Great! Below is the Java implementation of all 8 problems, complete with code and sample output comments.

Grade: B

🗸 Problem 1: Student Marks - Total, Average, Grade

```
import java.util.*;
public class StudentMarks {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
   Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
   int[] marks = new int[5];
   int total = 0;
   double average;
   char grade;
   try {
     for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
       System.out.print("Enter marks for subject " + (i + 1) + ": ");
       marks[i] = sc.nextInt();
       if (marks[i] < 0 || marks[i] > 100) throw new Exception("Invalid mark: " + marks[i]);
       total += marks[i];
     }
     average = total / 5.0;
     if (average >= 90) grade = 'A';
     else if (average >= 80) grade = 'B';
     else if (average >= 70) grade = 'C';
     else if (average >= 60) grade = 'D';
     else grade = 'F';
     System.out.println("Total: " + total);
     System.out.println("Average: " + average);
     System.out.println("Grade: " + grade);
   } catch (Exception e) {
     System.out.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());
 }
Sample Output:
Enter marks for subject 1:80
Enter marks for subject 2: 90
Enter marks for subject 3: 85
Enter marks for subject 4: 70
Enter marks for subject 5: 75
Total: 400
Average: 80.0
```

Problem 2: Item Billing with Discount

```
import java.util.*;
public class BillingSystem {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
   Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
   System.out.print("Enter item name: ");
   String item = sc.nextLine();
   System.out.print("Enter price: ");
   double price = sc.nextDouble();
   System.out.print("Enter quantity: ");
   int qty = sc.nextInt();
   double total = price * qty;
   double discount = (total > 2000) ? total * 0.1 : 0;
   double finalAmount = total - discount;
   System.out.println("\n---- BILL ----");
   System.out.printf("Item : %s\n", item);
   System.out.printf("Price : %.2f\n", price);
   System.out.printf("Quantity: %d\n", qty);
   System.out.printf("Total: %.2f\n", total);
   System.out.printf("Discount: %.2f\n", discount);
   System.out.printf("Payable: %.2f\n", finalAmount);
}
Sample Output:
Enter item name: Shoes
Enter price: 1200
Enter quantity: 2
---- BILL ----
Item: Shoes
Price : 1200.00
Quantity:2
Total : 2400.00
Discount: 240.00
Payable : 2160.00
```



Problem 3: Sentence Word Count and Search

```
import java.util.*;
public class WordCounter {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
   Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
   System.out.println("Enter a sentence:");
   String sentence = sc.nextLine();
   System.out.println("Enter word to search:");
```

```
String word = sc.nextLine();
   String[] words = sentence.split(" ");
   int count = words.length;
   int wordCount = 0;
   for (String w: words) {
     if (w.equalsIgnoreCase(word)) wordCount++;
   System.out.println("Total words: " + count);
   System.out.println("Occurrences of \"" + word + "\": " + wordCount);
 }
}
Sample Output:
Enter a sentence:
Java is simple and Java is powerful
Enter word to search:
Total words: 7
Occurrences of "Java": 2
```



Problem 4: Password Strength Checker

```
public class PasswordChecker {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
   String password = "Strong@123";
   try {
     if (password.length() < 8)
      throw new Exception("Password too short");
     if (!password.matches(".*[A-Z].*"))
      throw new Exception("Missing uppercase letter");
     if (!password.matches(".*[a-z].*"))
      throw new Exception("Missing lowercase letter");
     if (!password.matches(".*\\d.*"))
      throw new Exception("Missing digit");
     if (!password.matches(".*[^a-zA-Z0-9].*"))
      throw new Exception("Missing special character");
     System.out.println("Password is strong.");
   } catch (Exception e) {
     System.out.println("Weak password: " + e.getMessage());
 }
```

Sample Output:

Password is strong.

Problem 5: ATM Simulation

```
import java.util.*;
public class ATM {
 static double balance = 1000;
 public static void deposit(double amt) {
   balance += amt;
   System.out.println("Deposited: " + amt);
 public static void withdraw(double amt) throws Exception {
   if (amt > balance)
     throw new Exception("Insufficient balance");
   balance -= amt;
   System.out.println("Withdrawn: " + amt);
 public static void checkBalance() {
   System.out.println("Current balance: " + balance);
 public static void main(String[] args) {
   Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
   int choice;
   do {
     System.out.println("\n1.Deposit 2.Withdraw 3.Check Balance 4.Exit");
     choice = sc.nextInt();
     switch (choice) {
      case 1:
        System.out.print("Enter amount: ");
        deposit(sc.nextDouble());
        break;
       case 2:
        System.out.print("Enter amount: ");
          withdraw(sc.nextDouble());
        } catch (Exception e) {
          System.out.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());
        }
        break;
       case 3:
        checkBalance();
        break;
   } while (choice != 4);
Sample Output:
1.Deposit 2.Withdraw 3.Check Balance 4.Exit
Current balance: 1000.0
```

Problem 6: Salary Calculation

```
import java.util.*;
public class SalaryCalculator {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
   Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.print("Enter basic salary: ");
     double basic = sc.nextDouble();
     if (basic <= 0) throw new Exception("Invalid salary");</pre>
     double hra = 0.2 * basic;
     double da = 0.1 * basic;
     double pf = 0.05 * basic;
     double gross = basic + hra + da - pf;
     System.out.println("HRA: " + hra);
     System.out.println("DA: " + da);
     System.out.println("PF: " + pf);
     System.out.println("Gross Salary: " + gross);
   } catch (Exception e) {
     System.out.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());
   }
 }
Sample Output:
```

Enter basic salary: 10000

HRA: 2000.0 DA: 1000.0 PF: 500.0

Gross Salary: 11500.0



Problem 7: Membership Discount

```
import java.util.*;
public class MembershipDiscount {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
   Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
   System.out.print("Enter total bill: ");
   double bill = sc.nextDouble();
   sc.nextLine(); // flush
   System.out.print("Enter membership type (Silver/Gold/Platinum): ");
   String type = sc.nextLine();
   double discount = 0;
   if (type.equalsIgnoreCase("Silver")) discount = 0.05 * bill;
```

```
else if (type.equalsIgnoreCase("Gold")) discount = 0.10 * bill;
else if (type.equalsIgnoreCase("Platinum")) discount = 0.15 * bill;
double payable = bill - discount;

System.out.println("Discount: " + discount);
System.out.println("Amount to Pay: " + payable);
}

Sample Output:

Enter total bill: 3000
Enter membership type (Silver/Gold/Platinum): Gold
Discount: 300.0
Amount to Pay: 2700.0
```

✓

Problem 8: Product Stock and Value

```
import java.util.*;
public class ProductStock {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
   Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
   System.out.print("Enter number of products: ");
   int n = sc.nextInt();
   String[] names = new String[n];
   double[] prices = new double[n];
   int[] qty = new int[n];
   double totalValue = 0;
   try {
     for (int i = 0; i < n;
i++) {
sc.nextLine(); // clear buffer
System.out.print("Enter product name: ");
names[i] = sc.nextLine();
System.out.print("Enter price: ");
prices[i] = sc.nextDouble();
System.out.print("Enter quantity: ");
qty[i] = sc.nextInt();
if (qty[i] == 0) throw new Exception(names[i] + " is out of stock!");
     totalValue += prices[i] * qty[i];
   }
   System.out.println("Total stock value: " + totalValue);
 } catch (Exception e) {
   System.out.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());
}
```

```
}
```

Sample Output:

Enter number of products: 2 Enter product name: Pen

Enter price: 10 Enter quantity: 0

Error: Pen is out of stock!

Let me know if you'd like:

- All of these wrapped in a **single menu-based program**
- Or converted to a GUI/Android version
- Or a downloadable `.java` file of all programs.