# **CODE DOCUMENTATION FOR NEURON MODEL:**

# 1. Variable Description:

## 1.1 Transmitter part:

The variables used in transmitter part of the code are described in the following table:

### 1.1.1 Data Members for TRANSMITTER part:

Sl. No.	Variable Name	Variable Data type	Variable Description
		TRANSMI	TTER
1	x_distance	double	A variable that stores the x-distance from the transmitter
2	y_distance	double	A variable that stores the y-distance from the transmitter
3	Diffusion_coefficient	double	A variable that stores the value of diffusion coefficient of the diffusion process
4	arrival_rate	int	A variable that stores the calcium generation rate
5	time_interval	double	A variable that stores the value of time instant
6	number_of_elements_generated	int	A variable that stores the number of elements generated in that time interval
	POL	SSON GEN	ERATION
1	L	double	floating point variable that stores the exponential inter-arrival time depending upon the generation rate $(\lambda)$
2	p	double	the incremental time value which increments in each loop execution until its value is less than L.
3	u	double	random value between [0,1] generated in each loop execution.
4	k	int MAIN FUN	counts the number of ions/molecules produced during the time L.
1			
1	number_of_calcium_generated	int	A variable that stores the number of calcium ions generated in the time instant

2	number_of_BDNF_generated	int	A variable that stores the number of BDNF molecules generated in the time instant
3	loop	int	Loop variable for controlling the loop
4	T	int	Determines the number of time instants the model is to run.
5	W	int	Stores the value of the number of BDNF molecules reaching the end of each section of MT.
6	loss1,loss2,loss3	int	Stores the values of the loss of BDNF molecules at each stage of MT.
7	int_loss1, int_loss2	int	Stores the value of the loss of BDNF molecules at the gaps in between two segments of MTs.

### 1.1.2 Member functions of TRANSMITTER part:

The member function of the transmitter part takes in two variable "x\_distance" and "initial\_conc", generates the number of calcium ions generated in the time interval which will be used in the transport part (gates) and for metric calculation.

Function declaration for active transport is:

#### int transmitter(int);

The member function of the poisson generation takes in generation rate "lambda" and returns the number of poisson distributed random molecules/ions generated in the time interval.

Function declaration for diffusion transport is:

int poisson\_generation(double);

# 1.2 Transport part:

The variables used in transport part of the code are described in the following table:

# 1.2.1 <u>Data Members for TRANSPORT part:</u>

Sl.	Variable Name	Variable	Variable Description
No.		Data	
		type	ANGDODE
1	T	ACTIVE TR	
1	start	nodedata	A queue of type nodedata used to store the number of BDNF molecules in MTs
2	temp	nodedata	A pointer to starting of queue used to perform some manipulations on the queue
4	i	int	A loop counter variable
5	num_calcium	int	An integer variable that stores the number of calcium ions generated in each time interval
6	num_BDNF	int	An integer variable that stores the number of BDNF molecules generated in each time interval
8	arr_pkt	int	A loop counter that runs for number of BDNF molecules generated
9	sw_car	int	A loop counter that runs for number of cargoes in the MT segment.
10	sw_pkt	int	A loop counter that runs for number of BDNF molecules served in the MT.
11	src	int	An integer variable that stores the index of the source MT
12	des	int	An integer variable that stores the index of the destination MT
13	src_n	int	A loop variable that runs for number of MT segments in the MT
14	b	int	An integer array for storing the buffer value of the MT queue.
15	count	int	A counter variable for counting the number of BDNF molecules in the queues.
16	count2	int	A counter variable for counting the number of BDNF molecules in the queues.
17	tot_arv_calcium	int	An integer variable that stores the number of calcium ions generated by the transmitter.

18	tot_arv_BDNF	int	An integer variable that stores the number
			of BDNF molecules generated in the transmitter
19	tot_lost	int	A variable that stores the number of
17	1051	1110	BDNF molecules lost in the queues
20	tot_dep	int	A variable that stores the number of
	_ 1		BDNF molecules served by the queues
21	value	int	A variable that indicates the buffer of the
			queue is not full
22	Level	int	A loop counter that runs for number of
			levels in the queue.
23	mean_arr_rate	double	A variable that stores the average arrival
			rates of BDNF molecules in the
24	,	1 11	transmitter region.
24	mean_srv_rate	double	A variable that stores the average service rate of the BDNF molecules in the MT
			queue.
25	mean_arr_rate_ca	double	A variable that stores the average arrival
23	mean_an_rate_ea	double	rates of $Ca^{2+}$ ions in the transmitter region.
26	mean_srv_rate_ca	double	A variable that stores the average service
20	mean_sr v_race_ea	404010	rate of Ca <sup>2+</sup> ions in the MT queue.
26	small_ABO_rate	double	A variable that stores the ion generation
			rate of small AβO pores
27	large_ABO_rate	double	A variable that stores the ion generation
			rate of large AβO pores
28	no_of_pores	int	Integer variable that stores the number of
20	4 DO 4	1 11	AβO pores
29	net_ABO_rate	double	A variable that stores the rate of "n"
30	1_mt	double	number of AβO pores  A variable that stores the length of the
30	1_1111	double	microtubule
31	v_cargo	double	A variable that stores the velocity of the
			cargo
32	mean_sw_rate	double	A variable that stores the net service rate
			of the BDNF molecules taking into
			consideration the effect of Ca <sup>2+</sup> ions on
22	1 0	• .	BDNF transport.
33	number_of_cargoes	int	An integer variable that stores the number of cargoes present in MT segment
34	calcium_concentration	double	A Double variable that stores the
) <del>-1</del>	carcium_concentration	aouoic	concentration of calcium ions at any
			distance from the transmitter
	DI	FFUSION T	RANSPORT
1	D	double	A Double variable that stores the
			diffusion coefficient of calcium in cytosol
2	В	double	A variable that stores the proportionality
			constant of the Calcium buffering.
3	X	double	A variable that stores the distance from
			the transmitter region

4	time	double	A variable that stores the time for diffusion
5	Deff	double	A variable that stores the effective diffusion coefficient of the diffusion
			transport taking into consideration the calcium buffering phenomenon.
6	expo_term	double	A variable that stores the exponential component of the diffusion equation
7	constant_term	double	A variable that stores the constant part of the diffusion equation
8	value	double	A variable that stores the calculated value of the calcium concentration diffused at distance x from the transmitter

### 1.2.2 <u>Member functions of TRANSPORT part:</u>

The member function of the active transport part takes in three variables "num\_calcium" and "num\_BDNF", generates the number of BDNF molecules lost and served in the MT queue which will be used in the receptor part (gates) and for metric calculation. The "no\_of\_stages" denotes the number of horizontal levels in each segment of MT.

Function declaration for active transport is:

### int active\_transport(int,int,int);

The member function of the passive transport takes in distance "distance" and "initial\_conc" and returns the calcium concentration diffused to that distance by the source.

Function declaration for diffusion transport is:

double diffusion\_transport(int,int);

# 1.3 Receiver part:

The variables used in the receiver part of our code can be tabulated as follows:

# 1.3.1 Data Members of RECEIVER part:

Sl.	Variable Name	Variable	Variable Description
No.		Data	
		type	
			MISATION FUNCTION
1	zip	double	It stores the value of an overestimate of
			L(lambda)
2	lambda1	double	One of the lambda multiplier
3	lambda2	double	One of the lambda multiplier
4	lambda3	double	One of the lambda multiplier
5	lambda4	double	One of the lambda multiplier
6	lambda5	double	One of the lambda multiplier
7	lambda6	double	One of the lambda multiplier
8	imp	int	An improvement counter
9	k	int	A loop counter for running the loop
10	best_lambda1	double	A variable that stores the best value of
1.1	1 1 1 1 2	1 11	lambda1
11	best_lambda2	double	A variable that stores the best value of lambda2
12	best_lambda3	double	A variable that stores the best value of
12	best_famoda5	double	lambda3
13	best_lambda4	double	A variable that stores the best value of
			lambda4
14	best_lambda5	double	A variable that stores the best value of lambda5
15	best_lambda6	double	A variable that stores the best value of
13	best_fambdao	double	lambda6
16	delta	float	floating point variable that stores the step-
			size of the optimization problem
17	c1	double	Stores the capacity of one of the gates
18	c2	double	Stores the capacity of one of the gates
19	c3	double	Stores the capacity of one of the gates
20	c4	double	Stores the capacity of one of the gates
21	c5	double	Stores the capacity of one of the gates
22	c6	double	Stores the capacity of one of the gates
23	r1	double	Stores the clearance rate of one of the
			gates
24	r2	double	Stores the clearance rate of one of the
			gates
25	r3	double	Stores the clearance rate of one of the
			gates

26	r4	double	Stores the clearance rate of one of the gates
27	r5	double	Stores the clearance rate of one of the gates
28	r6	double	Stores the clearance rate of one of the gates
29	a	int	An integer variable that stores the network complexity parameter
30	tk	double	It stores the value of error tolerance in the optimization problem
31	L_lambda	double	A floating point variable for storing the value of Lagrangian relaxed function
32	G1	double	Stores the value of Sub gradient of gate type 1
33	G2	double	Stores the value of Sub gradient of gate type 2
34	G3	double	Stores the value of Sub gradient of gate type 3
35	G4	double	Stores the value of Sub gradient of gate type 4
36	G5	double	Stores the value of Sub gradient of gate type 5
37	G6	double	Stores the value of Sub gradient of gate type 6
38	fk	double	Stores the value of our objective function
39	W	double	Stores the value of number of BDNF molecules reaching the front-end of the receiver
40	x1	double	Stores the value of the number of gates of gate type 1
41	x2	double	Stores the value of the number of gates of gate type 2
42	x3	double	Stores the value of the number of gates of gate type 3
43	x4	double	Stores the value of the number of gates of gate type 4
44	x5	double	Stores the value of the number of gates of gate type 5
45	х6	double	Stores the value of the number of gates of gate type 6
46	error	double	Stores the value of precision of calculation generated in each loop
47	n	int	Stores the value of number of gate types
		MIN FU	NCTION

1	a	double	Stores the value of one of the two variable
			for which minimum of the two is to be
			found
2	b	double	Stores the value of one of the two variable
			for which minimum of the two is to be
			found
PRINT		PRINT	_ARR
1	arr[]	int	The array of integer type whose values are
			to be printed on the console
2	len	int	The integer variable that stores the length
			of the array to be printed.
3	i	int	A loop control variable for running the
			loop.

### 1.3.2 Member functions of RECEIVER part:

The member function of the subgradient part takes in four variables "val[]","wt[]","W" and "n", generates the number of gates of each gate type which will be further used for metric calculation purpose.

Function declaration for subgradient optimisation is:

int subgrad\_receiver(int [], int [], int,int);

The member function of the minimum function takes in two numbers "a" and "b" and returns the minimum of these two numbers.

Function declaration for minimum function is:

double min(double,double);

## 1.4 Metric Calculation part:

The variables used in the metric calculation part of our code can be tabulated as follows:

### 1.4.1 Data Members of METRIC CALCULATION part:

Sl.	Variable Name	Variable	Variable Description
No.		Data	
		type	
1	dia_MT	double	Floating point variable for storing the diameter of the MT
2	area_of_cross_section_of_MT	double	Floating point variable for storing the value of area of cross section of the MT
3	rate_MT	double	Stores the value of rate of flow of cargoes through MT
4	flux_MT	double	Stores the value of the flux flowing through MT
5	c0	double	Initial concentration of Calcium ions generated
6	r11	double	Stores the value of the distance of a point from the transmitter
7	y11	double	Stores the value of the y- coordinate if the distance of the point
8	Jx	double	stores the value of flux flowing through x-direction
9	Jy	double	stores the value of flux flowing through y-direction
10	delay_diffusion	double	Stores the value of the delay occurring in flow due to diffusion
11	delay_MT_track	double	Stores the value of the delay occurring on the MT track
12	total_loss	int	Stores the value of the total loss incurred in all the stages from generation to the end of the MT.

### 1.4.2 Member functions of the METRIC CALCULTION part:

The member function of the metric calculation part takes in no arguments and prints the value of all the metrics of the neuron model for this run of simulation.

Function definition of the metric calculation part is:

int metric\_calculation();

2. CODEs for each part of model:

## 2.1 Transmitter part:

```
2.1.1 POISSON GENERATION:
```

```
int poisson_generation(double lamda)
                 double L,p=1;
                 int k=0;
                 double u;
                 L=1/exp(lamda);
                 do
                        k=k+1;
                        u=rand()% 10000;
                        u=u/10000;
                        p=p*u;
                        } while(p>L);
                 return(k-1);
                  }
2.1.2 TRANSMITTER PART:
                 int transmitter(int arrival_rate)
      int number_of_elements_generated = poisson_generation(arrival_rate)*pow(10,-
      6)*sqrt(pow(x_distance,2)+pow(y_distance,2))/(2*sqrt(Diffusion_coefficient*3.14)*
      pow(time_interval,1.5));;
      return number_of_elements_generated;
                 }
```

## 2.2 Transport part:

### 2.2.1 ACTIVE PART:

```
int active_transport(int num_calcium, int num_BDNF, int no_of_stages)
                  {
                                 // source to first level of tubules (fick's law)
                         src_n = 0;
                      for(src_n=0;src_n<no_of_stages;src_n++)
                      {
                            tot_arv_calcium=tot_arv_calcium+num_calcium;
                            tot_arv_BDNF = tot_arv_BDNF+num_BDNF;
                       for(arr_pkt=1;arr_pkt<=num_BDNF;arr_pkt++)</pre>
                         {
                           count=0;
                           temp= start[src_n];
                                                                        // checking
input queue status
                           while(temp!=NULL)
                            count++;
                            temp=temp->next;
                            if(count<b[src_n])</pre>
                                                                              // if
buffer is not full
                            {
                                  value=1;
                             start[src_n]= makeq(start[src_n],value); // entry in ip q
                            }
                                                       // if buffer is full
                             if(count>=b[src_n])
                              tot_lost++; // packet drop
                          }
                           }
```

```
// cargoes taking ions on microtubule and storing it on
other side queues
                           double calcium_concentration=0;
                    for(Level=0;Level<1;Level++)</pre>
                           des=6*Level+no_of_stages-1;
                          for(src=6*Level;src<6*Level+no_of_stages;src++)</pre>
                           {
                            des++;
                            calcium_concentration =
diffusion_transport(src*10,tot_arv_calcium);
                            mean_sw_rate= (v_cargo/l_mt)-
100*calcium concentration;
                                number_of_cargoes=
mean_sw_rate*0.9+(mean_sw_rate*0.1)*(rand()%1000)/250;
                       for(sw_car=1;sw_car<=number_of_cargoes;sw_car++)</pre>
                         for(sw_pkt=1;sw_pkt<=70;sw_pkt++)
                         {
                           count=0;
                           temp= start[src];
                           if(start[src]==NULL)
                            break;
                           if(start[src]!=NULL)
                                                        // ip q not empty
                           {
                                start[src] = deleteq(start[src]);
```

```
//checking op q
```

status

```
while(temp!=NULL)
         {
            count++;
            temp=temp->next;
         }
         if(count<b[des]) // if buffer not full
          {
              value=1;
            start[des]= makeq(start[des],value); // entry in op q
         if(count>=b[des])
                                  // if buffer full
            tot_lost++; // packet drop
                 }
    }
}
   for(i=des-no_of_stages+1;i<=des;i++)
       while(start[i]!=NULL)
        start[i] = deleteq(start[i]);
                       tot_dep++;
                       }
               }
```

temp= start[des];

```
for(i=0;i<=des-no_of_stages;i++)
{
    temp=start[i];
    while(temp!=NULL)
    {
        tot_wait++;
        temp=temp->next;
        }
    }
}
```

```
2.2.2 PASSIVE TRANSPORT:
          double diffusion_transport(int distance,int initial_conc)
                               double D = 1 * pow(10,-9);
                               double B = 0.5;
                               double x = distance*pow(10,-9);
                               double Deff = D/(1+B);
                               double expo_term = -x*x/(4*Deff*time);
                               double constant_term = 1/(pow((4*3.142*Deff*time),1.5));
                               double value = initial conc *
      constant_term*exp(expo_term)*(pow(10,-27));
                               return value;
                        }
      OTHER METHODS USED IN TRANSPORT PART:
      //Making a queue
      node* makeq (node* start1,int value)
                          node* t=(node*)malloc(sizeof(node));
                          node* t1;
                          t->val= value;
                            if(start1==NULL)
                               start1=t;
                               t1=t;
                              t1->next=NULL;
                              return (start1);
                            else
                               t1=start1;
                                 while(t1->next!=NULL)
                                   t1=t1->next;
                                  }
                              t1->next=t;
                              t->next=NULL;
                              return(start1);
                              }
```

}

```
// deleting a queue:
node* deleteq (node* start1)
                     node* t,*t1, *last;
                     int a,b;
                      t1=start1;
                         while(t1->next!=NULL)
                             t1=t1->next;
                      if(start1==t1)
                       { t=start1;
                       a=t->val;
                       x=a;
                       free(t);
                       start1=NULL;
                       return(start1);
                       }
                      else
                       { t=start1;
                       a=t->val;
                       x=a;
                       start1=t->next;
                       free (t);
                       return (start1);}}
//Show a queue
    void showq (node* start1)
                    node* t=start1;
                     if(start1==NULL)
                     printf("\nqueue is empty");
                     else
                     while(t!=NULL)
                        printf("%d\n",t->val);
                        t=t->next;
                      }
```

```
\label{eq:continuous_print_print} \begin{tabular}{ll} \begin{tab
```

```
2.3 Receiver part:
       int subgrad_receiver(int val[], int wt[], int W,int n)
       {
          double zip=pow(10,20);
          double lambda1 = 20;
          double lambda2 = 120:
          double lambda3 = 14;
          double lambda4 = 33:
          double lambda5 = 1122;
          double lambda6 = 125;
          int k=0,imp=0;
          double best_lambda1=lambda1;
          double best lambda2=lambda2;
          double best lambda3=lambda3;
          double best lambda4=lambda4;
          double best lambda5=lambda5;
          double best_lambda6=lambda6;
          double best L lambda=-10000000;
          float delta = 0.7;
          double x1,x2,x3,x4,x5,x6;
          double c1,c2,c3,c4,c5,c6;
          int a:
          double r1= val[0],r2=val[1],r3=val[2],r4=val[3],r5=val[4],r6=val[5];
          c1=wt[0], c2=wt[1], c3=wt[2], c4=wt[3], c5=wt[4], c6=wt[5];
          double L_lambda=0,fk,tk,G1,G2,G3,G4,G5,G6;
          tk=10;
          a=2;
          do
          abcd:
          imp++;
          k++;
          x1=pow(((r1*lambda1*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c1)))*W/(r1*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c1)))*W/(r1*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c1))
       1))*W/r1;
          1))*W/r2;
          x3 = pow(((r3*lambda3*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c3)))*W/(r3*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c3))
       1))*W/r3;
```

x5 = pow(((r5\*lambda5\*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W\*c5)))\*W/(r5\*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W\*c5)))\*W/(r5\*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W\*c5))

1)\*W/r4;

1))\*W/r5;

```
x6 = pow(((r6*lambda6*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c6)))*W/(r6*a), 1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c6)))*W/(r6*a), 1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c6))
1))*W/r6;
                     L_{a}=pow((r_{1}*x_{1})/W,a)+pow((r_{2}*x_{2})/W,a)+pow((r_{3}*x_{3})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{
)/W,a)+pow((r5*x5)/W,a)+pow((r6*x6)/W,a)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*(1-x6)+lambda1*
(r1*x1*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c1))+lambda2*(1-
(r2*x2*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))+lambda3*(1-c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2))
(r3*x3*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c3))+lambda4*(1-
(r4*x4*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c4))+lambda5*(1-
(r5*x5*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c5))+lambda6*(1-
(r6*x6*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c6)));//+lambda3*((-c1*x1/W-c2*x2/W)+1);
                     fk = pow((r1*x1)/W,a) + pow((r2*x2)/W,a) + pow((r3*x3)/W,a) + pow((r4*x4)/W,a) + pow((r
pow((r5*x5)/W,a)+pow((r6*x6)/W,a);
                     if(L_lambda>best_L_lambda)
                                                                  best_L_lambda=L_lambda;
                                                                  best_lambda1=lambda1;
                                                                  best_lambda2=lambda2;
                                                                  best lambda3=lambda3;
                                                                  best lambda4=lambda4;
                                                                  best_lambda5=lambda5;
                                                                  best lambda6=lambda6;
                                                                  imp=-1;
                       }
                     if(x1>0 && x2>0&& x3>0&& x4>0 && x5>0 &&x6>0)
                      {
                                                                  if(fk<zip)
                                                                  zip=fk;
                }
                     if(imp>20)
                                                                  delta=delta/2;
                                                                  lambda1=best lambda1;
                                                                  lambda2=best lambda2;
                                                                  lambda3=best lambda3;
                                                                  lambda4=best lambda4;
                                                                  lambda5=best_lambda5;
                                                                  lambda6=best lambda6;
                                                                  imp=0;
                                                                  goto abcd;
```

```
double error= abs((zip-best L lambda)/best L lambda);
        if(k>1000000 \parallel delta < 0.0000001 \parallel tk < 0.00000001 \parallel error < 0.00000001)
             break;
        G6 = 1-(r6*x6*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c6));
        G5 = 1-(r5*x5*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c5));
        G4 = 1-(r4*x4*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c4));
        G3 = 1-(r3*x3*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c3));
        G2 = 1-(r2*x2*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2));
        G1 = 1-(r1*x1*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c1));
        tk = delta * (zip-L_lambda)/(G1*G1+G2*G2+G3*G3+G4*G4+G5*G5+G6*G6);
        lambda1=min(-1,lambda1+(tk*G1));
      lambda2=min(-1,lambda2+(tk*G2));
     lambda3=min(-1,lambda3+(tk*G3));
     lambda4=min(-1,lambda4+(tk*G4));
     lambda5=min(-1,lambda5+(tk*G5));
     lambda6=min(-1,lambda6+(tk*G6));
         }while(true);
printf("\n No. of gates of capacity %f required : %f \n",c1,ceil(x1));
printf("\n No. of gates of capacity %f required : %f \n",c2,ceil(x2));
printf("\n No. of gates of capacity %f required : %f \n",c3,ceil(x3));
printf("\n No. of gates of capacity %f required : %f \n",c4,ceil(x4));
printf("\n No. of gates of capacity %f required : %f \n",c5,ceil(x5));
printf("\n No. of gates of capacity %f required : %f \n",c6,ceil(x6));
loss subgrad = W-
(c1*ceil(x1)+c2*ceil(x2)+c3*ceil(x3)+c4*ceil(x4)+c5*ceil(x5)+c6*ceil(x6));
fk = pow((r_1 x_1)/W_a) + pow((r_2 x_2)/W_a) + pow((r_3 x_3)/W_a) + pow((r_4 x_4)/W_a) + po
w((r5*x5)/W,a)+pow((r6*x6)/W,a);
printf("%g\n",fk);
return 0;
double min(double a,double b)
                          if(a < b)
                          return b;
                          else
                          return a;
                          }
```

```
2.4 Metrics calculation:
              int metric_calculation()
                                                                     double dia MT = 4*pow(10,-9);
                                                          double area of cross section of MT =
               3.142*pow(dia MT,2)/4;
                                                          double rate_MT = 1*pow(10,-6)*70*pow(10,-6)*(pow(10,-6)*10*pow(10,-6)*10*pow(10,-6)*10*pow(10,-6)*10*pow(10,-6)*10*pow(10,-6)*10*pow(10,-6)*10*pow(10,-6)*10*pow(10,-6)*10*pow(10,-6)*10*pow(10,-6)*10*pow(10,-6)*10*pow(10,-6)*10*pow(10,-6)*10*pow(10,-6)*10*pow(10,-6)*10*pow(10,-6)*10*pow(10,-6)*10*pow(10,-6)*10*pow(10,-6)*10*pow(10,-6)*10*pow(10,-6)*10*pow(10,-6)*10*pow(10,-6)*10*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*pow(10,-6)*po
              9))/v_cargo;
                                                          double flux_MT = rate_MT/area_of_cross_section_of_MT;
                                                     double c0 =poisson_generation(mean_arr_rate)*pow(10,-6);
                                                                     double r11=
              sqrt((x_distance*x_distance)+(y_distance*y_distance));
                                                                    double Jx = c0*r11*exp(-
               r11*r11/(4*Diffusion_coefficient*time_))/(4*time_*sqrt(Diffusion_coefficient*time_
               *3.142));
                                                                     double Jy = c0*r11*exp(-
              y distance*y distance/(4*Diffusion coefficient*time ))/(4*time *sqrt(Diffusion co
               efficient*time_*3.142));
                                                                     double delay diffusion = (x \text{ distance} *x \text{ distance} +
              y_distance*y_distance)/(2.0*Diffusion_coefficient);
                                                                    double delay_MT_track = l_mt/v_cargo * 4;
                                                         printf("\ntotal BDNF molecules arrived: %d",BDNF_arrive);
                                                         printf("\ntotal BDNF molecules served: %d",tot_dep);
                                                         printf("\ntotal BDNF molecules waiting in inner stage queues
              now: %d",tot wait);
                                                         printf("\n\noptimised number of gates for the served BDNF
              molecules.\n");
                                                         int total_loss = loss1+loss2+loss3+int_loss1+int_loss2;
                                                         printf("\ntotal BDNF molecules lost in MT:
               %d\n",loss1+loss2+loss3+int\ loss1+int\ loss2);
                                                         printf("\ntotal BDNF molecules lost in optimisation part:
               %d\n",loss subgrad);
                                                         printf("\ntotal BDNF molecules lost in whole model:
               %d\n",total_loss+loss_subgrad);
                                                         printf("\nblocking probability= %lf percent
              \n",100*((total_loss+loss_subgrad)*1.0/BDNF_arrive));
                                                         printf("\nMessage Deliverability = %lf percent \n",100-
               (100*((total_loss+loss_subgrad)*1.0/BDNF_arrive)));
                                                         printf("\nfunction = %g \n", fk ); printf("\naverage
                                  delay in clearance = \%g \n", 1/(fk*W)); printf("\nDelay due to
                                  diffusion = %g\n",delay_diffusion); printf("\nDelay due on
                                  MT \text{ tracks} = \% g \ '', delay\_MT\_track);
```

```
printf("\nDiffusive flux in x direction = \% g \n",Jx);
                          printf("\nDiffusive flux in y direction = \% g \n",Jy);
                          printf("\nDiffusive flux = \%g \n",Jx+Jy);
                          printf("\nFlux on MT = %g area = %g rate =
       %g\n",flux_MT,area_of_cross_section_of_MT,rate_MT);
                          return 0:
2.5 Main function part:
          int main()
                          time tt;
                          srand((unsigned)time(&t));
                          for(int loop=0;loop<250;loop++)
                           start[loop]=NULL;
                           b[loop]=11000;
                          for(int T=0;T<10;T++)
                                  int number of calcium generated=
      transmitter(mean_arr_rate_ca);
                                       int number of BDNF generated =
       transmitter(mean_arr_rate);
                                       int trans =
       active_transport(number_of_calcium_generated, number_of_BDNF_generated,6);
                                       W= tot_dep;
                                       loss1 = tot lost;
                                       BDNF_arrive = tot_arv_BDNF;
                                int BDNF transferred, BDNF next;
                 //1st stage after AIS
          tot_arv_calcium=0,tot_arv_BDNF=0,tot_dep=0,tot_lost=0,tot_wait=0,BDNF_tra
       nsferred=0,tot arv calcium=0;
                                       for(int i = 0; i < 6; i++)
                                       BDNF_transferred += gates[j]*wt[j];
                                       int_loss2 = 0.02* BDNF_transferred;
                                       BDNF_next = floor(0.98 * BDNF_transferred);
                                       for(int loop=0;loop<250;loop++)
                           start[loop]=NULL;
                           b[loop]=11000;
```

```
for(int T=0;T<10;T++)
                           int number_of_calcium_generated=
transmitter(mean_arr_rate_ca);
                                int trans =
active_transport(number_of_calcium_generated, BDNF_next/60,6);
                                W= tot_dep;
                                loss2 = tot lost;
          //2nd stage after AIS
   tot_arv_calcium=0,tot_arv_BDNF=0,tot_dep=0,tot_lost=0,tot_wait=0,BDNF_tra
nsferred=0,tot_arv_calcium=0;
                                for(int j =0;j<6;j++) BDNF_transferred
                                += gates[j]*wt[j]; int_loss1 =
                                0.02*BDNF_transferred; BDNF_next =
                                0.98 * BDNF transferred; for(int
                                loop=0;loop<250;loop++)
                    start[loop]=NULL;
                    b[loop]=11000;
                   for(int T=0;T<10;T++)
                           int number_of_calcium_generated=
transmitter(mean_arr_rate_ca);
                                int trans =
active_transport(number_of_calcium_generated, BDNF_next/60,6);
                                W = tot_dep;
                                loss3 = tot_lost;
                                int metrics = metric_calculation();
                                return 0;
                 }
```

### 3. WHOLE CODE of our MODEL:

```
The whole code of our model is presented below:
             # include<stdio.h>
                  # include<time.h>
                  # include<stdlib.h>
                  # include<math.h>
                  typedef struct nodedata{
                                 int val:
                            struct nodedata *next;
                            }node:
                  node* makeq (node*,int);
                  node* deleteq (node*);
                  void showq (node*);
                  int poisson generation(double);
                  double diffusion_transport(int,int);
                  int active_transport(int,int,int);
                  int subgrad_receiver(int [], int [], int,int, int[]);
                  double min(double,double);
                  int transmitter(int):
                  int metric_calculation();
                  int printarr(int [], int);
                  int gates[6];
                  node* start[250];
                  node *temp;
   gap_index,i,arr_pkt,sw_car,sw_pkt,src,des,src_n,b[250],count,count2;
tot_arv_calcium=0,tot_arv_BDNF=0,tot_lost=0,tot_dep=0,tot_wait=0,value,Level,los
s1,loss2,loss3,BDNF arrive,int loss1,int loss2;
                  double mean_arr_rate=20,mean_srv_rate=60,l_mt=8*pow(10,-
9),v_cargo=800*pow(10,-9),mean_sw_rate;
                  double mean_arr_rate_ca=40,mean_srv_rate_ca= 80;
                  double time_= 10;
                  int wt[]=\{31,38,25,30,48,26\};
                                                        // Quantity of each gate
             int val[]={25,21,18,29,35,23}; // time taken
             int W;
                                                                     // total
packet served
             int n=6;
                                                                //No. of cargo
                  int number_of_cargoes;
```

```
int x:
                  double small_ABO_rate = 0.15*pow(10,-3)*5; //small pore
                  double large_ABO_rate = 1.5*pow(10,-3)*5; //large pore
                  int no of pores = 500;
                  double net_ABO_rate = no_of_pores * small_ABO_rate;
                  int loss_subgrad;
                  double fk;
                  double x_distance=pow(10,-
9),y_distance=0,Diffusion_coefficient=5.3*pow(10,-10),time_interval=pow(10,-9);
                  int active_transport(int num_calcium, int num_BDNF, int
no_of_stages)
                  {
                                // source to first level of tubules (fick's law)
                         src n = 0;
                     for(src_n=0;src_n<no_of_stages;src_n++)
                            tot_arv_calcium=tot_arv_calcium+num_calcium;
                            tot_arv_BDNF = tot_arv_BDNF+num_BDNF;
                       for(arr_pkt=1;arr_pkt<=num_BDNF;arr_pkt++)
                          count=0;
                          temp= start[src_n];
                                                                       // checking
input queue status
                          while(temp!=NULL)
                            count++;
                            temp=temp->next;
                                                                             // if
                            if(count<b[src_n])
buffer is not full
                                  value=1;
                             start[src_n]= makeq(start[src_n],value); // entry in ip q
                             if(count > = b[src n])
                                                      // if buffer is full
                              tot_lost++; // packet drop
                         }
                           // cargoes taking ions on microtubule and storing it on
other side queues
                            double calcium_concentration=0;
                    for(Level=0;Level<1;Level++)</pre>
                            des=6*Level+no of stages-1;
                          for(src=6*Level;src<6*Level+no_of_stages;src++)</pre>
```

```
des++;
                            calcium_concentration =
diffusion_transport(src*10,tot_arv_calcium);
                            mean_sw_rate= (v_cargo/l_mt)-
100*calcium concentration;
                                 number_of_cargoes=
mean_sw_rate*0.9+(mean_sw_rate*0.1)*(rand()%1000)/250;
                       for(sw_car=1;sw_car<=number_of_cargoes;sw_car++)</pre>
                         for(sw_pkt=1;sw_pkt<=70;sw_pkt++)
                            count=0;
                            temp= start[src];
                           if(start[src]==NULL)
                            break;
                           if(start[src]!=NULL)
                                                         // ip q not empty
                           {
                                start[src] = deleteq(start[src]);
                                temp= start[des];
                                                                  //checking op q
status
                            while(temp!=NULL)
                              count++;
                              temp=temp->next;
                            }
                            if(count<b[des]) // if buffer not full
                                value=1;
                               start[des]= makeq(start[des],value); // entry in op q
                            if(count > = b[des])
                                                    // if buffer full
                               tot_lost++; // packet drop
                                   }
                     for(i=des-no_of_stages+1;i<=des;i++)
```

```
while(start[i]!=NULL)
                            start[i] = deleteq(start[i]);
                                          tot_dep++;
                                        // printf("\n %d %d \n",i,tot_dep);
                            for(i=0;i<=des-no_of_stages;i++)
                          temp=start[i];
                          while(temp!=NULL)
                                 tot_wait++;
                                 temp=temp->next;
                  }
                  int printarr(int arr[], int len)
                          for(int i=0; i< len; i++)
                                 printf("%d ",arr[i]);
                                 printf("\n");
                                 return 0;
                  }
                  double diffusion_transport(int distance,int initial_conc)
                          double D = 1 * pow(10,-9);
                          double B = 0.5;
                          double x = distance*pow(10,-9);
                          double Deff = D/(1+B);
                          double expo_term = -x*x/(4*Deff*time_);
                          double constant_term =
1/(pow((4*3.142*Deff*time_),1.5));
                          double value = initial_conc *
constant_term*exp(expo_term)*(pow(10,-27));
                          return value;
                  }
```

```
int poisson_generation(double lamda)
                  {
                         double L,p=1;
                         int k=0;
                         double u;
                         L=1/exp(lamda);
                         do
                                k=k+1;
                                u=rand()% 10000;
                                u=u/10000;
                                p=p*u;
                         } while(p>L);
                         return(k-1);
                  }
                 int transmitter(int arrival_rate)
                         int number_of_elements_generated =
poisson_generation(arrival_rate)*pow(10,-
6)*sqrt(pow(x_distance,2)+pow(y_distance,2))/(2*sqrt(Diffusion_coefficient*3.14)*
pow(time_interval,1.5));;
                         return number_of_elements_generated;
                  }
                 int main()
                   time_t t;
                   srand((unsigned)time(&t));
                   for(int loop=0;loop<250;loop++)
                    start[loop]=NULL;
                    b[loop]=11000;
                   for(int T=0;T<10;T++)
                           int number_of_calcium_generated=
transmitter(mean_arr_rate_ca);
                                int number_of_BDNF_generated =
transmitter(mean_arr_rate);
```

```
int trans =
active_transport(number_of_calcium_generated, number_of_BDNF_generated,6);
                                W= tot_dep;
                                loss1 = tot_lost;
                                BDNF_arrive = tot_arv_BDNF;
                         int BDNF_transferred,BDNF_next;
          //1st stage after AIS
   tot_arv_calcium=0,tot_arv_BDNF=0,tot_dep=0,tot_lost=0,tot_wait=0,BDNF_tra
nsferred=0,tot arv calcium=0;
                                for(int j = 0; j < 6; j++)
                                BDNF_transferred += gates[i]*wt[i];
                                int_loss2 = 0.02* BDNF_transferred;
                                BDNF_next = floor(0.98 * BDNF_transferred);
                                for(int loop=0;loop<250;loop++)
                    start[loop]=NULL;
                    b[loop]=11000;
                   for(int T=0;T<10;T++)
                           int number_of_calcium_generated=
transmitter(mean arr rate ca);
                                int trans =
active_transport(number_of_calcium_generated, BDNF_next/60,6);
                                W = tot_dep;
                                loss2 = tot_lost;
          //2nd stage after AIS
   tot\_arv\_calcium=0, tot\_arv\_BDNF=0, tot\_dep=0, tot\_lost=0, tot\_wait=0, BDNF\_tra
nsferred=0,tot_arv_calcium=0;
                                for(int j = 0; j < 6; j + +) BDNF_transferred
                                += gates[j]*wt[j]; int_loss1 =
                                0.02*BDNF_transferred; BDNF_next =
                                0.98 * BDNF_transferred; for(int
                                loop=0;loop<250;loop++)
                    start[loop]=NULL;
                    b[loop]=11000;
                   for(int T=0;T<10;T++)
```

```
int number_of_calcium_generated=
transmitter(mean arr rate ca);
                                int trans =
active_transport(number_of_calcium_generated, BDNF_next/60,6);
                                W= tot dep;
                                loss3 = tot lost;
                                int metrics = metric calculation();
                                return 0:
                  }
                 int metric_calculation()
                         double dia MT = 4*pow(10,-9);
                    double area_of_cross_section_of_MT =
3.142*pow(dia_MT,2)/4;
                    double rate MT = 1*pow(10,-6)*70*pow(10,-6)*(pow(10,-6)*10*)
9))/v_cargo;
                    double flux_MT = rate_MT/area_of_cross_section_of_MT;
                  double c0 =poisson_generation(mean_arr_rate)*pow(10,-6);
                         double r11=
sqrt((x distance*x distance)+(y distance*y distance));
                         double Jx = c0*r11*exp(-
r11*r11/(4*Diffusion coefficient*time ))/(4*time *sqrt(Diffusion coefficient*time
*3.142));
                         double Jy = c0*r11*exp(-
y_distance*y_distance/(4*Diffusion_coefficient*time_))/(4*time_*sqrt(Diffusion_co
efficient*time *3.142));
                         double delay_diffusion = (x_distance*x_distance +
y distance*y distance)/(2.0*Diffusion coefficient);
                         double delay_MT_track = l_mt/v_cargo * 4;
                   printf("\ntotal BDNF molecules arrived: %d",BDNF_arrive);
                   printf("\ntotal BDNF molecules served: %d",tot_dep);
                   printf("\ntotal BDNF molecules waiting in inner stage queues
now: %d",tot_wait);
                   printf("\n\noptimised number of gates for the served BDNF
molecules.\n");
                   int total_loss = loss1+loss2+loss3+int_loss1+int_loss2;
```

```
printf("\ntotal BDNF molecules lost in MT:
%d\n",loss1+loss2+loss3+int_loss1+int_loss2);
                    printf("\ntotal BDNF molecules lost in optimisation part:
%d\n",loss_subgrad);
                    printf("\ntotal BDNF molecules lost in whole model:
%d\n",total_loss+loss_subgrad);
                    printf("\nblocking probability= %lf percent
\n",100*((total_loss+loss_subgrad)*1.0/BDNF_arrive));
                    printf("\nMessage Deliverability = %lf percent \n",100-
(100*((total_loss+loss_subgrad)*1.0/BDNF_arrive)));
                    printf("\nfunction = %g \n", fk ); printf("\naverage
         delay in clearance = \%g \n", 1/(fk*W)); printf("\nDelay due to
         diffusion = %g\n",delay_diffusion); printf("\nDelay due on
         MT \text{ tracks} = \% g \ n'', delay\_MT\_track); printf(''\ nDiffusive
         flux in x direction = \%g \n",Jx);
                    printf("\nDiffusive flux in y direction = \% g \n",Jy);
                    printf("\nDiffusive flux = \% g \n",Jx+Jy);
                    printf("\nFlux on MT = %g area = %g rate =
%g\n",flux_MT,area_of_cross_section_of_MT,rate_MT);
                    return 0;
                   }
                          node* makeq (node* start1,int value)
                     node* t=(node*)malloc(sizeof(node));
                     node* t1;
                    t->val= value;
                      if(start1==NULL)
                         start1=t;
                         t1=t:
                         t1->next=NULL;
                         return (start1);
                      else
                          t1=start1;
                            while(t1->next!=NULL)
                              t1=t1->next;
                         t1->next=t;
```

```
t->next=NULL;
       return(start1);
      }
}
node* deleteq (node* start1)
  node* t,*t1, *last;
  int a,b;
   t1=start1;
      while(t1->next!=NULL)
          t1=t1->next;
   if(start1 == t1)
    { t=start1;
    a=t->val;
    x=a;
    free(t);
    start1=NULL;
    //printf("\ndeleted value=%d",a);
    return(start1);
    }
   else
    { t=start1;
    a=t->val;
    x=a;
    start1=t->next;
    free(t);
   // printf("\ndeleted value=%d",b);
    return(start1);
    }
}
void showq (node* start1)
```

```
node* t=start1;
                   if(start1==NULL)
                   printf("\nqueue is empty");
                   else
                   while(t!=NULL)
                      printf("%d\n",t->val);
                      t=t->next;
                 }
int subgrad_receiver(int val[], int wt[], int W,int n, int arr[])
  double zip=pow(10,20);
  double lambda1 = 21;
  double lambda2 = 120;//178;
  double lambda3 = 14;//23;
  double lambda4 = 33;//31;
  double lambda5 = 1122; //1399;
  double lambda6 = 125;
  int k=0, imp=0;
  double best_lambda1=lambda1;
 double best lambda2=lambda2;
 double best lambda3=lambda3;
 double best_lambda4=lambda4;
 double best lambda5=lambda5;
 double best_lambda6=lambda6;
 double best L lambda=-10000000;
 float delta = 0.7;//0.962;
  double x1,x2,x3,x4,x5,x6;
  double c1,c2,c3,c4,c5,c6;
  int a:
  double r1= val[0],r2=val[1],r3=val[2],r4=val[3],r5=val[4],r6=val[5];
  c1=wt[0], c2=wt[1], c3=wt[2], c4=wt[3], c5=wt[4], c6=wt[5];
  double L_lambda=0,fk,tk,G1,G2,G3,G4,G5,G6;
  tk=10:
  a=2;
  do
  abcd:
```

```
imp++;
                 k++:
                 x1=pow(((r1*lambda1*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c1)))*W/(r1*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c1))
1))*W/r1;
                 x2 = pow(((r2*lambda2*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c6)/(W*c2)))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c6)/(W*c2))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c6)/(W*c2))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c6)/(W*c2))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c6)/(W*c2))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c6)/(W*c2))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c6)/(W*c2))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c6)/(W*c2))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c6)/(W*c2))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c6)/(W*c2))*W/(r2*a),1/(a-c4+c6)/(W*c2)/(W*c2)/(W*c2)
1))*W/r2;
                 x3 = pow(((r3*lambda3*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c3)))*W/(r3*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c3))
1))*W/r3;
                 1))*W/r4;
                 x5 = pow(((r5*lambda5*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c5)))*W/(r5*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c5)))*W/(r5*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c5))
1))*W/r5:
                 x6 = pow(((r6*lambda6*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c6)))*W/(r6*a),1/(a-c4+c5+c6)/(W*c6))
1))*W/r6;
                 L_{a}=pow((r_{1}*x_{1})/W,a)+pow((r_{2}*x_{2})/W,a)+pow((r_{3}*x_{3})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{4})/W,a)+pow((r_{4}*x_{
/W_a)+pow((r5*x5)/W_a)+pow((r6*x6)/W_a)+lambda1*(1-
(r1*x1*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c1))+lambda2*(1-
(r2*x2*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2)))+lambda3*(1-c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2))
(r3*x3*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c3))+lambda4*(1-
(r4*x4*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c4)))+lambda5*(1-c4+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c4))
(r5*x5*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c5))+lambda6*(1-
(r6*x6*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c6)));//+lambda3*((-c1*x1/W-c2*x2/W)+1);
                 fk = pow((r_1 x_1)/W_a) + pow((r_2 x_2)/W_a) + pow((r_3 x_3)/W_a) + pow((r_4 x_4)/W_a) + po
pow((r5*x5)/W,a)+pow((r6*x6)/W,a);
                 if(L_lambda>best_L_lambda)
                                                     best_L_lambda=L_lambda;
                                                     best_lambda1=lambda1;
                                                     best lambda2=lambda2;
                                                     best lambda3=lambda3;
                                                     best lambda4=lambda4;
                                                     best lambda5=lambda5;
                                                     best_lambda6=lambda6;
                                                     imp=-1;
                  }
                 if(x1>0 && x2>0&& x3>0&& x4>0 && x5>0 &&x6>0)
                                                     if(fk<zip)
                                                     zip=fk;
```

```
}
   if(imp>20)
          delta=delta/2;
          lambda1=best_lambda1;
          lambda2=best lambda2;
          lambda3=best_lambda3;
          lambda4=best_lambda4;
          lambda5=best lambda5;
          lambda6=best_lambda6;
          imp=0;
          goto abcd;
   }
   double error= abs((zip-best_L_lambda)/best_L_lambda);
   if(k>1000000 \parallel delta < 0.0000001 \parallel tk < 0.00000001 \parallel error < 0.00000001)
     break;
   G6 = 1-(r6*x6*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c6));
   G5 = 1-(r5*x5*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c5));
   G4 = 1-(r4*x4*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c4));
   G3 = 1-(r3*x3*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c3));
   G2 = 1-(r2*x2*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c2));
   G1 = 1-(r1*x1*(c1+c2+c3+c4+c5+c6)/(W*c1));
   tk = delta * (zip-L_lambda)/(G1*G1+G2*G2+G3*G3+G4*G4+G5*G5+G6*G6);
   lambda1=min(-1,lambda1+(tk*G1));
  lambda2=min(-1,lambda2+(tk*G2));
  lambda3=min(-1,lambda3+(tk*G3));
  lambda4=min(-1,lambda4+(tk*G4));
  lambda5=min(-1,lambda5+(tk*G5));
  lambda6=min(-1,lambda6+(tk*G6));
   }while(true);
printf("\n No. of gates of capacity %f required : %f \n",c1,ceil(x1));
printf("\n No. of gates of capacity %f required : %f \n",c2,ceil(x2));
printf("\n No. of gates of capacity %f required : %f \n",c3,ceil(x3));
printf("\n No. of gates of capacity %f required : %f \n",c4,ceil(x4));
printf("\n No. of gates of capacity %f required : %f \n",c5,ceil(x5));
printf("\n No. of gates of capacity %f required : %f \n",c6,ceil(x6));
```

```
arr[0] = ceil(x1);
arr[1] = ceil(x2);
arr[2] = ceil(x3);
arr[3] = ceil(x4);
arr[4] = ceil(x5);
arr[5] = ceil(x6);
loss_subgrad = W-
(c1*ceil(x1)+c2*ceil(x2)+c3*ceil(x3)+c4*ceil(x4)+c5*ceil(x5)+c6*ceil(x6));
fk = pow((r1*x1)/W,a) + pow((r2*x2)/W,a) + pow((r3*x3)/W,a) + pow((r4*x4)/W,a) + pow((r
w((r5*x5)/W,a)+pow((r6*x6)/W,a);
printf("%g\n",fk);
return 0;
                                    double min(double a,double b)
                                                                 if(a < b)
                                                                 return b;
                                                                 else
                                                                return a;
                                                                 }
```