

Assignment 1

Q1] Perform the following

1) Convert $(340)_{10}$ to excess 3 code

$$(340)_{10} = (001101000000)_{BCD} = (0110 \ 0111 \ 0011)$$

2) Convert hexadecimal to decimal DADA

$$A = 10$$

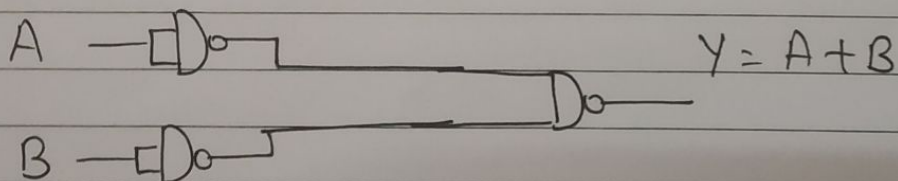
$$D = 13$$

$$10 \times 16^0 + 13 \times 16^1 + 10 \times 16^2 + 13 \times 16^3$$

$$10 + 208 + 2560 + 53248$$

$$= (56026)_{10}$$

3) Draw OR gate using NAND gates



4) Hexadecimal to Binary 3A9D.A0C

$\begin{matrix} 3 & A & 9 & D & . & A & 0 & C \\ \swarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \end{matrix}$

0011 1010 1001 1101 . 1010 0000 1100

$(0011 \ 1010 \ 1001 \ 1101 \ . \ 1010 \ 0000 \ 1100)_2$

5) To express $(52)_{10}$ into Gray

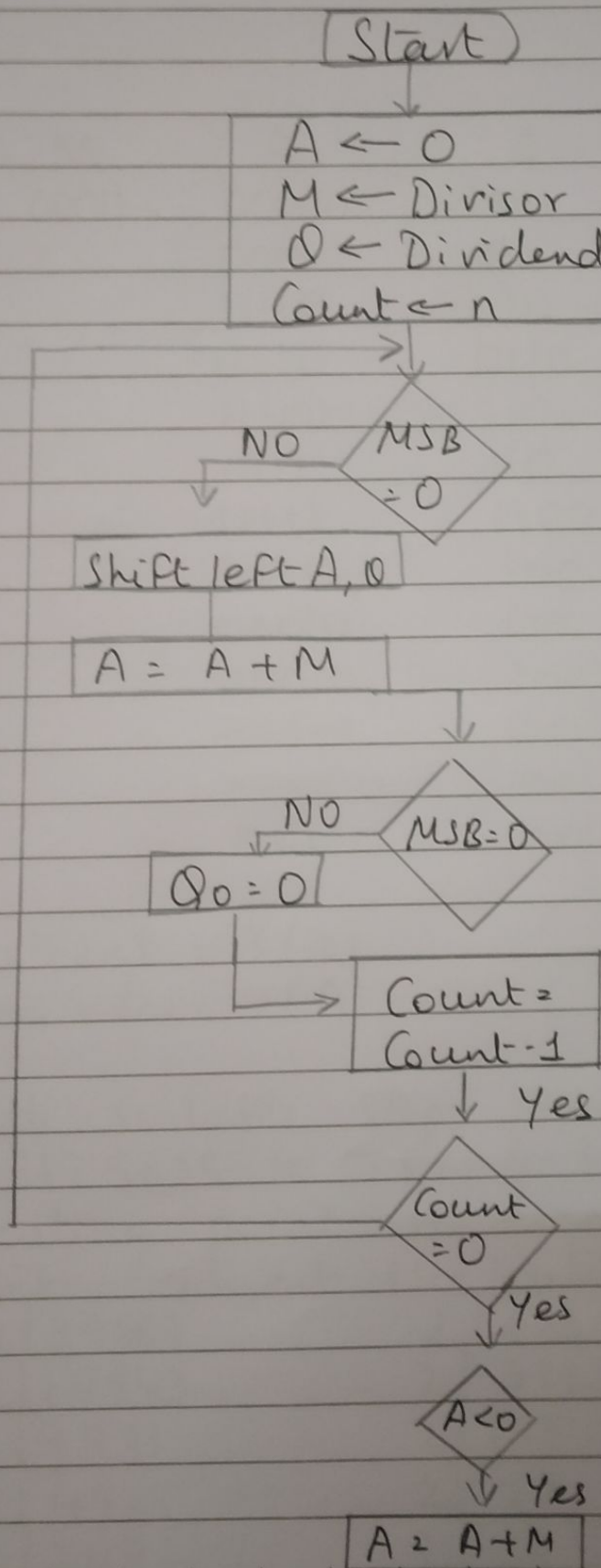
$$\begin{array}{r|l}
 2 & 52 \\
 \hline
 2 & 26 \quad 0 \\
 \hline
 2 & 13 \quad 0 \\
 \hline
 2 & 6 \quad 1 \\
 \hline
 2 & 3 \quad 0 \\
 \hline
 & 1 \quad 1
 \end{array}$$

$$\therefore (52)_{10} = (110100)_2$$

Binary	1	\oplus	1	\oplus	0	\oplus	1	\oplus	0	\oplus	0
	↓		↓		↓		↓		↓		↓
	1		0		1		1		1		0

$$(52)_{10} = (101110)_{\text{Gray}}$$

(Q2) Draw flowchart for non restoring division algorithm and perform the division $11/3$ using non restoring division algorithm



11/3

N	M	A	Q	Action
4	00011	00000	1011	Start
		00001	011-	left shift AQ
		11110	011-	A = A - M
3		11110	0110	Q[c] = 0
		11100	110-	left shift AQ
		11111	110-	A = A + M
2		11111	1100	Q[0] = 0
		11111	100-	left shift AQ
		00010	100-	A = A + M
1		00010	1001	Q[0] = 1
		00101	001-	left shift AQ
		000110	001-	A = A - M
0		00010	0011	Q[0] = 1

Quotient = 3 (Q)

Remainder = 2 (A)

Q3) With suitable steps convert decimal number 398875625 to IEEE 4-bit Double precision floating point representation.

→ First convert the integer to binary

$$2 \overline{) 39887}$$

$$2 \overline{) 19943}$$

$$2 \overline{) 9971}$$

$$2 \overline{) 4985}$$

$$2 \overline{) 2492}$$

$$2 \overline{) 1246}$$

$$2 \overline{) 623}$$

$$2 \overline{) 311}$$

$$2 \overline{) 155}$$

$$2 \overline{) 77}$$

$$2 \overline{) 38}$$

$$2 \overline{) 19}$$

$$2 \overline{) 19}$$

$$2 \overline{) 9}$$

$$2 \overline{) 4}$$

$$2 \overline{) 2}$$

$$2 \overline{) 1}$$

$$(39887)_{10} = (1001\ 1011\ 1100\ 1111)_2$$

Convert the decimal part to binary

$$0.5625_{(10)} = 0.1001_{(2)}$$

Positive number before normalization

$$39557.5625_{(10)} = 1001\ 1011\ 1100\ 1111 \cdot 1001_{(2)}$$

Normalizing

$$1001\ 1011\ 1100\ 1111 \cdot 1001_{(2)} \times 2^0 =$$

$$1.0011\ 0111\ 1001\ 1111\ 001_{(2)} \times 2^{15}$$

Adjusting the exponent

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Exponent adjusted} &: 15 + 2^{(11-1)} - 1 = \\ &: (15 + 1023) \\ &= 1038_{(10)} \end{aligned}$$

Converting the exponent from decimal

2	1038	2	2
2	519		1
2	259		
2	129		
2	64		
2	32		
2	16		

$$1038_{(10)} = 100\ 0000\ 1110_{(2)}$$

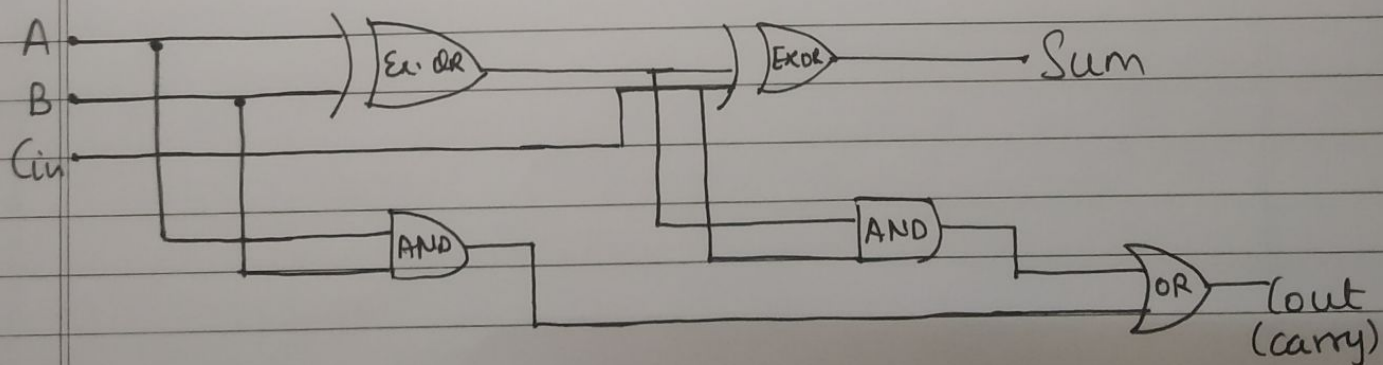
Removing leftmost bit and decimal
Adjusting length by adding zeroes to right

$$\begin{array}{cccccccccccc} 001 & 1011 & 1100 & 1111 & 10010 & 0000 & 0000 & 0000 & 0000 & 0000 \\ 00000000000000000000 = \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{cccccccccccc} 0011 & 0111 & 1001 & 1111 & 0010 & 0000 & 0000 & 0000 & 0000 & 0000 \\ 0000 & 0000 & 0000 & 0000 & \end{array}$$

$$39.857.5625_{(10)} = 0.100\ 000\ 1110 = 00110111100 \\ 1111\ 0010\ 0000\ 0000\ 0000\ 0000\ 0000\ 0000 \\ 0000\ 0000\ (64\ \text{bits IEEE 754})$$

Q4) Design a full adder using half adder and additional gates



$$C_{out} = BC_{in} + AC_{in} + AB$$

$$Sum = A \oplus B \oplus C_{in}$$

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Truth Table

Inputs			Outputs	
A	B	Cin	Sum	Carry
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1	0
0	1	0	1	0
0	1	1	0	1
1	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	0	1
1	1	0	0	1
1	1	1	1	1