

extra-2

October 2, 2023

```
[ ]: import numpy as np
a = np.
    ↪array([[1,2,3,4,5],[6,7,8,9,10],[11,12,13,14,15],[16,17,18,19,20],[21,22,23,24,25]])
print(a)
print(a[2,1])
print(a[3,4])
print(a[:3,1:2])
print(a[-1])
print(a[-2:])
```

```
[[ 1  2  3  4  5]
 [ 6  7  8  9 10]
 [11 12 13 14 15]
 [16 17 18 19 20]
 [21 22 23 24 25]]
12
20
[[ 2]
 [ 7]
 [12]]
[21 22 23 24 25]
[[16 17 18 19 20]
 [21 22 23 24 25]]
```

```
[ ]: from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
```

Mounted at /content/drive

```
[ ]: import numpy as np
a = np.array([[9,8,7],[6,5,4],[3,2,1]])

print(a)
print(a.min(axis=0))
print(a.min(axis=1))
print(a.max(axis=0))
print(a.max(axis=1))
print(a.sum(axis=0))
```

```

print(a.sum(axis=1))
print(a.argmax(axis=0))
print(a.argmax(axis=1))
print(a.mean(axis=0))
print(a.mean(axis=1))
print(np.sort(a,axis=0))
print(np.sort(a,axis=1))

```

```

[[9 8 7]
 [6 5 4]
 [3 2 1]]
[[3 2 1]
 [6 5 4]
 [9 8 7]]
[[7 8 9]
 [4 5 6]
 [1 2 3]]

```

```

[ ]: import numpy as np
a = np.array([[9,8,7],[6,5,4],[3,2,1]])
b = np.array([[1,2,3],[4,5,6],[7,8,9]])

#print(a+b)
#print(a-b)
#print(a*b)
#print(a/b)
#print(np.power(a,b))
#print(np.remainder(a,b))
print(np.concatenate((a,b),axis=0))
#print(np.concatenate((a,b),axis=1))

```

```

[[9 8 7]
 [6 5 4]
 [3 2 1]
 [1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]

```

```

[ ]: import re
n = input()
x = re.findall("[A-Za-z0-9]+@[A-Za-z]+\.(com|in)",n)
#"([A-Za-z0-9]+@[A-Za-z0-9]+@[A-Za-z]+\.(A-Z|a-z))"
#Gaurav12@gmail.com
print(x)
if x:
    print("done")
else:

```

```
print("not done")
```

Gaurav12@gmail.com

['com']

done

```
[ ]: import re
n = input()
x = re.findall("[Hh]...[Oo]$",n)
if x and len(n)==5:
    print("Done")
else:
    print("Not Done")
```

HELLO

Done

```
[ ]: n = input("Enter String:")
x = input("Enter Word:")
l = list(n.split())
count = 0
for i in l:
    if i == x:
        count+=1
print(count)
```

Enter String:xyz

Enter Word:xyz

xyz

1

```
[ ]: import re
n = input()
x = re.findall("[A-Z]{0}[a-z]+@[0-9]$",n)

if x:
    print("done")
else:
    print("not done")
```

Ab@12

['Ab@12']

done

```
[ ]: f = open("ABC.txt","R")
x=f.read()
print(x)
```

```
[ ]: f = open("test.txt","r")
for i in range(5):
    x=f.readline()
    print(x)
```

```
[ ]: f = open("abc.txt","r")
e = open("xyz.txt","a")
for i in f:
    i = f.readline()
    e.write(i)
z = open("xyz.txt","r")
x = z.read()
print(x)
```

```
-----
FileNotFoundError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[49], line 1
----> 1 f = open("abc.txt","r")
      2 e = open("xyz.txt","a")
      3 for i in f:

File ~/anaconda3/lib/python3.10/site-packages/IPython/core/interactiveshell.py:
  282, in _modified_open(file, *args, **kwargs)
    275 if file in {0, 1, 2}:
    276     raise ValueError(
    277         f"IPython won't let you open fd={file} by default "
    278         "as it is likely to crash IPython. If you know what you are_
  <doing, "
    279         "you can use builtins' open."
    280     )
--> 282 return io_open(file, *args, **kwargs)

FileNotFoundError: [Errno 2] No such file or directory: 'abc.txt'
```

```
[ ]: import numpy as np
a = np.random.randint(0,9,9)
b = a.reshape((3,3))
print(b)
c= np.eye(3)
print(c)
```

```
[[5 4 7]
 [0 6 4]
 [2 0 0]]
[[1. 0. 0.]
 [0. 1. 0.]
 [0. 0. 1.]]
```

```
[ ]: import numpy as np
a = np.random.rand()
print(a)
```

```
0.11553158811724928
```

```
[ ]: import numpy as np
a = np.
    ↪array([[26,27,28,29,30],[31,32,33,34,35],[36,37,38,39,40],[41,42,43,44,45],[46,47,48,49,50]]
print(a)
print(a[2,1])
print(a[3,4])
print(a[:3,1:2])
print(a[-1])
print(a[-2:])
for i in a:
    for j in i:
        if j % 3 ==0 and j% 5!= 0:
            print(j)
```

```
[[26 27 28 29 30]
 [31 32 33 34 35]
 [36 37 38 39 40]
 [41 42 43 44 45]
 [46 47 48 49 50]]
```

```
37
```

```
45
```

```
[[27]
```

```
 [32]
```

```
 [37]]
```

```
[46 47 48 49 50]
```

```
[[41 42 43 44 45]
```

```
 [46 47 48 49 50]]
```

```
27
```

```
33
```

```
36
```

```
39
```

```
42
```

```
48
```

```
[ ]: wap TO CREATE AN WITHCH HOLDS 25 INTEGER VALUES and pERFORM THE FOLLOWING:
1)Split the array into 10,2,20 and 30 parts.(np.array_split(n,10))
2)Get indices of an array whose values are even.
3)Get indices of an array whose values are odd.
4)Get integer numbers less then 15 from the array.
```

```
[ ]: import pandas as pd
a = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]
n = pd.Series(a)
print(n[1])
print(n[3])
print(n[5])
print(n[7])
```

2
4
6
8

```
[ ]: import pandas as pd
a = ['Computer','civil','Mechanical']
n = pd.Series(a)
print(n[0])
print(n[2])
```

Computer
Mechanical

```
[ ]: import pandas as pd
Name = input("Enter Name:")
Surname = input("Enter Surame:")
City = input("Enter City:")
State = input("Enter State:")
Country = input("Enter Country:")
a = [Name,Surname,City,State,Country]
i = ['Name','Surname','City','State','Country']
n = pd.Series(a,i)
print(n)
```

Enter Name:a
Enter Surname:b
Enter City:c
Enter State:d
Enter Country:e
Name a
Surname b
City c
State d

Country e
dtype: object

```
[ ]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
subject = ['Advance Python','Android','UI/UX','IOT']
mark = np.random.randint(70,100,40).reshape((10,4))
roll_no = np.arange(101,111)
n = pd.DataFrame(mark,roll_no,subject)
print(n)
```

	Advance Python	Android	UI/UX	IOT
101	98	73	70	84
102	87	79	83	72
103	92	74	89	73
104	89	85	85	87
105	90	83	87	85
106	71	75	70	83
107	74	94	99	90
108	88	98	87	95
109	70	96	95	98
110	99	85	91	70

```
[ ]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
subject = ['Advance Python','Android','UI/UX','IOT']
mark = np.random.randint(70,100,40).reshape((10,4))
roll_no = np.arange(101,111)
n = pd.DataFrame(mark,roll_no,subject)

print(n.loc[range(101,111,2)])

print(n.loc[range(101,106),subject[0:3]])

n['Total'] = n['Advance Python']+n['Android']+n['UI/UX']+n['IOT']
print(n)

n.drop(109,axis=0,inplace=True)
n.drop(110,axis=0,inplace=True)
print(n)

n.drop(['Total'],axis=1,inplace=True)
print(n)

print(n > 75)

print(n['IOT'] < 75)
```

```

n.index.name="Roll_no"
print(n)

n.set_index("IOT",inplace=True)
print(n)

n.reset_index(inplace=True)
print(n)

```

	Advance Python	Android	UI/UX	IOT	
101	75	75	95	74	
103	82	94	85	83	
105	84	94	86	99	
107	96	82	84	96	
109	96	81	97	88	

	Advance Python	Android	UI/UX	
101	75	75	95	
102	78	81	71	
103	82	94	85	
104	73	73	75	
105	84	94	86	

	Advance Python	Android	UI/UX	IOT	Total
101	75	75	95	74	319
102	78	81	71	83	313
103	82	94	85	83	344
104	73	73	75	87	308
105	84	94	86	99	363
106	76	86	71	92	325
107	96	82	84	96	358
108	88	81	98	72	339
109	96	81	97	88	362
110	80	86	73	79	318

	Advance Python	Android	UI/UX	IOT	Total
101	75	75	95	74	319
102	78	81	71	83	313
103	82	94	85	83	344
104	73	73	75	87	308
105	84	94	86	99	363
106	76	86	71	92	325
107	96	82	84	96	358
108	88	81	98	72	339

	Advance Python	Android	UI/UX	IOT
101	75	75	95	74
102	78	81	71	83
103	82	94	85	83
104	73	73	75	87

105	84	94	86	99
106	76	86	71	92
107	96	82	84	96
108	88	81	98	72
	Advance Python	Android	UI/UX	IOT
101	False	False	True	False
102	True	True	False	True
103	True	True	True	True
104	False	False	False	True
105	True	True	True	True
106	True	True	False	True
107	True	True	True	True
108	True	True	True	False
101	True			
102	False			
103	False			
104	False			
105	False			
106	False			
107	False			
108	True			

Name: IOT, dtype: bool

	Advance Python	Android	UI/UX	IOT
Roll_no				
101	75	75	95	74
102	78	81	71	83
103	82	94	85	83
104	73	73	75	87
105	84	94	86	99
106	76	86	71	92
107	96	82	84	96
108	88	81	98	72

	Advance Python	Android	UI/UX	
IOT				
74	75	75	95	
83	78	81	71	
83	82	94	85	
87	73	73	75	
99	84	94	86	
92	76	86	71	
96	96	82	84	
72	88	81	98	
	IOT	Advance Python	Android	UI/UX
0	74	75	75	95
1	83	78	81	71
2	83	82	94	85
3	87	73	73	75
4	99	84	94	86

5	92	76	86	71
6	96	96	82	84
7	72	88	81	98

```
[ ]: import pandas as pd
```

```
n = pd.read_excel("studentdata.xlsx")

print(n)
```

```
-----
FileNotFoundError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-26-431ae81eb478> in <cell line: 3>()
      1 import pandas as pd
      2
----> 3 n = pd.read_excel("studentdata.xlsx")
      4
      5 print(n)

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/pandas/util/_decorators.py in _
    ↪ wrapper(*args, **kwargs)
    209         else:
    210             kwargs[new_arg_name] = new_arg_value
--> 211         return func(*args, **kwargs)
    212
    213         return cast(F, wrapper)

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/pandas/util/_decorators.py in _
    ↪ wrapper(*args, **kwargs)
    329         stacklevel=find_stack_level(),
    330     )
--> 331     return func(*args, **kwargs)
    332
    333     # error: "Callable[[VarArg(Any), KwArg(Any)], Any]" has no

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/pandas/io/excel/_base.py in _
    ↪ read_excel(io, sheet_name, header, names, index_col, usecols, squeeze, dtype,
    ↪ engine, converters, true_values, false_values, skiprows, nrows, na_values,
    ↪ keep_default_na, na_filter, verbose, parse_dates, date_parser, thousands,
    ↪ decimal, comment, skipfooter, convert_float, mangle_dupe_cols, storage_options)
    480     if not isinstance(io, ExcelFile):
    481         should_close = True
--> 482     io = ExcelFile(io, storage_options=storage_options,
    ↪ engine=engine)
    483     elif engine and engine != io.engine:
    484         raise ValueError(
```

```

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/pandas/io/excel/_base.py in
-> __init__(self, path_or_buffer, engine, storage_options)
    1650             ext = "xls"
    1651         else:
-> 1652             ext = inspect_excel_format(
    1653                 content_or_path=path_or_buffer,
-> storage_options=storage_options
    1654             )

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/pandas/io/excel/_base.py in
-> inspect_excel_format(content_or_path, storage_options)
    1523         content_or_path = BytesIO(content_or_path)
    1524
-> 1525     with get_handle(
    1526         content_or_path, "rb", storage_options=storage_options,
-> is_text=False
    1527     ) as handle:

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/pandas/io/common.py in
-> get_handle(path_or_buf, mode, encoding, compression, memory_map, is_text,
-> errors, storage_options)
    863         else:
    864             # Binary mode
-> 865             handle = open(handle, ioargs.mode)
    866             handles.append(handle)
    867

FileNotFoundError: [Errno 2] No such file or directory: 'studentdata.xlsx'

```

[]:

Mounted at ./studentdata.xlsm

```

[14]: import pandas as pd

path="/content/drive/MyDrive/Python/student_data.xlsx"
df = pd.read_excel(path)

#1
print("SPI mean = ",df['SPI'].mean())
print("SPI sum = ",df['SPI'].sum())
print("SPI min = ",df['SPI'].min())
print("SPI max = ",df['SPI'].max())

print()

#2

```

```

print("University =",df.groupby('University').groups)

print()

#3
print("University & Branch =",df.groupby(['University','Branch']).groups)

print()

#4
for i,j in df.groupby(['University']):
    print(j)
    print()
print()

#5
for i,j in df.groupby(['University']):
    print(i)
    print()
print()

#6
for i,j in df.groupby(['University']):
    print(i)
    print(j)
    print()
print()

#7
for i,j in df.groupby(['University']):
    print()
    print("Mean")
    print(j.mean())
    print()
    print("Sum")
    print(j.sum())
    print()
    print("Max")
    print(j.max())
    print()
    print("Min")
    print(j.min())
    print()
    print()
print()

#8

```

```

print("Mean Value of University & Branch")
for i,j in df.groupby(['University','Branch']):
    print(j.mean())
    print()
print()

#9
print("Mean Value of University & Branch & SPI")
for i,j in df.groupby(['University','Branch','SPI']):
    print(j.mean())
    print()
print()

```

```

SPI mean = 8.2
SPI sum = 41.0
SPI min = 7.0
SPI max = 9.0

```

```
University = {'DU': [0, 1], 'MU': [2, 3], 'RKU': [5]}
```

```
University & Branch = {('DU', 'CE'): [0], ('DU', 'EE'): [1], ('MU', 'ME'): [2, 3], ('RKU', 'CE'): [5], (nan, nan): [4]}
```

	Enrollment	Name	University	Branch	Semester	SPI
0	200540001.0	abc	DU	CE	4.0	8.0
1	200540002.0	def	DU	EE	4.0	9.0

	Enrollment	Name	University	Branch	Semester	SPI
2	200540003.0	ghi	MU	ME	5.0	7.0
3	200540004.0	jkl	MU	ME	5.0	8.0

	Enrollment	Name	University	Branch	Semester	SPI
5	200540006.0	pqr	RKU	CE	5.0	9.0

DU

MU

RKU

DU

	Enrollment	Name	University	Branch	Semester	SPI
0	200540001.0	abc	DU	CE	4.0	8.0
1	200540002.0	def	DU	EE	4.0	9.0

MU

	Enrollment	Name	University	Branch	Semester	SPI
2	200540003.0	ghi	MU	ME	5.0	7.0
3	200540004.0	jkl	MU	ME	5.0	8.0

RKU

	Enrollment	Name	University	Branch	Semester	SPI
5	200540006.0	pqr	RKU	CE	5.0	9.0

Mean

Enrollment	200540001.5
Semester	4.0
SPI	8.5

dtype: float64

Sum

Enrollment	401080003.0
Name	abcdef
University	DUDU
Branch	CEEE
Semester	8.0
SPI	17.0

dtype: object

Max

Enrollment	200540002.0
Name	def
University	DU
Branch	EE
Semester	4.0
SPI	9.0

dtype: object

Min

Enrollment	200540001.0
Name	abc
University	DU
Branch	CE
Semester	4.0
SPI	8.0

dtype: object

Mean

Enrollment	200540003.5
------------	-------------

Semester 5.0
SPI 7.5
dtype: float64

Sum
Enrollment 401080007.0
Name ghijkl
University MUMU
Branch MEME
Semester 10.0
SPI 15.0
dtype: object

Max
Enrollment 200540004.0
Name jkl
University MU
Branch ME
Semester 5.0
SPI 8.0
dtype: object

Min
Enrollment 200540003.0
Name ghi
University MU
Branch ME
Semester 5.0
SPI 7.0
dtype: object

Mean
Enrollment 200540006.0
Semester 5.0
SPI 9.0
dtype: float64

Sum
Enrollment 200540006.0
Name pqr
University RKU
Branch CE
Semester 5.0
SPI 9.0
dtype: object

Max
Enrollment 200540006.0
Name pqr
University RKU
Branch CE
Semester 5.0
SPI 9.0
dtype: object

Min
Enrollment 200540006.0
Name pqr
University RKU
Branch CE
Semester 5.0
SPI 9.0
dtype: object

Mean Value of University & Branch
Enrollment 200540001.0
Semester 4.0
SPI 8.0
dtype: float64

Enrollment 200540002.0
Semester 4.0
SPI 9.0
dtype: float64

Enrollment 200540003.5
Semester 5.0
SPI 7.5
dtype: float64

Enrollment 200540006.0
Semester 5.0
SPI 9.0
dtype: float64

Mean Value of University & Branch & SPI
Enrollment 200540001.0
Semester 4.0
SPI 8.0
dtype: float64


```
Enrollment    200540002.0
Semester       4.0
SPI            9.0
dtype: float64
```

```
Enrollment    200540003.0
Semester       5.0
SPI            7.0
dtype: float64
```

```
Enrollment    200540004.0
Semester       5.0
SPI            8.0
dtype: float64
```

```
Enrollment    200540006.0
Semester       5.0
SPI            9.0
dtype: float64
```

```
<ipython-input-14-a4cff3b03eee>:25: FutureWarning: In a future version of
pandas, a length 1 tuple will be returned when iterating over a groupby with a
grouper equal to a list of length 1. Don't supply a list with a single grouper
to avoid this warning.
```

```
    for i,j in df.groupby(['University']):
```

```
<ipython-input-14-a4cff3b03eee>:31: FutureWarning: In a future version of
pandas, a length 1 tuple will be returned when iterating over a groupby with a
grouper equal to a list of length 1. Don't supply a list with a single grouper
to avoid this warning.
```

```
    for i,j in df.groupby(['University']):
```

```
<ipython-input-14-a4cff3b03eee>:37: FutureWarning: In a future version of
pandas, a length 1 tuple will be returned when iterating over a groupby with a
grouper equal to a list of length 1. Don't supply a list with a single grouper
to avoid this warning.
```

```
    for i,j in df.groupby(['University']):
```

```
<ipython-input-14-a4cff3b03eee>:44: FutureWarning: In a future version of
pandas, a length 1 tuple will be returned when iterating over a groupby with a
grouper equal to a list of length 1. Don't supply a list with a single grouper
to avoid this warning.
```

```
    for i,j in df.groupby(['University']):
```

```
<ipython-input-14-a4cff3b03eee>:47: FutureWarning: The default value of
numeric_only in DataFrame.mean is deprecated. In a future version, it will
default to False. In addition, specifying 'numeric_only=None' is deprecated.
Select only valid columns or specify the value of numeric_only to silence this
warning.
```

```
    print(j.mean())
```

<ipython-input-14-a4cff3b03eee>:47: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric_only in DataFrame.mean is deprecated. In a future version, it will default to False. In addition, specifying 'numeric_only=None' is deprecated. Select only valid columns or specify the value of numeric_only to silence this warning.

```
print(j.mean())
```

<ipython-input-14-a4cff3b03eee>:47: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric_only in DataFrame.mean is deprecated. In a future version, it will default to False. In addition, specifying 'numeric_only=None' is deprecated. Select only valid columns or specify the value of numeric_only to silence this warning.

```
print(j.mean())
```

<ipython-input-14-a4cff3b03eee>:64: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric_only in DataFrame.mean is deprecated. In a future version, it will default to False. In addition, specifying 'numeric_only=None' is deprecated. Select only valid columns or specify the value of numeric_only to silence this warning.

```
print(j.mean())
```

<ipython-input-14-a4cff3b03eee>:64: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric_only in DataFrame.mean is deprecated. In a future version, it will default to False. In addition, specifying 'numeric_only=None' is deprecated. Select only valid columns or specify the value of numeric_only to silence this warning.

```
print(j.mean())
```

<ipython-input-14-a4cff3b03eee>:64: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric_only in DataFrame.mean is deprecated. In a future version, it will default to False. In addition, specifying 'numeric_only=None' is deprecated. Select only valid columns or specify the value of numeric_only to silence this warning.

```
print(j.mean())
```

<ipython-input-14-a4cff3b03eee>:64: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric_only in DataFrame.mean is deprecated. In a future version, it will default to False. In addition, specifying 'numeric_only=None' is deprecated. Select only valid columns or specify the value of numeric_only to silence this warning.

```
print(j.mean())
```

<ipython-input-14-a4cff3b03eee>:71: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric_only in DataFrame.mean is deprecated. In a future version, it will default to False. In addition, specifying 'numeric_only=None' is deprecated. Select only valid columns or specify the value of numeric_only to silence this warning.

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<ipython-input-14-a4cff3b03eee>:71: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric_only in DataFrame.mean is deprecated. In a future version, it will default to False. In addition, specifying 'numeric_only=None' is deprecated. Select only valid columns or specify the value of numeric_only to silence this warning.

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<ipython-input-14-a4cff3b03eee>:71: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric_only in DataFrame.mean is deprecated. In a future version, it will default to False. In addition, specifying 'numeric_only=None' is deprecated. Select only valid columns or specify the value of numeric_only to silence this warning.

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<ipython-input-14-a4cff3b03eee>:71: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric_only in DataFrame.mean is deprecated. In a future version, it will default to False. In addition, specifying 'numeric_only=None' is deprecated. Select only valid columns or specify the value of numeric_only to silence this warning.

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```

<ipython-input-14-a4cff3b03eee>:71: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric_only in DataFrame.mean is deprecated. In a future version, it will default to False. In addition, specifying 'numeric_only=None' is deprecated. Select only valid columns or specify the value of numeric_only to silence this warning.

```
print(j.mean())
```

```
[ ]: import pandas as pd
```

```
CSV1="/content/drive/MyDrive/Python/dcx_marks.csv"
```

```
CSV2="/content/drive/MyDrive/Python/dcy_marks.csv"
```

```
CSV3="/content/drive/MyDrive/Python/dcz_marks.csv"
```

```
x = pd.read_csv(CSV1)
```

```
y = pd.read_csv(CSV2)
```

```
z = pd.read_csv(CSV3)
```

```
df = pd.concat([x,y,z], axis=0)
```

```
print(df)
```

	Roll No	Advance Python	Android	UI/UX	IOT
0	101	71	61	51	41
1	102	72	62	52	42
2	103	73	63	53	43
3	104	74	64	54	44
4	105	75	65	55	45
5	106	71	61	51	41
6	107	72	62	52	42
7	108	73	63	53	43
8	109	74	64	54	44
9	110	75	65	55	45
0	201	71	61	51	41
1	202	72	62	52	42
2	203	73	63	53	43
3	204	74	64	54	44
4	205	75	65	55	45

5	206	71	61	51	41
6	207	72	62	52	42
7	208	73	63	53	43
8	209	74	64	54	44
9	210	75	65	55	45
0	301	71	61	51	41
1	302	72	62	52	42
2	303	73	63	53	43
3	304	74	64	54	44
4	305	75	65	55	45
5	306	71	61	51	41
6	307	72	62	52	42
7	308	73	63	53	43
8	309	74	64	54	44
9	310	75	65	55	45

```
[ ]: import pandas as pd

CSV1="/content/drive/MyDrive/Python/dcx_marks.csv"
CSV2="/content/drive/MyDrive/Python/dcy_marks.csv"
CSV3="/content/drive/MyDrive/Python/dcz_marks.csv"

x = pd.read_csv(CSV1)
y = pd.read_csv(CSV2)
z = pd.read_csv(CSV3)

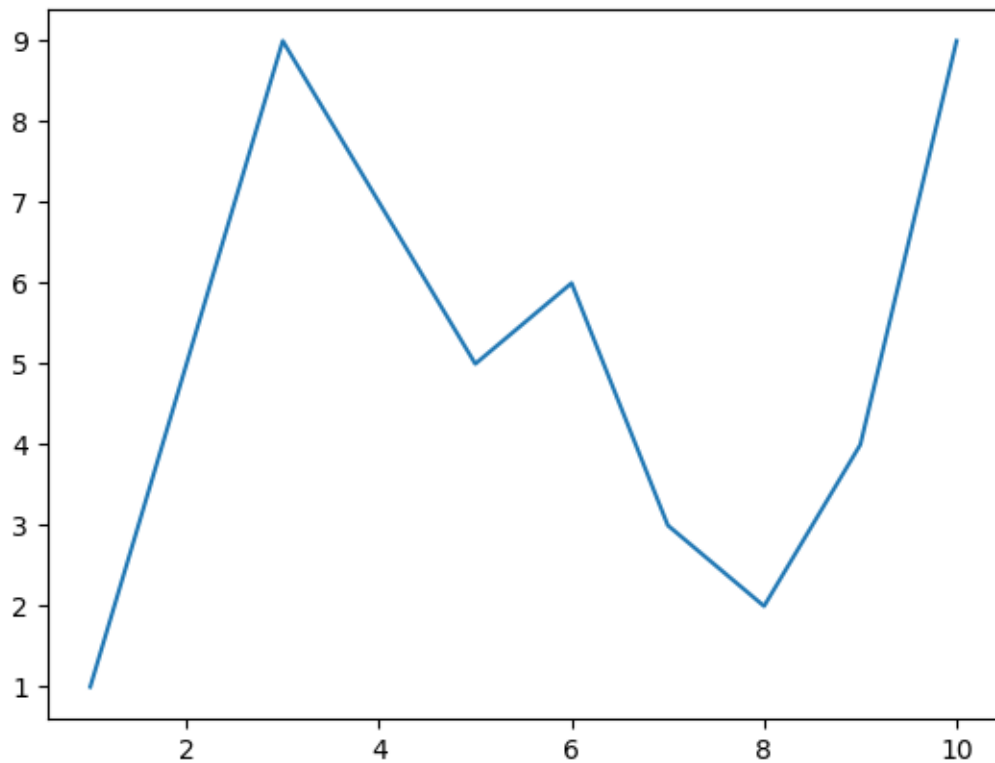
df = pd.concat([x,y,z], axis=1)
print(df)
```

	Roll No	Advance Python	Android	UI/UX	IOT	Roll No	Advance Python	\
0	101	71	61	51	41	201	71	
1	102	72	62	52	42	202	72	
2	103	73	63	53	43	203	73	
3	104	74	64	54	44	204	74	
4	105	75	65	55	45	205	75	
5	106	71	61	51	41	206	71	
6	107	72	62	52	42	207	72	
7	108	73	63	53	43	208	73	
8	109	74	64	54	44	209	74	
9	110	75	65	55	45	210	75	

	Android	UI/UX	IOT	Roll No	Advance Python	Android	UI/UX	IOT
0	61	51	41	301	71	61	51	41
1	62	52	42	302	72	62	52	42
2	63	53	43	303	73	63	53	43
3	64	54	44	304	74	64	54	44
4	65	55	45	305	75	65	55	45
5	61	51	41	306	71	61	51	41

6	62	52	42	307	72	62	52	42
7	63	53	43	308	73	63	53	43
8	64	54	44	309	74	64	54	44
9	65	55	45	310	75	65	55	45

```
[ ]: #1
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
x = range(1,11)
y = [1,5,9,7,5,6,3,2,4,9]
plt.plot(x,y)
plt.show()
```



```
[2]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
x = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]
value1 = [5,8,9,6,3,2,4,8,8,9]
value2 = [8,9,6,3,5,7,4,1,2,6]

#1
plt.plot(x,value1)
plt.plot(x,value2)

#2
```

```

plt.plot(x,value1,ls="--")
plt.plot(x,value2,ls=":")

#3
plt.plot(x,value1,ls="-. ",c="pink")
plt.plot(x,value2,c="green")

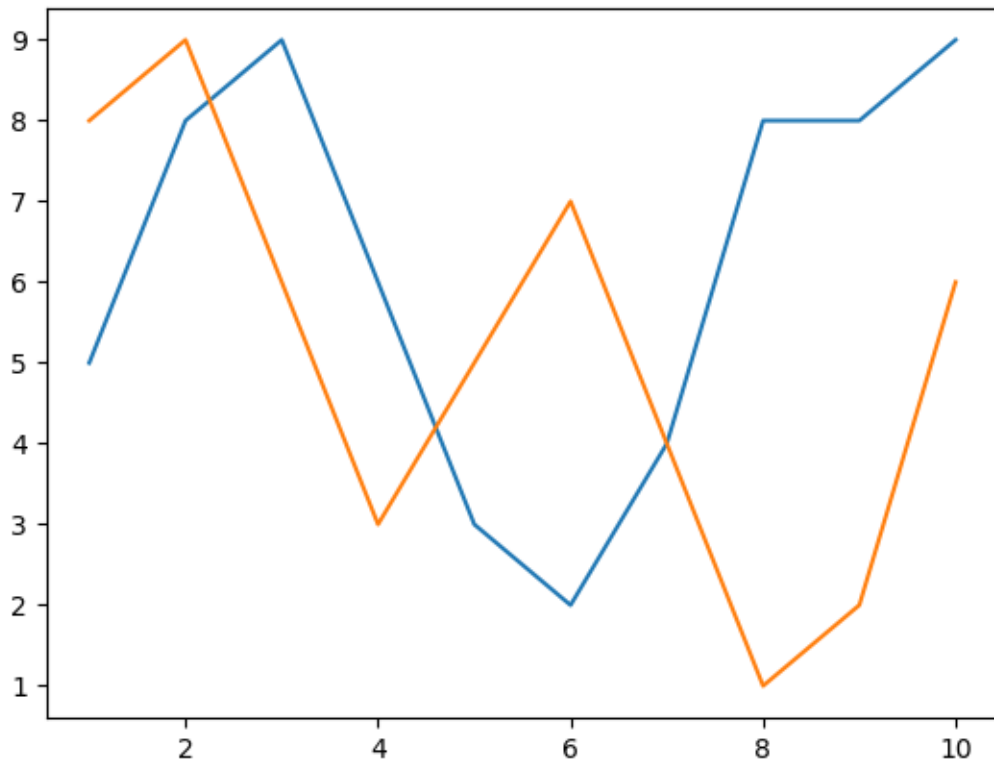
#4
plt.plot(x,value1,lw=2)
plt.plot(x,value2,lw=5)

#5
plt.plot(x,value1,marker=">")
plt.plot(x,value2,marker="o")

#6
plt.xlabel("x")
plt.ylabel("Y")
plt.annotate(xy=[3,7],text='Highest')
plt.legend(['X','Y'])

plt.show()

```

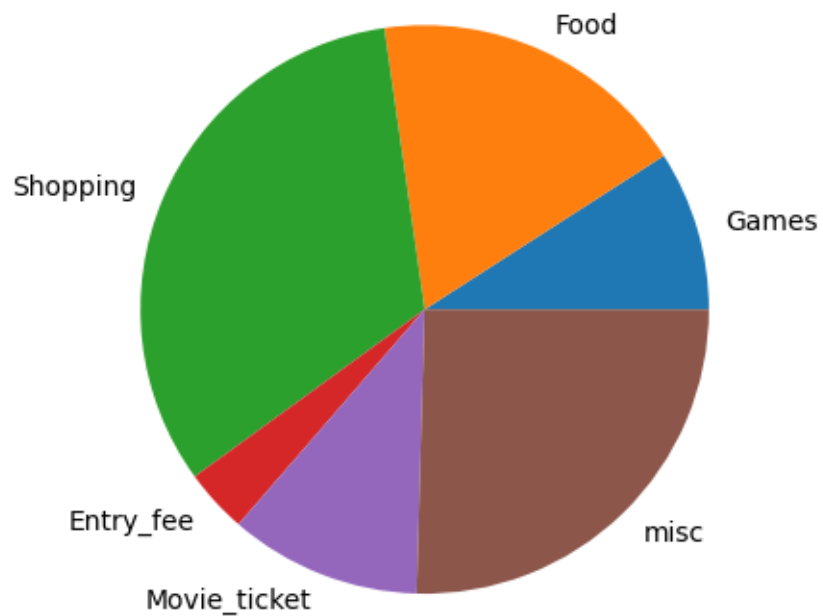


```
[2]: from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
```

Mounted at /content/drive

```
[ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
x = ([100,200,360,40,120,280])
y = ['Games','Food','Shopping','Entry_fee','Movie_ticket','misc']

plt.pie(x, labels = y)
plt.show()
```



```
[4]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
x = ([100,200,360,40,120,280])
y = ['Games','Food','Shopping','Entry_fee','Movie_ticket','misc']

#1
explode = [0,0.2,0,0,0,0]
plt.pie(x, labels = y, explode = explode)

#2
c = ['red','black','green','yellow','blue','brown']
plt.pie(x, labels = y, colors = c)
```

```

#3
plt.pie(x, labels = y, autopct='%1.1f%%')

#4.1
plt.pie(x, labels = y, autopct='%1.3f%%')

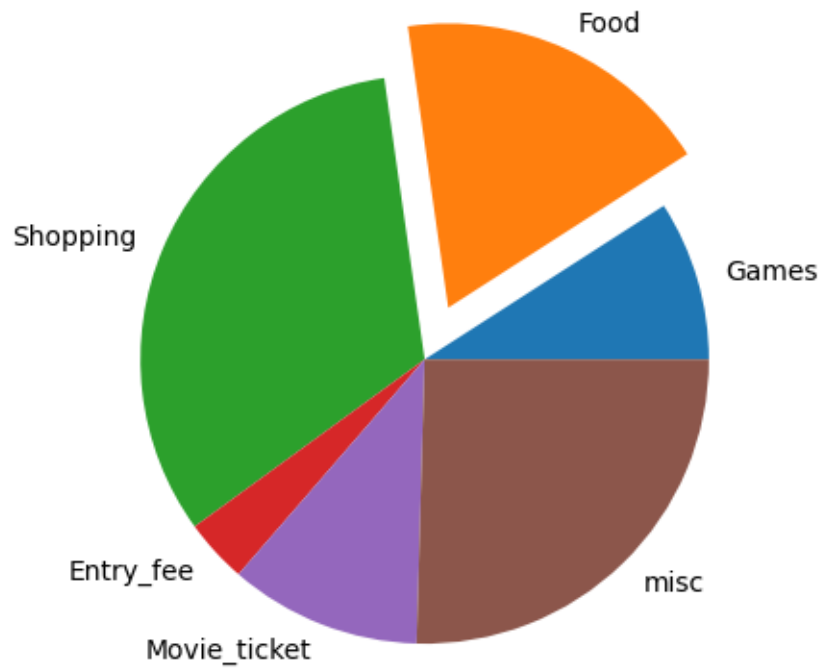
#4.2
plt.pie(x, labels = y, autopct='%1.2f%%')

#4.3
plt.pie(x, labels = y, autopct='%1f%%')

#5
explode = [0,0.2,0,0,0,0]
plt.pie(x, labels = y, explode = explode, shadow = True)

plt.show()

```



```

[ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
y = [98,75,88,65,32]
x = ["Advance Python", 'IOT', 'UI/UX', 'Android', 'Project']

```



```

#1
c = ['red','green','yellow','blue','brown']
plt.bar(x,y, color=c)

#2
plt.title("Result")

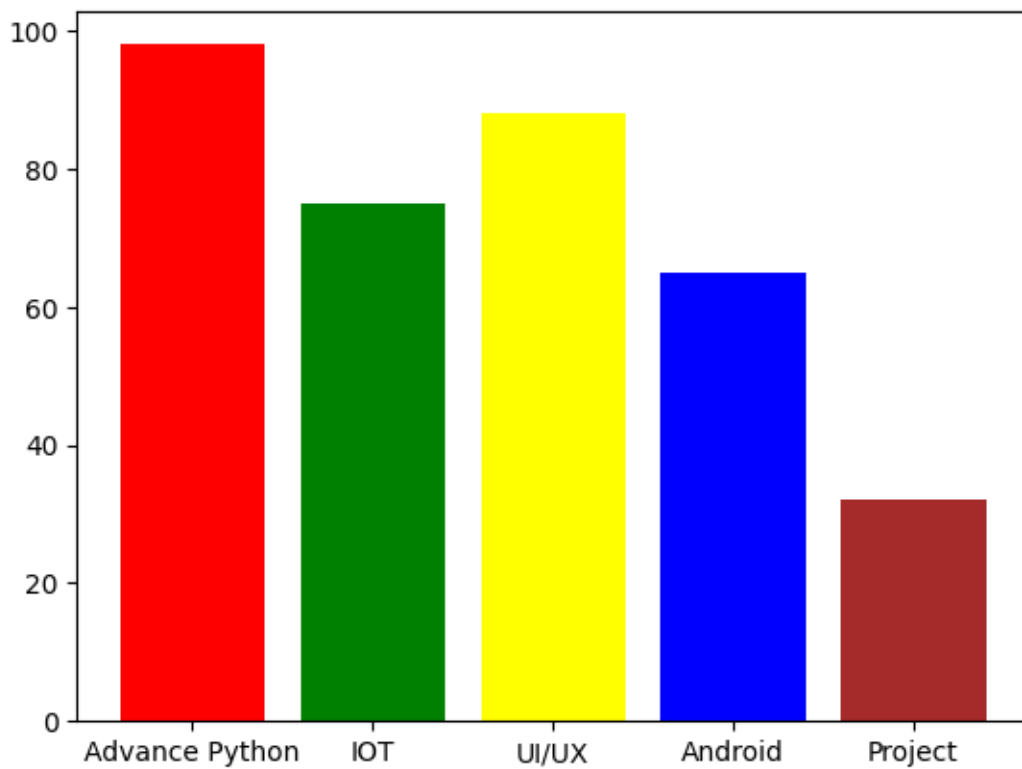
#3
plt.bar(x,y, color=c, width=0.5)

#4
w = [0.2,0.4,0.6,0.8,1]
plt.bar(x,y, color=c, width=w)

#5
plt.barh(x,y,linewidth=1)

plt.show()

```

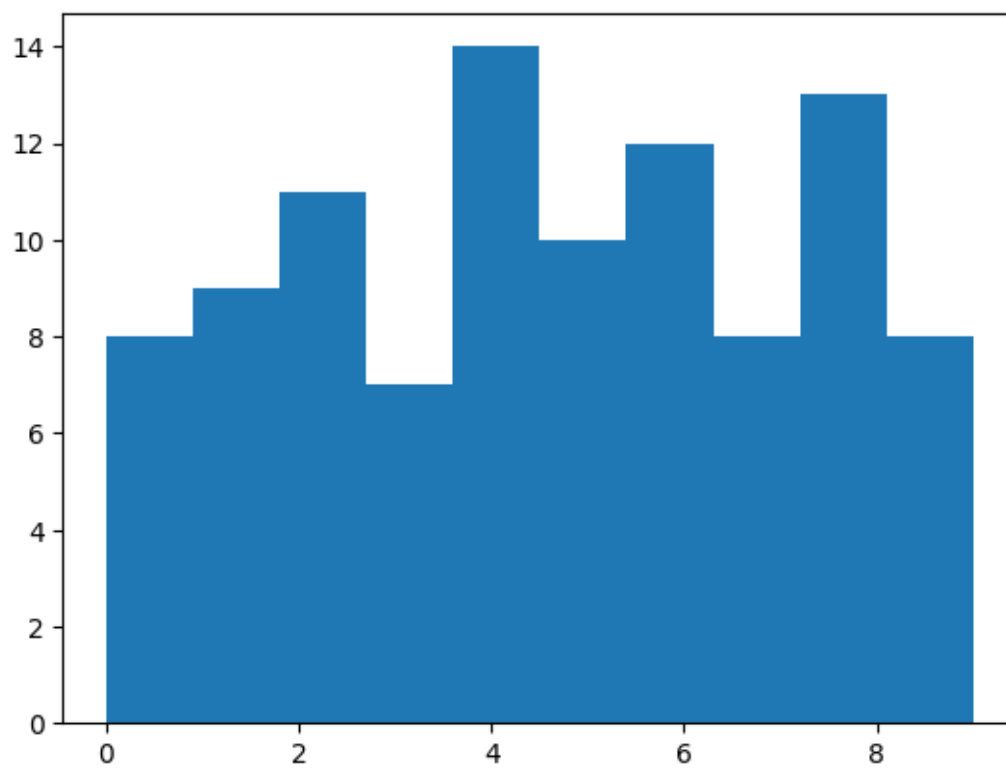


```

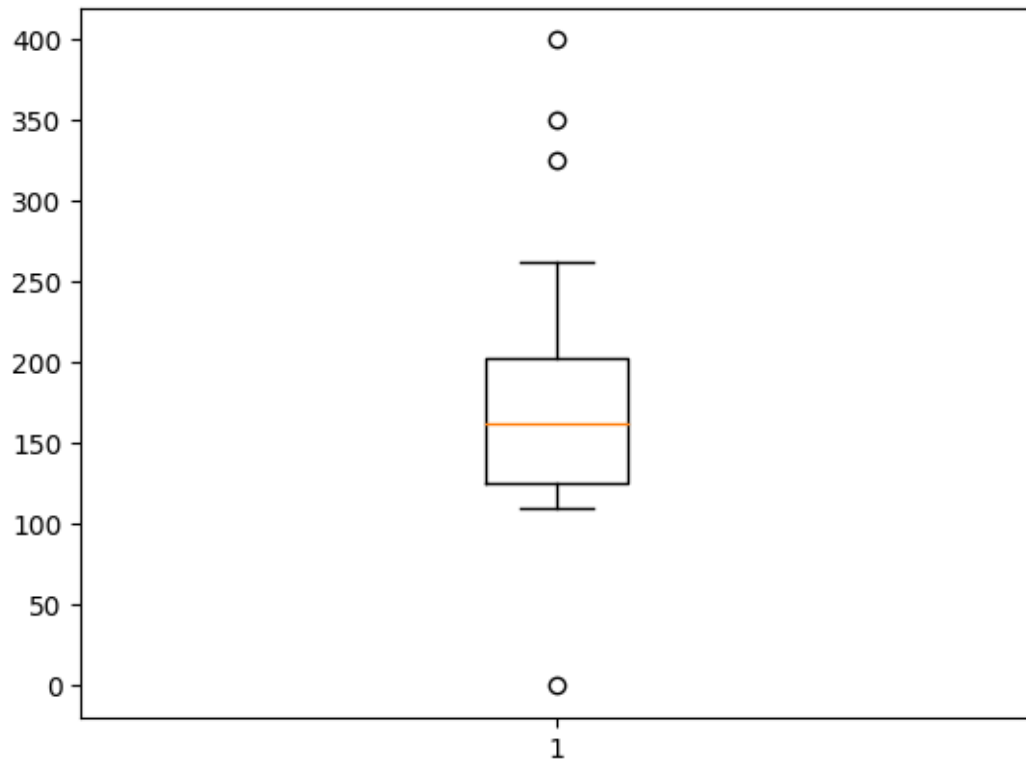
[ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
x = np.random.randint(0,10,100)

```

```
plt.hist(x)
plt.show()
```



```
[ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
x = [120, 110, 130, 125, 112, 0, 142, 162, 203, 350, 325, 200, 153, 250, 120, ↵
     ↪153, 168, 198, 185, 400, 262]
plt.boxplot(x)
plt.show()
```



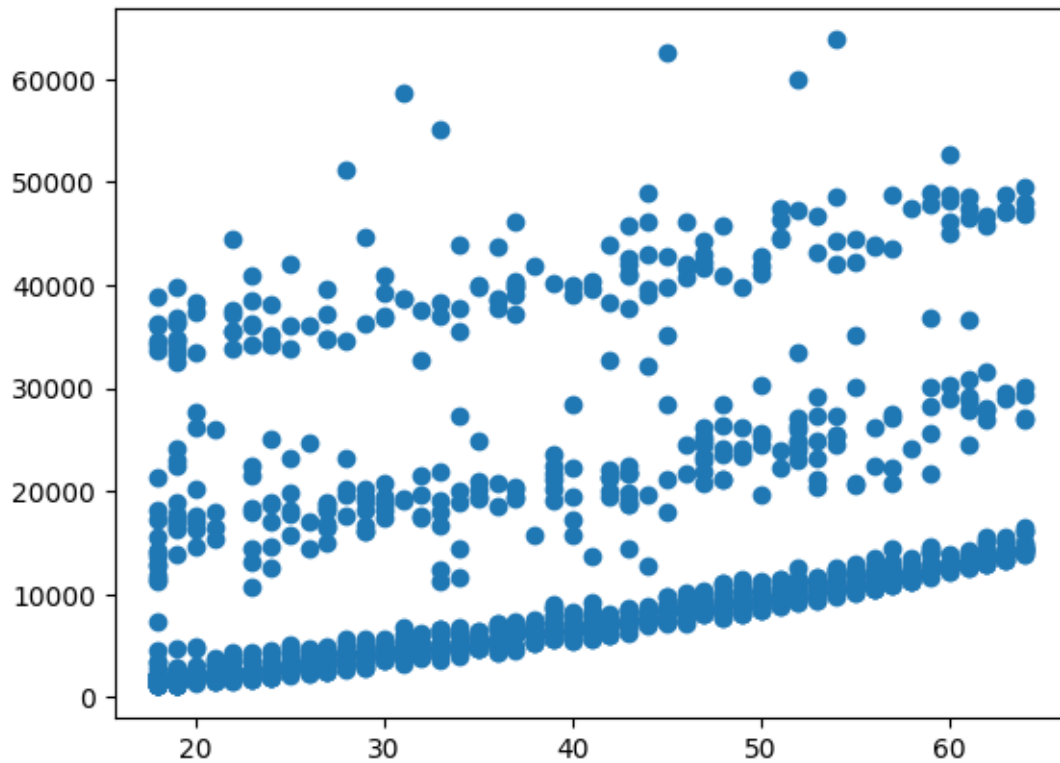
```
[5]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd

CSV="/content/drive/MyDrive/Python/insurance.csv"

x = pd.read_csv(CSV)

plt.scatter(x['age'],x['charges'])
```

```
[5]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x7d5cfcb089a0>
```



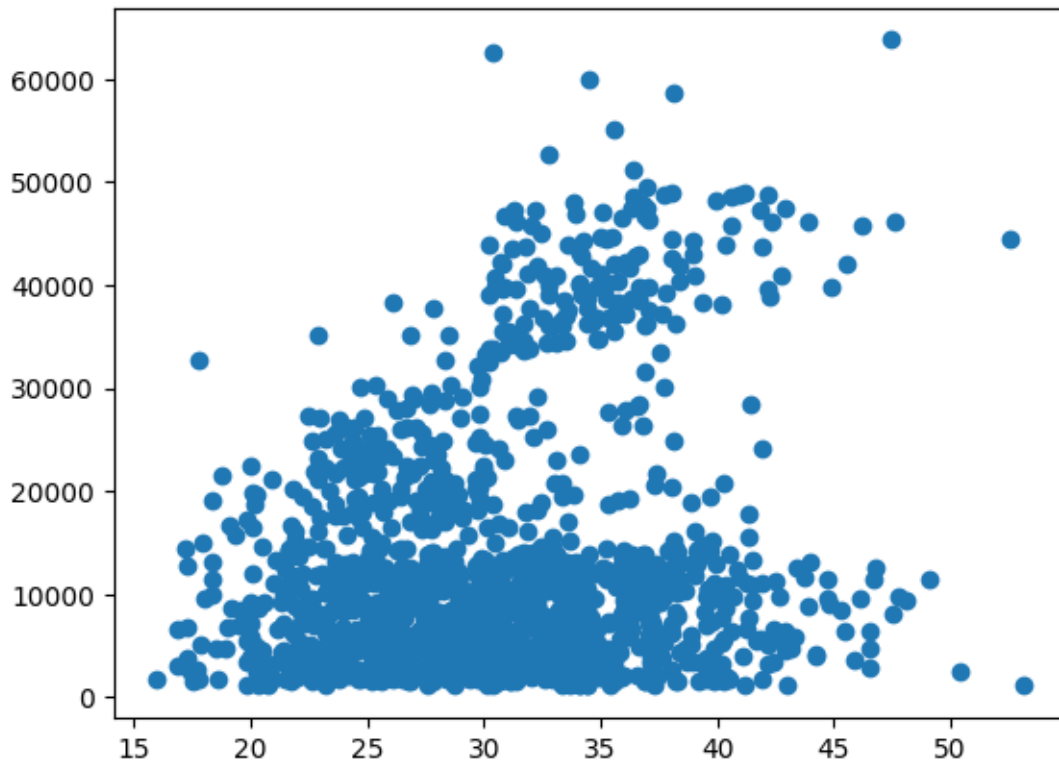
```
[6]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd

CSV="/content/drive/MyDrive/Python/insurance.csv"

x = pd.read_csv(CSV)

plt.scatter(x['bmi'],x['charges'])
```

```
[6]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x7d5cfaa31fc0>
```



```
[21]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

CSV="/content/drive/MyDrive/Python/insurance.csv"

x = pd.read_csv(CSV)
y = np.array(x.groupby(['smoker']))
plt.scatter(x['bmi'],x['charges'])
```

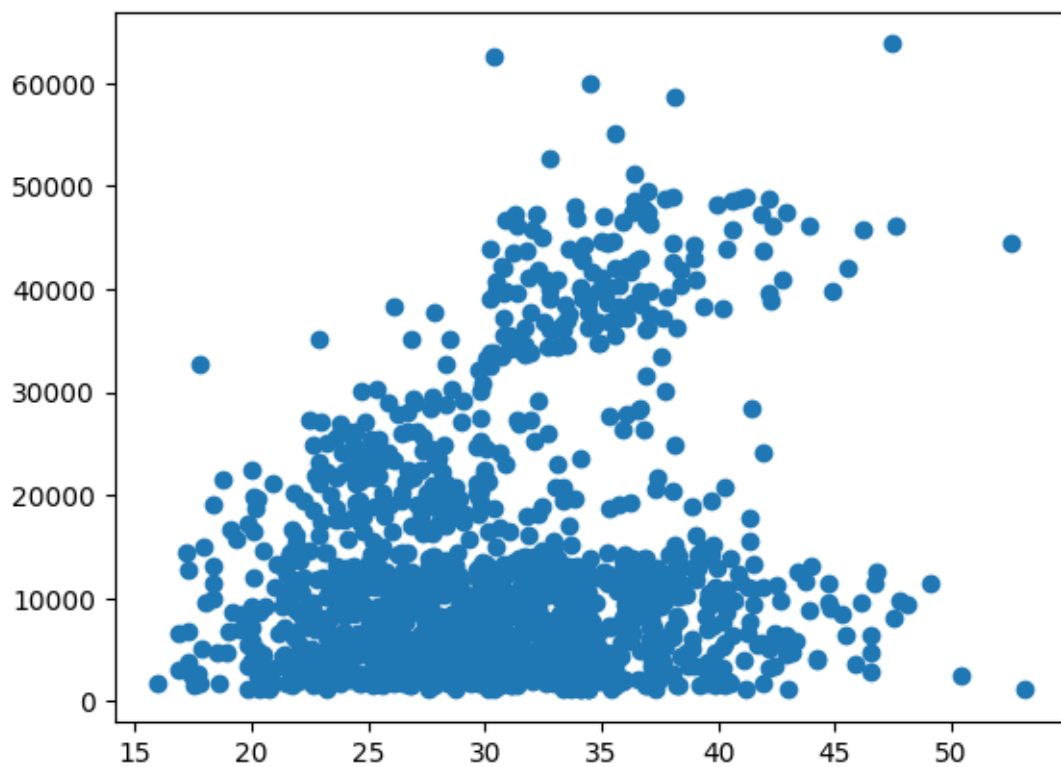
<ipython-input-21-5f6f7760146a>:8: FutureWarning: In a future version of pandas, a length 1 tuple will be returned when iterating over a groupby with a grouper equal to a list of length 1. Don't supply a list with a single grouper to avoid this warning.

```
y = np.array(x.groupby(['smoker']))
```

<ipython-input-21-5f6f7760146a>:8: VisibleDeprecationWarning: Creating an ndarray from ragged nested sequences (which is a list-or-tuple of lists-or-tuples-or ndarrays with different lengths or shapes) is deprecated. If you meant to do this, you must specify 'dtype=object' when creating the ndarray.

```
y = np.array(x.groupby(['smoker']))
```

```
[21]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x7d5cfa56df30>
```



[]: