



BEYOND ANALYSIS

COR-241

Gaurav Kumar

Sumanth Balabhadruni

Yoga Ramachandran



DATASET OVERVIEW



Online Skill Based Gaming Data

1

To estimate customer value and extrapolate the existing value into future

2

96298 customers and 22 features

3

2 target variables viz- Customer Value & Temporal valuation

4

Root Mean Square Error (RMSE) - Evaluation metrics



STEPS INVOLVED TO SOLVE THE PROBLEM





DATASET DISTRIBUTION

Includes the information of
all the players competing for
virtual money

Practice Game

Includes information of
deposit and withdrawal
transactions

Transaction

Includes the information of
all the players competing
for real money

Real Game

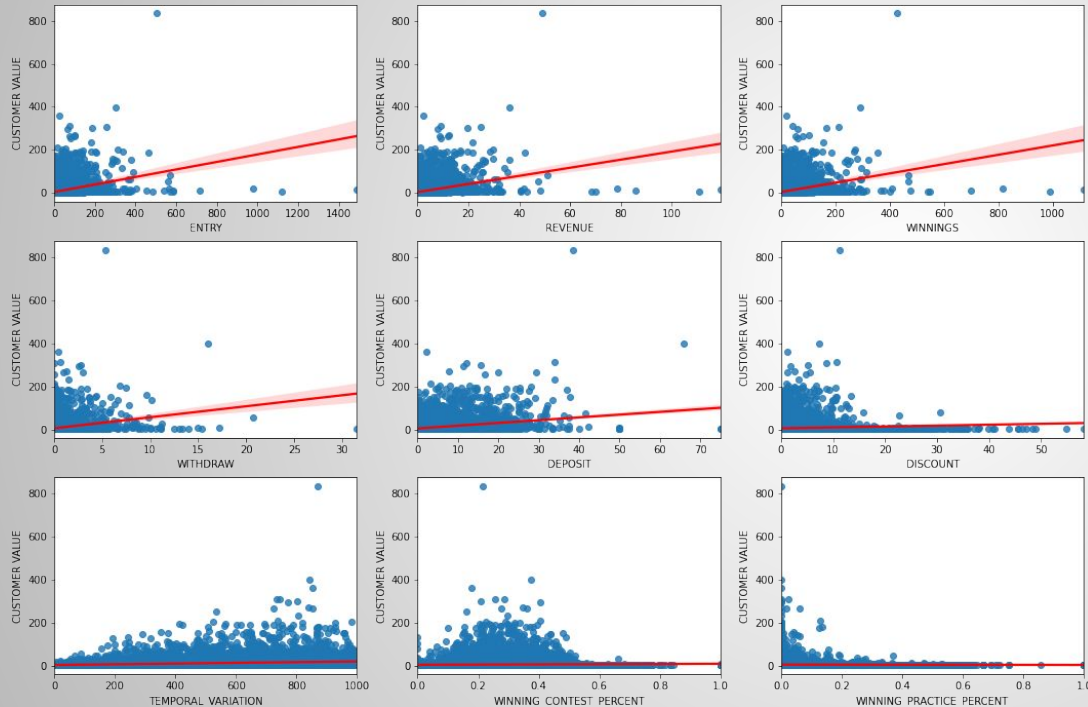
Includes information of
revenue to the
organisation

Revenue



EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS

❏ REGRESSION PLOTS



- The variables entry, revenue, withdrawal and winning show effective positive relationship w.r.t customer value
- Discount, deposit and temporal variation show slight positive relationship w.r.t customer value
- The percentage of winning contests and winning practice show minimal positive relationship w.r.t customer value

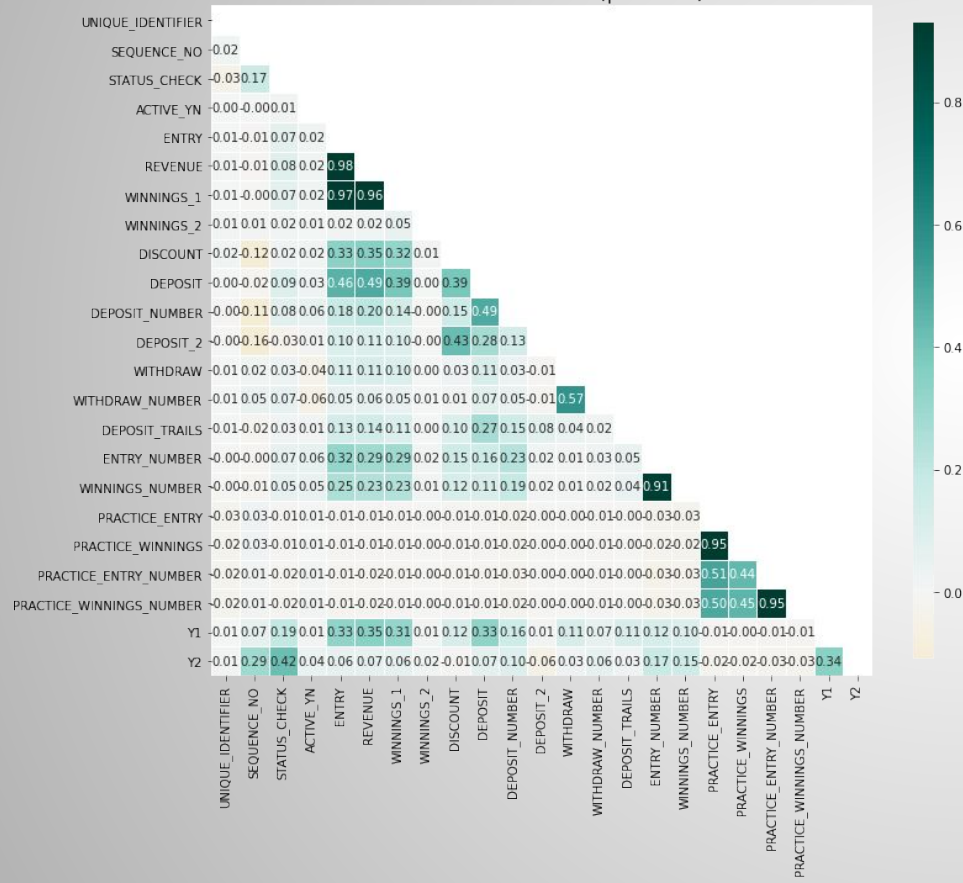


EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS

CORRELATION MAP



Feature-correlation (pearson)



Key Observations:

- Winnings number and entry number are highly correlated ($r = 0.91$)
- Practice winnings number and practice entry number are highly correlated ($r = 0.95$)
- Customer Value (Y1) and temporal variation (Y2) are correlated ($r = 0.34$)

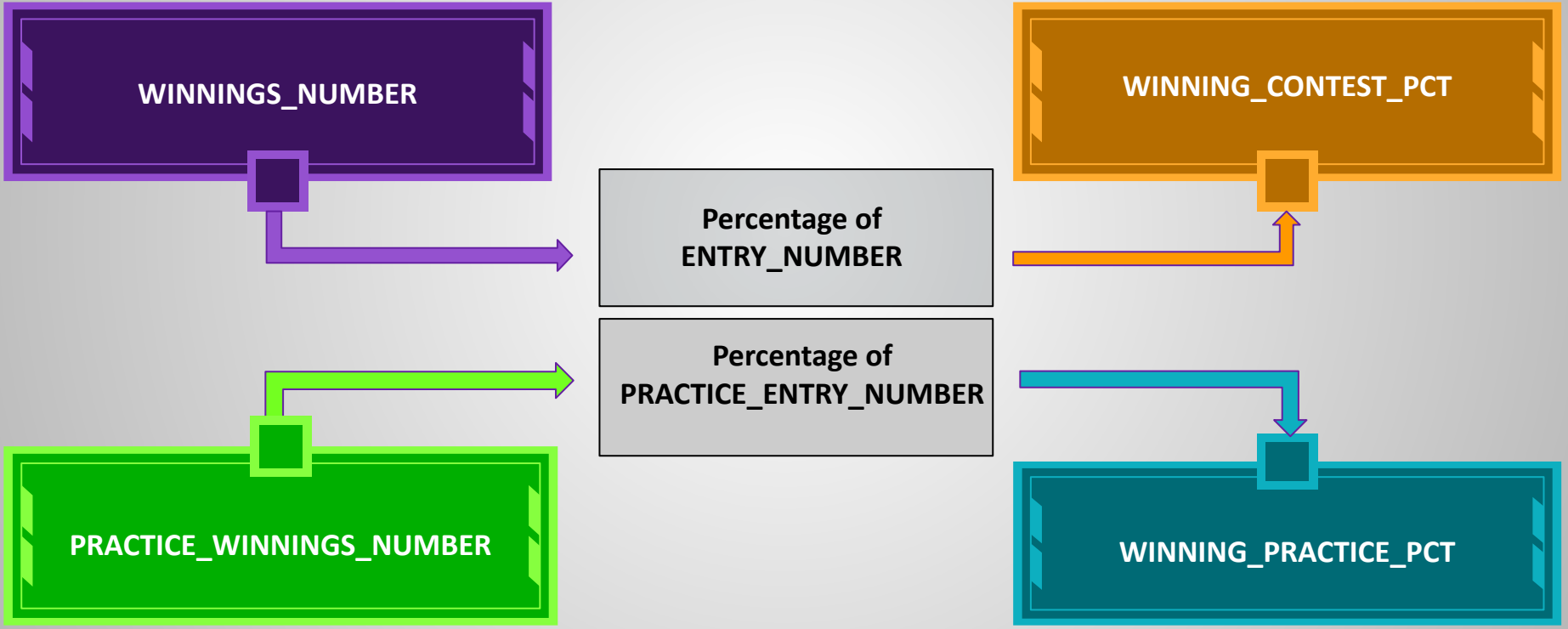
Conclusion:

- The above two high correlations have been dealt with further in the feature engineering
- Y2 can be used to predict Y1

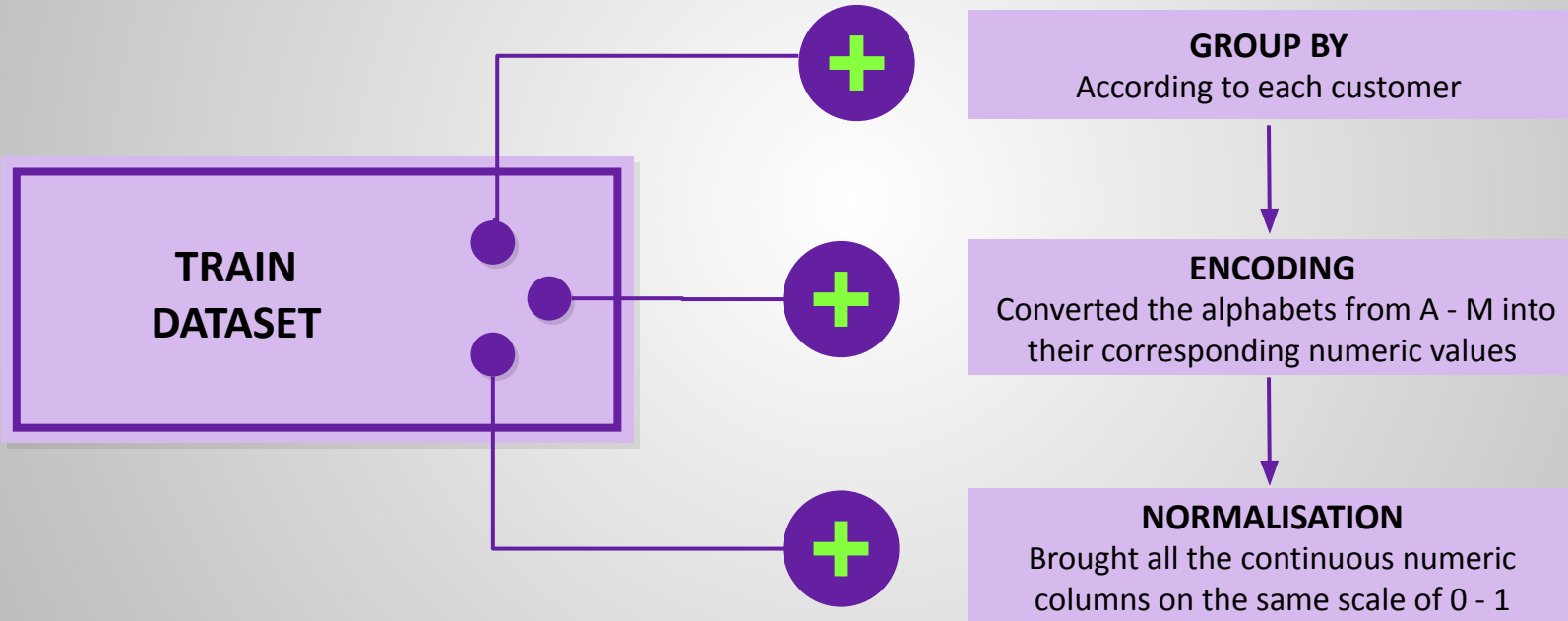
Note: r - Pearson Correlation Coefficient



FEATURE ENGINEERING

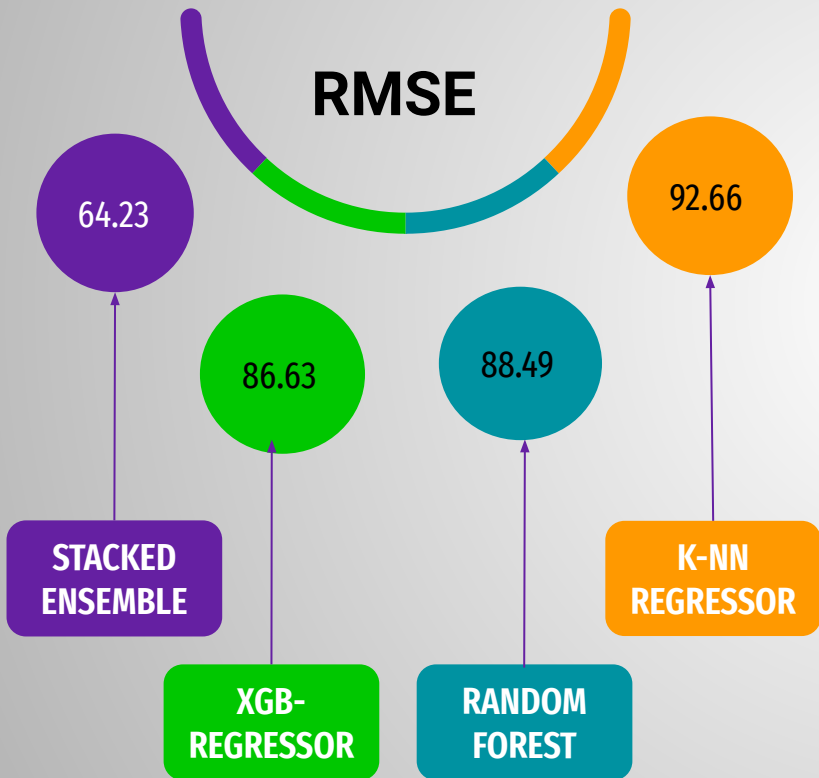


DATA PREPROCESSING





MODELLING AND METRICS



- Regressor Chain → Predict Y2 → Predict Y1
(with Y2 as a feature)
- Hyperparameter Tuning for each model using Grid Search CV
- Stacked model - To take the weighted average of multiple models - KNN, Decision Tree, Random Forest and XGB Regressor
- Mean aggregate of test data predictions for each of the customer → submission csv



FEATURE IMPORTANCE & INSIGHTS



- Provide more offers/discounts for customers making higher deposits and frequent entries
- Attract customers having good practice winnings record by giving introductory free games
- Reach out to inactive customers having sufficient deposits or winnings



LEARNINGS & CHALLENGES



Challenges

Absence of variation in target variables across each customer sequence

Lack of demographic information like age of customers, recency of their action, skill level, income segment, user preferences

Lack of KPI measures to segment the customers into distinct buckets like monthly active customers, daily active users,



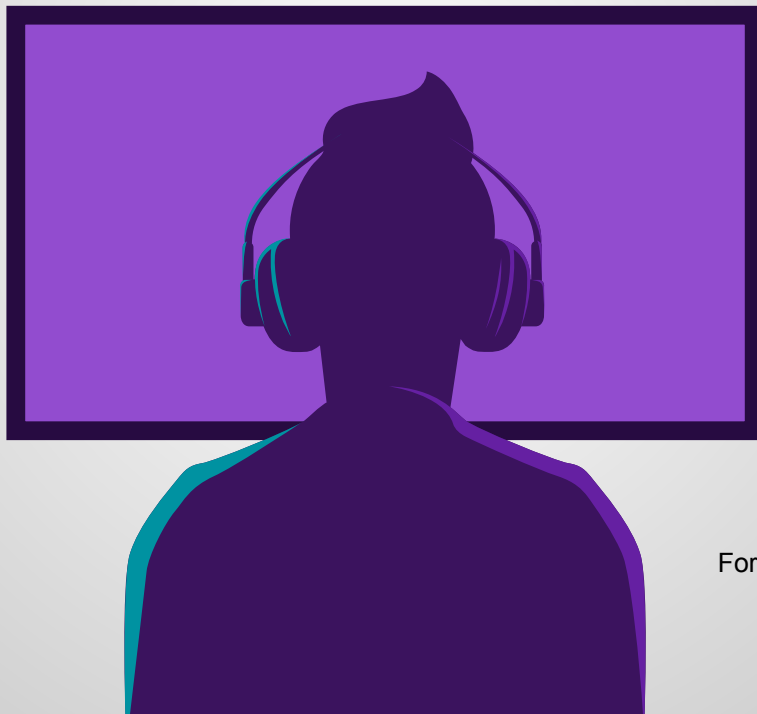
Learnings

When there is an influence between target variables, regressor chain and multi-output can be preferred models

Stacking helps to consolidate multiple weaker models through weighted average method



THANK YOU



For more information about editing slides, please
read our FAQs or visit Slidesgo School:

<https://slidesgo.com/faqs> and
<https://slidesgo.com/slidesgo-school>