



## Experiment 10

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Staff Signature with Date

& Marks

### **Aim: Exploratory data analysis of a given text (word cloud)**

#### **Theory:**

#### **Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) of Text Data**

Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) is a crucial step in understanding the characteristics of your data before diving into more complex analyses or modeling. In the context of text data, EDA helps identify patterns, trends, and anomalies. One popular visual tool for EDA in text data is the Word Cloud.

#### **Word Cloud Theory**

A **Word Cloud** (or Tag Cloud) is a visual representation of text data that highlights the most frequently occurring words within a dataset. The size of each word in the cloud correlates with its frequency or importance; larger words indicate higher frequency, while smaller words suggest lesser frequency. This tool is widely used in exploratory data analysis (EDA) to quickly convey key themes and topics in textual information.

#### **Steps for Creating a Word Cloud**

1. Text Preprocessing: Clean the text data by removing punctuation, stop words, and applying lowercasing.
2. Tokenization: Split the text into individual words or tokens.
3. Frequency Calculation: Count the occurrences of each word.
4. Visualization: Use libraries to generate a visual representation of word frequencies.

#### **Advantages**

- **Immediate Insight:** Provides a quick overview of the text's focus areas, enabling immediate understanding without deep analysis.
- **Visual Appeal:** The colorful and visually engaging format attracts attention, making it effective for presentations.
- **Customization:** Users can customize word clouds in various ways, including shapes, colors, and layouts, to fit specific needs or themes.

#### **Limitations**

- **Context Ignorance:** Word clouds do not consider the context in which words appear.



Words with different meanings can be misrepresented.

- **Oversimplification:** Important nuances and relationships between words may be lost in a simplistic visual representation.
- **Potential for Misinterpretation:** Without understanding the underlying data and preprocessing steps, viewers may misinterpret the significance of word sizes.

## Summary

Word clouds are a powerful tool in text analysis, providing a visually intuitive way to understand and summarize textual data. While they have limitations, when used appropriately, they can greatly enhance exploratory data analysis and communication of insights derived from text.

### Code:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

from wordcloud import WordCloud

import numpy as np

def generate_word_cloud(text):

    # Create a word cloud object

    wordcloud = WordCloud(width=800, height=400,
background_color='white', colormap='viridis').generate(text)

    # Display the generated image

    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))

    plt.imshow(wordcloud, interpolation='bilinear')

    plt.axis('off') # No axes for word cloud

    plt.show()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    # Example text; you can replace this with any text
    text = ""
```



Natural language processing (NLP) is a field of artificial intelligence that focuses on the interaction between computers and humans through natural language.

The ultimate objective of NLP is to enable computers to understand, interpret, and generate human language in a valuable way.

''' '''

```
generate_word_cloud(text)
```

Output:



**Conclusion:** - Thus, we have learned and understood Exploratory Data Analysis with the help of word cloud.