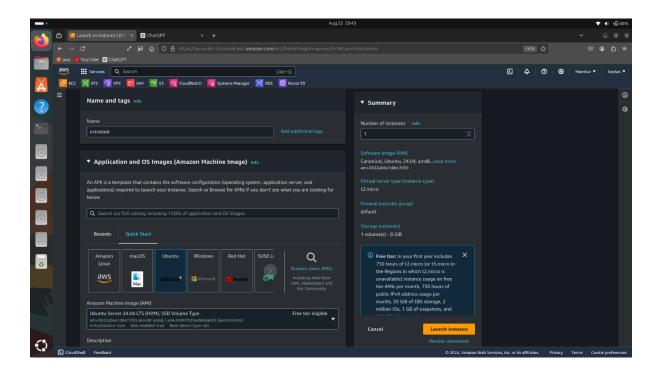
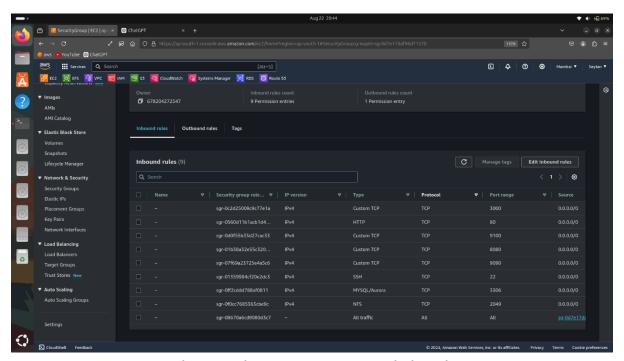
# Task -> A) RDS Service and

- B) taking backup of database on ec2 instance in 3 ways
- (1. Both Data and Schema 2. Schema only 3. Data only)

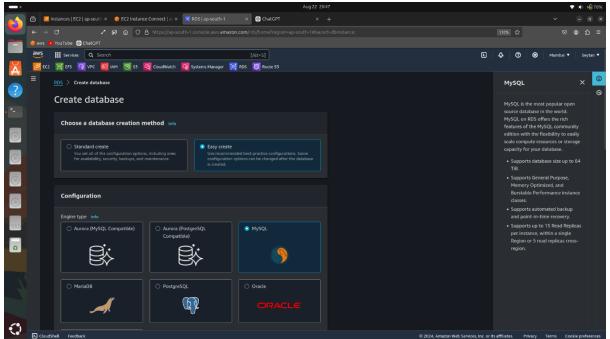
Step 1: Creating an ec2 instance

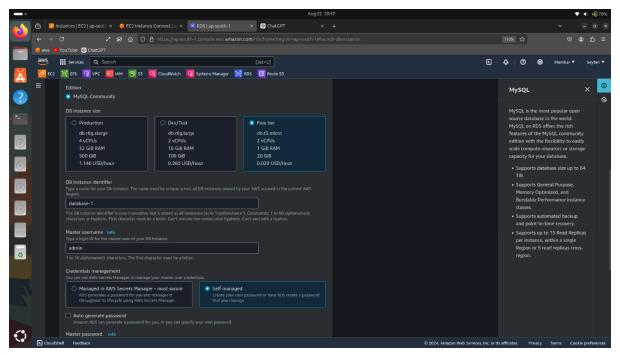


Step 2: Adding port 3306 for mysql and 8080 for apache tomcat in security group.

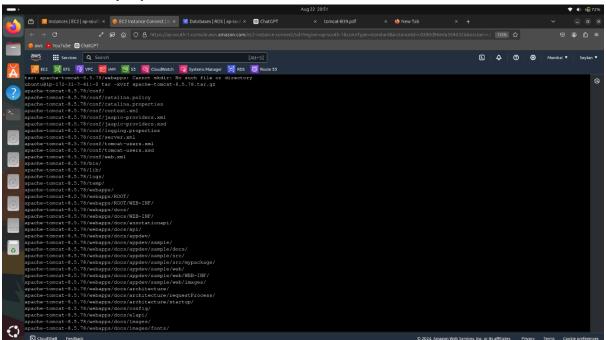


Step 3: Creating Rds Database using mysql database engine.

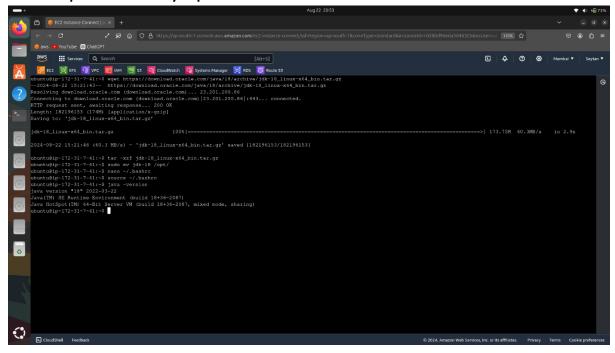




Step 4: Installing Apache tomcat 8.5 and jdk 18 and extrcating them and mysql-client-8.0 on ec2 instance



sudo apt install mysql-client-8.0

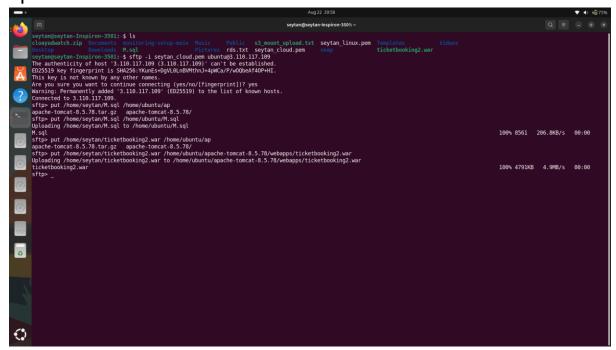


Step 5: Installing mysql connector j inside lib directory of apache tomcat -> wget https://s3-us-west-

2.amazonaws.com/studentapicit/mysql-connector.jar

```
ubuntu8ip-172-31-7-41:-/apache-tomcat-8.5.78/libS cd ..
ubuntu8ip-172-31-7-41:-/apache
```

Step 6: Now Exporting Database Query (M.sql) and .war(ticketbooking2.war) file of our application to ec2 instance by using sftp and copying the war file into webapps directory of apache tomcat



Step 7: Now connecting to our Rds by -> mysql -h rds\_endpoint - u admin -p

#### Then creating database M.

```
ubuntu8ip-172-31-7-41:-8 ls
M. sql apache-tomcat-8.5.78 apache-tomcat-8.5.78.tar.gr jdk-18_linux-x64_bin.tar.gr
ubuntu8ip-172-31-7-41:-8 mysql -h database-1.c7kqi8k66m89.ap-south-1.rds.amazonaws.com -u admin -p
Enter password:
Melcome to the MysQl monitor. Commands end with ; or \q.
Your MysQl connection id is 30
Sarver version: 8.0.35 Source distribution
Copyright (c) 2000, 2024, Oracle and/or its affiliates.
Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its
affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.

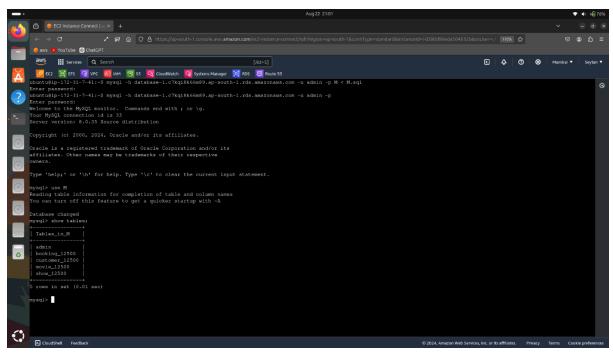
Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

mysql> create database M;
Ouery OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> exit

mysql> exit
ubuntu8ip-172-31-7-41:-8
```

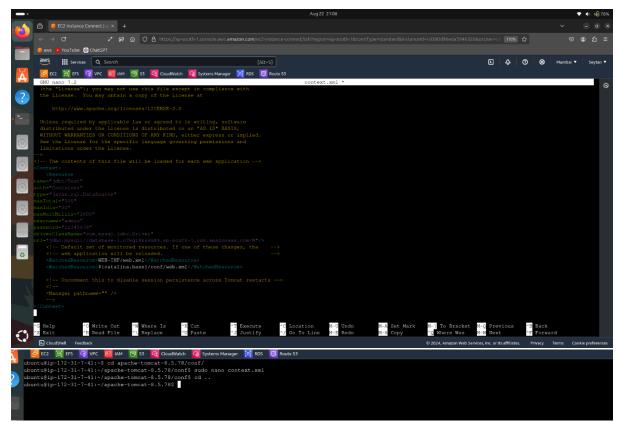
Step 8:now exporting our Dtabase query M.sql to rds by -> mysql -h rds\_endpoint -u admin -p dbname < M.sql



Step 9: Now editing the main config file of apache tomcat in conf directory context.xml

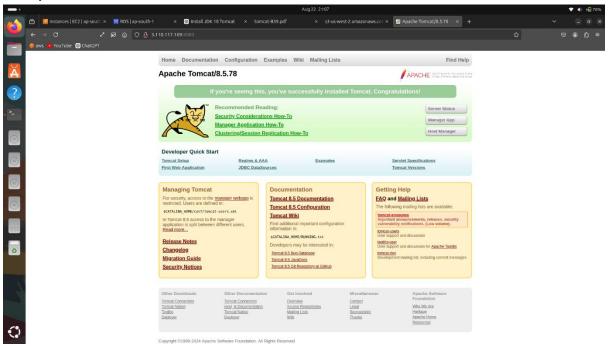
#### Adding this lines

<Resource name="jdbc/Test" auth="Container"
type="javax.sql.DataSource" maxTotal="500" maxIdle="30"
maxWaitMillis="1000" username="admin"
password="12345678"
driverClassName="com.mysql.jdbc.Driver"
url="jdbc:mysql://database-1.ctq2s4eqkzog.ap-south1.rds.amazonaws.com:3306/M"/>

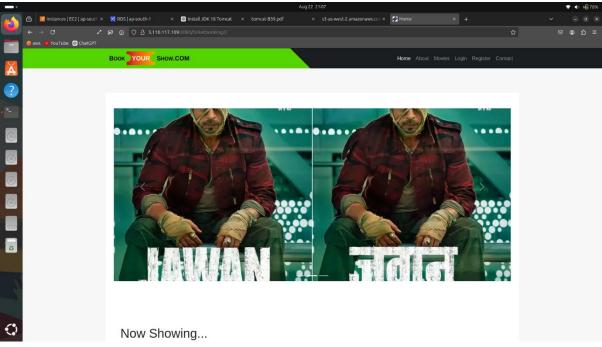


Step 10: Now running the Catalina.sh file -> ./Catalina.sh start for starting our application to go live.

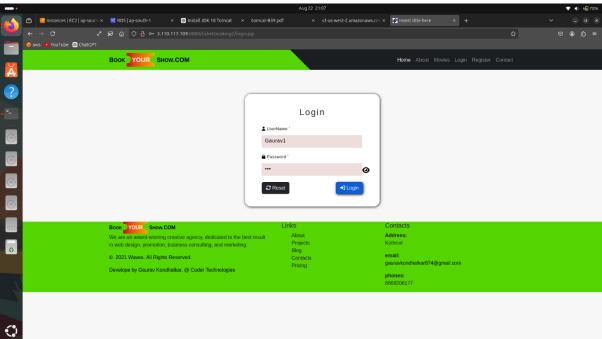
### Output:



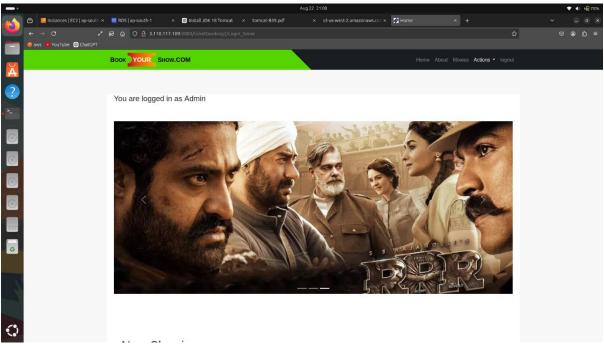
Output: This our application running on apache tomcat on ec2 instance public ip -> 3.110.117.109:8080/ticketbooking2



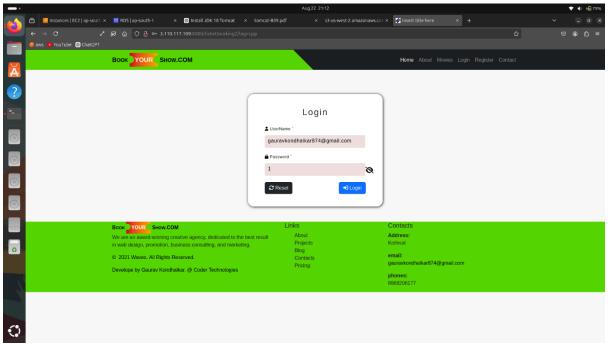
## Login Page:



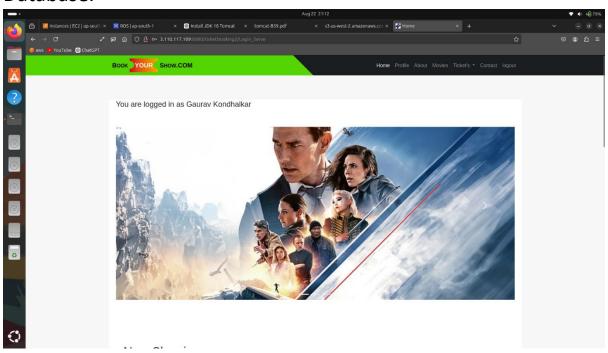
# Succefful login as Admin by verifying credential in our RDS.



Now using customer crdential for login:



Getting logged in Successfully after verifying data from RDS Database.



#### Task B:

Step 1: create a backup directory and then use this cammnad mysql -h rds \_endpoint -u uname -p dbmane > /path/backup.sql

```
Thu Aug 22 15:38:02 UTC 2024 WARN: Establishing SSL connection without server's identity verification is not recommended. According to MySQL 5.5.45+, 5.6.26+ and 5.7.6+ requiremended. SSL connection must be established by default if explicit option isn't set. For compliance with existing applications not using SSL the verifyServerCertificate property is set to law. The connection must be established by default if explicit option isn't set. For compliance with existing applications not using SSL the verifyServerCertificate property is set to law. The connection must be established by default include the superscript is set to ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-41:-5 axid mysqldump -h database_backup jdk-18_linux_a64_bin.tar.gz

ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-41:-5 sudo mysqldump -h database-1.07kqi8k6m89.ap-south-1.rds.amazonaws.com -u admin -p M > /home/ubuntu/database_backup/backup.sql

Enter password:

Warning: A partial dump from a server that has GTIDs will by default include the GTIDs of all transactions, even those that changed suppressed parts of the database. If you don't to restore GTIDs, pass -set-grid-purged-OFF. To make a complete dump, pass --all-databases --triggers --routines --events.

Warning: A dump from a server that has GTIDs enabled will by default include the GTIDs of all transactions, even those that were executed during its extraction and might not be restricted in the dumped data. This singlat result in an inconsistent data dump.

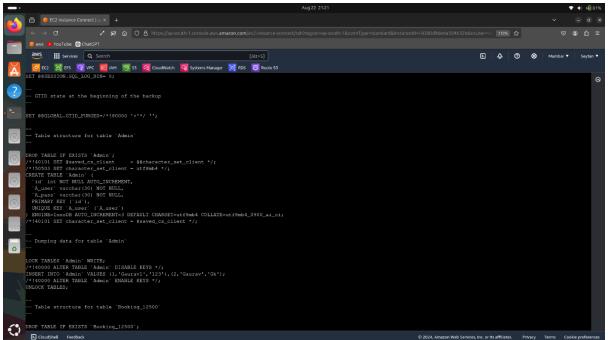
In order to ensure a consistent backup of the database, pass --single-transaction or --lock-all-tables or --master-data.

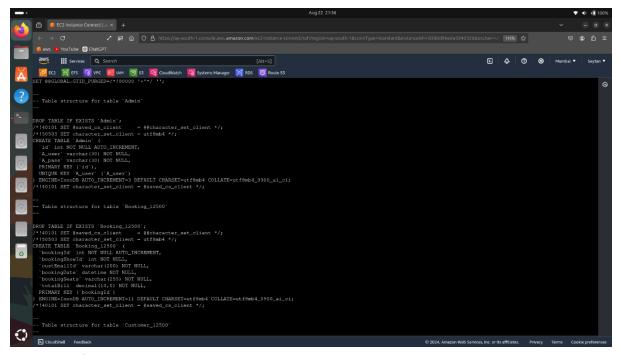
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-41:-/database_backup8 ls

backup.sql

ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-41:-/database_backup8 cat backup.sql
```

Step 2: for backuping only schema : use mysql -h rds\_endpoint -u uname -p -no-data dbname >/path/onlyschema.sql





Step 3: for only data use ->> mysql -h rds\_endpoint -u uname -p -no-create-info dbname > /path/onlydata.sql

