```
Code
#include <iostream>
#include <queue>
using namespace std;
const int V = 7; // Maximum number of vertices
const int MAX EDGES = 3; // Maximum edges per vertex
// A structure to represent a weighted edge in the graph
struct Edge {
  int to:
          // Destination vertex
  int weight; // Weight of the edge
};
// Adjacency list representation using arrays
Edge graph[V][MAX EDGES]; // 2D array of edges
int edgeCount[V] = {0}; // Array to keep track of the number of edges for each
vertex
// Function to add an edge
void addEdge(int from, int to, int weight) {
  if (edgeCount[from] < MAX EDGES) {</pre>
     graph[from][edgeCount[from]].to = to;
     graph[from][edgeCount[from]].weight = weight;
     edgeCount[from]++;
  }
}
// Function to perform Dijkstra's algorithm
void dijkstra(int src, int dist[], int parent[]) {
  bool visited[V] = {false}; // Track visited vertices
  dist[src] = 0; // Distance to the source is 0
  // Priority queue to store vertices based on their distance
  priority queue<pair<int, int>, vector<pair<int, int> >, greater<pair<int, int> > >
pq;
```

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pq.push(make_pair(0, src)); // Push the source with distance 0
  while (!pq.empty()) {
     int u = pq.top().second; // Get vertex with minimum distance
     pq.pop();
     if (visited[u]) continue; // Skip if already visited
     visited[u] = true; // Mark the vertex as visited
     // Process all adjacent vertices of u
     for (int i = 0; i < edgeCount[u]; ++i) {
        Edge edge = graph[u][i];
       int v = edge.to:
       int weight = edge.weight;
       // If there's a shorter path to v through u
       if (!visited[v] && dist[u] + weight < dist[v]) {
          dist[v] = dist[u] + weight; // Update the distance
          parent[v] = u; // Store the parent of v
          pq.push(make pair(dist[v], v)); // Push new distance to the priority
queue
       }
     }
 }
// Function to print the shortest path from source to destination
void printPath(int dest, const int parent[]) {
  if (parent[dest] == -1) {
     cout << dest << " "; // Base case: if we reach the source
     return;
  }
  printPath(parent[dest], parent); // Recursively print the path
  cout << dest << " "; // Print current destination vertex
int main() {
```

}

}

```
// Add undirected edges between vertices
  addEdge(0, 1, 10); // Edge 0 -> 1 with weight 10
  addEdge(1, 0, 10); // Edge 1 -> 0 with weight 10 (reverse of above)
  addEdge(0, 3, 10); // Edge 0 -> 3 with weight 15
  addEdge(3, 0, 10); // Edge 3 -> 0 with weight 15 (reverse of above)
  addEdge(1, 2, 20); // Edge 1 -> 2 with weight 20
  addEdge(2, 1, 20); // Edge 2 -> 1 with weight 20 (reverse of above)
  addEdge(3, 2, 30); // Edge 3 -> 2 with weight 30
  addEdge(2, 3, 30); // Edge 2 -> 3 with weight 30 (reverse of above)
  addEdge(1, 4, 15); // Edge 1 -> 4 with weight 15
  addEdge(4, 1, 15); // Edge 4 -> 1 with weight 15 (reverse of above)
  addEdge(4, 5, 20); // Edge 4 -> 5 with weight 20
  addEdge(5, 4, 20); // Edge 5 -> 4 with weight 20 (reverse of above)
  addEdge(3, 5, 30); // Edge 3 -> 5 with weight 30
  addEdge(5, 3, 30); // Edge 5 -> 3 with weight 30 (reverse of above)
  addEdge(6,0,0);
  // User input for source and destination
  int source, destination;
  cout << "Enter source vertex (0 to 6): ";
  cin >> source;
  cout << "Enter destination vertex (0 to 6): ";
  cin >> destination:
  // Validate user input
  if (source < 0 || source >= V || destination < 0 || destination >= V) {
     cout << "Invalid source or destination vertex. Please enter values between 0
and 5." << endl:
     return 0;
  }
```

```
// Initialize distance and parent arrays
  int dist[V];
  int parent[V];
  for (int i = 0; i < V; i++) {
     dist[i] = INT MAX; // Set all distances to infinity
     parent[i] = -1; // Initialize parent array
  }
  // Perform Dijkstra's algorithm
  dijkstra(source, dist, parent); // Compute shortest paths from source
  // Check if the destination is reachable
  if (dist[destination] == INT MAX) {
     cout << "Cannot reach destination " << destination << " from source " <<
source << endl;
  } else {
     // Print the minimum distance and path
     cout << "Minimum distance from " << source << " to " << destination << " is:
" << dist[destination] << endl;
     cout << "Path: ";
     printPath(destination, parent); // Print the path from source to destination
     cout << endl;
  }
  return 0;
}
```

Output