Android Application that writes data to the SD Card

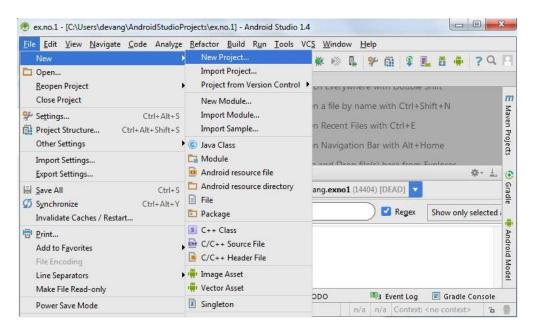
Aim:

To develop a Android Application that writes data to the SD Card.

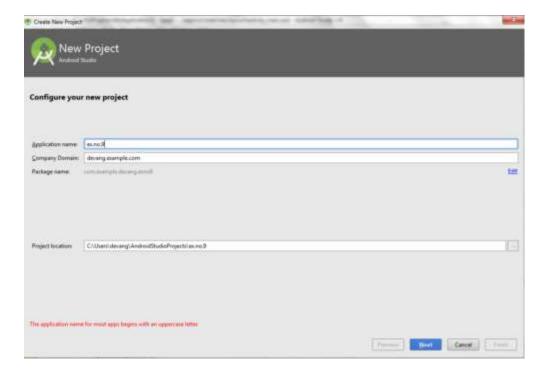
Procedure:

Creating a New project:

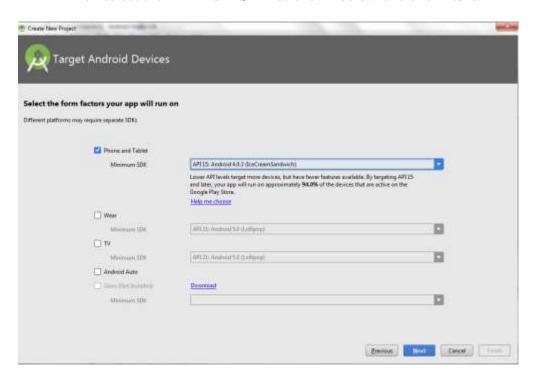
Open Android Studio and then click on File -> New -> New project.



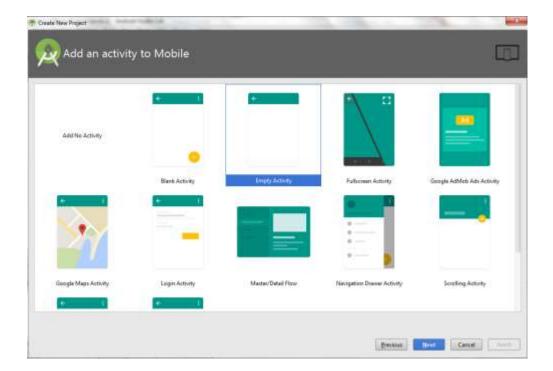
• Then type the Application name as "ex.no.9" and click Next.



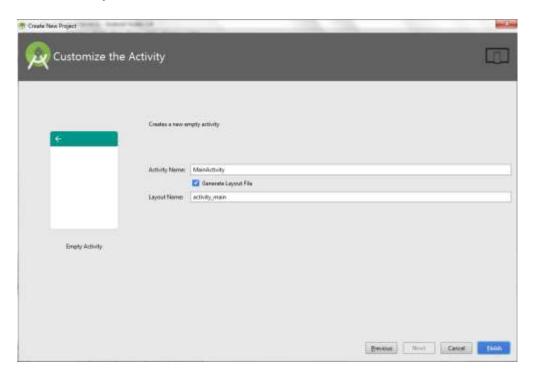
• Then select the **Minimum SDK** as shown below and click **Next**.



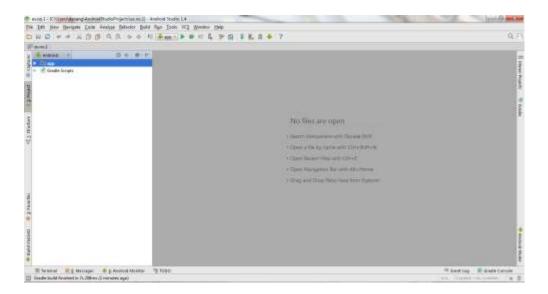
• Then select the Empty Activity and click Next.



• Finally click Finish.

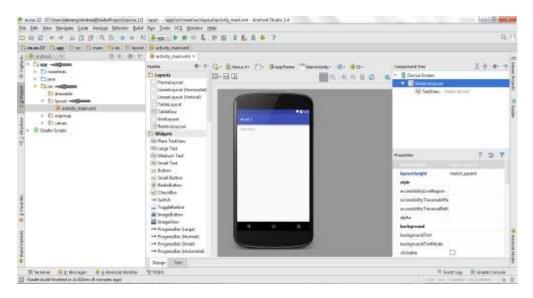


- It will take some time to build and load the project.
- After completion it will look as given below.

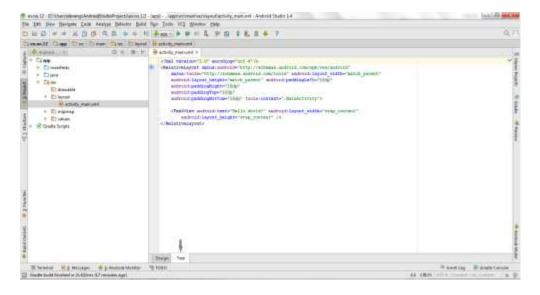


Designing layout for the Android Application:

Click on app -> res -> layout -> activity_main.xml.



• Now click on **Text** as shown below.



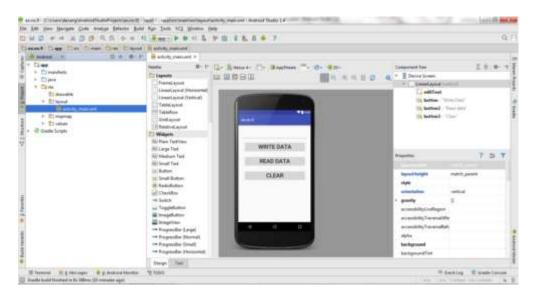
• Then delete the code which is there and type the code as given below.

Code for Activity_main.xml:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
  <LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
2
      android:layout width="match parent"
3
      android:layout height="match parent"
      android:layout margin="20dp"
4
      android:orientation="vertical">
5
6
      <EditText
7
          android:id="@+id/editText"
8
          android:layout_width="match_parent"
9
          android:layout height="wrap content"
          android:singleLine="true"
10
          android:textSize="30dp" />
11
12
      <Button
13
          android:id="@+id/button"
14
          android:layout width="match parent"
          android:layout height="wrap content"
15
          android:layout_margin="10dp"
16
          android:text="Write Data"
17
          android:textSize="30dp" />
18
19
      <Button
20
          android:id="@+id/button2"
          android:layout width="match parent"
21
          android:layout_height="wrap content"
22
          android:layout_margin="10dp"
23
          android:text="Read data"
24
          android:textSize="30dp" />
25
26
     <Button
          android:id="@+id/button3"
27
          android:layout width="match parent"
28
          android:layout height="wrap content"
29
          android:layout margin="10dp"
```

```
30 android:text="Clear"
31 android:textSize="30dp"/>
32
33
</LinearLayout>
34
35
36
37
38
39
```

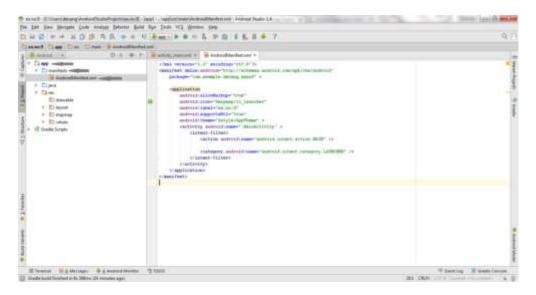
• Now click on **Design** and your application will look as given below.



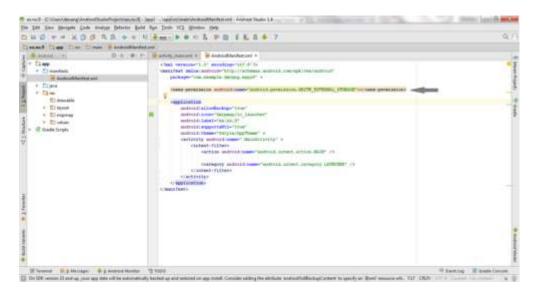
• So now the designing part is completed.

Adding permissions in Manifest for the Android Application:

• Click on app -> manifests -> AndroidManifest.xml



• Now include the **WRITE_EXTERNAL_STORAGE** permissions in the AndroidManifest.xml file as shown below



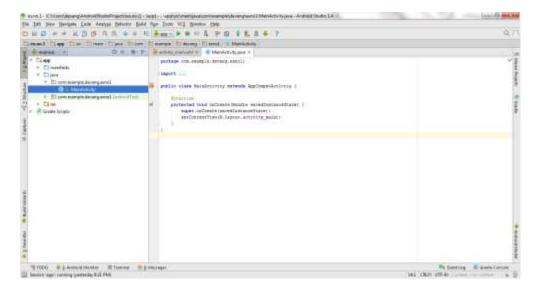
Code for AndroidManifest.xml:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
2 \le \text{manifest xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"}
      package="com.example.exno9" >
3
4
      <uses-permission</pre>
5
  android:name="android.permission.WRITE EXTERNAL STORAGE"></uses-
6
  permission>
7
8
      <application
9
          android:allowBackup="true"
          android:icon="@mipmap/ic launcher"
10
          android:label="@string/app name"
11
          android:supportsRtl="true"
12
          android:theme="@style/AppTheme" >
13
          <activity android:name=".MainActivity">
               <intent-filter>
14
                   <action android:name="android.intent.action.MAIN" />
15
16
                   <category android:name="android.intent.category.LAUNCHER"</pre>
17/>
18
               </intent-filter>
19
          </activity>
      </application>
20
21 </manifest>
```

• So now the Permissions are added in the Manifest.

Java Coding for the Android Application:

• Click on app -> java -> com.example.exno9 -> MainActivity.



• Then delete the code which is there and type the code as given below.

Code for MainActivity.java:

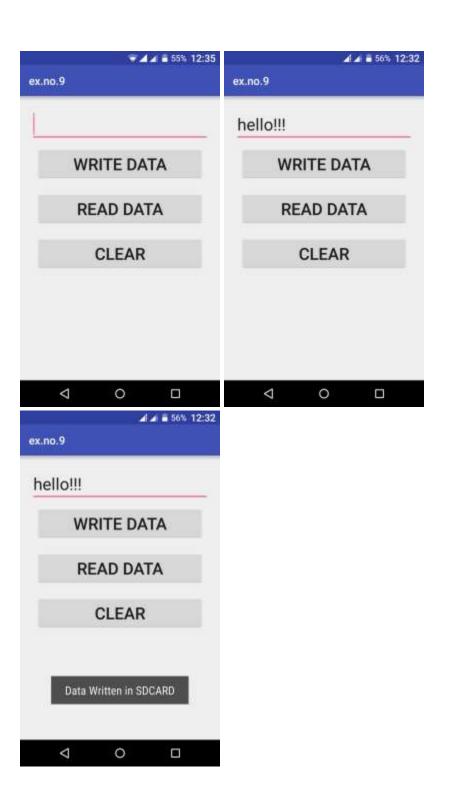
```
package com.example.exno9;
2 import android.os.Bundle;
^{3} import android.support.v7.app.AppCompatActivity;
4 import android.view.View;
5 import android.widget.Button;
6 import android.widget.EditText;
 import android.widget.Toast;
8_{\mbox{import java.io.BufferedReader;}}
9 import java.io.File;
1 import java.io.FileInputStream;
_{0} import java.io.FileOutputStream;
import java.io.InputStreamReader;
 public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity
2
      EditText e1;
1
      Button write, read, clear;
      @Override
3
      protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState)
1
4
          super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
1
          setContentView(R.layout.activity main);
5
          e1= (EditText) findViewById(R.id.editText);
1
          write= (Button) findViewById(R.id.button);
6
          read= (Button) findViewById(R.id.button2);
1
          clear= (Button) findViewById(R.id.button3);
7
1
          write.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener()
8
              @Override
1
              public void onClick(View v)
9
              {
```

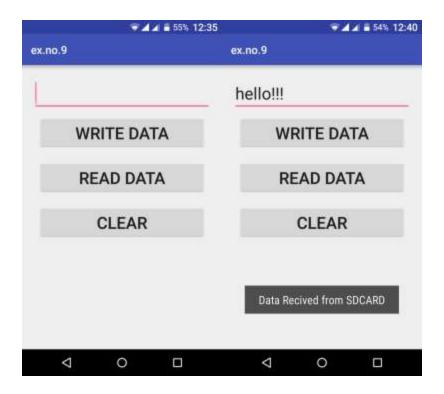
```
2
                   String message=e1.getText().toString();
                   try
0
2
                       File f=new File("/sdcard/myfile.txt");
1
                       f.createNewFile();
2
                       FileOutputStream fout=new FileOutputStream(f);
                       fout.write(message.getBytes());
2
                       fout.close();
2
                       Toast.makeText(getBaseContext(), "Data Written in
3 \; {\tt SDCARD}", Toast.LENGTH_LONG).show();
2
                   }
4
                   catch (Exception e)
2
                       Toast.makeText(getBaseContext(),e.getMessage(),Toast.
5_{LENGTH\_LONG).show();}
2
                   }
6
              }
          });
2
7
          read.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener()
2
8
              @Override
2
              public void onClick(View v)
9
                   String message;
3
                   String buf = "";
0
                   try
3
                   {
1
                       File f = new File("/sdcard/myfile.txt");
                       FileInputStream fin = new FileInputStream(f);
3
                       BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new
  InputStreamReader(fin));
3
                       while ((message = br.readLine()) != null)
3
3
                           buf += message;
4
                       e1.setText(buf);
3
                       br.close();
5
                       fin.close();
3
                       Toast.makeText(getBaseContext(), "Data Recived from
6 SDCARD", Toast.LENGTH LONG).show();
                   }
3
                   catch (Exception e)
7
3
                       Toast.makeText(getBaseContext(), e.getMessage(),
8 \text{ Toast.LENGTH\_LONG}).show();
                   }
3
              }
9
          });
4
0
          clear.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener()
4
              @Override
1
              public void onClick(View v)
4
2
                   e1.setText("");
4
              }
3
          });
      }
4
```

```
7
0
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1
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8
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```

- So now the Coding part is also completed. Now run the application to see the output.

Output:





Result:

Thus Android Application that writes data to the SD Card is developed and executed successfully.