhilo < n)
                 {
                        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                                goForDinner(i);
                         printf("\nTill now num of philosophers completed dinner are %d\n\n",
compltedPhilo);
                         compltedPhilo++;
                         }
          return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT





17. Write a program to avoid deadlock using Banker's algorithm.(Safety algorithm)

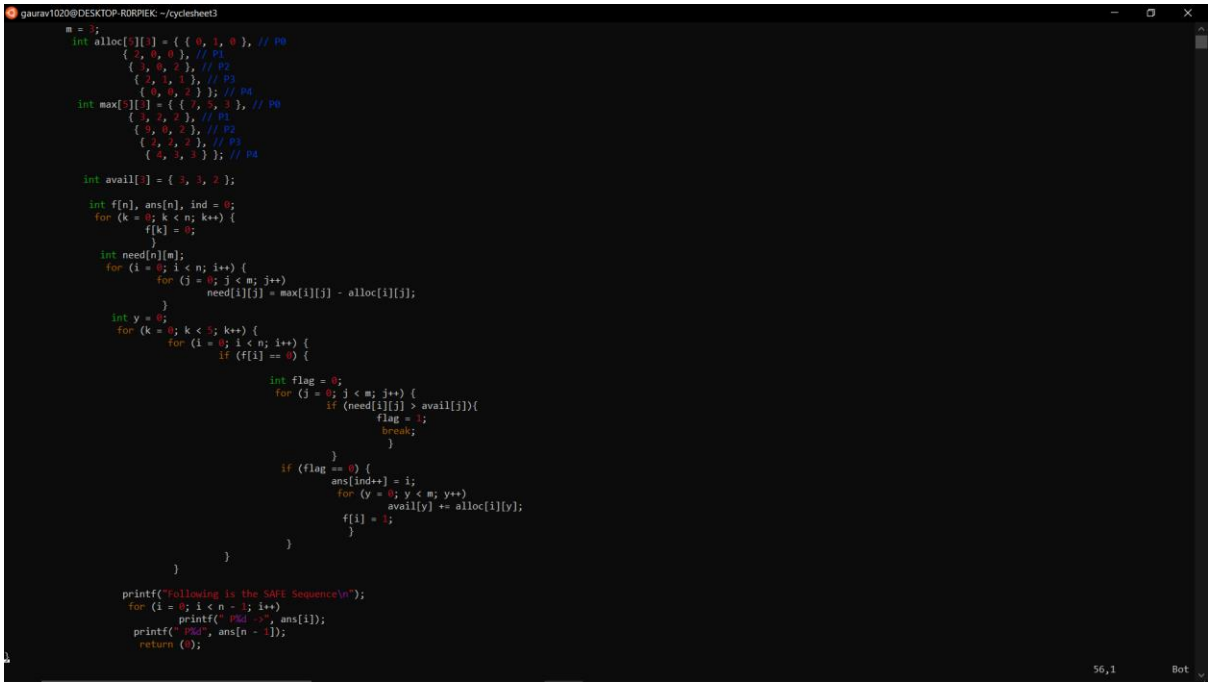
CODE

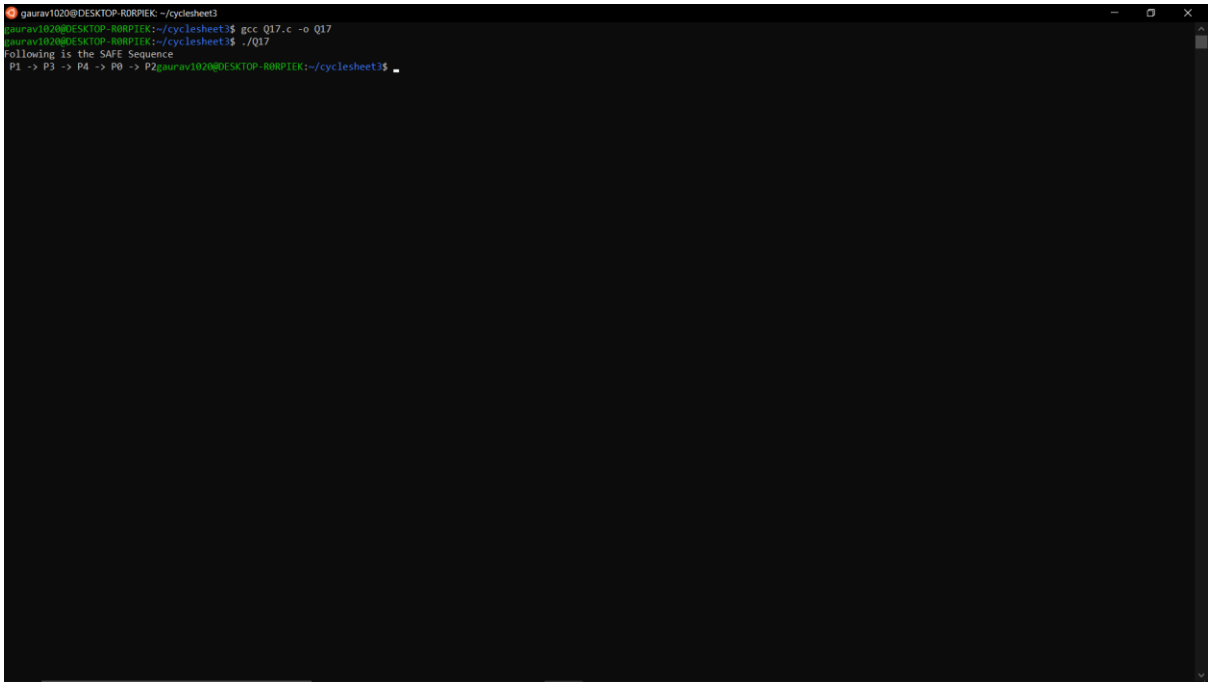
```
#include <stdio.h>

int main()

{

        int n, m, i, j, k;

         n = 5;

          m = 3;

           int alloc[5][3] = { { 0, 1, 0 }, // P0

                  { 2, 0, 0 }, // P1

                   { 3, 0, 2 }, // P2

                    { 2, 1, 1 }, // P3

                     { 0, 0, 2 } }; // P4

            int max[5][3] = { { 7, 5, 3 }, // P0

                   { 3, 2, 2 }, // P1

                    { 9, 0, 2 }, // P2

                     { 2, 2, 2 }, // P3

                      { 4, 3, 3 } }; // P4
```

```
int avail[3] = { 3, 3, 2 };


 int f[n], ans[n], ind = 0;
  for (k = 0; k < n; k++) {
         f[k] = 0;
          }
   int need[n][m];
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
           for (j = 0; j < m; j++)
                  need[i][j] = max[i][j] - alloc[i][j];
            }
     int y = 0;
      for (k = 0; k < 5; k++) {
             for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                    if (f[i] == 0) {


                           int flag = 0;
                            for (j = 0; j < m; j++) {
                                  if (need[i][j] > avail[j]){
                                         flag = 1;
                                          break;
                                           }
                                  }
                             if (flag == 0) {
                                    ans[ind++] = i;
                                     for (y = 0; y < m; y++)
                                            avail[y] += alloc[i][y];
                                      f[i] = 1;
                                       }
                              }
                      }
```

```
                    }
printf("Following is the SAFE Sequence\n");
                for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)
                        printf(" P%d ->", ans[i]);
                printf(" P%d", ans[n - 1]);
                return (0);
}
```

OUTPUT





18. Implement a program to allocate memory by applying the following strategies.

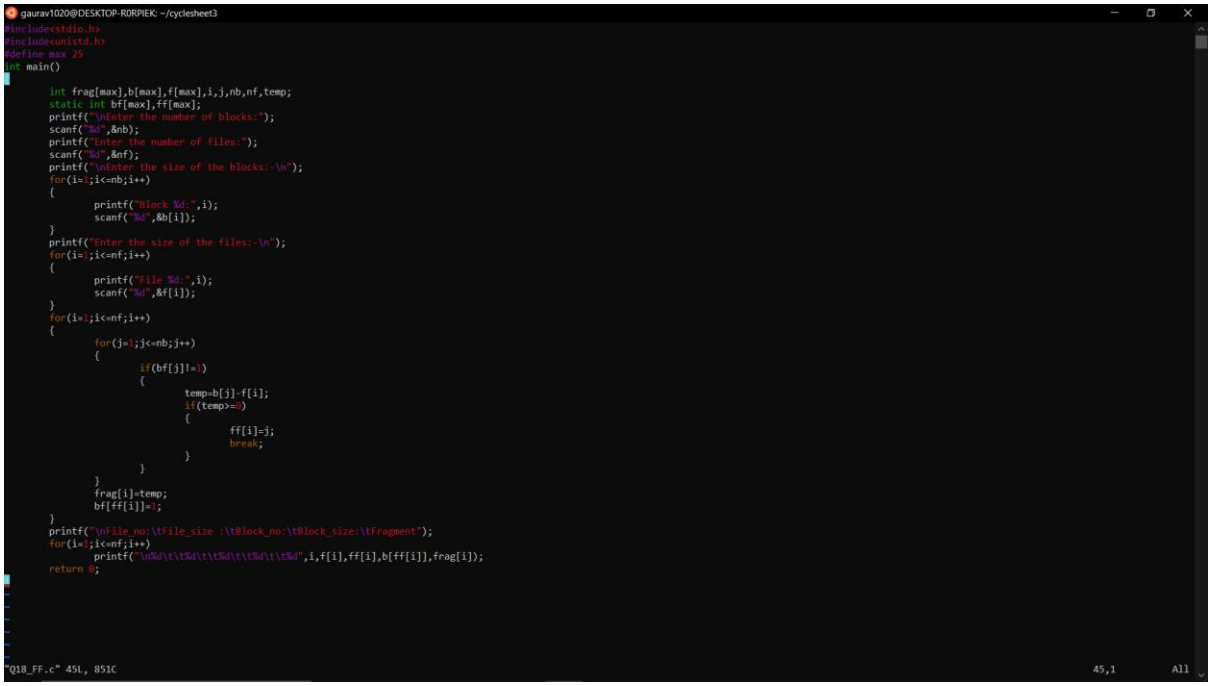
a. FIRST FIT

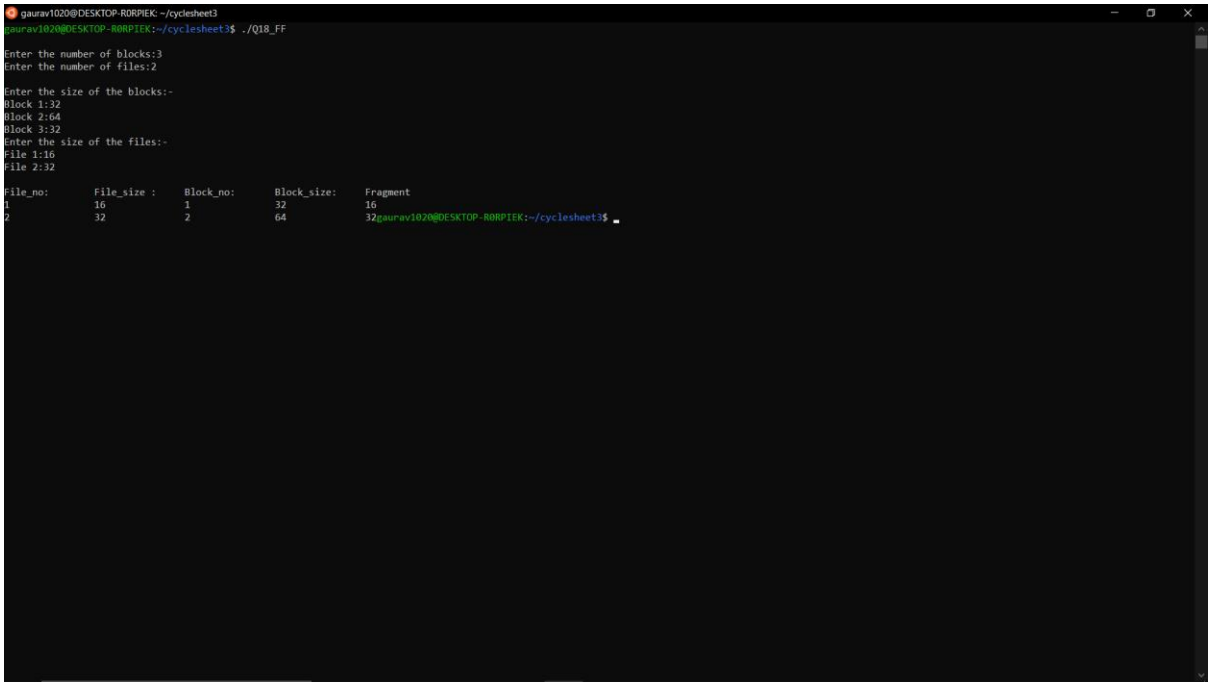
CODE

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#define max 25
int main()
{
    int frag[max],b[max],f[max],i,j,nb,nf,temp;
    static int bf[max],ff[max];
    printf("\nEnter the number of blocks:");
    scanf("%d",&nb);
    printf("Enter the number of files:");
    scanf("%d",&nf);
    printf("\nEnter the size of the blocks:-\n");
    for(i=1;i<=nb;i++)
    {
        printf("Block %d:",i);
        scanf("%d",&b[i]);
```

```
    }
    printf("Enter the size of the files:-\n");
    for(i=1;i<=nf;i++)
    {
        printf("File %d:",i);
        scanf("%d",&f[i]);
    }
    for(i=1;i<=nf;i++)
    {
        for(j=1;j<=nb;j++)
        {
            if(bf[j]!=1)
            {
                temp=b[j]-f[i];
                if(temp>=0)
                {
                    ff[i]=j;
                    break;
                }
            }
        }
        frag[i]=temp;
        bf[ff[i]]=1;
    }
    printf("\nFile_no:\tFile_size :\tBlock_no:\tBlock_size:\tFragment");
    for(i=1;i<=nf;i++)
        printf("\n%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d",i,f[i],ff[i],b[ff[i]],frag[i]);
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT





b. BEST FIT

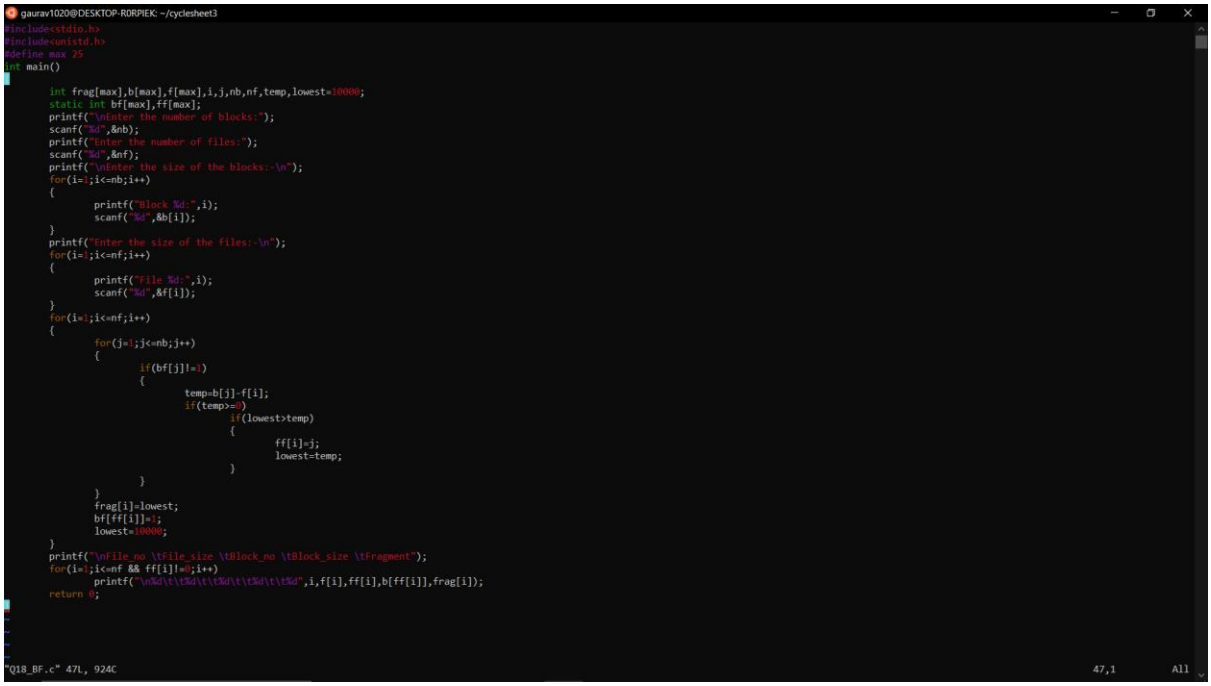
CODE

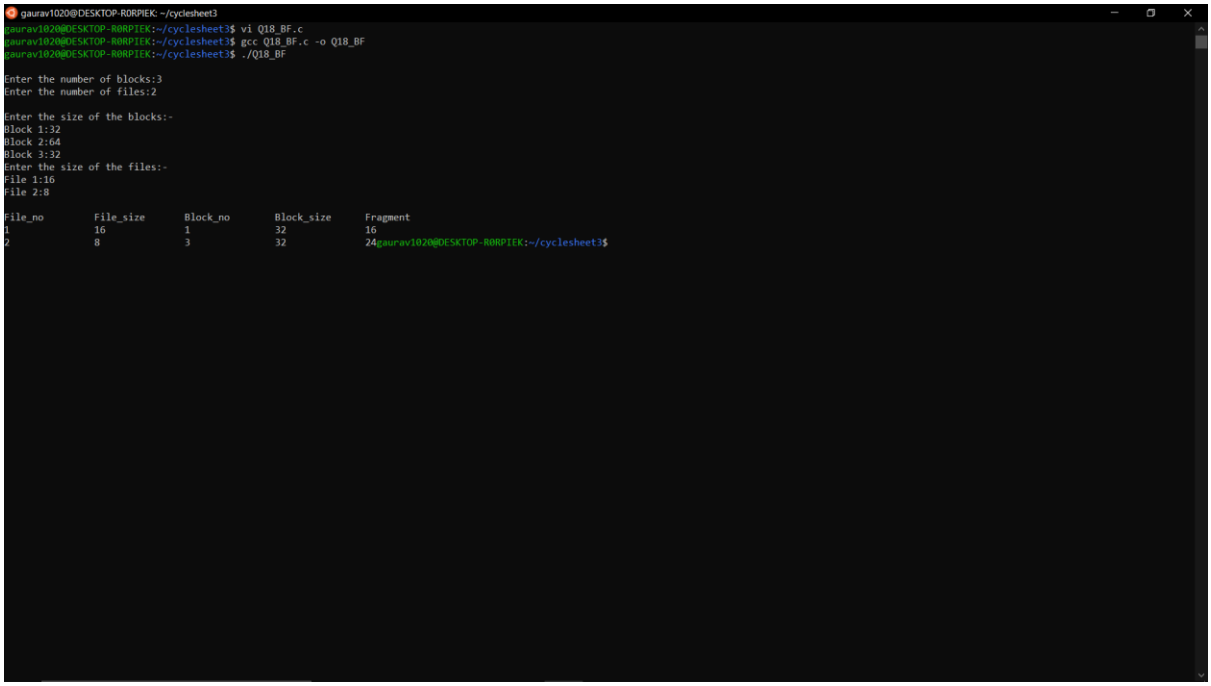
```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#define max 25
int main()
{
```

```
int frag[max],b[max],f[max],i,j,nb,nf,temp,lowest=10000;
static int bf[max],ff[max];
printf("\nEnter the number of blocks:");
scanf("%d",&nb);
printf("Enter the number of files:");
scanf("%d",&nf);
printf("\nEnter the size of the blocks:-\n");
for(i=1;i<=nb;i++)
{
	printf("Block %d:",i);
	scanf("%d",&b[i]);
}
printf("Enter the size of the files:-\n");
for(i=1;i<=nf;i++)
{
	printf("File %d:",i);
	scanf("%d",&f[i]);
}
for(i=1;i<=nf;i++)
{
	for(j=1;j<=nb;j++)
	{
		if(bf[j]!=1)
		{
			temp=b[j]-f[i];
			if(temp>=0)
				if(lowest>temp)
				{
					ff[i]=j;
					lowest=temp;
				}
```

```
                }
            }
            frag[i]=lowest;
            bf[ff[i]]=1;
            lowest=10000;
        }
        printf("\nFile_no \tFile_size \tBlock_no \tBlock_size \tFragment");
        for(i=1;i<=nf && ff[i]!=0;i++)
            printf("\n%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d",i,f[i],ff[i],b[ff[i]],frag[i]);
        return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT





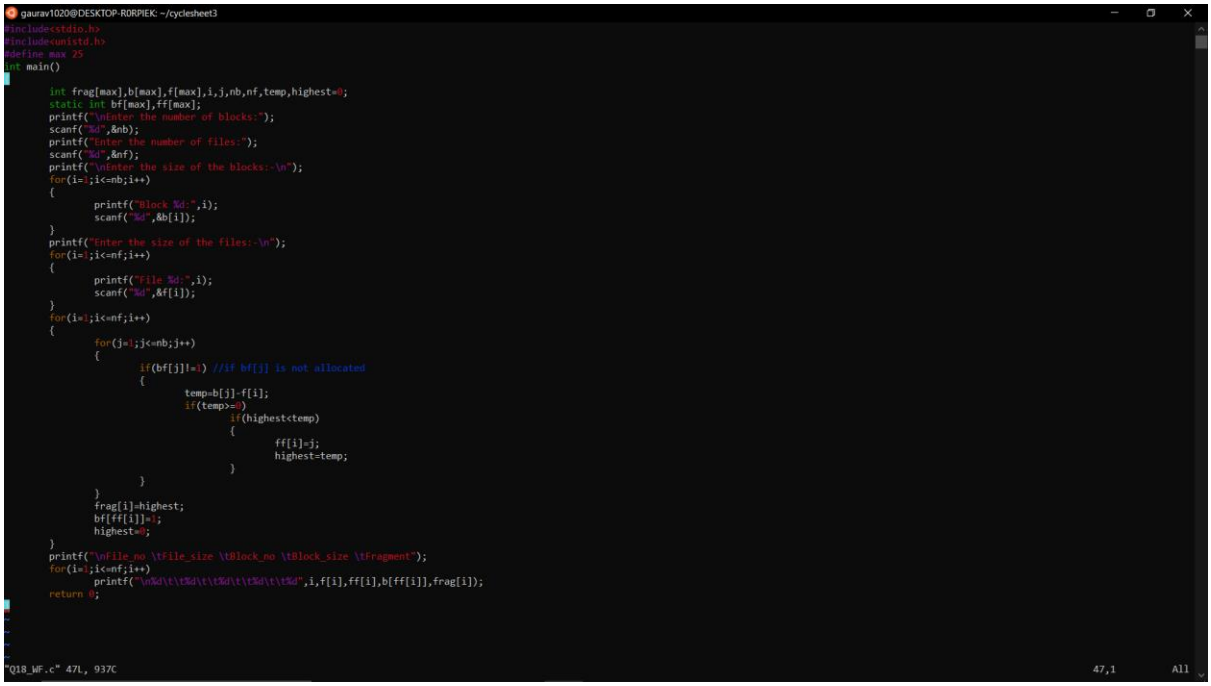
c. WORST FIT

CODE

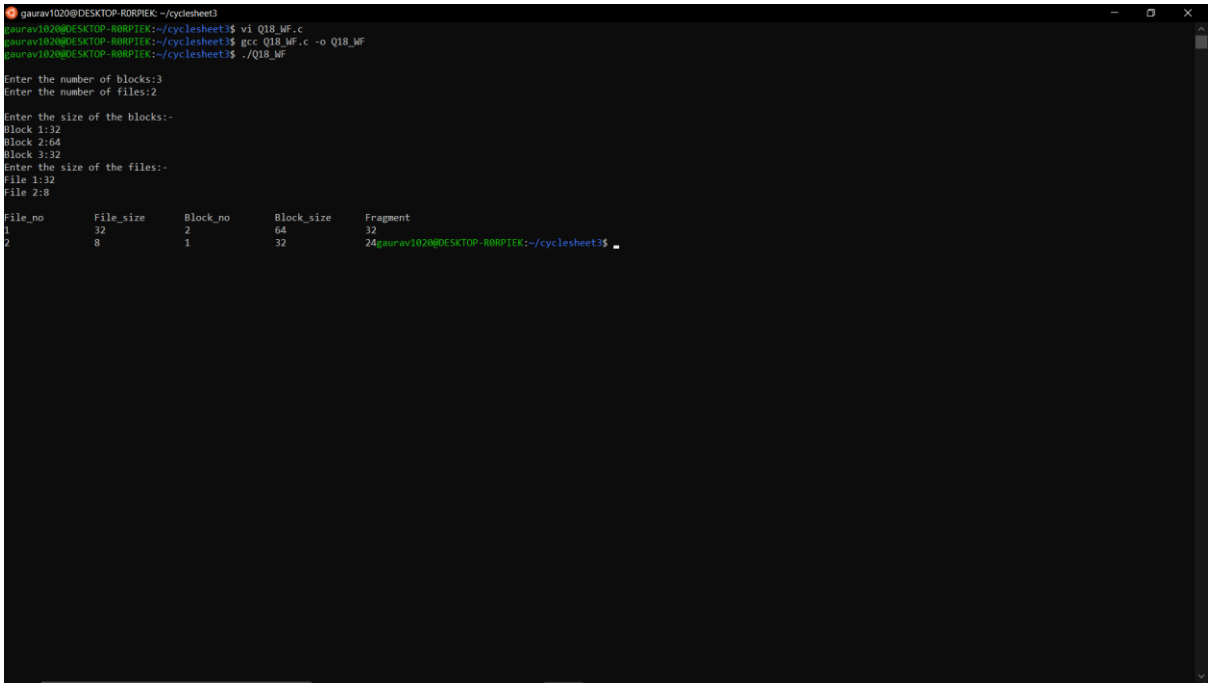
```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#define max 25
int main()
{
    int frag[max],b[max],f[max],i,j,nb,nf,temp,highest=0;
    static int bf[max],ff[max];
    printf("\nEnter the number of blocks:");
    scanf("%d",&nb);
    printf("Enter the number of files:");
    scanf("%d",&nf);
    printf("\nEnter the size of the blocks:-\n");
    for(i=1;i<=nb;i++)
    {
        printf("Block %d:",i);
        scanf("%d",&b[i]);
    }
```

```
    printf("Enter the size of the files:-\n");
    for(i=1;i<=nf;i++)
    {
        printf("File %d:",i);
        scanf("%d",&f[i]);
    }
    for(i=1;i<=nf;i++)
    {
        for(j=1;j<=nb;j++)
        {
            if(bf[j]!=1) //if bf[j] is not allocated
            {
                temp=b[j]-f[i];
                if(temp>=0)
                    if(highest<temp)
                    {
                        ff[i]=j;
                        highest=temp;
                    }
            }
        }
        frag[i]=highest;
        bf[ff[i]]=1;
        highest=0;
    }
    printf("\nFile_no \tFile_size \tBlock_no \tBlock_size \tFragment");
    for(i=1;i<=nf;i++)
        printf("\n%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d",i,f[i],ff[i],b[ff[i]],frag[i]);
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT



```
gaurav1020@DESKTOP-R0RPIEK: ~/cyclesheet3
#include<stdio.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#define max 25
int main()
{
        int frag[max],b[max],f[max],i,j,nb,nf,temp,highest=0;
        static int bf[max],ff[max];
        printf("\nEnter the number of blocks:");
        scanf("%d",&nb);
        printf("Enter the number of files:");
        scanf("%d",&nf);
        printf("\nEnter the size of the blocks:-\n");
        for(i=1;i<=nb;i++)
        {
                printf("Block %d:",i);
                scanf("%d",&b[i]);
        }
        printf("Enter the size of the files:-\n");
        for(i=1;i<=nf;i++)
        {
                printf("File %d:",i);
                scanf("%d",&f[i]);
        }
        for(i=1;i<=nf;i++)
        {
                for(j=1;j<=nb;j++)
                {
                        if(bf[j]!=1) //if bf[j] is not allocated
                        {
                                temp=b[j]-f[i];
                                if(temp>=0)
                                        if(highest<temp)
                                        {
                                                ff[i]=j;
                                                highest=temp;
                                        }
                        }
                }
                frag[i]=highest;
                bf[ff[i]]=1;
                highest=0;
        }
        printf("\nFile_no \tFile_size \tBlock_no \tBlock_size \tFragment");
        for(i=1;i<=nf;i++)
                printf("\n%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d",i,f[i],ff[i],b[ff[i]],frag[i]);
        return 0;
}
~
~
~
~
"Q18_WF.c" 47L, 937C                                                    47,1          All
```



```
gaurav1020@DESKTOP-R0RPIEK: ~/cyclesheet3
gaurav1020@DESKTOP-R0RPIEK:~/cyclesheet3$ vi Q18_WF.c
gaurav1020@DESKTOP-R0RPIEK:~/cyclesheet3$ gcc Q18_WF.c -o Q18_WF
gaurav1020@DESKTOP-R0RPIEK:~/cyclesheet3$ ./Q18_WF

Enter the number of blocks:3
Enter the number of files:2

Enter the size of the blocks:-
Block 1:32
Block 2:64
Block 3:32
Enter the size of the files:-
File 1:32
File 2:8

File_no         File_size       Block_no        Block_size      Fragment
1               32              2               64              32
2               8               1               32              24gaurav1020@DESKTOP-R0RPIEK:~/cyclesheet3$
```