Name: Gaurav Prajapati Assignment: week 1

Regd. no: RA2111027010096

# After completing this module, I was able to:

### 1. Define what ServiceNow is and explain its purpose in IT service management.

**Ans:** Enterprise IT service management (ITSM) software is offered by ServiceNow, a cloud-based platform. It is intended to assist businesses in more effectively managing their workflows, operations, and IT services. The platform provides a broad range of services and applications to assist IT operations, such as asset management, change management, incident management, problem management, and service request management.

The goal of IT service management (ITSM) is to streamline IT operations. ServiceNow assists businesses in automating and standardizing these processes, which minimizes human labor and boosts productivity. Better visibility and control over IT services are made possible by the one system of record it offers for IT processes.

Incident and Problem Management: Tools for managing incidents and problems are part of ServiceNow's ITSM portfolio. Issues can be identified, given priority, and fixed faster, reducing downtime and enhancing service quality.

Change and Release Management: By assisting businesses in controlling changes to their IT environment, the platform lowers the possibility of unplanned interruptions. Workflows for organizing, approving, and implementing changes—as well as monitoring their effects—are offered by ServiceNow.

Service Catalog and Request Fulfillment: Using a self-service portal, users can submit requests for IT services using ServiceNow's service catalog. This guarantees that requests are processed quickly and consistently while also enhancing the user experience.

Asset and Configuration Management: With ServiceNow, businesses can monitor and control their IT settings and assets. This entails keeping track of the lifecycle of hardware and software assets, inventorying them, and comprehending how they relate to other IT resources.

Enhancing Service Delivery: ServiceNow assists enterprises in raising the caliber and velocity of service delivery by centralizing and automating ITSM procedures. Higher customer happiness and improved IT service alignment with business requirements are the results of this.

Data-Driven Decision Making: By offering analytics and reporting capabilities, the platform helps businesses understand how their IT operations are operating. Making educated decisions, finding trends, and enhancing procedures are all possible with the usage of this data.

### 2.Identify the core components and architecture of the ServiceNow platform.

**Ans**: A solid, multi-layered architecture that supports a range of enterprise applications and processes forms the foundation of the ServiceNow platform. The following are the main elements and architecture of ServiceNow:

### 1. The user interface (UI)

UI Components: ServiceNow offers a highly configurable web-based user interface. Users can interact with dashboards, forms, lists, and portals to accomplish a variety of tasks. Because of its responsive and user-friendly design, users may access the user interface (UI) on a variety of devices.

Service Portal: A self-service portal with a contemporary, intuitive interface that enables users to check status updates, submit requests, and access services.

2. Application Layer Modules and Applications: ServiceNow is composed of a number of applications, each of which handles a particular business or IT function (e.g., Asset Management, Change Management, Incident Management). These apps are further broken down into modules, each of which provides a set of features.

bespoke Applications: By utilizing the platform's development capabilities, businesses can create bespoke applications on the ServiceNow platform to address certain business needs.

3. ServiceNow Database Table Structure: A relational database, which houses all of the records and data, is the central component of the ServiceNow design. The information is arranged in tables, where each table represents a certain category of information (e.g., Incidents, Users, Assets).

Configuration items (CIs) and their relationships are stored in the Configuration Management Database (CMDB), a vital component of the ServiceNow platform. For efficient service administration, it offers a single source of truth for IT assets and their dependencies.

Workflows at the Business Logic Layer: ServiceNow's workflows enable business processes to be automated. The series of activities, approvals, and actions that follow certain events or user actions are defined by workflows.

Business rules are scripts that run on the server side in response to the addition, modification, or deletion of records. They make it possible to automate processes, enforce rules, and integrate systems.

Script Features: Reusable server-side scripts that facilitate code reuse and efficiency by performing common functions when called from other scripts.

5. Integration Layer REST/SOAP APIs: To enable integration with external systems, ServiceNow offers a collection of REST and SOAP APIs. Interoperability and data interchange between ServiceNow and other enterprise systems are made possible by these APIs.

IntegrationHub: An architecture for creating and overseeing connections with other systems. To make integration easier, it offers flow actions and pre-built connectors.

MID Server: Secure data collection and integration are made possible by the Management, Instrumentation, and Discovery (MID) server, which enables connection between ServiceNow and external systems that are protected by a firewall.

### 3. Describe the infrastructure for deploying and utilizing ServiceNow services.

**Ans:** As a cloud-based platform, ServiceNow hosts the majority of its deployment and utilization infrastructure on its own cloud. Because of the infrastructure's high availability, scalability, and security features, businesses can rely on it for essential IT and business functions.

Cloud-Based Deployment: ServiceNow is set up using a single-tenant, multi-instance architecture. Every client is given a dedicated instance, which isolates their configurations and data from those of other clients and guarantees performance and security. These instances are housed on ServiceNow's extensive global network of data centers, which is thoughtfully positioned to offer local law compliance and regional redundancy.

High Scalability and Availability: ServiceNow's architecture is designed to meet the demands of expansive enterprises. It makes use of distributed database clusters, load balancing, and automated failover to guarantee that the platform is always accessible and responsive—even during periods of high traffic. The platform can handle increasing workloads without the need for manual intervention because it dynamically scales resources according to the organization's usage.

Security and Compliance: Strict security features, including access limits, frequent security audits, and data encryption (both in transit and at rest), are built into ServiceNow's architecture. The platform is appropriate for usage in highly regulated businesses since it conforms with a number of industry standards and laws, including GDPR, HIPAA, and SOC 2.

Integration and Customization: Using REST/SOAP APIs, organizations can integrate ServiceNow with their current IT infrastructure. The platform's development tools enable comprehensive customization. This guarantees that ServiceNow can improve and smoothly integrate into an organization's current IT infrastructure.

With the help of this strong, cloud-based architecture, businesses can confidently implement and use ServiceNow's services, utilizing the platform's capabilities to boost productivity and innovation in their business and IT operations.

#### 4. Navigating the ServiceNow Platform and Mastering ServiceNow User Interfaces

**Ans:** Proficiency in navigating and utilizing the ServiceNow platform's user interfaces (UI) is crucial for effectively overseeing business and IT activities. The platform's user interface (UI) is made to be simple to use and intuitive, making it easy for users to find and use the capabilities they require.

Using the Platform: The ServiceNow Dashboard serves as the main user interface, providing an overview of important metrics, tasks, and role-specific notifications. All of the various programs

and modules are easily accessible using the Application Navigator on the left side of the page, which is divided into sections like Incident Management, Change Management, and more. Using the search box, users can quickly and effectively navigate by looking for certain applications or modules.

Learning the User Interfaces: Lists, Forms, and Dashboards are just a few of the UI elements that ServiceNow provides. Lists allow for the tabular display of information together with the ability to manage big data collections through filtering and sorting. Forms can be customized with fields, linked lists, and UI actions. They are used to view and change individual records. Dashboards show reports and data visualizations so that users can quickly assess performance and trends.

Through the Service Portal, end users can track incidents, submit requests, and access knowledge articles in a simplified self-service interface. Gaining familiarity with these user interfaces' layout, customisation choices, and shortcuts is necessary to master them and increase efficiency and productivity on the platform.

### 5.Data Imports and Integrations, Report Creation and Management

**Ans:** Data Imports and Integrations: To maintain a single platform for IT and business operations, ServiceNow helps enterprises to import data from external sources and integrate with other systems. A variety of techniques are available for importing data, including XML, CSV, and Excel files, as well as IntegrationHub for more intricate data sources. In order to ensure data correctness and consistency, the Import Set process enables data to be processed, converted, and mapped to the relevant tables inside ServiceNow.

Pre-built connections in IntegrationHub, MID servers, and REST/SOAP APIs make it easier to integrate with external systems. Through these interfaces, ServiceNow may communicate with other apps such as cloud services, CRMs, and ERP systems in real-time. This feature makes sure that data stays in sync between platforms, which improves operational effectiveness and decision-making.

The reporting features provided by ServiceNow enable users to generate, oversee, and distribute reports that present data from the platform. Pivot tables, trend analysis, pie/bar charts, and list reports can all be used to create reports. By establishing filters, picking display styles, and selecting data sources, users can personalize reports. By offering sophisticated features like dashboards and real-time monitoring, performance analytics makes it possible to track KPIs and continuously improve. Reports can be emailed to stakeholders or scheduled for routine dissemination, keeping them updated on important metrics and trends that help with data-driven decision-making.

# 6. Understand the platform data model that supports reporting capabilities in ServiceNow.

**Ans:** It specifies how data is organized, saved, and retrieved throughout the platform, ServiceNow's data model is essential to its potent reporting features. The foundation of this paradigm is a relational database structure, in which information is arranged into tables and fields that symbolize various entities and their characteristics.

Tables and Relationships: The tables that make up ServiceNow's data model are tailored to different types of data, like users, assets, change requests, and incidents. The platform can link various records and offer thorough reporting because of the linkages between these tables, which include many-to-many and one-to-many relationships.

Fields and Data Types: Specific information such as text, numbers, dates, or references to other tables can be stored in the fields found in each table. Because they connect records from several tables, the reference columns are especially crucial because they make it easy for reports to retrieve relevant data.

Schemas and Extensions: ServiceNow allows for the creation of specialized tables by extending a base table, which retains the base table's fields. To enable uniform reporting across linked processes, the Task table is expanded to include tables for incidents, problems, and changes.

Reporting Capabilities: By utilizing this data model, ServiceNow's reporting engine enables users to generate reports that incorporate data from one or more tables. The data model's linkages and references make it possible to run sophisticated queries and create beautiful data visualizations, which guarantees that reports are precise, timely, and perceptive.

# 7. Demonstrate how to create, manage, and share different types of reports within ServiceNow to present data effectively.

**Ans:** Using ServiceNow to create, manage, and distribute reports enables you to efficiently present data to facilitate operational insights and decision-making. Here's a detailed how-to:

## 1. Report Creation:

Go to the Reports Module by clicking here.

Use the Application Navigator to look up "Reports." Select Reports > Generate New. Choose a Type of Report:

Select the report type you wish to produce, such as a pivot table, list, bar chart, pie chart, trend, etc.

Each kind has a distinct function, such as displaying a list of records, displaying distribution graphically, or monitoring trends over time.

Describe the Source of the Data:

Choose the report's table or data source. For instance, select the Incident table if you wish to report on incidents.

To make the data more manageable, apply filters. For example, you might filter occurrences by date range or priority.

Set Up the Report:

To categorize your data, set the Group By and Stack By fields (for charts).

To improve clarity, select Visualization choices such as chart styles, colors, and legends.

Launch and store the report:

For a preview of the report, click Run.

For later use, save the report with an insightful title and description.

2. Report Management: Getting to Saved Reports:

To view a list of stored reports, navigate to Reports > View/Run.

Locate a certain report by using the search or filter functions.

Report editing:

To access a report, click on it, and to make modifications, click Edit.

As necessary, modify the data sources, visualization options, and filters.

Report Scheduling:

Navigate to the Schedule tab in the report settings to automate report generation.

Choose the report's frequency (daily, weekly, or monthly) and the recipients who will get it by email.

3. Report Exchange:

Email-based sharing:

Once a report has been created, select Email by clicking Share.

After customizing the message and entering the recipients' email addresses, send the report. Adding Content to Dashboards:

Dashboards can have reports added to them to give users a consolidated view of important indicators.

Navigate to Dashboards, select Dashboards to build or edit, then add the report as a widget. Reports Being Made Public:

By adjusting the report's visibility to public, you can allow others in the organization to view it.

When amending a report, this option is available in the Sharing settings.

### 8. Discuss the importance of data visualization in decision making.

**Ans:** Since data visualization converts complex data sets into visual formats that are simpler to comprehend, analyze, and act upon, it is an essential tool for decision-making. This is the reason it matters:

- 1. Simplifies Complex Data: Data visualization reduces massive amounts of data into graphical representations such as dashboards, graphs, and charts. This facilitates decision-makers' ability to swiftly understand complex information and helps them identify patterns, trends, and outliers that may not be seen in raw data.
- 2. Improves Data Interpretation: Comparison of various data points and comprehension of the correlations between variables are made easier with the aid of visual aids such as bar charts, line graphs, and heat maps. This improved interpretation highlights important insights to help make better selections.
- 3. Promotes Speedy Decision-Making: Timely decisions are essential in a company setting. Stakeholders can swiftly understand information thanks to data visualization, which cuts down on the time needed for data processing and expedites the decision-making process.
- 4. Identifies Patterns and Trends: Visualization is useful for recognizing patterns and trends across time, such as changes in the market, customer behavior, or sales growth. Early detection of these trends can result in proactive decision-making, enabling businesses to take advantage of opportunities or reduce risks.
- 5. Enhances Communication: Sharing and debating visual data among teams is made simpler. It makes it possible for people to comprehend data together, which makes team decision-making easier. Compared to textual or numerical reports, executives, managers, and other stakeholders can all understand and debate the same visual data more successfully.
- 6. Strengthens Predictive Analysis: Predictive analytics is frequently included into visualization tools, giving decision-makers the ability to anticipate possible future outcomes based on present data. Better risk management and strategic planning are made possible by this foresight.
- 7. Encourages Evidence-Based Decisions: Visualizations provide decisions with a distinct, evidence-based basis. Organizations can make decisions based on facts rather than conjecture by presenting data in a visual style, which produces more dependable results.
- In conclusion, data visualization is critical to decision-making because it increases the accessibility, comprehensibility, and usability of data. It gives businesses the ability to decide more quickly, wisely, and successfully, which eventually boosts their competitiveness and success. Since data visualization converts complex data sets into visual formats that are simpler to comprehend, analyze, and act upon, it is an essential tool for decision-making. This is the reason it matters:

- 1. Simplifies Complex Data: Data visualization reduces massive amounts of data into graphical representations such as dashboards, graphs, and charts. This facilitates decision-makers' ability to swiftly understand complex information and helps them identify patterns, trends, and outliers that may not be seen in raw data.
- 2. Improves Data Interpretation: Comparison of various data points and comprehension of the correlations between variables are made easier with the aid of visual aids such as bar charts, line graphs, and heat maps. This improved interpretation highlights important insights to help make better selections.
- 3. Promotes Speedy Decision-Making: Timely decisions are essential in a company setting. Stakeholders can swiftly understand information thanks to data visualization, which cuts down on the time needed for data processing and expedites the decision-making process.
- 4. Identifies Patterns and Trends: Visualization is useful for recognizing patterns and trends across time, such as changes in the market, customer behavior, or sales growth. Early detection of these trends can result in proactive decision-making, enabling businesses to take advantage of opportunities or reduce risks.
- 5. Enhances Communication: Sharing and debating visual data among teams is made simpler. It makes it possible for people to comprehend data together, which makes team decision-making easier. Compared to textual or numerical reports, executives, managers, and other stakeholders can all understand and debate the same visual data more successfully.
- 6. Strengthens Predictive Analysis: Predictive analytics is frequently included into visualization tools, giving decision-makers the ability to anticipate possible future outcomes based on present data. Better risk management and strategic planning are made possible by this foresight.
- 7. Encourages Evidence-Based Decisions: Visualizations provide decisions with a distinct, evidence-based basis. Organizations can make decisions based on facts rather than conjecture by presenting data in a visual style, which produces more dependable results.
- In conclusion, data visualization is critical to decision-making because it increases the accessibility, comprehensibility, and usability of data. It gives businesses the ability to decide more quickly, wisely, and successfully, which eventually boosts their competitiveness and success.

#### 9. ServiceNow Branding and Customization:

**Ans:** Organizations can customize the platform to meet their unique business requirements and corporate identity with the help of ServiceNow Branding and Customization.

Branding entails altering ServiceNow's visual components to better represent the company's identity. This comprises:

Headers and Logos: Adding unique logos and editing headers to conform to brand aesthetics. Color schemes: Changing the platform's buttons and navigation menus to reflect the company's brand palette.

Login Page: For a unified user experience, personalize the login page with branded backgrounds, logos, and text.

Customization: Through customization, businesses can adapt ServiceNow to suit their particular needs.

Customizing a form is adding or changing fields to collect pertinent information.

UI Policies and Actions: Adding buttons or altering field behaviors dynamically in response to user input.

Workflows and Business Rules: putting business theory into practice and automating procedures.

Service Portal: Customizing the design and widgets of the Service Portal to provide a recognizable, easy-to-use self-service interface.

Custom Applications: Creating unique applications that smoothly integrate with already-existing modules to meet certain business needs.

Deeper functionality and integration are made possible by advanced customisation, which includes scripting. This guarantees that the platform is both aesthetically and functionally in line with the objectives of the company. This facilitates effective operations, increases acceptance, and improves user experience.

# 10. Explain the process of customizing the ServiceNow user interface through branding tools.

**Ans:** There are multiple phases involved in aligning the ServiceNow platform with your organization's corporate identity through customization of the user experience using branding tools. Here's how to make this happen:

- 1. Access Branding Tools: Use the Application Navigator or go to ServiceNow > System UI > Branding to locate the branding tools. Navigate to Branding Configuration. You can adjust several parts of the platform's appearance with this section.
- 2. Personalize Headers and Logos:

Upload Custom Logo: To replace the ServiceNow default logo, upload your organization's logo under the Branding settings. This usually shows up on the ServiceNow interface's header.

Modify Header: Change the header settings to add a custom title or the name of your organization.

3. Modify Color Schemes:

Change Color Themes: Align the color scheme with the colors of your brand. This covers the primary and secondary colors used in buttons, links, and other user interface elements, as well as the navigation menu.

Preview Modifications: Before implementing the new color scheme, use the preview function to see how it will appear.

- 4. Customize Login Page: Update Logo and Background: Add a branded background image and logo to make the login page unique. Additionally, you might include welcome notes or guidelines that complement the tone of your brand.
- 5. Establish Service Portal Branding: Enter Service Portal Details: To alter the appearance and feel of the portal, select Service Portal > Service Portal Configuration.

Change Themes and Widgets: To give users a branded self-service experience, change the portal's themes, colors, and widget layouts.

Apply and Examine Modifications:

Save and Apply Changes: After adjusting branding components, save your modifications and make them platform-wide.

Examine the interface: Make sure the user experience is in line with your branding objectives and that the branding adjustments are implemented effectively. To guarantee consistency, test on various hardware and browser combinations.

7. Keep up to date and maintain:

Continual Updates: To keep the branding components in line with any modifications to your company's design standards or brand identification, examine and update them on a regular basis.

These instructions will help you efficiently alter the ServiceNow user interface to showcase the branding of your company, improving user experience and securing brand identification across the platform.

# 11.Demonstrate how to apply a corporate identity to the ServiceNow portal, using Company Guided Setup and UI Builder.

**Ans:** Employing tools like UI Builder and Company Guided Setup is necessary to provide a corporate identity to the ServiceNow portal. Here is a detailed tutorial on how to accomplish this:

Employ the Company-Guided Setup:

Company Guided Setup for Access:

From the Application Navigator, select Company > Guided Setup. With the use of this tool, you can alter the ServiceNow platform to suit the requirements of your company. Choose the Branding Configuration option.

In the Guided Setup, look for the "Branding" setup activities. You will be guided through many branding options, such as customizing the portal, in this part.

Take These Steps:

To upload your company logo, select color schemes, and change other branding parameters, simply follow the instructions. This guarantees that the identity of your business is reflected in your portal from the outset.

2. Make use of UI Builder

UI Builder for Access:

Using the Application Navigator, navigate to Service Portal > UI Builder to access UI Builder. A strong tool for creating and modifying ServiceNow interfaces is UI Builder. Make a Page or Edit One:

You can change an existing page or add a new one to personalize the portal. Either click Create New Page or choose a page to edit from the list.

Implement Corporate Branding:

Establish Themes: Utilize your corporate theme by setting the fonts, colors, and styles in accordance with your business's brand standards.

Include Branding Components: Add banner ads, your logo, and any other corporate graphics. To include these components consistently throughout the portal, use the Header and Footer components.

Set Up Widgets: Tailor widgets to complement your brand. Make sure they accurately represent your business identity by adjusting their layout, colors, and content.

Preview and Assessment:

To view the page with the applied branding, use the Preview tool. Make sure the user experience is what was planned and that the company identity is consistent. Post Modifications:

Once the branding and personalization are to your satisfaction, publish the changes to go live. Your company identification gets updated on the ServiceNow site as a result.

3. Last-minute Modifications:

Check Throughout Devices: To make sure that branding elements display correctly and the user experience is smooth, test the portal across a range of devices and screen sizes.

Update Often: Review and update the branding on a regular basis to ensure it is compliant with any modifications to the corporate identity or design standards.

You can successfully integrate your company identity to the ServiceNow portal and give users a branded and consistent experience by utilizing Company Guided Setup and UI Builder.

# 12. Define Low Code No Code development and its relevance in the context of digital transformation.

**Ans:** Using visual interfaces and pre-built components, low code/no code development is a collection of software development techniques that let users create apps with little to no code. These platforms accelerate the delivery of solutions by streamlining the development process, making it accessible to non-developers.

Definition of Low Code Development: Low code platforms offer a development environment that combines minimum hand-coding and visual tools. To personalize programs, users can write small amounts of code, change settings, and drag and drop items.

Use Case: Perfect for developers looking to combine systems with custom logic, expedite the development of applications, or optimize workflows.

No Code Development: Definition: Users can create apps solely through visual interfaces on no code platforms, saving them from having to write any code. Through point-and-click activities, users can configure capabilities using pre-built templates.

Use Case: Ideal for analysts, business users, and non-technical employees who must swiftly generate solutions without prior programming experience.

Significance in the Context of Digital Transformation:

Quickens the Process of Development

Platforms with little or no code accelerate the process of developing applications, allowing businesses to react quickly to shifting consumer demands and market dynamics. Gives Non-Developers Power:

These platforms democratize app development by empowering subject matter experts and business users to design and modify solutions, relieving the burden on IT departments and freeing up developer resources for more difficult jobs.

**Boosts Dexterity:** 

Businesses are able to rapidly prototype and iterate on apps, allowing them to better adjust to changing requirements and streamline procedures.

Cuts Outlays:

Less reliance on traditional coding and fewer resources required for project implementation and support lead to lower development and maintenance expenses.

Promotes Integration:

These platforms frequently include integrated connectors and integration tools, which make it easier to connect various systems and automate processes.

Encourages Innovation

Organizations can promote innovation and experimentation by reducing the entry barrier for application development, which incentivizes users to devise inventive solutions for business problems.

In conclusion, low-code/no-code development is a game-changing strategy for digital transformation that makes it possible to create applications more quickly, easily, and affordably while enabling a wider spectrum of users to participate in the production of digital solutions.

# 13.Discuss the benefits and limitations of following a Low Code No Code approach in software development.

**Ans:** Benefits of Low Code/No Code Development:

- Faster Development: Low code/no code platforms accelerate the development process by providing visual tools and pre-built components, allowing applications to be created and deployed quickly.
- 2. **Reduced Costs:** Lower development and maintenance costs are achieved due to less reliance on traditional coding and fewer developer resources needed.

- 3. **Empowerment of Non-Developers:** Business users and subject matter experts can create and customize applications without deep technical knowledge, reducing the dependency on IT teams.
- 4. **Increased Agility:** Organizations can rapidly prototype and iterate on solutions, adapting to new requirements and market changes more effectively.
- 5. **Ease of Integration:** Built-in connectors and integration tools simplify linking different systems and automating workflows.

#### **Limitations of Low Code/No Code Development:**

- 1. **Limited Customization:** Complex applications requiring unique functionality or advanced features may be difficult to achieve with low code/no code platforms.
- 2. **Scalability Issues:** As applications grow in complexity, low code/no code solutions may face limitations in performance and scalability.
- 3. **Security Concerns:** These platforms might have limited security controls compared to custom-coded solutions, potentially posing risks if not properly managed.
- 4. **Vendor Lock-In:** Dependence on specific low code/no code platforms can lead to challenges if migrating to another platform or integrating with other systems.
- 5. **Complexity Management:** While ideal for simple solutions, managing and maintaining multiple low code/no code applications can become complex over time.

In summary, while low code/no code development offers significant benefits in speed and accessibility, it may face limitations in customization, scalability, and security.

# 14.Identify the career opportunities available in the Low Code No Code development space.

**Ans:** Because low code and no code development are becoming more and more popular, there are more employment prospects in this field as the need for quick application development grows. Several career paths in this field include:

1. Low Code/No Code Developer: This person's job is to use low code/no code platforms to design and develop applications. Developers create user interfaces, configure procedures, and integrate systems.

Proficiency with systems such as Mendix, Microsoft PowerApps, and ServiceNow. comprehension of data integration and application logic.

2. Business Analyst: Task: Compile and evaluate business demands, then use low- or no-code tools to develop apps that meet those needs. makes sure that the solutions meet the goals of the business.

Proficiency in analytical abilities, acquaintance with low-code/no-code systems, and comprehension of business procedures are required.

3. Citizen Developer: Position: Non-technical employees or end users that utilize low-code/no-code tools to create solutions for their teams or departments. frequently concentrates on producing unique reports or automating operations.

Proficiency with low-code/no-code platforms, problem-solving techniques, and knowledge with business procedures are required.

4. Application Support Specialist: This person's job is to maintain and support apps created with low- or no-code platforms. Handle updates, troubleshoot problems, and make sure apps function properly.

Skills: Problem-solving abilities, familiarity with the particular low-code/no-code platform, and expertise providing technical support.

5. Solutions Architect: Job Description: Create and manage the application of low-code/no-code platform solutions. Make ensuring that apps adhere to architectural requirements and work well with other systems.

Skills: Knowledge of architecture design, integration, and experience with low-code/no-code platforms.

6. Product Manager: Duties: Oversee the creation and maintenance of low- and no-code applications. Prioritize development tasks, establish product features in collaboration with stakeholders, and manage project completion.

Proficiency with low-code/no-code platforms, project management, and effective communication are essential.

7. Trainer or Educator: Job: Provide organizations and users with training on low-code/no-code platform usage. Create instructional resources and offer seminars or one-on-one instruction.

Proficiency in low-code/no-code platforms, aptitude for instruction, and adeptness in communicating.

8. Integration Specialist: Duties include integrating databases and other systems with low-code or no-code applications. Assure seamless data transfer and tool-to-tool compatibility.

Expertise: Understanding of APIs, platform familiarity, and integration strategies.

9. UX/UI Designer: Create user experiences and user interfaces for apps developed on low- or no-code platforms. Make sure the applications adhere to design guidelines and are easy to use.

Skills: Understanding design principles in the context of low-code/no-code platforms; user experience design; UI design.